THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

1950 Session of 2019

INTRODUCED BY OTTEN, KOSIEROWSKI, MURT, HILL-EVANS, BRIGGS, SCHLOSSBERG, ZABEL, CEPHAS, STURLA, CALTAGIRONE, KIM, JOHNSON-HARRELL, FRANKEL AND BULLOCK, OCTOBER 21, 2019

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS, OCTOBER 21, 2019

AN ACT

- Amending the act of July 10, 1981 (P.L.234, No.76), entitled "An 1
- act providing limited civil and criminal immunity to persons 2
- donating food to charitable or religious organizations for 3
- distribution to needy persons and imposing certain powers and duties on counties," further providing for donor immunity and 5
- for charitable or religious organization immunity. 6
- The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- hereby enacts as follows: 8
- 9 Section 1. Sections 4 and 5(a) of the act of July 10, 1981
- 10 (P.L.234, No.76), known as the Donated Food Limited Liability
- 11 Act, are amended to read:
- 12 Section 4. Donor immunity.
- 13 (a) General rule. -- Notwithstanding any other provision of
- law, any person, corporation, unincorporated business entity or 14
- 15 operator of a farm, or an employee, agent, officer or volunteer
- 16 thereof who, in good faith, donates food to a charitable or
- 17 religious organization or any other person for ultimate [free]
- distribution to needy individuals, either for free or for a 18
- nominal fee sufficient only to cover the cost of handling the 19

- 1 <u>food</u>, shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability
- 2 arising from the condition of such food, if the donor reasonably
- 3 inspects the food at the time of donation and finds the food fit
- 4 for human consumption. The immunity provided by this subsection
- 5 shall not extend to donors where damages result from the
- 6 negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of the donor,
- 7 or if the donor has, or should have had, actual or constructive
- 8 knowledge that the food is tainted, contaminated or harmful to
- 9 the health or well-being of the ultimate recipient.
- 10 (b) Condition of food.—The immunity provided by this
- 11 section is applicable to the good faith donation of food not
- 12 readily marketable due to considerations not effecting its
- 13 fitness for human consumption including but not limited to
- 14 appearance, freshness, grade or surplus, or open-dated food with
- 15 a date that has passed, but shall not be deemed or construed to
- 16 restrict the authority of any authorized agency to otherwise
- 17 regulate or ban the use of [such] the food for human
- 18 consumption.
- 19 Section 5. Charitable or religious organization immunity.
- 20 (a) General rule. -- Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 21 law, except as provided in subsection (b), any bona fide
- 22 charitable or religious organization which receives, in good
- 23 faith, donated food for ultimate distribution to needy
- 24 individuals, either for free or for a nominal fee <u>sufficient</u>
- 25 only to cover the cost of handling the food, shall not be
- 26 subject to criminal or civil liability arising from the
- 27 condition of [such] the food, if the charitable or religious
- 28 organization does all of the following:
- 29 (1) Reasonably inspects the food, at the time of
- donation and at the time of distribution, and finds the food

- 1 fit for human consumption.
- 2 (2) In the case of wildlife, reasonably processes,
- 3 prepares and distributes the food.
- 4 * * *
- 5 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.