THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1586 Session of 1989

INTRODUCED BY GLADECK, MORRIS, J. TAYLOR, JACKSON, NAHILL, SAURMAN, HAGARTY, REBER, TIGUE, MOWERY, BUNT, FOX, GEIST, LANGTRY, MERRY, O'DONNELL, FARMER, ROBINSON, JOHNSON, HECKLER, LASHINGER, ITKIN AND J. H. CLARK, MAY 31, 1989

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND WELFARE, MAY 31, 1989

AN ACT

Facilitating medical treatment decisionmaking by establishing a procedure whereby a person may execute in advance a written declaration indicating to a physician the person's desire for a physician to initiate, continue, withhold or withdraw certain medical treatment in the event the person suffers a terminal illness or injury and is incompetent; requiring in certain cases the provision of nutrition and hydration; and providing penalties.

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- 7 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 8 hereby enacts as follows:
- 9 Section 1. Short title.
- 10 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Medical
- 11 Treatment Decision Act.
- 12 Section 2. Legislative purpose.
- 13 The General Assembly finds that all competent adults have a
- 14 qualified right to control decisions relating to their own
- 15 medical care. This right is subject to certain interests of
- 16 society, such as the maintenance of ethical standards in the
- 17 medical profession and the preservation and protection of human
- 18 life, including the prevention of homicide, euthanasia and
- 19 suicide or aided-suicide. The General Assembly further finds
- 20 that, in some instances, the use of certain medical procedures
- 21 for an incompetent person in a terminal condition may provide
- 22 nothing necessary or beneficial to the person or may of itself
- 23 impose an unwarranted burden on the person. To insure that the
- 24 rights and intentions of a person in a terminal condition may be
- 25 respected, even after that person is no longer able to
- 26 participate actively in decisions concerning treatment, and to
- 27 encourage communication between such a person and his family and
- 28 physician, the General Assembly hereby declares its recognition
- 29 of the right of a competent adult to make a written declaration
- 30 respecting the initiation, continuation, withholding or

- 1 withdrawing of certain medical treatments in the event that such
- 2 person becomes incompetent and is diagnosed as suffering from a
- 3 terminal condition. The General Assembly further finds that
- 4 while certain medical treatments can be withdrawn or withheld,
- 5 it is a person's right to seek the institution or continuation
- 6 of reasonable medical treatment which sustains life and that
- 7 undertreatment of the terminally ill is not acceptable whether
- 8 prompted by economic considerations or assumptions that some
- 9 lives are not worth sustaining.
- 10 Section 3. Definitions.
- 11 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 12 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 13 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 14 "Adult." Any person 18 years of age or older.
- 15 "Attending physician." The physician who has primary
- 16 responsibility for the treatment and care of the patient.
- 17 "Declaration." A written document, voluntarily executed by
- 18 the declarant in accordance with this act.
- 19 "Euthanasia." The intentional causing of the death of a
- 20 person, whether by act or omission, in order to relieve such
- 21 person of suffering or other persons or entities of
- 22 psychological, financial, social or other burdens. The term
- 23 shall not include the withholding or withdrawal of medical
- 24 treatment as the term "medical treatment" is defined in this act
- 25 and, as to a "patient" as defined in this act, shall not include
- 26 the withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment done in
- 27 accordance with this act.
- 28 "Incompetent." The lack of sufficient capacity for a person
- 29 to make or communicate decisions concerning himself.
- 30 "Life-support system." Any mechanical or electronic device,

- 1 except one used for providing nutrition or hydration, utilized
- 2 in order to replace, assist or supplement the function of any
- 3 human vital organ or combination of organs.
- 4 "Medical treatment." The use of surgery, treatment,
- 5 medication and the utilization of mechanical or electronic
- 6 devices to sustain the life of a patient. The term shall not
- 7 include any procedure, treatment, intervention or service to
- 8 provide nutrition or hydration to a patient unless the nutrition
- 9 or hydration could not be physically assimilated by the patient
- 10 or would be physically harmful or unreasonably painful to the
- 11 patient. The term shall also not include such medication or
- 12 medical procedures as are necessary to provide comfort and care
- 13 and to alleviate pain.
- 14 "Patient." A person who has been diagnosed and certified in
- 15 writing to be afflicted with a terminal condition by two
- 16 physicians, one of whom shall be the attending physician and
- 17 both of whom shall have personally examined the patient.
- 18 "Terminal condition." An incurable and irreversible medical
- 19 condition caused by injury, disease or physical illness which
- 20 will, in the opinion of the attending physician, to a reasonable
- 21 degree of medical certainty, result in death regardless of the
- 22 continued application of medical treatment, including life-
- 23 support systems. The term shall not include senility, affliction
- 24 with Alzheimer's disease, any form of mental retardation or
- 25 mental illness, or chronic mental or physical impairment,
- 26 including comatose conditions, which alone will not result in
- 27 death.
- 28 Section 4. Declaration.
- 29 (a) Execution. -- Any competent adult may, at any time,
- 30 execute a declaration directing the initiating, continuing,

