## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 357

Session of 2019

INTRODUCED BY KLUNK, SCHMITT, BURNS, BIZZARRO, FEE, MEHAFFIE, SOLOMON, KAUFFMAN, STAATS, DIGIROLAMO, SONNEY, HILL-EVANS, DONATUCCI, MILLARD, KORTZ, PICKETT, PASHINSKI, RYAN, OBERLANDER, HICKERNELL, BERNSTINE, MACKENZIE, DeLUCA, LONGIETTI, HELM, JAMES, NEILSON, READSHAW, THOMAS, EVERETT, SAINATO, DEASY, FREEMAN, PYLE, YOUNGBLOOD, ZIMMERMAN, CALTAGIRONE, B. MILLER, MARKOSEK, MOUL AND GAYDOS, MAY 29, 2019

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35, MAY 29, 2019

## A RESOLUTION

- Designating the month of June 2019 as "Alzheimer's and Brain Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, June is "Alzheimer's and Brain Awareness Month" and
- 4 the Alzheimer's Association seeks support to raise awareness of
- 5 this debilitating disease and the need to increase efforts to
- 6 combat its human and economic costs in addition to the public
- 7 health burden throughout this Commonwealth; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The Alzheimer's Association calls the summer
- 9 solstice on June 21 "The Longest Day" to promote teams coming
- 10 together around the world for a day of activity and advocacy
- 11 honoring the strength, passion and endurance of individuals
- 12 facing Alzheimer's disease in keeping with the slogan "The day
- 13 with the most light is the day we fight"; and
- 14 WHEREAS, Every individual in our communities is at risk for

- 1 developing Alzheimer's disease, a fatal disease that cannot be
- 2 prevented, treated or even slowed; and
- 3 WHEREAS, It is estimated that 5.8 million Americans of all
- 4 ages are living with Alzheimer's disease, including 200,000
- 5 under 65 years of age who have younger-onset Alzheimer's
- 6 disease, and more than 280,000 Pennsylvanians who are at least
- 7 65 years of age living with the disease; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Barring the development of medical breakthroughs,
- 9 the number of people who are at least 65 years of age with
- 10 Alzheimer's disease may nearly triple to nearly 14 million by
- 11 2050; and
- 12 WHEREAS, Alzheimer's disease is the sixth leading cause of
- 13 death in the United States and in Pennsylvania, and nearly one
- 14 in three seniors dies from Alzheimer's disease or another
- 15 dementia; and
- 16 WHEREAS, During 2018 in the United States, more than 16
- 17 million family members and friends provided 18.5 billion hours
- 18 of unpaid care to individuals with Alzheimer's disease and other
- 19 dementias, which care is valued at an estimated \$234 billion;
- 20 and
- 21 WHEREAS, In 2018, Pennsylvania had an estimated 676,000
- 22 Alzheimer's disease and dementia family caregivers providing 770
- 23 million hours of unpaid care valued at more than \$9.732 billion;
- 24 and
- 25 WHEREAS, Individuals with Alzheimer's disease and dementia
- 26 require more support and resources as cognitive, behavioral and
- 27 physical functioning worsens over time, placing enormous burdens
- 28 on government budgets and out-of-pocket expenses; and
- 29 WHEREAS, The lifetime cost of care for individuals with
- 30 dementia nearly doubles that of those without dementia; and

- 1 WHEREAS, In 2019, Alzheimer's disease and other dementias
- 2 will cost the nation \$290 billion in total payments for health
- 3 care and long-term care, and hospice care is expected to reach
- 4 more than \$1.1 trillion by 2050; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Since the Alzheimer's disease and dementia continuum
- 6 spans decades, it provides many opportunities to model public
- 7 health approaches to change outcomes, expand early detection and
- 8 diagnosis and improve safety and quality of care for people
- 9 living with cognitive impairment, all while attending to the
- 10 caregiver's health and well-being; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Eighty-two percent of seniors say it is important to
- 12 have their thinking or memory checked by their primary care
- 13 doctor, but only 16% of seniors report receiving regular
- 14 cognitive assessments; and
- 15 WHEREAS, This reporting underscores the need for older adults
- 16 and doctors to proactively discuss cognitive health during
- 17 routine exams that could lead to early diagnosis and promote
- 18 better care planning and quality of life; and
- 19 WHEREAS, Researchers in Pennsylvania and around the world
- 20 continue their efforts to develop scientific breakthroughs in
- 21 public health interventions that could one day bring about a
- 22 world without Alzheimer's disease; and
- 23 WHEREAS, The individuals, families, friends, caregivers
- 24 dealing with Alzheimer's disease and the researchers who are
- 25 seeking a cause or cure should be recognized; and
- 26 WHEREAS, The efforts of the Alzheimer's Association to raise
- 27 funds and promote awareness to fight Alzheimer's disease and
- 28 other dementias improve the quality of human life for
- 29 individuals living with Alzheimer's disease and their
- 30 caregivers; therefore be it

- 1 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate the
- 2 month of June 2019 as "Alzheimer's Disease and Brain Awareness
- 3 Month" in Pennsylvania; and be it further
- 4 RESOLVED, That, in an effort to raise awareness about the
- 5 disease's prevalence, the House of Representatives recognize
- 6 Alzheimer's disease as a public health crisis for which early
- 7 detection and diagnosis is paramount; and be it further
- 8 RESOLVED, That Pennsylvanians be encouraged to wear purple
- 9 throughout the month of June in support of family and friends
- 10 living with the disease and participate in "The Longest Day"
- 11 activities.