THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 956 Session of 2005

INTRODUCED BY STETLER, BALDWIN, BARRAR, BOYD, BUXTON, CALTAGIRONE, CAPPELLI, CAWLEY, CRAHALLA, CURRY, DeLUCA, FRANKEL, FREEMAN, GEIST, GINGRICH, GOOD, GRUCELA, HARRIS, KAUFFMAN, KOTIK, LEVDANSKY, MANDERINO, McCALL, McILHATTAN, MELIO, MUNDY, O'NEILL, PISTELLA, PRESTON, RAMALEY, REED, SAINATO, SAMUELSON, SANTONI, SAYLOR, B. SMITH, SOLOBAY, STURLA, SURRA, TANGRETTI, TIGUE, WALKO, WANSACZ, WHEATLEY, YOUNGBLOOD AND YUDICHAK, MARCH 15, 2005

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, MARCH 15, 2005

AN ACT

Amending the act of December 31, 1965 (P.L.1257, No.511), 1 2 entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, 3 cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, townships of 4 the second class, school districts of the second class, 5 6 school districts of the third class and school districts of 7 the fourth class including independent school districts, to 8 levy, assess, collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain taxes subject to maximum 9 10 limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the 11 establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation 12 of officers, agencies and employes to assess and collect such 13 taxes; providing for joint collection of certain taxes, prescribing certain definitions and other provisions for 14 15 taxes levied and assessed upon earned income, providing for annual audits and for collection of delinquent taxes, and 16 17 permitting and requiring penalties to be imposed and enforced, including penalties for disclosure of confidential 18 19 information, providing an appeal from the ordinance or 20 resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter 21 sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," 22 further providing for payment of the emergency and municipal 23 services tax.

24 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

25 hereby enacts as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 2(9) of the act of December 31, 1965 2 (P.L.1257, No.511), known as The Local Tax Enabling Act, amended 3 December 1, 2004 (P.L.1729, No.222), is amended to read: 4 Section 2. Delegation of Taxing Powers and Restrictions 5 Thereon. -- The duly constituted authorities of the following political subdivisions, cities of the second class, cities of 6 the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, 7 townships of the first class, townships of the second class, 8 school districts of the second class, school districts of the 9 10 third class, and school districts of the fourth class, in all 11 cases including independent school districts, may, in their discretion, by ordinance or resolution, for general revenue 12 13 purposes, levy, assess and collect or provide for the levying, assessment and collection of such taxes as they shall determine 14 15 on persons, transactions, occupations, privileges, subjects and 16 personal property within the limits of such political 17 subdivisions, and upon the transfer of real property, or of any 18 interest in real property, situate within the political 19 subdivision levying and assessing the tax, regardless of where 20 the instruments making the transfers are made, executed or delivered or where the actual settlements on such transfer take 21 22 place. The taxing authority may provide that the transferee shall remain liable for any unpaid realty transfer taxes imposed 23 24 by virtue of this act. Each local taxing authority [may] shall, 25 by ordinance or resolution, exempt any person whose total income 26 from all sources is less than twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000) 27 per annum from the per capita or similar head tax, occupation 28 tax and emergency and municipal services tax, or earned income 29 tax, or any portion thereof, and may adopt regulations for the 30 processing of claims for exemptions. Such local authorities 20050H0956B1091 - 2 -

1 shall not have authority by virtue of this act:

2 * * *

(9) To levy, assess or collect any tax on individuals for
the privilege of engaging in an occupation (emergency and
municipal services tax) except that such a tax may be levied,
assessed and collected only by the political subdivision of the
taxpayer's place of employment.

8 Payment of any emergency and municipal services tax to any 9 political subdivision by any person pursuant to an ordinance or 10 resolution passed or adopted under the authority of this act 11 shall be no less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than fifty-two 12 dollars (\$52) on each person for each calendar year.

13 <u>The political subdivision shall authorize payment of the</u>
14 <u>emergency and municipal services tax on a quarterly basis.</u>

Any person who pays the emergency and municipal services tax to a political subdivision, other than a school district, and who is also a resident of that political subdivision may deduct the amount of the emergency and municipal services tax paid from any property tax owed to that political subdivision, other than a school district.

21 The situs of such tax shall be the place of employment, but, 22 in the event a person is engaged in more than one occupation, or an occupation which requires his working in more than one 23 24 political subdivision during the calendar year, the priority of 25 claim to collect such emergency and municipal services tax shall 26 be in the following order: first, the political subdivision in 27 which a person maintains his principal office or is principally employed; second, the political subdivision in which the person 28 resides and works, if such a tax is levied by that political 29 30 subdivision; third, the political subdivision in which a person 20050H0956B1091 - 3 -

is employed and which imposes the tax nearest in miles to the
 person's home. The place of employment shall be determined as of
 the day the taxpayer first becomes subject to the tax during the
 calendar year.

5 It is the intent of this provision that no person shall pay 6 more than fifty-two dollars (\$52) in any calendar year as an 7 emergency and municipal services tax irrespective of the number 8 of political subdivisions within which such person may be 9 employed within any given calendar year.

10 In case of dispute, a tax receipt of the taxing authority for 11 that calendar year declaring that the taxpayer has made prior 12 payment which constitutes prima facie certification of payment 13 to all other political subdivisions.

14 * * *

Section 2. The amendment of section 2(9) of the act shall apply to years beginning after calendar year 2005.

17 Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.