## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 654 seman 1993 

INTRODUCED BY PESCI, HERMAN, GORDNER, CAWLEY, CURRY, VEON, BELFANTI, YANDRISEVITS, VAN HORNE, JOSEPHS AND ROONEY, MARCH 22, 1993

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, MARCH 22, 1993

AN ACT

Amending the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No.320), entitled "An act concerning elections, including general, municipal, special and primary elections, the nomination of candidates, primary and election expenses and election contests; creating and defining membership of county boards of elections; imposing duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, courts, county boards of elections, county commissioners; imposing penalties for violation of the act, and codifying, revising and consolidating the laws relating thereto; and repealing certain acts and parts of acts relating to elections," eliminating cross-filing by a candidate for school board; further providing for signing of nomination petitions for certain specimen ballots and for absentee ballots; authorizing the filing of certain reports by facsimile; and making an appropriation.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 630.1 of the act of June 3, 1937 (P.L.1333, No. 320), known as the Pennsylvania Election Code, amended February 19, 1986 (P.L.29, No.11), is amended to read:

Section 630.1. Affidavits of Candidates.--Each candidate for any State, county, city, borough, incorporated town, township, school district or poor district office, or for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress, selected as
provided in section 630 of this act, shall file with the nomination certificate an affidavit stating--(a) his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address; (b) his election district, giving city, borough, town or township; (c) the name of the office for which he consents to be a candidate; (d) that he is eligible for such office; (e) that he will not knowingly violate any provision of this act, or of any law regulating and limiting election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith; (f) unless he is a candidate for judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [for the office of school board in a district where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace, that he is not a candidate for the same office of any party or political body other than the one designated in such certificate; and (g) that he is aware of the provisions of section 1626 of this act requiring election and post-election reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures. In cases of certificates for candidates for the General Assembly, the candidate's affidavit shall state (1) that the candidate will satisfy the eligibility requirements contained in sections 5 and 7 of Article II of the Constitution of Pennsylvania; (2) (i) that, in the case of a candidate for the office of Senator in the General Assembly, the candidate will be twenty-five (25) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election or (ii) that, in the case of a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, the candidate will be twenty-one (21) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election; (3) that the candidate shall have been a citizen and an inhabitant of

Pennsylvania four (4) years and an inhabitant of the respective district one (1) year next before the election (unless absent on the public business of the United States or of this State); and (4) that the candidate has not been convicted of embezzlement of public moneys, bribery, perjury or other infamous crime.

Section 2. Section 908 of the act, amended August 13, 1963 (P.L.707, No.379), is amended to read:

Section 908. Manner of Signing Nomination Petitions; Time of Circulating.--Each signer of a nomination petition shall sign but one such petition for each office to be filled, and shall declare therein that he is a registered and enrolled member of the party designated in such petition: Provided, however, That where there are to be elected two or more persons to the same office, each signer may sign petitions for as many candidates for such office as, and no more than, he could vote for at the succeeding election. He shall also declare therein that he is a qualified elector of the county therein named, and in case the nomination is not to be made or candidates are not to be elected by the electors of the State at large, or the political district therein named, in which the nomination is to be made or the election is to be held. He shall add his [occupation and] residence, giving city, borough or township, with street and number, if any, and shall add the date of signing, expressed in words or numbers: Provided, however, That if the said political district named in the petition lies wholly within any city, borough or township, or is coextensive with same, it shall not be necessary for any signer of a nomination petition to state therein the city, borough or township of his residence. No nomination petition shall be circulated prior to the thirteenth Tuesday before the primary, and no signature shall be counted
unless it bears a date affixed not earlier than the thirteenth Tuesday nor later than the tenth Tuesday prior to the primary. If it is otherwise apparent from the signature that the signer of the petition and the elector are one and the same, an otherwise valid signature shall be counted when a comparison between the signature on the petition and the signature on the voter registration card indicates any of the following--(a) the signer's middle initial is missing from his signature; (b) the signer wrote his first name with an initial only; or (c) the signer provided a familiar, common or abbreviated substitute for his first or middle name.

