H2412B3570A05199 MSP:JSL 04/21/20 #90 A05199

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 2412 Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE HARKINS

Printer's No. 3570

1	Amend Bill, page 1, line 21, by inserting after "provisions"
2	and for public employees occupational safety and health
3	Amend Bill, page 1, lines 25 and 26, by striking out "an
4	article" and inserting
5	articles
6	Amend Bill, page 2, line 13, by inserting after " <u>sale</u> "
7	<u>or rent</u>
8	Amend Bill, page 2, line 15, by inserting after " <u>estate</u> "
9	<u>or entering into a rental agreement</u>
10	Amend Bill, page 3, by inserting between lines 19 and 20
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(a.1) Mitigation measuresWaivers under subsection (a) shall only be issued to business activities that can adhere to applicable mitigation measures defined by the Centers for Disease Control, Occupational Health and Safety Administration and the Department of Health to protect workers from and mitigate the spread of COVID-19. A business receiving a waiver under subsection (a) shall implement the applicable mitigation measures.
19	Amend Bill, page 4, line 8, by striking out all of said line
20	and inserting
21 22 23 24	<u>ARTICLE XXII-C</u> <u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH</u> <u>Section 2201-C. Scope of article.</u>
24 25	This article relates to public employees occupational safety and health.
26	Section 2202-C. Legislative declaration.
27	The General Assembly hereby declares as follows:
28	(1) It is a basic right of all employees to work in an
29	environment that is free from hazards and risks to their
30	safety. It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure
31	that this right is also afforded to employees of the

1	Commonwealth, its counties, cities, towns, boroughs and other
2	public employers who serve the people of this Commonwealth.
3	(2) A significant percentage of all of those employed in
4	this Commonwealth are employed by the Commonwealth or by one
5	<u>of its political subdivisions. Many of these public employees</u>
6	perform job functions comparable to those performed by
7	workers in the private sector who are protected by the
8	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. The General
9	<u>Assembly, therefore, finds it inappropriate to continue two</u>
10	standards for employee safety, one applicable to those who
11	work in the private sector and one for those who are employed
12	<u>by a public employer.</u>
13	(3) The General Assembly has further determined that a
14	<u>safe place in which to work is economically advantageous to </u>
15	employers. Work-related accidents and injuries and the
16	absences caused thereby decrease employee productivity and
17	increase workers' compensation costs. In addition, unsafe
18	<u>premises increase the risk of financial liability for</u>
19	injuries to members of the public who frequent public
20	buildings.
21	(4) The General Assembly, in an exercise of the
22	<u>Commonwealth's police power, charges the secretary with the</u>
23	responsibility to ensure that all public employees are
24	<u>afforded the same safeguards in their workplace as are</u>
25	granted to employees in the private sector.
26	Section 2203-C. Definitions.
27	The following words and phrases when used in this article
28	shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
29	<u>context clearly indicates otherwise:</u>
30	"Authorized employee representative." An employee authorized
31	<u>by employees or the designated representative of an employee</u>
32	organization recognized or certified to represent the employees.
33	"Employee organization." An organization of any kind, or any
34	agency or employee representation committee or plan in which
35	membership includes public employees, and which exists for the
36	purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers
37	concerning grievances, employee-employer disputes, wages, rates
38	of pay, hours of employment or conditions of work. The term does
39	not include an organization that practices discrimination in
40	membership because of race, color, creed, national origin or
41	political affiliation.
42	"Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970" or "OSHA." The
43	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-596,
44	<u>29 U.S.C. § 651 et seq.).</u>
45	"Occupational safety and health standard." A standard that
46	requires conditions, or the adoption or use of one or more
47	practices, means, methods, operations or processes, reasonably
48 49	necessary or appropriate to provide safe or healthful employment
49 50	in places of employment.
50 51	<u>"Person." An individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, legal representative or an</u>
$ \neg  $	COTPOTACION, DUSTINGS CLUBC, ICYAL TEPTESENCACIVE OF AN

