THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 156 Session of 1987

INTRODUCED BY WENGER, HELFRICK, STAPLETON, MADIGAN, JUBELIRER, ARMSTRONG, SHAFFER, WILT, GREENWOOD, CORMAN, BRIGHTBILL, ANDREZESKI, O'PAKE AND SALVATORE, JANUARY 20, 1987

SENATOR HELFRICK, AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, AS AMENDED, FEBRUARY 3, 1987

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Amending the act of June 30, 1981 (P.L.128, No.43), entitled "An act authorizing the creation of agricultural areas," further providing for agricultural areas, public hearings, evaluation criteria, decisions and reviews of proposed areas, appeals, limitation on local agencies, policy of Commonwealth agencies, limitations on exercise of eminent domain and purchases of development easements in agricultural areas; making an appropriation; and making editorial changes.
9	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
10	hereby enacts as follows:
11	Section 1. Sections 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, and 14 of
12	the act of June 30, 1981 (P.L.128, No.43), known as the
13	Agricultural Area Security Law, are amended to read:
14	Section 2. Statement of legislative findings.
15	It is the declared policy of the Commonwealth to conserve and
16	protect and to encourage the development and improvement of its
17	agricultural lands for the production of food and other
18	agricultural products. It is also the declared policy of the
19	Commonwealth to conserve and protect agricultural lands as
20	valued natural and ecological resources which provide needed

open spaces for clean air, as well as for aesthetic purposes. 1 Article VIII, section 2 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania 2 3 provides that the General Assembly may, by law, establish 4 standards and qualifications for agricultural reserves. 5 Agriculture in many parts of the Commonwealth is under urban pressure from expanding metropolitan areas. This urban pressure 6 takes the form of scattered development in wide belts around 7 urban areas, and brings conflicting land uses into 8 juxtaposition, creates high costs for public services, and 9 10 stimulates land speculation. When this scattered development 11 extends into good farm areas, ordinances inhibiting farming tend to follow, farm taxes rise, and hopes for speculative gains 12 13 discourage investments in farm improvements. Many of the 14 agricultural lands in the Commonwealth are in jeopardy of being 15 lost for any agricultural purposes. Certain of these lands 16 constitute unique and irreplaceable land resources of Statewide 17 importance. It is the purpose of this act to provide [a] means 18 by which agricultural land may be protected and enhanced as a 19 viable segment of the Commonwealth's economy and as an economic 20 and environmental resource of major importance.

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It is further the purpose of this act to:

(1) Encourage landowners to make a long-term commitment
 to agriculture by offering them financial incentives and
 security of land use.

25 (2) Protect farming operations in agricultural areas
 26 from incompatible nonfarm land uses that may render farming
 27 impracticable.

28 (3) Assure permanent conservation of productive
 29 agricultural lands in order to protect the agricultural

30 <u>economy of this Commonwealth.</u>

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(4) Provide compensation to landowners in exchange for 1 2 their relinquishment of the right to develop their private 3 property.

4 (5) Leverage State agricultural easement purchase funds 5 and protect the investment of taxpayers in agricultural conservation easements. 6

7 Section 3. Definitions.

8 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall have the meanings given to them in this section, unless the 9 10 context clearly indicates otherwise:

11 "Advisory committee." An Agricultural Area Advisory 12 Committee.

13 "Agricultural area." A unit of 500 or more acres of land 14 used for the agricultural production of crops, livestock and 15 livestock products under the ownership of one or more persons. 16 "Agricultural conservation easement." An interest in land, less than fee simple, which interest represents the right to 17 18 prevent the development or improvement of the land for any purpose other than agricultural production. The easement may be 19 20 granted by the owner of the fee simple to any third party or to the Commonwealth, to a county governing body or to a unit of 21 local government. It may be granted for a term of years or in 22 23 perpetuity, as the equivalent of covenants running with the 24 land. 25 "Agricultural production." The production for commercial

26 purposes of crops, livestock and livestock products, but not land or portions thereof used for processing or retail 27 28 merchandising of such crops, livestock or livestock products. "Board<u>" or "State board</u>." The Agricultural [Lands 29 30 Condemnation Approval] Conservation Board. 19870S0156B0258

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"County governing body." The county board of commissioners
 or other designated council of representatives under home rule
 charters.

4 "Crops, livestock and livestock products." Include but are 5 not limited to:

6 (1) Field crops, including corn, wheat, oats, rye,
7 barley, hay, potatoes and dry beans.

8 (2) Fruits, including apples, peaches, grapes, cherries9 and berries.

10 (3) Vegetables, including tomatoes, snap beans, cabbage,11 carrots, beets, onions and mushrooms.

12 (4) Horticultural specialties, including nursery stock13 ornamental shrubs, ornamental trees and flowers.

14 (5) Livestock and livestock products, including cattle,
15 sheep, hogs, goats, horses, poultry, furbearing animals,
16 milk, eggs and furs.

17 (6) Timber, wood and other wood products derived from18 trees.

19 (7) Aquatic plants and animals and their byproducts. 20 ["Development easement." An interest in land, less than fee 21 simple title, which interest represents the inchoate right to develop such lands for residential, commercial, recreational or 22 23 industrial uses. This right shall become absolute when the owner of a development easement either owns the land to which the 24 25 easement belongs or has a written agreement with the owner of 26 the land to use the development easement on the land: Provided, 27 however, That the use of the development easement is in 28 compliance with all local zoning ordinances.] "Governing body." The governing body of a local government 29

30 unit.

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1 "Local government unit." Any city, borough, township or 2 town.