- 1 withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment in the event the
- 2 person should have a terminal condition and be incompetent. The
- 3 declaration shall be signed and dated by the declarant, or by
- 4 another person in the declarant's presence at the declarant's
- 5 express direction, in the presence of two witnesses. All
- 6 signatures must be notarized for the declaration to be
- 7 effective. A witness must be at least 18 years of age. A witness
- 8 shall not be:
- 9 (1) Related to the declarant by blood or marriage.
- 10 (2) Entitled to any portion of the estate of the
- 11 declarant under the intestate succession laws of this
- 12 Commonwealth, then existing, or under any will of the
- declarant, then existing.
- 14 (3) A person who has a claim against any portion of the
- 15 estate of the declarant.
- 16 (4) The attending physician, an employee of the
- 17 attending physician or an employee of a health facility in
- 18 which the declarant is a patient.
- 19 (5) Directly or indirectly financially responsible for
- 20 the medical care of the declarant or be an officer, agent or
- 21 employee of any government agency, any insurance company or
- other organization financially responsible, in whole or in
- part, for medical care of the declarant.
- 24 (6) The person who signed the declaration on behalf and
- 25 at the direction of the declarant.
- 26 (b) Notification.--It is the responsibility of the declarant
- 27 to notify the attending physician of the existence of the
- 28 declaration. The attending physician, when presented with the
- 29 declaration, shall make the declaration, or a copy thereof, a
- 30 part of the medical records of the declarant.

- 1 (c) Form.--The declaration may be in the following form and
- 2 may include other specific directions, including, but not
- 3 limited to, a designation of another person to make the
- 4 treatment decision for the declarant should the declarant be
- 5 diagnosed as suffering from a terminal condition and be
- 6 incompetent or otherwise mentally or physically incapable of
- 7 communication. Should any specific direction be held to be
- 8 invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other directions of the
- 9 declaration which can be given effect without the invalid
- 10 direction.

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11 DECLARATION

condition caused by injury, disease or illness certified to be a terminal condition by two physicians who have personally examined me, one of whom shall be my attending physician, and the physicians have determined that my death will occur whether or not medical treatment, including life-support systems, are utilized and where the application of medical treatment, including life-support systems, would serve only to artificially prolong the dying process, I direct that such treatment be withheld or withdrawn, and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the administration of medication or the performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary

1 to alleviate pain.

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(2) In the absence of my ability to give directions regarding the use of such medical treatment, it is my intention that this declaration shall be honored by my family and physician as the final expression of my wish to refuse medical treatment and accept the consequences from such refusal.

(3) I understand the full import of this declaration and I am emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration.

11 Signed_____

City, County and State of Residence _____

13 Jurat

- (d) Limitations on declaration.--
- 15 The declaration may include directions, including, 16 but not limited to, a designation of another person to 17 participate in the making of the treatment decision for the 18 declarant should the declarant be diagnosed as suffering from 19 a terminal condition and be incompetent or otherwise mentally 20 incapable of communication. However, a designee may not 21 participate in the treatment decision unless the patient does 22 not then have and will not regain, to a reasonable degree of 23 medical certainty, the capacity to make decisions for himself. 24
 - (2) Notwithstanding the form or the specific directions of a declaration, medical treatment must be provided to a pregnant patient with a terminal condition unless, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, as certified on the patient's medical chart by the attending physician and an obstetrician who has examined the patient, such medical