1	organized group of any of them.
2	"Public employee" or "employee." An individual employed by a
3	public employer.
4	"Public employer" or "employer." The Commonwealth, any of
5	its political subdivisions, including a school district and any
6	<u>office, board, commission, agency, authority, local</u>
7	transportation organization or other instrumentality thereof and
8	any nonprofit organization or institution and any charitable,
9	<u>religious, scientific, literary, recreational, health,</u>
10	educational or welfare institution receiving grants or
11	appropriations from Federal, State or local government. The term
12	does not include an employer covered or presently subject to
13	coverage under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970.
14	"Review board." The Pennsylvania Occupational Safety and
15	Health Review Board established under this article.
16	"Secretary." The Secretary of Labor and Industry of the
17	Commonwealth or a designated agent.
18	Section 2204-C. Application.
19	<u>(a) General ruleAny occupational safety or health</u>
20	standards promulgated under the provisions of this article shall
21	apply to all public employers and public employees, and the
22	secretary shall have authority to enforce the standards in
23	accordance with the provisions of this article.
24	(b) Statutory and common law rights preservedNothing in
25	this article may be construed to supersede or in any manner
26	affect any workers' compensation law or to enlarge, diminish or
27	affect in any manner common law or statutory rights, duties or
28	liabilities of employers or employees under any law with respect
29	to injuries, diseases or death of employees arising out of and
30	in the course of employment.
31	<u>(c) Employees not covered by Federal standard</u>
32	Notwithstanding any other provision in this article, an
33	occupational safety or health standard promulgated under this
34	article shall apply only to employees not covered by a Federal
35	occupational safety or health standard promulgated under section
36	<u>6 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 or</u>
37	amendments thereto.
38	<u>Section 2205-C. Employer duties.</u>
39	<u>(a) General ruleAn employer shall furnish to each of its</u>
40	employees employment and a place of employment free from
41	recognized hazards that are causing or are likely to cause death
42	or serious physical harm and which will provide reasonable and
43	adequate protection to the lives, safety or health of its
44	employees.
45	(b) Compliance with articleAn employer shall comply with
46	the occupational safety and health standards promulgated under
47	this article.
48	(c) Written statement of substancesAn employer shall,
49	upon the written request of an employee, furnish the employee
50	with a written statement listing the substances that the
51	employee uses or with which the employee comes into contact that

1	have been identified as toxic or hazardous by occupational
2	<u>safety and health standards under 29 CFR Pt. 1910 Subpt. H</u>
3	(relating to hazardous materials) or pursuant to the act of
4	February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law,
5	<u>or both.</u>
6	(d) Law compliance with regulations and ordersAn employee
7	and employer shall comply with occupational safety and health
8	standards and all rules, regulations and orders issued pursuant
9	to this article that are applicable to their own actions and
10	conduct.
11	<u>(e) State plan for standardsThe Commonwealth shall</u>
12	promulgate a plan for the development and enforcement of
13	occupational safety and health standards with respect only to
14	public employers and employees, in accordance with section 18(b)
15	of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970.
16	Section 2206-C. Regulations.
17	The secretary may promulgate regulations to administer and
18	enforce this article and shall:
19	(1) Provide for the preparation, adoption, amendment or
20	<u>repeal of regulations governing the conditions of employment</u>
21	<u>of general and special application in all workplaces.</u>
22	(2) Provide a method of encouraging employers and
23	employees in their efforts to reduce the number of safety and
24	<u>health hazards arising from undesirable or inappropriate</u>
25	working conditions at the workplace, and of stimulating
26	employers and employees to institute new programs and to_
27	perfect existing programs for providing safe and healthful
28	working conditions.
29	(3) Provide for appropriate reporting procedures by
30	employers with respect to information relating to conditions
31	of employment that will assist in achieving the objectives of
32	this article.
33	(4) Provide for the frequency, method and manner of
34	making inspections of workplaces without advance notice,
35	provided that in the event of an emergency or unusual
36	situation, the secretary may give advance notice.
37	(5) Provide for the publication and dissemination to
38	employers, employees and labor organizations and the posting,
39	where appropriate, by employers of informational, educational
40	or training materials designed to aid and assist in achieving
41	the objectives of this article.
42	(6) Provide for the establishment of new programs and
43	the perfection and expansion of existing programs for
44	occupational safety and health education for employers and
45	employees and institute methods and procedures for the
46	establishment of a program for voluntary compliance by
47	employers and employees with the requirements of this article
48	and all applicable occupational safety and health standards
49	and regulations promulgated under this article.
50	Section 2207-C. Standards.
51	(a) General ruleThe secretary shall, by regulation, adopt