Section 3. Sections 910, 976 first paragraph, 981.1, 993(a), $998(\mathrm{a})$ and (b) and 1004 of the act, amended February 19, 1986 (P.L.29, No.11), are amended to read:

Section 910. Affidavits of Candidates.--Each candidate for any State, county, city, borough, incorporated town, township, ward, school district, poor district, election district, party office, party delegate or alternate, or for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress, shall file with his nomination petition his affidavit stating--(a) his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address; (b) his election district, giving city, borough, town or township; (c) the name of the office for which he consents to be a candidate; (d) that he is eligible for such office; (e) that he will not knowingly violate any provision of this act, or of any law regulating and limiting nomination and election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith; (f) unless he is a candidate for judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or for [the office of school director in
a district where that office is elective or for] the office of justice of the peace that he is not a candidate for nomination for the same office of any party other than the one designated in such petition; (g) if he is a candidate for a delegate, or alternate delegate, member of State committee, National committee or party officer, that he is a registered and enrolled member of the designated party; (h) if he is a candidate for delegate or alternate delegate the presidential candidate to whom he is committed or the term "uncommitted"; and (i) that he is aware of the provisions of section 1626 of this act requiring pre-election and post-election reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures. In cases of petitions for candidates for the General Assembly, the candidate's affidavit shall state (1) that the candidate will satisfy the eligibility requirements contained in sections 5 and 7 of Article II of the Constitution of Pennsylvania; (2) (i) that in the case of a candidate for the office of Senator in the General Assembly that the candidate will be twenty-five (25) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election or (ii) that in the case of a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly that the candidate will be twenty-one (21) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election; (3) that the candidate shall have been a citizen and inhabitant of Pennsylvania four (4) years and an inhabitant of the respective district one (1) year next before the election (unless absent on the public business of the United States or of this State); and (4) that the candidate has not been convicted of embezzlement of public moneys, bribery, perjury or other infamous crime. In cases of petitions for delegate and alternate delegate to

National conventions, the candidate's affidavit shall state that his signature to the delegate's statement, as hereinafter set forth, if such statement is signed by said candidate, was affixed to the sheet or sheets of said petition prior to the circulation of same. In the case of a candidate for nomination as President of the United States, it shall not be necessary for such candidate to file the affidavit required in this section to be filed by candidates, but the post-office address of such candidate shall be stated in such nomination petition.

Section 976. Examination of Nomination Petitions,
Certificates and Papers; Return of Rejected Nomination Petitions, Certificates and Papers.--When any nomination petition, nomination certificate or nomination paper is presented in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth or of any county board of elections for filing within the period limited by this act, it shall be the duty of the said officer or board to examine the same. No nomination petition, nomination paper or nomination certificate shall be permitted to be filed if--(a) it contains material errors or defects apparent on the face thereof, or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits; or (b) it contains material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers; or (c) it does not contain a sufficient number of signatures as required by law; Provided, however, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth or the county board of elections, although not hereby required so to do, may question the genuineness of any signature or signatures appearing thereon, and if he or it shall thereupon find that any such signature or signatures are not genuine, such signature or signatures shall be disregarded in determining whether the nomination petition, nomination paper or nomination certificate
contains a sufficient number of signatures as required by law; or (d) in the case of nomination petitions, if nomination petitions have been filed for printing the name of the same person for the same office, except the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, [or the office of school director in districts where that office is elective] or the office of justice of the peace upon the official ballot of more than one political party; or (e) in the case of nomination papers, if the candidate named therein has filed a nomination petition for any public office for the ensuing primary, or has been nominated for any such office by nomination papers previously filed; or (f) if the nomination petitions or papers are not accompanied by the filing fee or certified check required for said office; or (g) in the case of nomination papers, the appellation set forth therein is identical with or deceptively similar to the words used by any existing party or by any political body which has already filed nomination papers for the same office, or if the appellation set forth therein contains part of the name, or an abbreviation of the name or part of the name of an existing political party, or of a political body which has already filed nomination papers for the same office. The invalidity of any sheet of a nomination petition or nomination paper shall not affect the validity of such petition or paper if a sufficient petition or paper remains after eliminating such invalid sheet. The action of said officer or board in refusing to receive and file any such nomination petition, certificate or paper, may be reviewed by the court upon an application to compel its reception as of the date when it was presented to the office of such officer or board: Provided, however, That said officer or
board shall be entitled to a reasonable time in which to examine any petitions, certificates or papers, and to summon and interrogate the candidates named therein, or the persons presenting said petitions, certificates or papers, and his or their retention of same for the purpose of making such examination or interrogation shall not be construed as an acceptance or filing.

