
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 158 Session of
1995

INTRODUCED BY STABACK, BIRMELIN, DEMPSEY, DONATUCCI, ROBERTS,
MELIO, BELARDI, CAPPABIANCA, HERMAN, FEESE, BROWN, GIGLIOTTI,
SHANER, BATTISTO, DALEY, CORRIGAN, LYNCH, BEBKO-JONES, TIGUE,
BARD, EGOLF, RUBLEY, DRUCE, LEDERER, TRUE, LAUGHLIN, MCGILL,
L. I. COHEN, JOSEPHS, TRELLO, SAYLOR, PETTIT, B. SMITH,
HORSEY, RAMOS, HERSHEY, KING, GRUPPO, YOUNGBLOOD, ROHRER,
M. N. WRIGHT, DENT, HENNESSEY, GEIST, DIGIROLAMO, BOSCOLA,
TRAVAGLIO AND PISTELLA, MAY 22, 1995

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35,
MAY 22, 1995

A RESOLUTION

1 Designating May 31, 1995, as "No-Tobacco Day" in Pennsylvania.

2 WHEREAS, More than 434,000 Americans die each year from
3 tobacco-related diseases, including lung cancer, emphysema and
4 heart disease; and

5 WHEREAS, Tobacco use kills more people each year than
6 alcohol, cocaine, crack, heroin, suicide, car accidents, AIDS
7 and fires combined; and

8 WHEREAS, Smoking is the number one preventable cause of death
9 in this Commonwealth and one in five deaths is related to
10 tobacco use; and

11 WHEREAS, Over 22,700 citizens of this Commonwealth die each
12 year due to tobacco use; and

13 WHEREAS, The total smoking-related health care costs in this
14 Commonwealth exceed \$971 million; and

1 WHEREAS, Three thousand young people begin smoking every day;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, Ninety percent of all smokers begin by the age of
4 19; and

5 WHEREAS, Nicotine is one of the most addictive drugs in our
6 society and is a gateway to illicit drug use; therefore be it

7 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate May 31,
8 1995, as "No-Tobacco Day" in Pennsylvania.