2020/90MSP/HB2412A05199 - 4 -

```
all occupational safety and health standards, amendments or
1
   changes adopted or recognized by the United States Secretary of
 2
   Labor under the authority of the Occupational Safety and Health
 3
 4
   Act of 1970 in order to provide reasonable and adequate
   protection of the lives, safety and health of public employees.
 5
   Subject to subsection (b), the secretary shall promulgate and
 6
   repeal such regulations as may be necessary to conform to the
 7
   standards established pursuant to the Occupational Safety and
8
9
   Health Act of 1970. Where no Federal standards are applicable,
   the secretary shall provide for the development of such State
10
11
   standards as may be necessary in special circumstances.
12
       (b) Interstate commerce. -- The secretary may not adopt
   standards for products distributed or used in interstate
13
   commerce that are different from Federal standards for the
14
15
   products unless the standards are required by compelling local
   conditions and do not unduly burden interstate commerce.
16
       (c) Challenge to standard or regulation. -- A person who may
17
   be adversely affected by a standard or regulation issued under
18
   this article may challenge the validity or application of the
19
20
   standard or regulation by bringing an action for declaratory
   judgment.
21
   Section 2208-C. Variances.
22
23
       (a) Variance procedure. --
           (1) A public employer may apply to the secretary for a
24
25
       temporary order granting a variance from a standard or any
       provision of a standard promulgated under this article. A
26
       temporary order shall be granted only if the employer files
27
28
       an application that meets the requirements of subsection (b)
29
       and establishes all of the following:
30
               (i) The employer is unable to comply with a standard
31
           by its effective date because of unavailability of
32
           professional or technical personnel or of materials and
33
           equipment needed to come into compliance with the
34
           standard or because necessary construction or alteration
           of facilities cannot be completed by the effective date.
35
36
               (ii) The employer is taking all available steps to
           safequard employees against the hazards covered by the
37
38
           standard.
39
               (iii) The employer has an effective program for
           coming into compliance with the standard as quickly as
40
           practicable.
41
42
           (2) (i) A temporary order issued under this section
           shall prescribe the practices, means, methods, operations
43
44
           and processes that the employer must adopt and use while
           the order is in effect and state in detail the employer's
45
           program for coming into compliance with the standard.
46
               (ii) A temporary order may be granted only after
47
           notice to employees and an opportunity for a hearing,
48
49
           provided that the secretary may issue one interim order
           to be effective until a decision is made on the basis of
50
51
           <u>a hearing.</u>
```

1	<u>(iii) A temporary order may not be in effect for</u>
2	<u>longer than the period needed by the employer to achieve</u>
3	<u>compliance with the standard or one year, whichever is </u>
4	shorter, except that an order may be renewed not more
5	than twice so long as the requirements of this section
6	are met and an application for renewal is filed at least
7	<u>90 days prior to the expiration date of the order.</u>
8	(iv) An interim renewal of an order shall not remain
9	<u>in effect longer than 180 days.</u>
10	(b) Contents of application for varianceAn application
11	for a temporary variance order shall contain all of the
12	following:
13	(1) A specification of the standard or portion of the
14	standard from which the employer or owner seeks a variance.
15	(2) A representation by the employer, supported by
16	representations from qualified persons who have firsthand
17	knowledge of the facts represented, that the employer is
18	unable to comply with the standard or portion of the standard
19	and a detailed statement of the reasons therefor.
20	(3) A statement of the steps the employer has taken and
21	will take, with specific dates, to protect employees against
22	the hazard covered by the standard.
23	(4) A statement of when the employer expects to be able
24	to comply with the standard and what steps the employer has
25	taken and will take, with dates specified, to come into
26	compliance with the standard.
27	(5) A certification that the employer has informed its
28	employees of the application by giving a copy of the
29	application to the authorized employee representative,
30	posting a statement giving a summary of the application and
31	specifying where a copy may be examined at the place or
32	places where notices to employees are normally posted, and by
33	other appropriate means. A description of how employees have
34	been informed shall be contained in the certification. The
35	information to employees shall also inform them of their
36	right to petition the secretary for a hearing.
37	(c) Variance for experimental programThe secretary may
38	grant a variance from any standard or portion of the standard
39	whenever the secretary determines that a variance is necessary
40	to permit an employer to participate in an experimental program
41	approved by the secretary, which is designed to demonstrate or
42	validate new and improved techniques to safequard the health or
43	safety of workers.
44	(d) Hearing and order
45	(1) An affected employer may apply to the secretary for
46	<u>a rule or order for a variance from a standard promulgated</u>
47	under this article. Affected employees shall be given notice
48	of each such application and an opportunity to participate in
49	a hearing.
50	(2) The secretary shall issue a rule or order if the
51	secretary determines on the record, after opportunity for an
~ -	<u>, dood_minos on one looota, aroor opportantoy for an</u>

1 inspection where appropriate and a hearing, that the proponent of the variance has demonstrated by a preponderance 2 3 of the evidence that the conditions, practices, means, 4 methods, operations or processes used or proposed to be used 5 by an employer will provide employment and places of 6 employment that are as safe and healthful as those that would 7 prevail if the employer complied with the standard. The rule 8 or order shall prescribe the conditions the employer must 9 maintain and the practices, means, methods, operations and processes that the employer must adopt and utilize to the 10 11 extent they differ from the standard in question. 12 (3) A rule or order may be modified or revoked upon application by an employer, employee or authorized employee 13 representative, or by the secretary on the secretary's own 14 15 motion, in the manner prescribed for its issuance under this\_ section at any time after six months from the date it was 16 17 entered. 18 (e) Challenge to standard or regulation. -- A person who may be adversely affected by a standard or regulation issued under 19 20 this article may challenge the validity or applicability of the standard or regulation by bringing an action for declaratory 21 22 judgment. 23 Section 2209-C. Pennsylvania Occupational Safety and Health 24 Review Board. (a) Establishment.--The Pennsylvania Occupational Safety and 25 Health Review Board is established to have and exercise the 26 powers and duties provided by the provisions of this article. 27 28 The board shall consist of five persons appointed by the 29 Governor from among persons who, by reason of training, 30 education or experience, are qualified to carry out the 31 functions of the review board under this article. 32 (b) Terms of members.--Members shall serve terms of four 33 years and until their successors are appointed. The Governor shall designate one of the members to serve as chairperson. 34 (c) Power to hear appeals. -- A member of the review board 35 36 shall hear and rule on appeals from compliance orders, 37 notifications and penalties issued under the provisions of this article. The secretary shall adopt and promulgate rules and 38 39 regulations with respect to the procedures for review board 40 hearings. (d) Schedule for hearing appeals. -- A board member hearing an 41 42 appeal or appeals under the provisions of this article shall be 43 paid a per diem amount to be determined by the secretary. The 44 members shall alternate the hearing of appeals according to a schedule adopted by the secretary. If a member is unable to hear 45 an appeal, the next available member, in accordance with the 46 schedule, shall hear the appeal. A member shall be selected to 47 hear the appeal within 30 days after the date it was filed. 48 49 (e) Necessary staff. -- Any staff necessary for the purposes 50 of conducting hearings under this article shall be provided by the Department of Labor and Industry. 51

