Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE MARKOSEK

Printer's No. 282

- Amend Bill, page 1, line 11, by striking out the period after 1
- 2 "tax" and inserting
- ; in personal income tax, further providing for imposition,
- 4 providing for special rules for withholding, further
- 5 providing for special tax provisions for poverty and
- providing for property tax rebate; providing for education 6
- 7 reinvestment; and making related repeals.
- 8 Amend Bill, page 2, line 12, by striking out all of said line
- 9 and inserting
- 10 Section 2. Section 302 of the act, amended December 23, 2003 11 (P.L.250, No.46), is amended to read:
- Section 302. Imposition of Tax.--(a) Every resident 12
- individual, estate or trust shall be subject to, and shall pay 13
- 14 for the privilege of receiving each of the classes of income
- 15 hereinafter enumerated in section 303, a tax upon each dollar of
- 16 income received by that resident during that resident's taxable
- 17 year at the rate of three and [seven] <u>fifty-seven</u> hundredths per 18 cent.
- Every nonresident individual, estate or trust shall be 19 (b) 20 subject to, and shall pay for the privilege of receiving each of 21 the classes of income hereinafter enumerated in section 303 from 22 sources within this Commonwealth, a tax upon each dollar of
- 23 income received by that nonresident during that nonresident's
- 24 taxable year at the rate of three and [seven] <u>fifty-seven</u>
- 25 hundredths per cent.
- 26 Section 3. The act is amended by adding a section to read: 27 Section 302.2. Special Rules for Withholding. -- When the tax
- 28 rate changes during a taxable year, the department shall submit
- to the Legislative Reference Bureau for publication in the 29
- Pennsylvania Bulletin a notice to employers regarding the amount 30
- to be deducted and withheld from compensation subject to 31
- withholding under section 316 for the balance of the taxable 32
- 33 year. Every employer shall comply with the notice.
- Section 4. Section 304 of the act, amended December 13, 1991 34
- 35 (P.L.373, No.40) and December 23, 2003 (P.L.250, No.46), is
- 36 amended to read:

Section 304. Special Tax Provisions for Poverty.--(a) The General Assembly, in recognition of the powers contained in section 2(b)(ii) of Article VIII of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which provides therein for the establishing as a class or classes of subjects of taxation the property or privileges of persons who, because of poverty are determined to be in need of special tax provisions hereby declares as its legislative intent and purpose to implement such power under such constitutional provision by establishing special tax provisions as hereinafter provided in this act.

- (b) The General Assembly having determined that there are persons within this Commonwealth whose incomes are such that imposition of a tax thereon would deprive them and their dependents of the bare necessities of life and having further determined that poverty is a relative concept inextricably joined with actual income and the number of people dependent upon such income deems it to be a matter of public policy to provide special tax provisions for that class of persons hereinafter designated to relieve their economic burden.
- (c) For the taxable year 1974 and each year thereafter any claimant who meets the following standards of eligibility established by this act as the test for poverty shall be deemed a separate class of subject of taxation, and, as such, shall be entitled to the benefit of the special provisions of this act.
- (d) Any claim for special tax provisions hereunder shall be determined in accordance with the following:
- (1) If the poverty income of the claimant during an entire taxable year is [six thousand five hundred dollars (\$6,500)] eight thousand seven hundred dollars (\$8,700) or less, or, in the case of a married claimant, if the joint poverty income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse during an entire taxable year is [thirteen thousand dollars (\$13,000)] seventeen thousand four hundred dollars (\$17,400) or less, the claimant shall be entitled to a refund or forgiveness of any moneys which have been paid over to (or would except for the provisions of this act be payable to) the Commonwealth under the provisions of this article, with an additional income allowance of nine thousand five hundred dollars (\$9,500) for each dependent of the claimant. For purposes of this subsection, a claimant shall not be considered to be married if:
- (i) The claimant and the claimant's spouse file separate returns; and
- (ii) The claimant and the claimant's spouse live apart at all times during the last six months of the taxable year or are separated pursuant to a written separation agreement.
- (2) If the poverty income of the claimant during an entire taxable year does not exceed the poverty income limitations prescribed by clause (1) by more than the dollar category contained in subclauses (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii) or (ix) of this clause, the claimant shall be entitled to a refund or forgiveness based on the per centage

prescribed in such subclauses of any moneys which have been paid over to (or would have been except for the provisions herein be payable to) the Commonwealth under this article:

- (i) Ninety per cent if not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- (ii) Eighty per cent if not in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- (iii) Seventy per cent if not in excess of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750).
- (iv) Sixty per cent if not in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (v) Fifty per cent if not in excess of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250).
- (vi) Forty per cent if not in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
- (vii) Thirty per cent if not in excess of one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$1,750).
- (viii) Twenty per cent if not in excess of two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- (ix) Ten per cent if not in excess of two thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$2,250).
- (3) If an individual has a taxable year of less than twelve months, the poverty income thereof shall be annualized in such manner as the department may prescribe.