3 "Normal farming operations." The customary and generally 4 accepted activities, practices, and procedures that farmers 5 adopt, use, or engage in year after year in the production and 6 preparation for market of [poultry] <u>crops</u>, livestock, and 7 [their] <u>livestock</u> products and in the production and harvesting 8 of agricultural, agronomic, horticultural, silvicultural, and 9 [aquicultural] <u>aquacultural</u> crops and commodities.

"Planning commission." A local government planning 10 11 commission or agency, or if the county planning commission, then that entity which has been designated by the county 12 commissioners to establish and foster a comprehensive plan for 13 14 land management and development within the county, or if a local planning commission, then that entity which has been designated 15 16 by the local government unit governing body to establish and foster a comprehensive plan for land management and development 17 18 within the local government unit which is compatible with the 19 county comprehensive plan.

20 "Viable agricultural land." Land suitable for agricultural 21 production and which will continue to be economically feasible 22 for such use if real estate taxes, farm use restrictions, and 23 speculative activities are limited to levels approximating those 24 in commercial agricultural areas not influenced by the proximity 25 of urban and related nonagricultural development.

26 Section 5. Agricultural areas.

(a) Proposals for creation.--Any owner or owners of land may submit a proposal to the governing body for the creation of an agricultural area within such local government unit, provided that such owner or owners own at least 500 acres of viable 19870S0156B0258 - 5 - agricultural land proposed to be included in the area. The
 proposed area may also consist of two or more noncontiguous
 parcels or areas[: Provided, however, That the], providing that:

4 (1) The governing body may limit the minimum acreage
5 requirements in noncontiguous parcels in an agricultural
6 area[: And, provided further, That no minimum].

7 (2) Minimum acreage [requirement] requirements shall be
8 [more than 50] ten acres or less.

9 (a.1) Submitting the proposal. -- Such proposal for creation 10 of an agricultural area shall be submitted in such manner and 11 form as may be prescribed by the governing body of the local government unit wherein the proposed area is situated and shall 12 13 include a description of the proposed area, including the 14 boundaries thereof. [If the proposed area is situated in more 15 than one local government unit, the proposal shall be submitted 16 to the governing bodies of all local government units affected.] 17 (a.2) Proposals for agricultural areas in more than one 18 local government unit.--If the land included in a proposal for an agricultural area is situated in more than one local 19 20 government unit, the proposal shall be submitted to, and 21 approval of the proposal shall be sought from, the governing 22 body of each such local government unit affected. A rejection by 23 a governing body shall exclude that portion of the proposal 24 which is situated within the local government unit. However, 25 such rejection shall not preclude the approval of the remaining 26 portion of the proposal as an agricultural area by the governing 27 body of the other affected local government units, provided that 28 the total acreage approved is at least 500 acres and that such approved portion meets all other requirements imposed under this 29 act for agricultural areas. 30

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1 (b) Notice.--Upon the receipt of such a proposal, the governing body shall thereupon provide notice of such proposal 2 3 by publishing a notice in a newspaper having general circulation 4 within the proposed area and by posting such notice in five conspicuous places within, adjacent or near to the proposed 5 area. If the governing body fails to provide the required notice 6 within 15 days of receiving a proposal, a person who is 7 8 adversely affected by this inaction may bring an action in 9 mandamus to compel compliance. The notice shall contain the 10 following information:

11 12 (1) A statement that a proposal for an agricultural area has been filed with the governing body pursuant to this act.

13 (2) A statement that the proposal will be on file open
14 to public inspection in the office of the local government
15 unit.

A statement that any [municipality whose territory] 16 (3) encompasses] local government unit encompassing or adjacent 17 18 to the proposed area, or any landowner who owns the land 19 proposed to be included within the proposed area, or any 20 landowner with lands adjacent or near to the proposed area who wishes such lands to be included or not included therein, 21 22 may propose modifications of the proposed area in such form 23 and manner as may be prescribed by the governing body. The 24 statement shall indicate that objections to the proposal and proposed modifications to the proposal must be filed with the 25 governing body and the planning commission within 15 days of 26 27 the date of publication of the notice.

[(4) A statement that any proposed modification must be filed with the governing body and the planning commission within 30 days after the publication of such notice.

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1 (5)] (4) A statement that at the termination of the 30-2 day period, the proposal and proposed modifications will be 3 submitted to the planning commission and the advisory 4 committee, and that thereafter a public hearing will be held 5 on the proposal, proposed modifications and recommendations 6 of the planning commission and advisory committee.

7 (c) Modification proposals.--The governing body shall 8 receive any proposals for modifications of such proposal which 9 may be submitted by such landowners or [municipalities within 30 10 days after the publication of such notice] <u>local government</u> 11 <u>units up to seven days prior to advertisement of public hearing</u> 12 <u>as provided in section 6(a)</u>.

13 (d) Report by planning commission. -- The governing body shall, upon the termination of such 30-day period, refer such 14 proposal and proposed modifications to the planning commission[, 15 16 which shall, within 45 days,]. The planning commission shall 17 have up to 45 days to review the proposal and proposed 18 modifications and report to the governing body the potential 19 effect of such proposal and proposed modifications upon the 20 local government's planning policies and objectives. The failure of the planning commission to submit a report within 45 days 21 22 shall not prohibit the governing body from conducting further 23 proceedings or from further exercising its authority pursuant to 24 this act.