1	(f) Subpoena power and oathsIn the conduct of hearings,
2	the review board member may subpoena and examine witnesses,
3	require the production of evidence, administer oaths and take
4	testimony and depositions.
5	(g) Ruling on appealAfter hearing an appeal, the review
6	board member may sustain, modify or dismiss a compliance order
7	or penalty, provided that decision shall be issued within 120
8	days after the appeal was filed.
9	Section 2210-C. Appeal from review board.
10	<u>A person, including the secretary, adversely affected or</u>
11	aggrieved by an order of the review board, after all
12	administrative remedies provided by this article have been
13	<u>exhausted, is entitled to judicial review.</u>
14	Section 2211-C. Inspection and investigation powers.
15	<u>(a) Right to inspect</u>
16	(1) In order to carry out the purposes of this article,
17	the secretary, upon presenting appropriate credentials to the
18	<u>employer, may:</u>
19	(i) enter without advance notice and at reasonable
20	<u>times any workplace or environment where work is</u>
21	<u>performed by an employee of an employer;</u>
22	(ii) inspect and investigate, during regular working
23	hours and at other reasonable times and in a reasonable_
24	<u>manner, any place of employment under subparagraph (i)</u>
25	and all pertinent conditions, structures, machines,
26	apparatus, devices, equipment and the materials therein;
27	and
28	<u>(iii) question privately any employer or employee.</u>
29	(2) Whenever the secretary, proceeding pursuant to this
30	section, is denied admission to any place of employment, the
31	<u>secretary may obtain a warrant to make an inspection or</u>
32	investigation of the place of employment from any judge of
33	Commonwealth Court.
34	(b) Witnesses and evidences
35	(1) In making inspections and investigations under this
36	section, the secretary may require the attendance and
37	testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence under
38	oath. Witnesses shall be paid the same fees and mileage that
39	are paid witnesses in the courts of this Commonwealth.
40	<u>(2) In case of a failure or refusal of any person to </u>
41	obey an order, the court of common pleas for the judicial
42	<u>district wherein the person resides, is found or transacts</u>
43	business shall issue to the person an order requiring the
44	person to appear to produce evidence if asked, and when so
45	ordered, and to give testimony relating to the matter under
46	<u>investigation or in question.</u>
47	(3) A failure to obey an order of the court may be
48	punishable by the court as a contempt.
49	(c) Persons to accompany secretary or representative
50	(1) Subject to regulations issued by the secretary, a
51	representative of the employer and an authorized employee

1	<u>representative shall be given an opportunity to accompany the</u>
2	secretary during the physical inspection of any workplace for
3	the purposes of aiding the inspection. Where there is no
4	authorized employee representative, the secretary shall
5	<u>consult with a reasonable number of employees concerning</u>
6	<u>matters of health and safety in the workplace.</u>
7	(2) No employee who accompanies the secretary on an
8	inspection may suffer any reduction in wages as a result
9	thereof.
10	Section 2212-C. Inspection and investigation of violations.
11	<u>(a) Request for inspection</u>
12	(1) An employee or authorized employee representative
13	who believes that a violation of an occupational safety or
14	<u>health standard exists or that an imminent danger exists may</u>
15	<u>request an inspection by giving notice of a violation or</u>
16	<u>danger to the secretary.</u>
17	(2) The notice and request shall be in writing, shall
18	set forth with reasonable particularity the grounds for the
19	notice and shall be signed by an employee or authorized
20	<u>employee representative.</u>
21	(3) A copy of the notice shall be provided by the
22	<u>secretary to the employer or its agent no later than the time</u>
23	of inspection, except that on the request of the person
24	giving notice, the names of individual employees or the
25	authorized employee representative shall be kept
26	<u>confidential.</u>
27	(b) Action by secretary
28	(1) Whenever the secretary receives a request for
29	inspection and determines that there are reasonable grounds
30	<u>to believe that a violation or danger exists, the secretary </u>
31	<u>shall make an inspection as soon as practicable to determine</u>
32	<u>if a violation or danger exists. The inspection may be</u>
33	<u>limited to the alleged violation or danger.</u>
34	(2) If the secretary determines there are no reasonable
35	grounds to believe that a violation or danger exists, the
36	secretary shall notify the employer, employee or authorized
37	employee representative in writing of the determination.
38	Notification may not preclude future enforcement action if
39	<u>conditions change.</u>
40	(c) Notice of violation during inspection
41	(1) Prior to or during any inspection of a workplace, an
42	employee or authorized employee representative employed in
43	the workplace may notify in writing the secretary or any
44 45	representative of the secretary responsible for conducting
45 46	the inspection of any violation of this article that the
46 47	person has reason to believe exists in the workplace.
47 48	<u>(2) The secretary shall by regulation establish</u> procedures for informal review of any refusal by a
40 49	representative of the secretary to issue a citation with
49 50	respect to any alleged violation and shall furnish a written
50 51	statement to the employer and the employees or authorized