Section 5. The act is amended by adding a section to read:

Section 360. Property Tax Rebate.--(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1304(a)(2)(i) of the act of June 27, 2006 (1st Sp.Sess., P.L.1873, No.1), known as the "Taxpayer Relief Act," the base amount of any claim for property tax rebate for real property taxes due and payable during calendar year 2016 and thereafter shall be determined in accordance with the following schedule:

| 33 |                         | Amount of Real Property Taxes |
|----|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 34 | <u>Household Income</u> | <u>Allowed as Rebate</u>      |
| 35 | <u>\$ 0 - \$ 8,000</u>  | <u>\$2000</u>                 |
| 36 | <u>8,001 - 15,000</u>   | <u>1700</u>                   |
| 37 | <u> 15,001 - 18,000</u> | <u>1500</u>                   |
| 38 | <u> 18,001 - 35,000</u> | <u>1200</u>                   |
| 39 | <u>35,001 - 45,000</u>  | <u>900</u>                    |
| 40 | <u>45,001 - 55,000</u>  | <u>600</u>                    |

- (b) Approved claims shall be paid from the State Lottery
  Fund established by the act of August 26, 1971 (P.L.351, No.91),
  known as the "State Lottery Law."
- (c) Beginning in fiscal year 2017-2018 and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary of the Budget shall transfer to the State Lottery Fund from funds collected under this article an amount equal to the difference between the amount of approved claims to be paid in the subject fiscal year under subsection
- 49 <u>(a) and the amount of approved claims paid in fiscal year 2014-</u> 50 <u>2015 under section 1304 of the "Taxpayer Relief Act."</u>
- 51 (d) The definition of "income" in section 1303 of the

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"Taxpayer Relief Act" shall not include veterans' disability
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   payments.
 3
      Section 6. The act is amended by adding an article to read:
 4
                              ARTICLE XI-E
 5
                         EDUCATION REINVESTMENT
 6
                                 PART I
7
                             SEVERANCE TAX
8
   Section 1101-E. Definitions.
9
       The following words and phrases when used in this article
   shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
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11
   context clearly indicates otherwise:
12
       "Association." A partnership, limited partnership or any
   other form of unincorporated enterprise owned or conducted by
13
14
   two or more persons.
      "Barrel." Forty-two United States gallons at an atmospheric
15
   pressure of 231 cubic inches of liquid at a standard temperature
16
17
   of 60 degrees Fahrenheit.
      "Coal bed methane." Gas which can be produced from coal
18
   beds, coal seams, mined-out areas or gob wells.
19
20
       "Corporation." A corporation, joint stock association,
   limited liability company, business trust or any other
21
   incorporated enterprise organized under the laws of the United
22
23
   States, this Commonwealth or any other state, territory or
   foreign country or dependency.
24
       "Department." The Department of Revenue of the Commonwealth.
25
      "Dry natural gas." Hydrocarbon gases, consisting mostly of
26
   methane, that remain after the natural gas liquid portion of the
27
28
   natural gas stream has been removed and any volume of
29
   nonhydrocarbon gases have been removed in sufficient quantity to
   render the gas marketable. The term includes consumer-grade
30
31
   natural gas or pipeline-quality natural gas.
       "Gross proceeds." The value, whether in money or other
32
33
   property, actually proceeding from the sale of property, without
   a deduction for the cost of property sold or expenses of any
34
35
   kind.
36
       "Gross value." The gross proceeds received or receivable for
37
   property transferred, except as follows:
38
          (1) In a transaction involving related parties, gross
      proceeds of the property transferred may not be less than the
39
      fair market value of similar grade and quality property.
40
41
          (2) In the absence of a sale, gross proceeds of the
      property transferred may not be less than the fair market
42
43
      value of similar grade and quality property.
44
           (3) In a transaction where property is transferred for
45
      the purpose of processing and resale, gross proceeds of the
      property transferred may not be less than the fair market
46
      value of similar grade and quality property.
47
       "Meter." A device to measure the passage of volumes of gases
48
49
   or liquids past a certain point.
       "Natural gas." A fossil fuel consisting of a mixture of
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hydrocarbon gases, including methane, ethane, propane, butane,