(e) Referral to advisory committee.--The governing body shall also, upon the termination of such 30-day period, refer such proposal and proposed modifications to the Agricultural Area Advisory Committee[, which shall, within 45 days]. The committee shall have up to 45 days to review the proposal and proposed modifications and report to the governing body its 19870S0156B0258 - 8 -

recommendations concerning the proposal and proposed 1 modifications. The failure of the advisory committee to submit a 2 3 report within 45 days shall not prohibit the governing body from conducting further proceedings or from further exercising its 4 5 authority pursuant to this act. Section 6. Public hearings. 6 7 (a) Hearings.--The governing body[,] shall <u>hold a public</u> hearing relative to the proposed agricultural area upon receipt 8 of the reports from the advisory committee and the planning 9 10 commission[, hold a public hearing relative to the proposed 11 agricultural area] or upon expiration of the 45-day period as provided in section 5. 12

(b) Place of hearing.--The hearing shall be held at a place within the proposed area or otherwise readily accessible to the proposed area, such as a municipal building.

16 (c) Notice of hearing. -- [A] <u>Pursuant to the act of July 3</u>, 1986 (P.L.388, No.84), known as the "Sunshine Act," a hearing 17 18 notice shall be published in a newspaper having a general 19 circulation within the proposed area [and]. In addition, notice 20 shall be given in writing [to those municipalities whose 21 territory encompasses the proposed area and any proposed 22 modifications and] to those landowners who proposed modifications pursuant to section 5(c)[, and] or whose land is 23 included in proposed modifications, and to all landowners within 24 the proposed agricultural area. Notice also shall be given by 25 26 posting such notice in five conspicuous places within, adjacent 27 or near to the proposed area. Such notice shall contain the 28 following information:

29 (1) A statement of the time, date and place of the30 public hearing.

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1 (2) A description of the proposed area, any proposed 2 additions or deletions and any recommendations of the 3 planning commission or advisory committee. 4 (3) A statement that the public hearing will be held 5 concerning: 6 (i) The original proposal. (ii) Any written amendments proposed during the [30-7 8 day] review period. 9 (iii) Any recommendations proposed by the Agricultural Area Advisory Committee and the planning 10 11 commission. Section 7. Evaluation criteria. 12 13 (a) Factors to be considered.--The following factors shall be considered by the planning commission, advisory committee, 14 and at any public hearing: 15 16 [The viability of active farming within the proposed (1)17 area and in areas near or adjacent thereto. 18 (2)The presence of any viable farm lands within the 19 proposed area and adjacent thereto that are not now in active 20 farming. 21 The nature and extent of land uses other than active (3) 22 farming within the proposed area and near or adjacent 23 thereto. 24 (4) Local government unit developmental patterns and 25 needs. 26 (5) The local government unit's comprehensive plan. Any other matter which may be relevant. 27 (6) 28 (b) Other factors. -- In judging viability the following factors shall be considered: 29 30 (1) Soil. 19870S0156B0258 - 10 -

1	(2) Climate.
2	(3) Topography.
3	(4) Markets for farm products.
4	(5) The extent and nature of farm improvements.
5	(6) The present status of farming.
6	(7) Anticipated trends in agricultural economic
7	conditions and technology.
8	(8) Any other natural or economic factors as may be
9	relevant.
10	(c)] Land proposed for inclusion in an agricultural area
11	shall have soils which are conducive to agriculture. This
12	factor will have been satisfied without further consideration
13	if at least 50% in the aggregate of the land to be included
14	in an agricultural area falls into one of the following
15	categories: land whose soils are classified in Soil
16	Conservation Service Capability Classes I through IV,
17	excepting IV(e); land which falls within the Soil
18	Conservation Service classification of "unique farm land"; or
19	land whose soils do not meet Capability Classes I through IV
20	but which is currently in active farm use and is being
21	maintained in accordance with the soil erosion and
22	sedimentation plan applicable to such land.
23	(2) Land proposed for inclusion in an agricultural
24	security area shall be compatible with local government unit
25	comprehensive plans and with county comprehensive plans. Any
26	zoning shall permit agricultural use but need not exclude
27	other uses.
28	(3) The land proposed for inclusion in the agricultural
29	area, and any additions which are proposed subsequently,
30	shall be viable agricultural land.

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- (4) Additional factors to be considered are the extent
 and nature of farm improvements, anticipated trends in
 agricultural economic and technological conditions and any
 other matter which may be relevant.
 (b) Resource materials.--In considering the viability
 factors as set forth in this section, various resource materials
 shall be used, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 8 (1) Soil surveys of the Pennsylvania State University.
 9 (2) Soil surveys and other information provided by the
 10 National Cooperative Soil Survey.

(3) Soil survey maps prepared by the United States Soil
 Conservation Service.

13 (4) The United States census of agricultural categories14 of land use classes.

15 (5) [Agricultural viability maps prepared by the16 Department of Agriculture.

17 (6)] Any other relevant published data, maps, charts, or 18 results of soil or land use surveys made by any <u>county</u>, State 19 or Federal agency.