1 employee representative requesting a review of the reasons 2 for the secretary's final disposition of the case. 3 Notification may not preclude future enforcement action if 4 conditions change. (d) Summary by secretary.--The secretary shall compile, 5 analyze and publish in either summary or detailed form all 6 7 reports or information obtained under this section. 8 (e) Rules and regulations. -- The secretary shall prescribe 9 such rules and regulations as the secretary may deem necessary\_ to carry out the secretary's responsibilities under this 10 11 article, including rules and regulations dealing with the 12 inspection of an employer's or owner's establishment. Section 2213-C. Recordkeeping. 13 (a) Employer's duties prescribed by regulation. -- In 14 15 accordance with the secretary's regulations, an employer shall make, keep and preserve and make available to the secretary such 16 records regarding its activities relating to this article as the 17 18 secretary deems necessary or appropriate for developing information regarding the causes and prevention of occupational 19 20 accidents and illnesses. The regulations may include provisions requiring an employer to conduct periodic inspections. The 21 22 secretary also shall issue regulations requiring that an 23 employer, through posting of notices, training or other 24 appropriate means, keep its employees informed of their 25 protections and obligations under this article, including the provisions and regulations of this article. 26 (b) Records relating to death and injury. -- The secretary 27 28 shall prescribe regulations requiring an employer to maintain 29 accurate records and to make public periodic reports of workrelated deaths, injuries and illnesses, other than minor\_ 30 31 injuries requiring only first aid treatment and not involving 32 lost time from work, medical treatment, loss of consciousness, 33 restriction of work or motion or transfer to another job. 34 (c) Exposure to toxic or harmful agents.--35 (1) The secretary shall issue regulations requiring an 36 employer to maintain accurate records of employee exposures 37 to potentially toxic materials or harmful physical agents 38 that are required to be monitored or measured under any 39 occupational safety and health standard adopted under this article. The regulations shall provide employees or the 40 41 authorized employee representative with an opportunity to 42 observe monitoring or measuring and have access to the 43 records. The regulations shall make appropriate provisions 44 for each employee or former employee to have access to 45 records that will indicate the employee's own exposure to toxic materials or harmful physical agents. 46 (2) An employer shall promptly notify any employee who 47 48 has been or is being exposed to toxic materials or harmful 49 physical agents in concentrations or at levels that exceed 50 those prescribed by an occupational safety and health 51 standard promulgated under this article and shall inform any

1	employee who is being thus exposed of the corrective action
2	<u>being taken.</u>
3	<u>Section 2214-C. Compliance orders.</u>
4	(a) IssuanceWhenever the secretary, upon inspection or
5	investigation, determines that an employer has violated a
6	provision of this article or an occupational safety or health
7	standard or regulation promulgated under this article, the
8	secretary shall with reasonable promptness issue a compliance
9	order to the employer. Each compliance order shall be in writing
10	and shall describe the nature of the violation, including a
11	reference to the provisions of this article or the standard,
12	regulation or order alleged to have been violated. The
13	compliance order shall fix a reasonable time for the abatement
14	of the violation.
15	(b) Posting of orderEach compliance order issued under
16	this section or a copy or copies of the order shall be
17	prominently posted as prescribed in regulations issued by the
18	secretary at or near each place a violation referred to in the
19	compliance order occurred and at other locations within the
20	workplace reasonably accessible to the employees.
21	Section 2215-C. Enforcement procedures.
22	(a) Notice of order and penalty
23	(1) If, after inspection or investigation, the secretary
24	issues a compliance order under section 2214-C, the secretary
25	shall, within a reasonable time after the termination of the
26	inspection or investigation, notify the employer by certified
27	mail of the penalty, if any, proposed to be assessed under
28	section 2217-C. The notification shall inform the employer
29	that the employer has 15 working days from the receipt of
30	notice within which to notify the secretary that the employer
31	wishes to contest the compliance order or proposed assessment
32	<u>of penalty.</u>
33	(2) If the employer fails to notify the secretary within
34	<u>15 days and if no notice is filed by an employee or </u>
35	<u>authorized employee representative under subsection (c)</u>
36	within 15 days, the compliance order and the assessment, as
37	proposed, shall be deemed a final order of the secretary and
38	not be subject to review by any court or agency.
39	<u>(b) Notice of failure to correct violation</u>
40	(1) If the secretary has reason to believe that an
41	employer has failed to correct a violation for which a
42	<u>compliance order has been issued within the period permitted</u>
43	for correction, the secretary shall notify the employer by
44	<u>certified mail of the failure and of the penalty proposed to</u>
45	<u>be assessed under section 2217-C by reason of the failure. In</u>
46	<u>the case, however, of a review proceeding initiated by the</u>
47	employer under this section in good faith and not solely for
48	delay or the avoidance of penalties, the period permitted for
49	<u>correction of the violation may not begin to run until the</u>
50	<u>entry of a final order by the review board. Notification by</u>
51	the secretary shall inform the employer that the employer has