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carbon dioxide, oxygen, nitrogen and hydrogen sulfide and other
   gas species. The term includes natural gas from oil fields known
 2
   as associated gas or casing head gas, natural gas fields known
 3
   as nonassociated gas, shale beds and other formations. The term
   does not include coal bed methane.
 5
       "Natural gas liquids." Hydrocarbons including ethane,
 6
 7
   propane, butane, isobutane and pentane that are separated from
   natural gas as liquids through the process of absorption,
8
9
   condensation, adsorption, cooling in gas separators, gas
10
   processing or cycling plants.
11
       "Person." Includes a corporation, partnership, limited
12
   liability company, business trust, other association, a
13
   government entity other than the Commonwealth, estate, trust,
   foundation or natural person.
14
       "Postproduction costs." Proportional costs incurred in and
15
   associated with processing and transporting natural gas from the
16
17
   point the gas is brought to the surface to the point of sale,
18
   limited to gathering, separating, treating, dehydrating,
   compressing, processing, transporting or losses by use as fuel
19
20
   or line loss of natural gas. The term includes the costs of
   fractionating and marketing ethane, propane, butane and other
21
22
   complex hydrocarbons. The term does not include corporate
23
   structure or financing costs.
24
       "Producer." A person who engages or continues within this
   Commonwealth in the business of severing natural gas from
25
   unconventional formations for sale, profit or commercial use.
26
       "Producing site." A point of severance, including a well and
27
28
   its associated zones and multilateral well bores, that is
29
   capable of producing natural gas from an unconventional
30
   formation.
       "Related parties." Two or more people, organizations or
31
32
   businesses owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the
33
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"Related parties." Two or more people, organizations or businesses owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the same interests. Control exists if a contract or lease, either written or oral, is entered into where one party severs or processes natural gas owned or held by another party and the owner or lessor participates in the severing, processing or marketing of the natural gas or receives any value other than an arm's-length passive royalty interest.

"Reporting period." A calendar month in which natural gas is severed.

"Sales meter." A meter at the point where natural gas is sold or transported to a purchaser or the market.

"Sever." The extraction or other removal of natural gas from an unconventional formation in this Commonwealth.

"Storage field." A natural formation or other site that is used to store natural gas that did not originate from and has been transplanted into such formation or site.

"Stripper well." A producing site that produced an average of less than 90 units of natural gas per day during the calendar year immediately preceding a reporting period.

"Tax." The tax imposed under this article.

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"Taxpayer." A person subject to the tax imposed by this article.

"Unconventional formation." A geological shale formation existing below the base of the Elk Sandstone or its geologic equivalent stratigraphic interval where natural gas generally cannot be produced at economic flow rates or in economic volumes except by vertical or horizontal well bores stimulated by hydraulic fracture treatments or using multilateral well bores or other techniques to expose more of the formation to the well bore.

"Unit." A thousand cubic feet (Mcf) of natural gas at a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit and an absolute pressure of 14.73 pounds per square inch, in accordance with American Gas Association (AGA) standards and according to Boyle's law for the measurement of gas under varying pressures with deviations therefrom as follows:

- (1) The average absolute atmospheric pressure shall be assumed to be 14.4 pounds to the square inch, regardless of actual elevation or location of point of delivery above sea level or variations in such atmospheric pressure from time to time.
- (2) The temperature of the gas passing the meters shall be determined by the continuous use of a recording thermometer installed so that the thermometer may properly record the temperature of the gas flowing through the meters. The arithmetic average of the temperature recorded each 24-hour day shall be used in computing gas volumes. If a recording thermometer is not installed, or if installed and not operating properly, an average flowing temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit shall be used in computing gas volume.
- (3) The specific gravity of the gas shall be determined by tests made by the use of an Edwards or Acme gravity balance, annually, or at intervals as are found necessary in practice. Specific gravity shall be used in computing gas volumes.
- (4) The deviation of the natural gas from Boyle's law shall be determined by tests annually or at other shorter intervals as are found necessary in practice. The apparatus and the method to be used in making the tests shall be in accordance with recommendations of the Natural Bureau of Standards of the Department of Commerce, or Report No. 3 of the Gas Measurement Committee of the American Gas Association, or any amendments thereof. The results of the tests shall be used in computing the volume of gas delivered. "Wellhead meter." A meter placed at a producing site to measure the actual volume of natural gas severed.
- Section 1102-E. Imposition of tax.