20 Section 8. Decision on proposed area.

(a) Action by governing body. -- The governing body, [after 21 22 receiving the reports of the planning commission and the 23 advisory committee, and after such public hearing] upon 24 completion of the procedures and considerations prescribed in sections 5, 6 and 7, may adopt the proposal or any modification 25 26 of the proposal [they deem] the governing body deems appropriate, including the inclusion, to the extent feasible, of 27 adjacent viable farm lands, and, the exclusion, to the extent 28 feasible, of nonviable farm land and nonfarm land. The existence 29 30 of utility facilities on the proposed area shall not prevent the 19870S0156B0258 - 12 -

1 [designation of the area as "agricultural"] adoption of such area as an agricultural area nor shall the rights of utilities 2 3 with respect to the existing facilities be disturbed or affected 4 by such [designation] adoption. The governing body shall act to 5 adopt or reject the proposal, or any modification [of it], no later than 180 days from the date the proposal was originally 6 7 submitted. Failure by the governing body to act within this 180day period shall be deemed adoption of the proposal without 8 modification. 9

10 (b) Effective date of creation of area.--[The proposed] An 11 <u>agricultural</u> area[,] shall become effective upon the adoption of [same] the proposal or its modification by the governing body or 12 13 upon expiration of the 180-day period as provided in subsection 14 (a). If the proposal has included land situated in more than one 15 local government unit, the agricultural area shall become 16 effective upon adoption by the local government unit or units of 17 such portion of the proposal or proposed modifications as will 18 meet the minimum acreage and other requirements of an agricultural area provided in this act. Subsequent adoption of 19 20 the remaining portion shall immediately effectuate such portion as an agricultural area. 21 22 (c) Filing of area description. -- [Upon] <u>Within ten days of</u>

23 the creation of an agricultural area, a description thereof 24 shall be filed by the governing body with the recorder of deeds, 25 who shall record the filing, and with the planning [commission] 26 commissions of the county and of the local government unit. 27 Filing shall be done in a manner which is sufficient to give 28 notice to all persons who have, may acquire or may seek to acquire an interest in land in or adjacent to the created 29 agricultural area. Upon the failure of the governing body or 30 19870S0156B0258 - 13 -

recorder of deeds to file or record the created agricultural 1 area in accordance with the time or manner requirements 2 3 prescribed in this subsection, any person adversely affected may 4 file a petition with the court of common pleas to compel 5 immediate compliance with the provisions of this subsection. 6 (d) Participation. -- Participation in the agricultural area shall be available at its creation on a voluntary basis to 7 landowners within the jurisdiction of the governing body 8 including those not among the original petitioners [on a 9 10 voluntary basis]. The addition or deletion of land in the 11 agricultural area shall only occur after seven years or whenever the agricultural area is subject to review by the [local] 12 13 governing body.

14 Section 9. Review of area.

15 (a) Review by governing body.--The governing body shall review any area created under [this] section 8 seven years after 16 17 the date of its creation and every seven years thereafter. In 18 conducting such review, the governing body shall ask for the 19 recommendations of the planning commission, the county planning 20 commission and the advisory committee, and shall, at least 120 21 days prior to the end of the seventh year and not more than 180 22 days prior to such date, hold a public hearing at a place within the area or otherwise readily accessible to the area [upon 23 24 notice]. Notice of the public hearing shall be published before 25 the hearing in a newspaper having a general circulation within 26 the area [by posting]. In addition, notice shall be posted 27 before the hearing in five conspicuous places within, adjacent 28 or near the area and [by] individual notice, in writing, shall 29 be given to those [municipalities whose territories encompass 30 the area and the person] persons owning land within the area. 19870S0156B0258 - 14 -

The governing body, after [receiving the reports of] allowing 1 the planning commission, the county planning commission and the 2 3 advisory committee sufficient time to submit recommendations, 4 and after the public hearing, may terminate the area at the end 5 of such seven-year period [by filing a notice of termination with the recorder of deeds and with the planning commission] or 6 7 it may modify the area in the same manner as is provided in this act for the creation of agricultural areas. Within ten days of 8 its action of termination or modification, the governing body 9 10 shall file a notice of termination or modification with the 11 recorder of deeds, who shall record such notice in such manner and place as has been provided in the original recording of the 12 13 agricultural area. The governing body shall also file a notice 14 of termination or modification with the planning commissions of 15 the county and of the local government unit. If the governing 16 body does not act, or if a modification of an area is rejected, 17 the area shall [continue as originally constituted] be deemed to 18 be adopted without modification for another seven years. 19 [Landowner withdrawal] Changes in participation .--(b) 20 Landowners who wish their land to be withdrawn or included in 21 the agricultural area shall notify the local governing unit of 22 their intent [at least 120 days before the end of the seventh year.] in writing at least 180 days before the end of the 23 24 seventh year. 25 (c) Interim review.--If, within the seven-year period, 10% 26 of the land within the agricultural area is diverted to 27 residential or nonagricultural commercial development, the 28 governing body may review the diversion and may request, in writing, that the local and county planning commissions and the 29 agricultural advisory committee study its review and make 30 19870S0156B0258 - 15 -

recommendations within 30 days of the written request. The 1 governing body shall thereupon conduct a public hearing, after 2 3 providing the same notice as that which is required under 4 section 6(c). The hearing shall be held no sooner than 45 days 5 after the governing body has submitted written requests for review and recommendation to the planning commissions and 6 advisory committee. The governing body then may terminate or 7 8 modify the agricultural area.

9 Section 11. Limitation on local regulations.

10 (a) General rule. -- Every municipality or political 11 subdivision [creating] within which an agricultural area is created shall encourage the continuity, development and 12 13 viability of agriculture within such an area by not enacting local laws or ordinances [within such an area in a manner] which 14 15 would unreasonably restrict farm structures or farm practices 16 within the area in contravention of the purposes of this act 17 unless such restrictions or regulations bear a direct 18 relationship to the public health or safety.

(b) Public nuisance.--Any municipal or political subdivision law or ordinance defining or prohibiting a public nuisance shall exclude from the definition of such nuisance any agricultural activity or operation conducted using normal farming operations within an agricultural area as permitted by this act if such agricultural activity or operation does not bear a direct relationship to the public health and safety.

