THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL No. 474 Session of 2005

INTRODUCED BY C. WILLIAMS, KITCHEN, FUMO, CONTI AND FERLO, MARCH 28, 2005

REFERRED TO BANKING AND INSURANCE, MARCH 28, 2005

AN ACT

1 2 3	To ensure equitable coverage of prescription contraceptive drugs and devices and the medical and counseling services necessary for their effective use.
4	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
5	hereby enacts as follows:
6	Section 1. Short title.
7	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Prescription
8	Contraception Equity Act.
9	Section 2. Findings.
10	The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:
11	(1) Each year, more than 3,000,000 women face an
12	unintended pregnancy, representing nearly half of all
13	pregnancies in the United States.
14	(2) By reducing rates of unintended pregnancy,
15	contraception improves women's health and well-being, reduces
16	infant morbidity and mortality and reduces the need for
17	abortion.
18	(3) The cost of adding insurance coverage for all FDA-

approved contraception and related medical and counseling
 services has been estimated at less than \$2 per employee per
 month.

4 (4) Most insurance policies cover prescription drugs and 5 devices and outpatient medical and counseling services but do 6 not cover all methods of FDA-approved contraception and the 7 medical and counseling services necessary for their effective 8 use. Many policies cover no reversible methods of 9 contraception at all.

(5) Health insurance policies that fail to cover 10 11 prescription contraception and related medical and counseling 12 services discriminate against women and place effective forms 13 of contraception beyond the financial reach of many families. Women of reproductive age spend 68% more than men on out-of-14 15 pocket health care costs. Contraceptive drugs, devices and 16 related medical and counseling services account for much of 17 this difference.

18 (6) At least 20 states have enacted laws to address the 19 inequity in prescription coverage caused by exclusion of 20 contraceptives. Women in this Commonwealth also deserve this 21 protection.

22 The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ruled in (7)23 2000 that employers may not discriminate against women in 24 their health insurance plans by denying benefits for prescription contraceptives if they provide benefits for 25 26 drugs, devices and services used to prevent other medical 27 conditions. On June 12, 2001, a Federal district court ruled 28 in Erickson v. Bartell Drug Company that an employer's exclusion of prescription contraception from a health plan 29 30 that covers other prescription drugs and devices is illegal - 2 -20050S0474B0508

sex discrimination in violation of Title VII of the Civil
 Rights Act of 1964 (Public Law 88-352, 78 Stat. 241), as
 amended by the act of October 31, 1978 (Public Law 95-555, 92
 Stat. 2076), referred to as the Pregnancy Discrimination Act.

5 (8) Following the inclusion of contraceptive coverage in 6 the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program in 1999, the 7 United States Office of Personnel Management reported that no 8 increased cost had been incurred as a result of the added 9 coverage.

10 (9) This act affects the business of insurance. The 11 requirements of this act govern entities within the insurance 12 industry that provide health insurance policies as defined by 13 this act. The provisions of this act transfer and spread an 14 insured's risk and are an integral part of the policy 15 relationship between the insurer and the insured.

16 Section 3. Definitions.

17 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 18 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 19 context clearly indicates otherwise:

20 "Commissioner." The Insurance Commissioner of the 21 Commonwealth.

22 "Health insurance policy." A policy, agreement, contract, 23 certificate, indemnity plan, suretyship or annuity issued, 24 proposed for issuance or intended for issuance by an insurer, 25 including endorsements, supplements or riders to an insurance policy, contract or plan, that provides health coverage to an 26 insured and that is issued, delivered, amended or renewed in 27 28 this Commonwealth on or after the effective date of this act. 29 The term does not include short-term travel or accident-only 30 policies, workers' compensation or short-term nonrenewable 20050S0474B0508 - 3 -

policies of not more than six months' duration. A policy located or documented outside this Commonwealth is subject to the requirements of this act if it receives, processes, adjudicates, pays or denies claims for drugs, devices or medical or counseling services submitted on behalf of an insured who resides in or receives drugs, devices or services in this Commonwealth.

8 "Insured." A party named on a health insurance policy, 9 including an individual, corporation, partnership, association, 10 unincorporated organization or any similar entity, as the person 11 with legal rights to the coverage provided by the health 12 insurance policy. For group insurance, the term includes a 13 person who is a beneficiary covered by a group health insurance 14 policy.

15 "Insurer." An individual, corporation, association, 16 partnership, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyds insurer, 17 fraternal benefit society and any other legal entity engaged in 18 the business of insurance, including agents, brokers, adjusters and third-party administrators. The term also includes a person 19 20 who contracts on a risk-assuming basis to provide, deliver, 21 arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the cost of health care 22 services, including, but not limited to, health plan corporations as defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Chs. 61 (relating to 23 24 hospital plan corporations) and 63 (relating to professional 25 health services plan corporations), beneficial societies as 26 defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 67 (relating to beneficial societies), fraternal benefit societies as defined in Article XXIV of the 27 act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682, No.284), known as The Insurance 28 29 Company Law of 1921, health maintenance organizations as defined in the act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701, No.364), known as the 30 20050S0474B0508 - 4 -

Health Maintenance Organization Act, and preferred provider
 organizations as defined in section 630 of The Insurance Company
 Law of 1921, and 31 Pa. Code § 152.2 (relating to definitions).
 "Limitation." Any of the following:

5 (1) Any copayment, deductible or other cost-sharing 6 mechanism, or premium differential, rules or regulations that 7 establish the type of professionals that may prescribe 8 prescription drugs or devices, utilization review provisions 9 and limits on the volume of prescription drugs or devices 10 that may be obtained on the basis of a single consultation 11 with a professional.

12 (2) Requirements or procedures relating to timing of13 payments or reimbursement by insurers

14 (3) Requirements relating to second opinions or15 preauthorizations prior to coverage.