2020/90MSP/HB2412A05199

1	<u>15 working days from the receipt of the notice within which</u>
2	to notify the secretary that the employer wishes to contest
3	the notification or the proposed assessment of penalty.
4	<u>(2) If, within 15 days from receipt of notification</u>
5	<u>under this section, the employer fails to notify the</u>
6	<u>secretary that it intends to contest the notification or _</u>
7	proposed assessment of penalty, the notification and
8	assessment, as proposed, shall be deemed a final order of the
9	<u>review board and not be subject to review by any court or </u>
10	agency.
11	<u>(c) Action by review board</u>
12	(1) If an employer notifies the secretary that it
13	<u>intends to contest a compliance order issued under section</u>
14	<u>2214-C(a) or a notification issued under subsection (a) or</u>
15	(b) or if, within 15 days after the issuance of a compliance
16	<u>order issued under section 2214-C(a), an employee or</u>
17	authorized employee representative files a notice with the
18	secretary alleging that the period of time fixed in the
19	compliance order for abatement of the violation is
20	<u>unreasonable, the secretary shall immediately advise the</u>
21	review board of the notification, and the review board shall
22	afford an opportunity for a hearing.
23	(2) The review board shall thereafter issue an order,
24	<u>based on findings of fact, affirming, modifying or vacating</u>
25	the secretary's compliance order or proposed penalty or
26	directing other appropriate relief. The order shall become
27	<u>final 30 days after its issuance.</u>
28	(3) Upon a showing by an employer of a good faith effort
29	to comply with the abatement requirements of a compliance
30	<u>order and a showing that abatement has not been completed</u>
31	because of factors beyond the employer's reasonable control,
32	<u>the secretary, after an opportunity for a hearing as provided</u>
33	<u>in this subsection, shall issue an order affirming or</u>
34	modifying the abatement requirements in the compliance order.
35	(4) The rules of procedure prescribed by the secretary
36	shall provide affected employees or the authorized employee
37	representative of affected employees an opportunity to
38	participate as parties to hearings under this subsection.
39	Section 2216-C. Injunction proceedings.
40	(a) Temporary restraining order
41	(1) The Commonwealth Court shall have jurisdiction, upon
42	petition of the secretary, pursuant to law and general rules,
43	to restrain any conditions or practices in any place of
44	public employment that pose a danger that could reasonably be
45	expected to cause death or serious physical harm immediately
46	or before the imminence of the danger can be eliminated
47	through the abatement procedures otherwise provided for by
48	this article.
49 50	(2) An order issued under this section shall require
50 E 1	steps to be taken as may be necessary to avoid, correct or
51	<u>remove the imminent danger and prohibit the employment or _</u>