26 Section 13. Limitation on [exercise of eminent domain] <u>certain</u> 27 governmental actions.

(a) Approval required for condemnation <u>and for certain other</u>
<u>actions</u> by an agency of the Commonwealth.--No agency of the
Commonwealth having or exercising powers of eminent domain shall
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condemn for any purpose any land within any agricultural area 1 2 which land is being used for productive agricultural purposes 3 (not including the growing of timber) unless prior approval has 4 been obtained in accordance with the criteria and procedures 5 established in this section from the Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval Board as established in section 306 of the 6 act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as "The 7 8 Administrative Code of 1929." The condemnation approval specified by this subsection shall not be required for an 9 10 underground public utility facility or for any facility of an 11 electric cooperative corporation or for any public utility facility the necessity for and the propriety and environmental 12 13 effects of which has been reviewed and ratified or approved by 14 the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission or the Federal Energy 15 Regulatory Commission. In addition, all State-funded development 16 projects which might affect land in established agricultural 17 areas shall be reviewed by the appropriate local advisory 18 committee and by the Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval 19 Board. Each reviewing body may suggest any modification to the State-funded development projects which ensures the integrity of 20 21 the agricultural areas against nonfarm encroachment.

22 (b) Approval required for condemnation by a political 23 subdivision, authority, public utility or other body .-- No 24 political subdivision, authority, public utility or other body 25 having or exercising powers of eminent domain shall condemn any 26 land within any agricultural area for any purpose, unless prior 27 approval has been obtained from Agricultural Lands Condemnation 28 Approval Board and from each of the following bodies: the 29 governing bodies of the [municipalities] local government units 30 encompassing the agricultural area, the county [commissioners] 19870S0156B0258 - 17 -

governing body, and the Agricultural Area Advisory Committee. 1 Review by the [board] Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval 2 3 Board and the other indicated bodies shall be in accordance with 4 the criteria and procedures established in this section. The 5 condemnation approvals specified by this subsection shall not be required for an underground public utility facility or for any 6 facility of an electric cooperative corporation or for any 7 public utility facility the necessity for and the propriety and 8 environmental effects of which has been reviewed and ratified or 9 10 approved by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission or the 11 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, regardless of whether the right to establish and maintain such underground or other public 12 13 utility facility is obtained by condemnation, or by agreement with the owner. 14

(c) Notice.--Any condemnor wishing to condemn property the approval for which is required under this section shall at least 30 days prior to taking such action notify each of the foregoing bodies that such action is contemplated, and no such condemnation shall be effective until 60 days following the receipt of such notice.

21 (d) Review by Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval Board22 and other bodies.--

(1) Upon receipt of such notice the [board provided for
in subsection (a)] <u>Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval</u>
<u>Board</u> or the bodies provided for in subsection (b) jointly or
separately shall review the proposed condemnation in
accordance with the applicable criteria established in
paragraph (2).

29 (2) (i) In the case of condemnation for highway 30 purposes (but not including activities relating to 19870S0156B0258 - 18 -

1 existing highways such as, but not limited to, widening roadways, the elimination of curves or reconstruction, 2 3 for which no approval is required) and in the case of 4 condemnation for the disposal of solid or liquid waste material, the [board] Agricultural Lands Condemnation 5 <u>Approval Board</u> or other appropriate reviewing body shall 6 approve the proposed condemnation only if it determines 7 there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the 8 utilization of the land within the agricultural area for 9 10 the project.

(ii) In all other cases not otherwise specifically provided for, the [board] <u>Agricultural Lands Condemnation</u> <u>Approval Board</u> or other appropriate reviewing body shall approve the proposed condemnation only if it determines that:

(A) the proposed condemnation would not have an
unreasonably adverse affect upon the preservation and
enhancement of agriculture or municipal resources
within the area or upon the environmental and
comprehensive plans of the county, municipality and
the Commonwealth, or upon the goals, resource plans,
policies or objectives thereof; or

23 (B) there is no reasonable and prudent 24 alternative to the utilization of the lands within 25 the agricultural area for the project. 26 (e) Public hearings. --Within such 60-day period the Agricultural Lands Condemnation Board and other indicated 27 bodies, as appropriate, shall hold a public hearing concerning 28 29 the proposed condemnation at a place within or otherwise readily 30 accessible to the area. Timely notice of such hearing shall be 19870S0156B0258 - 19 -

1 placed in a newspaper having a general circulation within the 2 area and a written notice shall be posted at five conspicuous 3 places within or adjacent to the area. Individual written notice 4 shall also be given to all [municipalities] <u>local government</u> 5 <u>units</u> encompassing all or part of the area, to the proposed 6 condemnor, and to the owners of the land proposed to be 7 condemned.

8 Findings and decisions. -- The Agricultural Lands (f) 9 Condemnation Approval Board and other indicated bodies, as 10 appropriate, shall render findings and decisions on or before 11 the expiration of such 60-day period and likewise within such 12 period shall report the same to the proposed condemnor, the 13 [municipalities] local government units affected and any party 14 who [shall file] files an appearance at such hearing. If the 15 [board] Agricultural Lands Condemnation Board or any other 16 indicated body fails to act within the 60-day period, the 17 condemnation shall be deemed approved.

(g) Injunctions.--The Agricultural Lands Condemnation Approval Board may request the Attorney General or the bodies may request their solicitor to bring an action to enjoin any such condemnor from violating any of the provisions of this section.