  (a) Imposition.--There is hereby levied a privilege tax on every producer.
- 50 (b) Rate.--The tax imposed under subsection (a) shall be the sum of the following:

- (1) Four and seven tenths cents for each unit of natural gas severed measured at the wellhead meter.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of section 1104-E, 3.5% of the gross value of each unit of the dry natural gas derived from the natural gas severed.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of section 1104-E, 3.5% of the gross value of the natural gas liquids derived from the natural gas severed.
- (c) Exemptions.--The tax imposed under subsection (a) shall not be imposed upon the following:
  - (1) Natural gas, dry natural gas or natural gas liquids severed under a natural gas lease and provided to a lessor for no consideration for the lessor's own use.
  - (2) Natural gas, dry natural gas or natural gas liquids severed from a stripper well.
  - (3) Natural gas, dry natural gas or natural gas liquids severed from a storage field.
  - (4) Natural gas, dry natural gas or natural gas liquids severed, sold and delivered at or within five miles of a producing site for the processing or manufacture of tangible personal property, as defined in section 201, within this Commonwealth.
- Section 1103-E. Postproduction costs.

A producer may deduct postproduction costs from the gross value of natural gas and natural gas liquids subject to the tax imposed under section 1102-E. The amount of the deduction may not exceed 15% of the gross value.

Section 1104-E. Prohibition.

A deduction from the minimum royalty payment required to be paid to a lessor under a lease permitting a producer to sever natural gas from real property subject to the lease may not be made by a producer for postproduction costs or the tax imposed under section 1102-E, and a lessor may not be required to pay or reimburse the producer for the amount of the postproduction costs or the tax or any portion of either the postproduction costs or the tax.

Section 1104.1-E. Existing agreements.

A provision of an agreement, which is in existence prior to the effective date of this section, which violates section 1104-E is declared to be illegal, contrary to public policy and null and void.

Section 1104.2-E. Future agreements.

On or after the effective date of this section, a provision
of an agreement in violation of section 1104-E is declared to be
illegal, contrary to public policy and null and void.

46 Section 1104.3-E. Nonseverability.

If all or any portion of section 1104-E, 1104.1-E or 1104.2-E
or their application to any person or circumstance are held to
be invalid by any court, section 1103-E shall be void.

50 <u>Section 1105-E. Return and payment.</u>

(a) Return. -- Each producer is required to file a return with

the department, on a form to be prescribed by the department, reporting all severed natural gas per reporting period and the tax due as imposed under section 1102-E.

- (b) Filing.--The return required by subsection (a) must be filed with the department on or before the 20th day of the fourth calendar month after a reporting period.
- (c) Due date.--The tax imposed under section 1102-E is due on the day the return is required to be filed and becomes delinquent if not remitted to the department by that date.

  Section 1106-E. Natural gas severance tax licensing.
- (a) License required. -- Each producer subject to tax under this part must apply to the department for a severance tax license before severing natural gas from this Commonwealth.

  Producers who have been severing natural gas from this Commonwealth prior to the effective date of this part must obtain a license from the department within six months from the effective date of this section. All other producers must obtain a license before severing natural gas from this Commonwealth. A producer is liable for the tax imposed by this article without regard to whether the producer obtains or is required to obtain a license.
- (b) Fee.--The department may charge an application fee to cover the administrative costs associated with the application and licensing process. If the department charges an application fee, the department may not issue a license until the producer has paid the application fee.
- (c) Declaration. -- As part of the application for a license, the producer shall provide a declaration of all sites in this Commonwealth used by the producer for the severance of natural gas. The declaration shall include all producing sites and sites which are stripper wells. The producer shall update the declaration when the producer adds or removes a producing site in this Commonwealth or when there is a change in the status of a producing site. The producer shall update the declaration within 30 days after any calendar month in which a change in the information contained in the declaration occurs.
- (d) Department duties. -- The department shall, after the receipt of an application, issue the license applied for under subsection (a), if the applicant filed all required State tax reports and paid any State taxes not subject to a timely perfected administrative or judicial appeal or subject to a duly authorized deferred payment plan. The license shall be nonassignable. Each producer shall be required to renew the license on a staggered renewal system established by the department. After the initial staggered period, a license issued shall be valid for a period of five years.
- 47 (e) State taxes.--If an applicant for a license or a person
  48 holding a license has not filed all required State tax reports
  49 and paid any State taxes not subject to a timely perfected
  50 administrative or judicial appeal or subject to a duly
  51 authorized deferred payment plan, the department may refuse to