1 presence of an individual in locations or under conditions where the imminent danger exists, except individuals whose 2 3 presence is necessary to avoid, correct or remove the 4 imminent danger. 5 (3) A temporary restraining order issued without notice 6 may not be effective for more than five days. 7 (b) Action by inspector. -- Whenever and as soon as an 8 inspector concludes that conditions or practices described in 9 subsection (a) exist in any place of public employment, the 10 inspector shall inform the affected employees and employers of 11 the danger and shall further inform them that the inspector is 12 recommending to the secretary that relief be sought. (c) Failure of secretary to seek relief.--If the secretary 13 arbitrarily or capriciously fails to seek relief under this 14 15 section, an employee who may be injured by reason of the failure, or the authorized employee representative of the 16 17 employee, may bring an action against the secretary in Commonwealth Court to compel the secretary to seek an order and 18 for such further relief as may be appropriate. 19 20 Section 2217-C. Penalties. (a) Willful or repeated violations. -- An employer who 21 22 willfully or repeatedly violates the requirements of section 23 2204-C or 2205-C, an occupational safety and health standard promulgated under section 2207-C or regulations prescribed under 24 this article may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than 25 26 \$10,000 for each violation. (b) Compliance order for serious violation. -- An employer who 27 28 has received a compliance order for a serious violation of the 29 requirements of section 2204-C or 2205-C, an occupational safety 30 and health standard promulgated under section 2207-C or\_ 31 regulations prescribed under this article shall be assessed a 32 civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation. 33 (c) Compliance order for lesser violation. -- An employer who 34 has received a compliance order for a violation of the requirements of section 2204-C or 2205-C, an occupational safety 35 36 and health standard promulgated under section 2207-C or regulations prescribed under this article, which violation has 37 38 been determined not to be of a serious nature, may be assessed a 39 civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation. (d) Failure to correct violation. -- An employer who fails to 40 correct a violation for which a compliance order has been issued 41 42 under section 2214-C within the period permitted for its correction, which period shall not begin to run until the date 43 44 of the final order of the board in the case of any review proceeding under section 2215-C initiated by the employer in 45 good faith and not solely for delay or avoidance of penalties, 46 may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each 47 day during which the failure or violation continues. 48 49 (e) Violation causing death .--(1) An employer who willfully violates a standard or 50 51 order promulgated pursuant to section 2207-C or a regulation

1	adopted under this article, which violation caused death to
2	any employee, commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon
3	<u>conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than</u>
4	<u>\$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or</u>
5	both.
6	(2) If a conviction is for a violation committed after a
7	first conviction, the person shall be sentenced to pay a fine
8	<u>of not more than \$20,000 or to imprisonment for not more than</u>
9	<u>one year, or both.</u>
10	<u>(f) Providing advance notice of inspectionA person who</u>
11	gives advance notice of any inspection to be conducted under
12	this article without authority from the secretary commits a
13	misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a
14	<u>fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more</u>
15	<u>than six months, or both.</u>
16	<u>(g) False statementsA person who knowingly makes any</u>
17	false statement, representation or certification in any
18	<u>application, record, report, plan or other document filed or</u>
19	required to be maintained under this article commits a
20	<u>misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a</u>
21	fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more
22	<u>than six months, or both.</u>
23	(h) Violation of posting requirementsAn employer who
24	violates any of the posting requirements as prescribed under the
25	provisions of this article shall be assessed a civil penalty of
26	<u>not more than \$1,000 for each violation.</u>
20	<u>not more chan er,000 for each vioración.</u>
27	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn
27	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn
27 28	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary
27 28 29	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under
27 28 29 30	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized
27 28 29 30 31	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection
27 28 29 30 31 32	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall,</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.</li> <li>(k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.</li> <li>(k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.</li> <li>(k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. (k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. (k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the employer being charged, the gravity of the violation, the good
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn</li> <li>employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary</li> <li>is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under</li> <li>this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized</li> <li>representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection</li> <li>commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced</li> <li>to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not</li> <li>more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or</li> <li>individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary</li> <li>while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or</li> <li>inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall,</li> <li>upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than</li> <li>\$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.</li> <li>(k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board</li> <li>shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for</li> <li>in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness</li> <li>of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the</li> <li>employer being charged, the gravity of the violation, the good</li> <li>faith of the employer and the history of previous violations.</li> </ul>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. (j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. (k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the employer being charged, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the employer and the history of previous violations. (1) Determination of serious violationFor the purposes of
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	<ul> <li>(i) Refusing entry for investigation or inspectionAn employer who refuses entry to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article or in any way willfully obstructs an authorized representative from carrying out an investigation or inspection commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.</li> <li>(j) Causing bodily harm to secretaryAn employer or individual who willfully causes bodily harm to the secretary while the secretary is attempting to conduct an investigation or inspection under this article commits a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.</li> <li>(k) Authority to assess civil penaltiesThe review board shall have authority to assess all civil penalties provided for in this article, giving due consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the employer being charged, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the employer and the history of previous violations.</li> <li>(1) Determination of serious violationFor the purposes of this article, a serious violation shall be deemed to exist in a</li> </ul>