- treatment will not maintain the patient in such a way as to

 permit the continuing development and live birth of the

 unborn child or will be physically harmful or unreasonably

 painful to the patient or prolong severe pain which cannot be

 alleviated by medication.
 - (3) Should any specific direction in the declaration be held to be invalid, the invalidity shall not offset other directions of the declaration which can be effected without the invalid direction.
- 10 (e) Witnessing of a declaration.--The witnesses to a
 11 declaration must sign a statement at the time the declaration is
 12 executed which statement must be attached to the declaration and
 13 be in substantially the following form:

I believe the declarant to be of sound mind. I did 14 15 not sign the declarant's signature above for or at the 16 direction of the declarant. I am at least 18 years of age 17 and am not related to the declarant by blood or marriage, 18 have no claim against any portion of the estate of the 19 declarant, am not entitled to any portion of the estate 20 of the declarant according to the laws of intestate 21 succession of Pennsylvania or under any will of the 22 declarant or codicil thereto, nor am I directly or 23 indirectly financially responsible for declarant's medical care. I am not the declarant's attending 24 25 physician, an employee of the attending physician or an 26 employee of the health facility in which the declarant is 27 a patient.

28	Witness
29	Witness

30 Jurat

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- 1 (f) Right to have medical treatment initiated or
- 2 continued. -- Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 3 prohibit a person from executing a declaration pursuant to this
- 4 section which directs the initiation or continuation of medical
- 5 treatment in the event the person should have a terminal
- 6 condition.
- 7 Section 5. Revocation.
- 8 (a) Methods.--A declaration may be revoked at any time by
- 9 the declarant, without regard to his mental state or competency,
- 10 by any of the following methods:
- 11 (1) By being canceled, defaced, obliterated, burnt, torn
- or otherwise destroyed by the declarant or by some person in
- 13 his presence and by his direction. Revocation of a
- declaration shall become effective only upon:
- 15 (i) taking such an action; and
- 16 (ii) upon communication of revocation to the
- attending physician by the declarant or by a person
- 18 acting on behalf of the declarant.
- 19 (2) By a written revocation of the declarant expressing
- 20 his intent to revoke, signed and dated by the declarant. The
- 21 revocation shall become effective only upon communication of
- 22 the revocation to the attending physician by the declarant or
- 23 by a person acting on behalf of the declarant. The attending
- 24 physician shall record in the medical record of the patient
- 25 the time and date when he received notification of the
- 26 written revocation.
- 27 (3) By an oral expression by the declarant of his intent
- 28 to revoke the declaration. The revocation shall become
- 29 effective only upon communication of the revocation to the
- 30 attending physician by the declarant or by a person acting on

- 1 behalf of the declarant. The attending physician shall record
- 2 in the medical record of the patient the time, date and place
- of the revocation and the time, date and place, if different,
- 4 of when he received notification of the revocation.
- 5 (b) Effect upon criminal or civil liability.--There shall be
- 6 no criminal or civil liability on the part of any person for
- 7 failure to act upon a revocation made pursuant to this section
- 8 unless that person has actual knowledge of the revocation.
- 9 Section 6. Time limitation.
- 10 A declaration executed in accordance with this act shall be
- 11 effective for five years from the date of execution, provided
- 12 that, if the declarant becomes incompetent within five years
- 13 after the execution of the declaration and remains incompetent
- 14 at the time of the determination of a terminal condition as
- 15 provided by section 8, the declaration shall continue in effect.
- 16 Upon the expiration of the declaration, a new declaration must
- 17 be executed should the declarant wish to make a written
- 18 declaration pursuant to this act. However, if the declaration
- 19 has expired and the physician proceeds under section 7(a)(2),
- 20 there shall be a presumption in favor of the expired declaration
- 21 as the express wish of the patient concerning medical treatment.
- 22 Section 7. Liability.
- 23 (a) General rule. -- No physician, licensed health care
- 24 professional, health care provider, health care facility or
- 25 employee thereof who, in good faith and pursuant to reasonable
- 26 medical standards and otherwise consistent with this act, causes
- 27 or participates in the initiating, continuing, withholding or
- 28 withdrawal of medical treatment, including life-support systems,
- 29 from a patient who is incompetent shall, as a result thereof, be
- 30 subject to criminal or civil liability, or be found to have