- 1 <u>issue, suspend or revoke the license. The department shall</u>
- 2 <u>notify the applicant or licensee of a refusal, suspension or</u>
- 3 revocation. The notice shall contain a statement that the
- 4 refusal, suspension or revocation may be made public. The notice
- 5 <u>shall be made by first class mail. An applicant or licensee</u>
- 6 aggrieved by the determination of the department may file an
- 7 appeal of the determination in the same manner as provided for
- 8 reassessments of tax under section 1108-E. In the case of a
- 9 <u>suspension or revocation which is appealed, the license shall</u>
- 10 remain valid pending a final outcome of the appeal.
- 11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if
- 12 no appeal is taken or if an appeal is taken and denied at the
- 13 conclusion of the appeal process, the department may disclose,
- 14 by publication or otherwise, the identity of a person whose
- 15 <u>license has been refused, suspended or revoked under this</u>
- 16 <u>subsection</u>. Disclosure may include the basis for refusal,
- 17 <u>suspension or revocation.</u>
- 18 <u>(f) Severing without a license.--A person that severs</u>
  19 <u>natural gas in this Commonwealth without holding a valid license</u>
  20 <u>under this section shall be guilty of a summary offense and,</u>
  21 <u>upon conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less</u>
- 22 than \$300 nor more than \$1,500 and, in default thereof, to
- 23 <u>undergo imprisonment of not less than five days nor more than 30</u>
- 24 <u>days. The penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in</u>
  25 <u>addition to any other penalties imposed by law. For purposes of</u>
- 26 this subsection, the severing of natural gas during any calendar
- 27 day shall constitute a separate violation. The Secretary of
- 28 Revenue may designate employees of the department to enforce the
- 29 provisions of this subsection. The employees shall exhibit proof
- 30 of and be within the scope of the designation when instituting
- 31 proceedings as provided by the Pennsylvania Rules of Criminal
- 32 <u>Procedure.</u>

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- 33 <u>(g) Liability.--Failure to obtain a license does not relieve</u> 34 <u>a person from liability for the tax imposed by this part.</u>
  - (h) Civil penalty.--In addition to any tax, interest or
- 36 other penalty due under this article, the department shall
- 37 impose a civil penalty of 10¢ per unit severed during the period
- 38 <u>a producer is required to and does not have a license. The</u>
- 39 penalty shall be assessed and collected under this part.
- 40 <u>Section 1107-E. Meters.</u>
  - A producer shall provide for and maintain discrete wellhead and sales meters. A producer shall ensure that all meters are
- 43 maintained according to industry standards.
- 44 Section 1108-E. Administration of tax.
- 45 <u>Unless otherwise noted to the contrary, Article II, Part VI,</u>
- 46 <u>Chapters IV-VIII shall apply to this article.</u>
- 47 <u>Section 1109-E. Records.</u>
- 48 A producer shall maintain the following records:
- (1) Wellhead and sales meter charts for each reporting period and the meter calibration and maintenance records. If
- 51 turbine meters are in use, the maintenance records will be

| 1  | made available to the department upon request.                |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|
| 2  | (2) All records, statements, and other instruments            |  |  |
| 3  | furnished to a producer by any person to whom the producer    |  |  |
| 4  | delivers for sale, transport or other delivery of any natural |  |  |
| 5  | gas.  |  |  |
| 6  | (3) Records, statements and other instruments as the          |  |  |
| 7  | department may prescribe by regulation.                       |  |  |
| 8  |   |  |  |
| 9  | The department and the Department of Environmental Protection |  |  |
| 10 | shall have the ability to inspect records and locations to    |  |  |
| 11 | ensure compliance with this article.                          |  |  |
| 12 | Section 1111-E. Use of revenue.                               |  |  |
| 13 | Revenue collected under this part shall be used for           |  |  |
| 14 | education.  |  |  |
| 15 | PART II   |  |  |
| 16 | (RESERVED)  |  |  |
| 17 | Section 7. The amendment of section 304 of the act shall      |  |  |
| 18 | apply to tax years beginning after December 31, 2014.         |  |  |
| 19 | Section 8. Repeals are as follows:                            |  |  |
| 20 | (1) The General Assembly declares that the repeal under       |  |  |
| 21 | paragraph (2) is necessary to effectuate the addition of      |  |  |
| 22 | Article XI-E of the act.                                      |  |  |
| 23 | (2) 58 Pa.C.S. § 2318 is repealed.                            |  |  |
| 24 | Section 9. The amendment of section 302 of the act shall      |  |  |
| 25 | apply retroactively to October 1, 2015.                       |  |  |
| 26 | Section 10. This act shall take effect as follows:            |  |  |
| 27 | (1) The amendment of section 204 of the act shall take        |  |  |
| 28 | effect January 1, 2016.                                       |  |  |
| 29 | (2) The addition of section 1106-E of the act shall take      |  |  |
| 30 | effect immediately. The addition of the remainder of Article  |  |  |
| 31 | XI-E of the act shall take effect January 1, 2016.            |  |  |
| -  |   |  |  |

(3) The remainder of this act shall take effect

immediately.

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