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Section 981.1. Affidavits of Candidates.--Each candidate for any State, county, city, borough, incorporated town, township, ward, school district, poor district or election district office, or for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress, selected as provided in sections 979 and 980 of this act, shall file with the substituted nomination certificate an affidavit stating--(a) his residence, with street and number, if any, and his post-office address; (b) his election district, giving city, borough, town or township; (c) the name of the office for which he consents to be a candidate; (d) that he is eligible for such office; (e) that he will not knowingly violate any provision of this act, or of any law regulating and limiting election expenses and prohibiting corrupt practices in connection therewith; (f) unless he is a candidate for judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [for the office of school board in a district where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace, that he is not a candidate for the same office of any party or political body other than the one designated in such certificate; and (g) that he is aware of the provisions of section 1626 of this act requiring election and post-election reporting of campaign
contributions and expenditures. In cases of certificates for candidates for the General Assembly, the candidate's affidavit shall state (1) that the candidate will satisfy the eligibility requirements contained in sections 5 and 7 of Article II of the Constitution of Pennsylvania; (2) (i) that, in the case of a candidate for the office of Senator in the General Assembly, the candidate will be twenty-five (25) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election or (ii) that, in the case of a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, the candidate will be twenty-one (21) years of age on or before the first day of the term for which the candidate seeks election; (3) that the candidate shall have been a citizen and an inhabitant of Pennsylvania four (4) years and an inhabitant of the respective district one (1) year next before the election (unless absent on the public business of the United States or of this State); and (4) that the candidate has not been convicted of embezzlement of public moneys, bribery, perjury or other infamous crime.

Section 993. Filling of Certain Vacancies in Public Office by Means of Nomination Certificates and Nomination Papers.--(a) In all cases where a vacancy shall occur for any cause in an elective public office, including that of judge of a court of record, at a time when such vacancy is required by the provisions of the Constitution or the laws of this Commonwealth to be filled at the ensuing election but at a time when nominations for such office cannot be made under any other provision of this act, nominations to fill such vacancies shall be made by political parties in accordance with party rules relating to the filling of vacancies by means of nomination certificates in the form prescribed in section nine hundred
ninety-four of this act, and by political bodies by means of nomination papers in accordance with the provisions of sections nine hundred fifty-one, nine hundred fifty-two and nine hundred fifty-four of this act. No such nomination certificate shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any other political party or by any political body for the same office unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [for the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace. No such nomination papers shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any political party or by any other political body for any office to be filled at the ensuing November election, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or $\left[f\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { the } \\ \text { office }\end{array}\right.\right.$ where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace.

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Section 998. Substituted Nominations to Fill Certain Vacancies for a November Election.--(a) Any vacancy happening or existing in any party nomination made in accordance with the provisions of section nine hundred ninety-three of this act for a November election by reason of the death or withdrawal of any candidate may be filled by a substituted nomination made by such committee as is authorized by the rules of the party to make nominations in the event of vacancies on the party ticket, in the form prescribed by section nine hundred ninety-four of this act. But no substituted nomination certificate shall nominate
any person who has already been nominated by any other political party or by any political body for the same office, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [for the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace.
(b) In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated by a political body for an election, the committee named in the original nomination papers may nominate a substitute in his place by filing a substituted nomination certificate in the form and manner prescribed by section nine hundred eighty of this act. In the case of a vacancy caused by the death of any candidate, said nomination certificate shall be accompanied by a death certificate properly certified. No substituted nomination certificate shall nominate any person who has already been nominated by any political party or by any other political body for any office to be filled at the ensuing November election, unless such person is a candidate for the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [for the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or] for the office of justice of the peace.