16 "Outpatient medical or counseling services necessary for the 17 effective use of contraception." The term includes, but is not 18 limited to, examinations, procedures and medical and counseling 19 services provided on an outpatient basis, and services for initial and periodic comprehensive physical examinations, 20 21 medical, laboratory and radiology services warranted by the 22 initial and periodic examinations or by the history, physical 23 findings or risk factors, including medical services necessary for the insertion and removal of any contraceptive drug or 24 25 device and individual or group family planning counseling. 26 Coverage for the comprehensive health exam shall be consistent 27 with the recommendations of the appropriate medical specialty 28 organizations and shall be made under terms and conditions 29 applicable to other coverage.

30 "Prescription contraceptive drug or device approved by the 20050s0474B0508 - 5 - Food and Drug Administration." Any regime of a prescription
 contraceptive drug and any regime of a prescription
 contraceptive device approved by the Food and Drug
 Administration, as well as any generic equivalent approved as
 substitutable by the Food and Drug Administration.
 Section 4. Requirements for coverage.
 A health insurance policy shall not:

8 (1) Exclude or restrict coverage for any prescription 9 contraceptive drug approved by the Food and Drug 10 Administration, if the policy provides coverage for other 11 prescription drugs.

12 (2) Exclude or restrict coverage for a prescription
13 contraceptive device approved by the Food and Drug
14 Administration, if the policy provides coverage for other
15 prescription devices.

16 (3) Exclude or restrict coverage for outpatient medical 17 or counseling services necessary for the effective use of 18 contraception, if the policy provides coverage for other 19 outpatient medical or counseling services.

20 (4) Deny to any individual eligibility or continued
21 eligibility to enroll or to renew coverage under the terms of
22 the policy because of the individual's past, present or
23 future use of contraceptive drugs, devices or medical or
24 counseling services that are required by this act.

(5) Provide monetary payments or rebates to an insured
to encourage the insured to accept less than the minimum
coverage required by this act.

(6) Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the
 reimbursement of a health care professional because that
 professional has in the past or will in the future prescribe
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contraceptive drugs or devices, or provide medical or
 counseling services that are required by this act.

3 (7) Provide monetary or other incentives to a health 4 care professional to withhold from an insured contraceptive 5 drugs or devices or medical or counseling services that are 6 required by this act.

7 Section 5. Construction.

8 Nothing in this act shall be construed as:

9 (1) Preventing a health insurance policy from imposing a10 limitation in relation to:

(i) Coverage for prescription contraceptive drugs, provided that the limitation for this coverage is not greater than or different from limitations imposed under general terms and conditions applicable to all other prescription drugs covered under the policy.

16 (ii) Coverage for prescription contraceptive
17 devices, provided that the limitation for this coverage
18 is not greater than or different from limitations imposed
19 under general terms and conditions applicable to all
20 other prescription devices covered under the policy.

(iii) Coverage for outpatient medical or counseling
services necessary for the effective use of
contraception, provided that the limitation for this
coverage is not greater than or different from
limitations imposed under general terms and conditions
applicable to all other outpatient medical or counseling
services covered under the policy.

(2) Requiring a health insurance policy to cover
 experimental prescription contraceptive drugs or devices or
 experimental outpatient medical or counseling services
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necessary for the effective use of contraception, except to
 the extent that the policy provides coverage for other
 experimental prescription drugs or devices or experimental
 outpatient medical or counseling services.

5 (3) Requiring coverage for prescription contraceptive 6 drugs, devices or medical or counseling services required by 7 this act in any policy that does not otherwise provide 8 coverage for prescription drugs or devices or outpatient 9 medical or counseling services.

10 Section 6. Enforcement.

(a) Action by applicant.--An applicant or an insured who believes that he has been adversely affected by an act or practice of an insurer in violation of this act may:

(1) 14 file a complaint with the commissioner, who shall 15 handle the complaint consistent with 2 Pa.C.S. Ch. 5 Subch. A 16 (relating to practice and procedure of Commonwealth agencies) 17 and Ch. 7 Subch. A (relating to judicial review of 18 Commonwealth agency action) and address any violation through 19 means appropriate to the nature and extent of the violation, 20 which may include cease-and-desist orders, injunctive relief, restitution, suspension or revocation of certificates of 21 22 authority or licenses, civil penalties and reimbursement of 23 costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred by the aggrieved 24 individual in bringing the complaint, or any combination of 25 these; or

(2) file a civil action against the insurer in a court
 of original jurisdiction, which, upon proof of the act's
 violation by a preponderance of the evidence, shall award
 appropriate relief, including, but not limited to, temporary,
 preliminary or permanent injunctive relief, compensatory and
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punitive damages, as well as the costs of suit and reasonable attorney fees for the aggrieved individual's attorneys and expert witnesses. The aggrieved individual may elect, at any time prior to the rendering of final judgment, to recover in lieu of actual damages an award of statutory damages in the amount of \$5,000 for each violation.

7 (b) Civil action.--

8 (1) If an aggrieved individual elects to file a 9 complaint with the commissioner pursuant to subsection 10 (a)(1), that individual's right of action in a court of 11 original jurisdiction shall not be foreclosed.

12 (2) If the commissioner has not secured a resolution of 13 the complaint acceptable to the complainant within 180 days 14 after the filing of the complaint, the complainant may file a 15 civil action pursuant to subsection (a)(2). Upon the filing 16 of a civil action, all proceedings before the commissioner 17 shall terminate.

18 Section 7. Notice of change.

19 The enactment of this act shall be treated as a material 20 notification of a change in the terms of a health insurance 21 policy.

22 Section 20. Effective date.

23 This act shall take effect in 60 days.

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