23 (h) Emergencies excepted.--This section shall not apply to 24 any emergency project which is immediately necessary for the 25 protection of life or property.

26 Section 14. [Purchase of development easement in agricultural 27 areas.

(a) Program to purchase easements.--After the establishment
 of an agricultural area by the governing body, the county
 governing body may authorize a program to purchase the
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development easements for land within an agricultural area. The
 program shall be administered by the county planning commission
 and a farmer member from each Agricultural Area Advisory
 Committee within the county.

5 (b) Funds for purchases.--The county governing body may use 6 moneys from its general fund and/or incur debt to make available 7 moneys to purchase the development easements in agricultural 8 areas. The incurring of debt by the county governing body shall 9 be consistent with all present laws and procedures imposed on 10 counties for such action.

11 (c) Offers.--Agents, employees or officials of the county planning commission shall be responsible to make such offers and 12 13 to enter into such negotiations as are necessary with any owner 14 of lands in an agricultural area, in order to purchase any 15 development easements. Nothing in this act shall be construed as 16 to require any owner of land in an agricultural area to sell or 17 transfer any development easements thereto. An owner may reject 18 any offer by any official of the county planning commission to 19 purchase any development easements. The price for the purchase 20 of development easements shall be mutually agreed to by the 21 owner of the land affected and the county governing body. All 22 such contracts for purchase shall be in writing.

(d) Sale of land.--A county governing body may sell any of its acquired development easements as those easements are defined under this act: Provided, That the local governing body, which has jurisdiction over the effected land, approves the sale by a majority vote of its members: And, further provided, That the present owner of the land affected has refused to purchase such development easement.]

30 <u>Purchase of agricultural conservation easements.</u>

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1	(a) Agricultural Conservation BoardThere is established
2	in the Department of Agriculture of the Commonwealth the
3	Agricultural Conservation Board. The board shall have authority
4	to administer a program for purchasing agricultural conservation
5	easements from landowners whose land is within agricultural
6	<u>areas.</u>
7	(1) The board shall consist of 17 members, of which the
8	composition and terms shall be in accordance with the
9	<u>following:</u>
10	(i) There shall be nine ex officio members of the
11	board: the Secretary of Agriculture, who shall serve as
12	the board's chairman; the Secretary of Community Affairs;
13	the Secretary of Environmental Resources; the Chairman
14	and the Minority Chairman of the House Agriculture and
15	Rural Affairs Committee, or their designees; the Chairman
16	and the Minority Chairman of the Senate Agriculture and
17	Rural Affairs Committee, or their designees; the Dean of
18	the College of Agriculture of the Pennsylvania State
19	University and the Chairman of the State Planning Board.
20	(ii) One member each shall be appointed by the
21	Speaker of the House, the House Minority Leader, the
22	President pro tempore of the Senate and the Senate
23	Minority Leader, who shall, at the time of appointment,
24	be an owner and operator of at least one commercial farm
25	in this Commonwealth. The term of the initial appointee
26	of the President pro tempore shall be four years, the
27	term of the initial appointee of the Speaker of the House
28	of Representatives shall be three years, the term of the
29	initial appointee of the Senate Minority Leader shall be
30	two years and the term of the initial appointee of the

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1	House Minority Leader shall be one year. Thereafter, the
2	terms of those appointed herein shall be four years,
3	except that the term of a person appointed to replace
4	another member whose term has not expired shall be only
5	the unexpired portion of that term. Members may be
6	reappointed to successive years.
7	(iii) Four members shall be appointed by the
8	Governor. One member shall be a current member of the
9	governing body of a county, one shall be a current member
10	of the governing body of the local governing unit, one
11	shall be a person who is recognized as having significant
12	knowledge in agricultural fiscal and financial matters
13	and one shall be a residential building contractor.
14	Initially, one member shall be appointed for a term of
15	one year, one member shall be appointed for a term of two
16	years and one member TWO MEMBERS shall be appointed for a <
17	term of three years, and thereafter, the terms of all
18	members appointed herein shall be three years, except
19	that the term for a person appointed to replace another
20	member whose term has not expired shall be only the
21	unexpired portion of that term. Members may be
22	reappointed to successive terms.
23	(iv) Nine members shall constitute a quorum for
24	purposes of conducting meetings and official actions
25	pursuant to authority given to the board under this act.
26	(2) The board shall have the following powers:
27	(i) To adopt rules and regulations for the
28	administration of the Statewide program for purchasing
29	agricultural conservation easements.
30	(ii) To certify programs adopted by county governing