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Section 1004. Form of Ballots; Printing Ballots; Stubs; Numbers.--From the lists furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the provisions of sections 915 and 984, and from petitions and papers filed in their office, the county election board shall print the official primary and election ballots in accordance with the provisions of this act: Provided, 19930H0654B0718 - 11 -
however, That in no event, shall the name of any person consenting to be a candidate for nomination for any one office, except the office of judge of a court of common pleas, the Philadelphia Municipal Court or the Traffic Court of Philadelphia, or [the office of school director in districts where that office is elective or] the office of justice of the peace be printed as a candidate for such office upon the official primary ballot of more than one party. All ballots for use in the same election district at any primary or election shall be alike. They shall be at least six inches long and four inches wide, and shall have a margin extending beyond any printing thereon. They shall be printed with the same kind of type (which shall not be smaller than the size known as "brevier" or "eight point body") upon white paper of uniform quality, without any impression or mark to distinguish one from another, and with sufficient thickness to prevent the printed matter from showing through. Each ballot shall be attached to a stub, and all the ballots for the same election district shall be bound together in books of fifty, in such manner that each ballot may be detached from its stub and removed separately. The ballots for each party to be used at a primary shall be bound separately. The stubs of the ballots shall be consecutively numbered, and in the case of primary ballots, the number shall be preceded by an initial or abbreviation designating the party name. The number and initial or abbreviation which appears upon the stub shall also be printed in the upper right hand corner of the back of the ballot, separated from the remainder of the ballot by a diagonal perforated line so prepared that the upper right hand corner of the back of the ballot containing the number may be detached from the ballot before it is deposited in
the ballot box and beside that corner shall also be printed, "Remove numbered stub immediately before depositing your ballot in ballot box."

Section 4. Section 1008 of the act is amended to read:
Section 1008. Forms of Ballots on File and Open to Public Inspection; Ballots and Diagrams to Be Furnished to Candidates and Parties.--
(a) The county board of elections shall have on file in its office, on and after the [Thursday] twentieth day preceding each primary and election, open to public inspection, forms of the ballots and ballot labels, with the names and such statements and notations as may be required by the provisions of this act, printed thereon, which shall be used in each election district within the county.
(b) [On the Thursday] On and after the twentieth day preceding each primary, the county board shall, upon request made at their office, there deliver to each candidate whose name is printed on the ballot of any party, or to his authorized representative, without charge, three specimen ballots of such party for the entire district in which such candidate is to be voted for, and the candidate may, at his own expense, have printed on different colored paper as many copies as he requires for conducting his campaign.
(c) [On the Thursday] On and after the twentieth day preceding each November election, the county board shall, upon request made at their office, there deliver to the county chairman or other authorized representative of each political party and political body in the county, without charge, two specimen ballots or diagrams for each election district within the county in which candidates of such party or political body
are to be voted for, and such political party or political body may, at its own expense, have printed on different colored paper as many copies as it requires for conducting its campaign.

Section 5. Section 1301 of the act is amended by adding a subsection to read:

Section 1301. Qualified Absentee Electors.--The following persons shall be entitled to vote by an official absentee ballot in any primary or election held in this Commonwealth in the manner hereinafter provided:

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(l.1) Any qualified elector attending an institution of post-secondary education who temporarily resides outside of their domiciliary voting district for more than thirty days; or

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Section 6. Section 1302(e.1) of the act, amended May 5, 1986 (P.L.150, No.47), is amended to read:

Section 1302. Applications for Official Absentee Ballots.--* * *
(e.1) Any qualified registered elector, including any qualified bedridden or hospitalized veteran, who is unable because of illness or physical disability to attend his polling place on the day of any primary or election or operate a voting machine and state distinctly and audibly that he is unable to do so as required by section 1218 of this act [may,] shall, upon application and with the certification by his attending physician that he is permanently disabled, and physically unable to attend the polls or operate a voting machine and make the distinct and audible statement required by section 1218 appended to the application hereinbefore required, be placed on a permanently disabled absentee ballot list file. An absentee 19930H0654B0718 - 14 -
and not later than five o'clock P.M. of the first Tuesday prior to the day of any primary or election: Provided, however, That in the event any elector otherwise qualified who is so physically disabled or ill on or before the first Tuesday prior to any primary or election that he is unable to file his application or who becomes physically disabled or ill after the first Tuesday prior to any primary or election and is unable to appear at his polling place or any elector otherwise qualified who because of the conduct of his business, duties or occupation will necessarily be absent from the State or county of his residence on the day of the primary or election, which fact was not and could not reasonably be known to said elector on or before the first Tuesday prior to any primary or election, shall be entitled to an absentee ballot at any time prior to [five ○'clock P.M. on the first Friday preceding any primary or] eight o'clock P.M. on the day of any election upon execution of an Emergency Application in such form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

In the case of an elector who is physically disabled or ill on or before the first Tuesday prior to a primary or election or becomes physically disabled or ill after the first Tuesday prior to a primary or election, such Emergency Application shall contain a supporting affidavit from his attending physician stating that due to physical disability or illness said elector was unable to apply for an absentee ballot on or before the first Tuesday prior to the primary or election or became physically disabled or ill after that period.