- 1 committed an act of unprofessional conduct if:
- 2 (1) the attending physician has followed the patient's
- 3 wishes as expressed earlier by the patient in the form of a
- 4 declaration executed pursuant to this act; or
- 5 (2) in a situation where there appears to exist no
- 6 declaration executed pursuant to this act, the physician has
- 7 obtained the written informed consent of any of the following
- 8 individuals who shall be guided by the express or implied
- 9 wishes of the patient concerning medical treatment, these
- 10 persons to be consulted in the following order of priority:
- 11 (i) the guardian of the person of the patient if one
- has been appointed;
- 13 (ii) the spouse of the patient;
- 14 (iii) the adult child of the patient or, if the
- patient has more than one adult child, by a majority of
- the adult children who are reasonably available for
- 17 consultation;
- 18 (iv) a parent of the patient; or
- 19 (v) the nearest living relative of the patient.
- 20 (b) Express consent. -- The written informed consent of the
- 21 first of the individuals listed in subsection (a)(2) willing to
- 22 consult and competent to render the consent shall constitute the
- 23 written informed consent required by subsection (a)(1).
- 24 (c) Absence of declaration. -- The absence of a declaration by
- 25 a patient shall not give rise to any presumption as to the
- 26 intent of the patient to consent to or to refuse the initiation,
- 27 continuation or termination of medical treatment.
- 28 Section 8. Duty of physician to confirm terminal condition.
- 29 (a) Procedure after diagnosis of terminal condition. -- An
- 30 attending physician shall, without delay after the diagnosis of

- 1 a terminal condition of a person, certify, in writing, the
- 2 terminal condition of the patient and arrange for the physical
- 3 examination and diagnosis of the patient's condition by a second
- 4 physician.
- 5 (b) Informing patient of terminal condition. -- Once written
- 6 certification and confirmation of the terminal condition of a
- 7 declarant is made, a person who made a declaration must be
- 8 advised by the attending physician of his terminal condition.
- 9 The current wishes of the person shall, at all times, supersede
- 10 the effect of the declaration. If the person is diagnosed as
- 11 incompetent, the declarant shall become a patient as defined in
- 12 this act only upon written certification and confirmation of a
- 13 terminal condition by the attending physician and the second
- 14 physician.
- 15 Section 9. Failure to comply.
- 16 (a) Unprofessional conduct. -- An attending physician shall be
- 17 deemed to have refused to comply with this act and be considered
- 18 to have committed an act of unprofessional conduct if:
- 19 (1) the physician fails to consider and act upon the
- 20 declaration of a patient or the treatment consent of a person
- 21 designated to participate in the treatment decision by the
- 22 declarant in the declaration to the extent that the
- 23 declaration or decision is consistent with this act and is
- 24 pursuant to reasonable medical standards; or
- 25 (2) as to a patient without a declaration executed
- 26 pursuant to this act, the physician fails to act consistent
- 27 with the terms of this act and reasonable medical standards.
- 28 (b) Transfer to another physician. -- Notwithstanding the
- 29 provisions of subsection (a), an attending physician shall not
- 30 be considered to have committed an act of unprofessional conduct

- 1 if:
- 2 (1) the physician advises or attempts to advise the
- designee of the patient named in his validly executed
- 4 declaration (but if there is no such declaration and
- 5 designee, then the first available person in the order of
- 6 priority set forth in section 7(a)(2)) of the physician's
- 7 unwillingness to act; and
- 8 (2) the physician further advises or attempts to advise
- 9 him that the patient may be transferred to the care of
- 10 another physician chosen by the patient's representative with
- 11 arrangements for such transfer being the responsibility of
- 12 the patient's representative.
- 13 (c) Declaration or direction must be consistent with medical
- 14 standards. -- Nothing in this act shall obligate a physician,
- 15 health care provider or health care facility to follow a
- 16 patient's declaration or the directions of the patient's
- 17 designee, if such declaration or direction would be contrary to
- 18 reasonable medical standards.
- 19 Section 10. Effect on suicide and life insurance; declaration
- 20 optional.
- 21 (a) Suicide. -- The withholding or withdrawal of medical
- 22 treatment from a patient in accordance with the provisions of
- 23 this act shall not, for any purpose, constitute a suicide or
- 24 causing or aiding a suicide.
- 25 (b) Life insurance. -- The making of, or failure to make, a
- 26 declaration in accordance with this act shall not affect in any
- 27 manner the sale, procurement or issuance of any policy of life
- 28 insurance, nor shall it be deemed to modify the terms of an
- 29 existing policy of life insurance. No policy of life insurance
- 30 shall be legally impaired or invalidated in any manner by the