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1	bodies for purchasing agricultural conservation
2	easements, in accordance with the criteria set forth in
3	subsection (b), and to withdraw certification, after
4	affording the county governing body notice and an
5	opportunity for a hearing, if such county programs fail
6	to meet the criteria.
7	(iii) To distribute State funds among counties for
8	the purchase of agricultural conservation easements, in
9	accordance with the criteria set forth in subsection (d).
10	(iv) To use the appropriated funds to hire staff to
11	administer the program on a day-to-day basis.
12	(v) To maintain a central repository of records of
13	county programs for purchasing agricultural conservation
14	easements and of farm lands subject to these easements.
15	(vi) To exercise other discretionary powers as may
16	be necessary and appropriate to carry out the functions
17	of the Statewide program for purchasing agricultural
18	conservation easements.
19	(b) County programs After the establishment of an
20	agricultural area by the governing body, the county governing
21	body may authorize a program for purchasing agricultural
22	conservation easements from landowners whose land is within an
23	agricultural area. The program shall be administered by a county
24	agricultural conservation board.
25	(1) The county agricultural conservation board shall be
26	composed of five, seven or nine members appointed by the
27	county governing body, with the exception of the chairman who
28	shall be appointed by the chairman of the county governing
29	body. Its members shall be appointed from among the following
30	groups: the number of farmers shall constitute one less than
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1	<u>a majority of the board, one member shall be a current member</u>
2	of the governing body of a township or borough located within
3	the county, and the other members shall be selected at the
4	pleasure of the county governing body. The term of all
5	members shall be three years, except for the chairman, who
6	shall be appointed annually.
7	(2) The county board shall have the following powers:
8	(i) To adopt rules and regulations for administering
9	a countywide program for purchasing agricultural
10	conservation easements in accordance with the provisions
11	of this act. This includes, but is not limited to, rules
12	and regulations for the submission of applications by
13	landowners, for appraisal of property in accordance with
14	standards and procedures adopted by the board and for
15	selection of parcels of farm land on which agricultural
16	conservation easements are to be purchased.
17	(ii) To purchase agricultural conservation easements
18	<u>on farm lands within agricultural areas. If State funds</u>
19	are used for this purpose, the county program must be
20	certified by the board.
21	(iii) To use moneys approved by the county governing
22	body from the county general fund to hire staff and
23	administer the program.
24	(iv) To use moneys distributed by the board and to
25	use moneys approved by the county governing body from the
26	county general fund or moneys resulting from the
27	incurrence of debt approved by the county governing body
28	for the purchase of agricultural conservation easements.
29	<u>A county may not incur a greater debt than the lesser of</u>
30	<u>\$100,000 or an amount equal to 20% of the total aggregate</u>
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1	moneys appropriated from the county general fund for
2	purchase of agricultural conservation easements.
3	(v) To maintain a repository of records of land on
4	which agricultural conservation easements have been
5	purchased.
6	(vi) To exercise other discretionary powers which
7	are delegated by the county governing body or which are
8	necessary and appropriate to further the countywide
9	program for purchasing agricultural conservation
10	easements.
11	(3) If a county wishes to use State funds for purchasing
12	agricultural conservation easements, the countywide program
13	for such purchases shall be certified by the board and must
14	continually maintain qualification for certification by
15	meeting the following criteria:
16	(i) Agricultural conservation easements shall only
17	be purchased in perpetuity or for a term of not less than
18	<u>25 years.</u>
19	(ii) A county shall not sell, convey, extinguish,
20	lease, encumber or perform any other act which may
21	restrict or lessen the rights acquired by the county
22	resulting from a purchase of an agricultural conservation
23	easement for a period of at least 25 years from the date
24	of easement purchase. Thereafter, a county may only do so
25	upon approval by the board, after offering convincing
26	evidence to the board that the land subject to the
27	easement is no longer viable for agricultural production.
28	(iii) The price paid for purchase of a perpetual
29	easement shall not be greater than the current fair
30	market value of the easement as determined by appraisal

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1 in accordance with the standards and procedures adopted by the board. 2 3 (iv) The price paid for purchase of an easement for 4 a term of years shall not be greater than one-tenth of 5 the fair market value of a perpetual easement purchase. (v) The content of instruments to be executed 6 7 pursuant to county purchases of easements shall be approved by the board in consultation with the Attorney 8 9 General. (vi) In determining priorities for the purchase of 10 11 agricultural conservation easements from landowners, the county board shall use objective standards and fair 12 13 procedures, which shall include, but not be limited to, 14 the following: 15 (A) Consideration of the quality of the farm lands, including soil classifications and 16 17 productivity. 18 (B) Consideration of the likelihood that, unless an agricultural conservation easement is purchased, 19 20 the farm lands would be converted to nonagricultural 21 use. Farm lands most likely to be converted will tend 22 to have priority over farm lands that are less likely 23 to be converted. For purposes of considering the 2.4 likelihood of conversion, the existence of a zoning 25 classification of the land shall not be relevant, but 26 the market for nonfarm use or development of farm lands shall be relevant. 27 28 (C) The economic circumstances of individual farm-land owners, but only if the landowner has made 29 30 an application for an emergency purchase of an

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1	agricultural conservation easement under this
2	section. In other cases, economic and other
3	circumstances of the landowner shall not be
4	considered.
5	(vii) The county board shall set aside a minimum of
б	5% and a maximum of 10% of the total moneys received from
7	State and county sources during each funding cycle
8	provided in subsection (d) of this section. Such funds
9	set aside shall be utilized for emergency purchases of
10	agricultural conservation easements. Where the amount set
11	aside for emergency purchases during a funding cycle
12	exceeds the amount expended for such purchases, the
13	county board may utilize such excess in the next funding
14	cycle for nonemergency, as well as emergency,
15	agricultural easement purchases. In determining whether
16	an easement purchase is an emergency purchase and
17	determining priorities for emergency purchases, the
18	county board shall conform to the following:
19	(A) Emergency applications or offers to sell
20	agricultural conservation easements may be accepted
21	by the county only if the land is owned by an estate
22	under settlement; if the landowner or other farm
23	operator has become incapacitated so that he is
24	unable to continue an active role in managing the
25	operation; if the landowner has entered into a
26	contract for the sale of the land to a private,
27	nonprofit land conservation organization whose
28	purpose is to keep farm lands in agricultural use; or
29	if the landowner can demonstrate serious financial
30	hardship that is likely to cause the farming