1	operations or processes that have been adopted or are in use, in
2	the place of employment unless the employer did not and could
3	not with the exercise of reasonable diligence know of the
4	presence of the violation.
5	(m) Disposition of civil penaltiesCivil penalties owed
6	under this article shall be paid to the secretary for deposit in
7	the State Treasury and may be recovered in a civil action in the
8	name of the Commonwealth brought in Commonwealth Court.
9	(n) Unauthorized disclosure of confidential informationA
10	person who violates the provisions of section 2222-C commits a
11	misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a
12	fine of not more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more_
13	than one year, or both. In the event that the person is an
14	officer or employee responsible for carrying out the provisions
15	of this article, the officer or employee shall be removed from
16	office or employment upon conviction under this section.
17	Section 2218-C. Discrimination against employees.
18	(a) General ruleAn employer or any other person may not
19	discriminate against an employee because the employee has filed
20	a complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted a
21	proceeding under or related to this article or has testified or
22	is about to testify in a proceeding or because of the exercise
23	by an employee on the employee's own behalf or on behalf of
24	others of a right afforded by this article.
25	(b) Remedy
26	(1) An employee who believes that the employee has been
27	discharged, disciplined or otherwise discriminated against by
28	a person in violation of this section may, within 30 days
29	after a violation occurs, file a complaint with the secretary
30	alleging discrimination.
31	(2) Upon receipt of the complaint, the secretary shall
32	cause an investigation to be made as deemed appropriate and
33	shall, if requested, withhold the name of the complainant
34	from the employer.
35	(3) If, upon investigation, the secretary determines
36	that the provisions of this section have been violated, the
37	secretary shall request the Attorney General to bring an
38	action in Commonwealth Court against the person or persons
39	alleged to have violated this article. In any such action,
40	the Commonwealth Court shall have jurisdiction, for cause
41	shown, to restrain violations of this article and to order
42	all appropriate relief, including reinstatement of the
43	employee to the employee's former position with back pay and
44	benefits.
45	(c) Notice of determination of complaintWithin 90 days of
46	receipt of a complaint filed under this section, the secretary
47	shall notify the complainant and the complainant's
48	representative by registered mail of the secretary's
49	determination of the complaint.
50	(d) Other rights preservedNothing in this article may be
51	construed to diminish the rights of an employee under any law,

1	rule or regulation or under any collective bargaining agreement.
2	Section 2219-C. Research and demonstration projects.
3	<u>(a) Secretary to conduct</u>
4	(1) The secretary shall conduct research and undertake
5	<u>demonstration projects relating to occupational safety and</u>
6	<u>health issues and problems either within the Department of</u>
7	<u>Labor and Industry or by grants or contracts. The secretary</u>
8	may prescribe regulations requiring employers to measure,
9	record and make reports on exposure of employees to toxic
10	substances that the secretary believes may endanger the
11	health or safety of employees.
12	(2) The secretary shall cooperate with the Director of
13	the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of
14	the United States Department of Health and Human Services in
15	establishing the programs of medical examinations and tests
16	as may be necessary to determine the incidence of
17	occupational illnesses and employee susceptibility to the
18	<u>illnesses.</u>
19	(3) The programs, on the request of the employer, may be
20	paid for by the secretary, and the secretary shall provide
21	other assistance as may be required.
22	(b) ConfidentialityInformation obtained under this
23	article shall be made public without revealing the names of
24	individual workers covered by physical examination or special
25	studies and shall be made available to employers, employees and
26	their respective organizations.
27	Section 2220-C. Education programs.
28	(a) Programs to train personnelThe secretary shall
29	conduct directly, or by grants or contracts, education programs
30	to provide an adequate supply of qualified personnel to carry
31	out the purposes of this article and informational programs on
32	the importance and proper use of adequate safety and health
33	equipment.
34	(b) Short-term trainingThe secretary may conduct
35	directly, or by grants or contracts, short-term training of
36	personnel engaged in work related to the secretary's
37	responsibilities under this article.
38 39	(c) Additional programs The secretary shall provide for
40	the establishment and supervision of programs for the education
40 41	and training of employers, owners and employees in the recognition, avoidance and prevention of unsafe or unhealthful
42	working conditions in employment covered under this article. The
43	secretary shall consult with and advise owners and employers,
43	employees and organizations representing owners, employers and
44 45	employees and organizations representing owners, employees and employees as to effective means of preventing occupational
45 46	injuries and illnesses.
40 47	Section 2221-C. Reports to United States Secretary of Labor.
48	In regard to the administration and enforcement of this
49	article, the secretary shall make reports to the United States
- J 50	Secretary of Labor in a form and containing information that the
51	Secretary of Labor shall from time to time require.

1 2	Section 2222-C. Confidentiality of information maintained. All information reported to or otherwise obtained by the
2	
	secretary or any member of the review board in connection with
4	an inspection or proceeding under this article that contains or
5	might reveal a trade secret shall be considered confidential,
6	provided that the information may be disclosed to other officers
7	or employees concerned with carrying out this article or when
8	relevant in any proceeding under this article. In proceedings
9	under this article, the secretary, the review board or the court
10	shall issue orders that may be appropriate to protect the
11	<u>confidentiality of trade secrets.</u>
12	Section 2223-C. Funding.
13	Nothing in this article may prohibit the secretary from
14	<u>pursuing Federal or State funding for the purposes of this</u>
15	<u>article.</u>
16	Section 2. This act shall take effect as follows:
17	(1) The addition of Article XXII-C of the act shall take
18	effect in 60 days.
19	(2) The remainder of this act shall take effect
20	immediately.