- 1 withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment from an insured
- 2 patient, notwithstanding any term of the policy to the contrary.
- 3 (c) Declaration optional. -- No physician, health care
- 4 facility or other health care provider, and no health care
- 5 service plan, health maintenance organization, insurer issuing
- 6 disability insurance, self-insured employee welfare benefit
- 7 plan, nonprofit hospital plan or State, local, county or Federal
- 8 Government-sponsored or operated program:
- 9 (1) shall require any person to execute a declaration as
- a condition for being insured for, or receiving, health care
- 11 services; or
- 12 (2) shall charge any person a different rate or fee
- 13 whether or not the person executes or has executed a
- 14 declaration.
- 15 Section 11. Euthanasia and aided-suicide prohibited.
- Nothing in this act shall be construed to condone, authorize
- 17 or approve euthanasia or aided-suicide, or to permit any
- 18 affirmative or deliberate act or omission to end life other than
- 19 to permit the natural process of dying as provided in this act.
- 20 Section 12. Preservation of existing rights; required
- 21 treatment; power of attorney.
- 22 (a) Legal rights not impaired. -- The provisions of this act
- 23 are cumulative with existing law regarding the right of an
- 24 individual to consent or refuse to consent to medical treatment
- 25 and shall not impair or supersede any existing rights or
- 26 responsibilities which a health care provider, a patient,
- 27 including a minor or incompetent patient, or the family of a
- 28 patient may have in regard to the withholding or withdrawal of
- 29 medical treatment under the laws of this Commonwealth.
- 30 (b) Necessary medical care. -- Any section of this act which

- 1 requires that certain treatment, or nutrition or hydration, or
- 2 both, be provided establishes a course of necessary medical
- 3 care.
- 4 (c) Pregnant patients. -- Whether or not a patient had made a
- 5 declaration pursuant to this act, medical treatment must be
- 6 provided to a pregnant patient with a terminal condition unless,
- 7 to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, as certified on the
- 8 patient's medical chart by the attending physician and an
- 9 obstetrician who has examined the patient, such medical
- 10 treatment will not maintain the patient in such a way as to
- 11 permit the continuing development and live birth of the unborn
- 12 child or will be physically harmful or unreasonably painful to
- 13 the patient or prolong severe pain which cannot be alleviated by
- 14 medication.
- 15 (d) Power of attorney. -- A power of attorney executed
- 16 pursuant to 20 Pa.C.S. Ch. 56 (relating to powers of attorney)
- 17 shall, as to the treatment for a patient with a terminal
- 18 condition, have no greater effect than a declaration executed
- 19 pursuant to this act notwithstanding any specific grant of power
- 20 by a patient regarding medical care, nursing care or medical and
- 21 surgical procedures.
- 22 Section 13. Requirement to provide nutrition and hydration.
- 23 Nothing in this act shall relieve a person, whether or not he
- 24 has a terminal condition, of the right and obligation to
- 25 receive, or the physician, health care provider or health care
- 26 facility of the obligation to provide, nutrition and hydration
- 27 except that as to a patient with a terminal condition such
- 28 nutrition and hydration may be withheld if it could not be
- 29 physically assimilated by the patient or would be physically
- 30 harmful or unreasonably painful to the patient. Further, nothing

- 1 in this act shall relieve the physician, health care provider or
- 2 health care facility of the obligation to provide other measures
- 3 deemed necessary to provide comfort to a person or to alleviate
- 4 his pain regardless of whether a person has a terminal
- 5 condition.
- 6 Section 14. Penalties.
- 7 Any person who willfully conceals, cancels, defaces,
- 8 obliterates or damages the declaration of another without the
- 9 consent of the declarant commits a felony of the third degree.
- 10 Any person who falsifies or forges the declaration of another,
- 11 or willfully conceals or withholds personal knowledge of a
- 12 revocation as provided in section 5, with the intent to cause a
- 13 withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment contrary to the
- 14 wishes of the declarant and, because of such an act, directly
- 15 causes medical treatment to be withheld or withdrawn and death
- 16 to be hastened, shall be subject to prosecution for criminal
- 17 homicide as provided in 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 25 (relating to criminal
- 18 homicide). Any person who willfully, by undue influence, fraud
- 19 or duress, causes a person to execute a declaration pursuant to
- 20 this act commits a felony of the third degree.
- 21 Section 15. Effective date.
- This act shall take effect immediately.