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operation on the land to cease. 1 2 (B) Consideration of emergency applications or 3 offers by the county board shall be accomplished as soon as possible after an application or offer is 4 5 received, so that emergency purchases of easements may be expedited and need not await consideration of 6 7 other applications and offers. 8 (4) Any county program for the purchase of agricultural 9 conservation easements or their functional equivalent, which was authorized by the county governing body and has resulted 10 11 in the actual purchase of such easements prior to the effective date of this act, shall be certified by the board 12 13 under subsection (a)(2)(ii), provided that it satisfies the criteria of subsection (b)(3). In addition to the powers 14 enumerated in subsection (b)(2), such counties shall have the 15 16 authority to use State funds to purchase agricultural conservation easements on agricultural lands designated for 17 18 open space use under section 3 of the act of January 19, 1968 (1967 P.L.992, No.442), entitled "An act authorizing the 19 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the counties thereof to 20 21 preserve, acquire or hold land for open space uses," prior to the effective date of this act, if such agricultural lands 22 23 satisfy the criteria of section 7(c) of this act. 24 (c) Payment of easement purchases. -- The agreed-upon purchase 25 price for agricultural conservation easements may be paid by a 26 lump sum of cash, installments over a period of years, or by any other lawful method of payment. However, the county board shall 27 28 prescribe the method or methods of payment prior to certification by the board. Where payment is to be made in 29 installments or another <u>deferred method</u>, the person selling the 30 19870S0156B0258 - 29 -

1	easement may receive, in addition to the selling price, interest
2	or other compensation relating to the deferral of payment at an
3	amount or rate agreed to. Final payment shall not be later than
4	five years from the date the easement purchase agreement was
5	executed.
6	(d) Distribution of State fundsThe board shall adopt
7	rules and regulations for the distribution of State funds that
8	are appropriated by the General Assembly for the Statewide
9	purchase of agricultural conservation easements, in accordance
10	with the following criteria:
11	(1) The total amount of State funds made available for
12	the fiscal year shall be divided in half by the board, with
13	50% being disbursed to counties for use during an initial
14	funding cycle of six months, and 50% being disbursed to
15	counties for use during a subsequent funding cycle of six
16	months. Disbursements shall only be made to counties whose
17	programs for purchasing agricultural easements have been
18	certified by the board. Amounts not expended by the counties
19	during the initial funding cycle of the State fiscal year may
20	be retained by the counties for expenditure during the
21	subsequent funding cycle. However, with the exception of
22	moneys set aside for emergency purchase of agricultural
23	easements as provided in subsection (b), any annual funds not
24	expended by the counties at the end of the State fiscal year
25	in which they were made available shall be returned to the
26	board. The board shall deposit them in an account for
27	disbursement during the subsequent State fiscal year as part
28	of the total amount of funds available.
29	(2) In each semiannual funding cycle, the board shall
30	disburse the funds to counties in accordance with the
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2 (i) Fifty percent of the funds available during the funding cycle shall be distributed among all counties, 3 except counties of the first class, in proportion to the 4 5 percentage that the total annual realty transfer tax revenues collected in a county during the preceding State 6 fiscal year bear to the total annual realty transfer tax 7 revenues collected Statewide, with the exception of 8 revenues of counties of the first class, during the 9 fiscal year. In calculating the percentage of each 10 11 county's annual realty transfer tax revenue, the amount of the revenue collected in a county in excess of the 12 13 average amount of the revenues collected in all counties, except in counties of the first class, shall not be 14 15 considered. There shall be no requirement that the counties contribute county or other local funds toward 16 17 part of the purchase price of the easements. 18 (ii) Fifty percent of the funds available during the funding cycle shall be distributed only among those 19 counties that have certified to the board an amount of 20 county or local funds that have been made available for 21 22 matching the State purchase funds made available under this subsection. Counties whose annual agricultural 23 2.4 production, measured by the dollar volume of sales of 25 agricultural products in the county according to the latest Census of Agriculture, equals or exceeds 2% of the 26 27 total annual agricultural production in this Commonwealth 28 during the same year shall be required to make available \$1 for every \$8 the Commonwealth contributes under this 29 subsection for the purpose of easement purchases. Other 30

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1	counties eligible under this section shall be required to
2	make available \$1 for every \$4 the Commonwealth
3	contributes. The State funds available under this
4	subsection shall be distributed among eligible counties
5	in amounts equal to the funds made available by each
б	county, multiplied by eight or four, as appropriate. If
7	the total State funds available under this subsection
8	during the funding cycle are not sufficient to match the
9	total available county funds during that cycle, then the
10	State funds shall be distributed pro rata among eligible
11	counties in proportion to the percentage that the funds
12	made available by each county, multiplied by eight or
13	four, as appropriate, bears to the total that all
14	eligible counties would be entitled to by applying this
15	formula.
16	Section 2. The act is amended by adding a section to read:
17	Section 14.1. Agricultural Conservation Easement Purchase Fund.
18	There is hereby created a restricted account known as the
19	Agricultural Conservation Easement Purchase Fund., which shall
20	<u>be funded in accordance with the provisions of section 1106 C of</u>
21	the act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform
22	Code of 1971. The moneys appropriated in this restricted account
23	shall be utilized in accordance with the expenditures and
24	distribution authorized, required or otherwise provided in the
25	program for purchase of agricultural conservation easements
26	contained in section 14.
27	Section 3. The sum of \$25,000,000 is hereby appropriated to
28	the Agricultural Conservation Easement Purchase Fund to carry
29	out the purposes of this act. This shall be a continuing
30	appropriation.

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1 Section 4. This act shall take effect in 60 days.