In the case of an elector who is necessarily absent because of the conduct of his business, duties or occupation under the unforeseen circumstances specified in this subsection, such

Emergency Application shall contain a supporting affidavit from such elector stating that because of the conduct of his business, duties or occupation said elector will necessarily be absent from the State or county of his residence on the day of the primary or election which fact was not and could not reasonably be known to said elector on or before the first Tuesday prior to the primary or election.

Section 1302.2. Approval of Application for Absentee Ballot.--
(a) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any application filed by a qualified elector not required to be registered under preceding section 1301, shall ascertain from the information on such application, district register or from any other source that such applicant possesses all the qualifications of a qualified elector other than being registered or enrolled. If the board is satisfied that the applicant is qualified to receive an official absentee ballot, the application shall be marked approved such approval decision shall be final and binding except that challenges may be made only on the ground that the applicant did not possess qualifications of an absentee elector. Such challenges must be made to the county board of elections prior to [5:00 o'clock P. M. on the first Friday prior to the] 8:00 o'clock P.M. on the day of any election. When so approved, the county board of elections shall cause the applicant's name and residence (and at a primary, the party enrollment) to be inserted in the Military, Veterans and Emergency Civilians Absentee Voters File as provided in section 1302.3, subsection (b) : Providing, however, That no application of any qualified elector in military service shall be rejected for failure to include on his application any
information if such information may be ascertained within a reasonable time by the county board of elections.
(b) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any application filed by a qualified elector who is entitled, under the provisions of the Permanent Registration Law as now or hereinafter enacted by the General Assembly, to absentee registration prior to or concurrently with the time of voting as provided under preceding section 1301, shall ascertain from the information on such application or from any other source that such applicant possesses all the qualifications of a qualified elector. If the board is satisfied that the applicant is entitled, under the provisions of the Permanent Registration Law as now or hereinafter enacted by the General Assembly, to absentee registration prior to or concurrently with the time of voting and that the applicant is qualified to receive an official absentee ballot, the application shall be marked "approved." Such approval decision shall be final and binding except that challenges may be made only on the ground that the applicant did not possess the qualifications of an absentee elector prior to or concurrently with the time of voting. Such challenges must be made to the county board of elections prior to [5:00 o'clock P. M. on the first Friday prior to the] 8:00 o'clock P.M. on the day of any election. When so approved, the county board of elections shall cause the applicant's name and residence (and at a primary, the party enrollment) to be inserted in the Military, Veterans and Emergency Civilian Absentee Voters File as provided in section 1302.3 subsection (b) .
(c) The county board of elections, upon receipt of any application of a qualified elector required to be registered
under the provisions of preceding section 1301, shall determine the qualifications of such applicant by comparing the information set forth on such application with the information contained on the applicant's permanent registration card. If the board is satisfied that the applicant is qualified to receive an official absentee ballot, the application shall be marked "approved." Such approval decision shall be final and binding, except that challenges may be made only on the ground that the applicant did not possess the qualifications of an absentee elector. Such challenges must be made to the county board of elections prior to [5:00 o'clock P. M. on the first Friday prior to the] 8:00 o'clock P.M. on the day of any election. When so approved, the registration commission shall cause an absentee voter's temporary registration card to be inserted in the district register on top of and along with the permanent registration card. The absentee voter's temporary registration card shall be in the color and form prescribed in subsection (e) of this section:

Provided, however, That the duties of the county boards of elections and the registration commissions with respect to the insertion of the absentee voter's temporary registration card of any elector from the district register as set forth in section 1302.2 shall include only such applications and emergency applications as are received on or before the first Tuesday prior to the primary or election. In all cases where applications are received after the first Tuesday prior to the primary or election and before [five o'clock P. M. on the first Friday prior to the primary or] 8:00 o'clock P.M. on the day of any election, the county board of elections shall determine the qualifications of such applicant by comparing the information
subsection (b) of section 1306.
Section 1306. Voting by Absentee Electors.--(a) At any time after receiving an official absentee ballot, but on or before [five o'clock P. M. on the Friday prior to the primary or] eight o'clock P.M. on the day of any election, the elector shall, in secret, proceed to mark the ballot only in black lead pencil, indelible pencil or blue, black or blue-black ink, in fountain pen or ball point pen, and then fold the ballot, enclose and securely seal the same in the envelope on which is printed, stamped or endorsed "Official Absentee Ballot." This envelope shall then be placed in the second one, on which is printed the form of declaration of the elector, and the address of the elector's county board of election and the local election district of the elector. The elector shall then fill out, date and sign the declaration printed on such envelope. Such envelope shall then be securely sealed and the elector shall send same by mail, postage prepaid, except where franked, or deliver it in person to said county board of election:

Provided, however, That any elector, spouse of the elector or dependent of the elector, qualified in accordance with the provisions of section 1301, subsections (e), (f), (g) and (h) to vote by absentee ballot as herein provided, shall be required to include on the form of declaration a supporting declaration in form prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be signed by the head of the department or chief of division or bureau in which the elector is employed, setting forth the identity of the elector, spouse of the elector or dependent of the elector:

Provided further, That any elector who has filed his application in accordance with section 1302 subsection (e) (2),
and is unable to sign his declaration because of illness or physical disability, shall be excused from signing upon making a declaration which shall be witnessed by one adult person in substantially the following form: I hereby declare that I am unable to sign my declaration for voting my absentee ballot without assistance because I am unable to write by reason of my illness or physical disability. I have made or received assistance in making my mark in lieu of my signature.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## (Date)

(Signature of Witness)
(Complete Address of Witness)

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Section 1308. Canvassing of Official Absentee Ballots.--
(a) The county boards of election, upon receipt of official absentee ballots in such envelopes, shall safely keep the same in sealed or locked containers until they distribute same to the appropriate local election districts in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Official absentee ballots received after five o'clock P.M. on the Friday immediately preceding the primary or election day and before eight o'clock P.M. on the primary or election day shall be canvassed by the county board of elections.

The county board of elections shall then distribute the absentee ballots received prior to five o'clock P.M. on the Friday immediately preceding the primary or election day, unopened, to the absentee voter's respective election district
concurrently with the distribution of the other election supplies. Absentee ballots shall be canvassed immediately and continuously without interruption until completed after the close of the polls on the day of the election in each election district. The results of the canvass of the absentee ballots shall then be included in and returned to the county board with the returns of that district. No absentee ballot shall be counted which is received in the office of the county board of election later than [five o'clock P. M. on the Friday immediately preceding the primary or November] eight o'clock P.M. on the day of any election.

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Section 8. Section 1628 of the act, amended July 11, 1980 (P.L.600, No.128), is amended to read:

Section 1628. Late Contributions and Independent

## Expenditures.--

Any candidate or political committee, authorized by a candidate and created solely for the purpose of influencing an election on behalf of that candidate, which receives any contribution or pledge of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more, and any person making an independent expenditure, as defined by this act, of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more after the final pre-election report has been deemed completed shall report such contribution, pledge or expenditure to the appropriate supervisor by telegram [or]\& mailgram or facsimile. Such telegram [or]\& mailgram or facsimile shall be sent by the candidate, chairman or treasurer of the political committee within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of the contribution. It shall be the duty of the supervisor to confirm the substance of such telegram [or]\& mailgram or facsimile. Original reports
submitted by facsimile shall also be sent to the appropriate supervisor by regular mail within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of the contribution. Any candidate in his own behalf, or chairman, treasurer or candidate in behalf of the political committee may also comply with this section by appearing personally before such supervisor and reporting such late contributions or pledges.

Section 9. The sum of $\$ 1,000$, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to the Department of State for the purchase of a facsimile machine. Section 10. This act shall take effect as follows:
(1) The amendment of section $1302(e .1)$ of the act and this section shall take effect immediately.
(2) The remainder of this act shall take effect in 60 days.

