THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 644

Session of 2018

INTRODUCED BY DONATUCCI, READSHAW, BAKER, DAVIS, DeLUCA, MATZIE, TOOHIL, MURT, MUSTIO, CALTAGIRONE, DEAN, RYAN, HILL-EVANS, KIRKLAND, SCHLOSSBERG, R. BROWN, DiGIROLAMO, LONGIETTI, FLYNN, DRISCOLL, YOUNGBLOOD, BIZZARRO, J. McNEILL, BOBACK, NEILSON, HENNESSEY, COX, PASHINSKI, ORTITAY, MILLARD, MEHAFFIE, WARD, RABB, WARREN, KINSEY AND SCHWEYER, JANUARY 22, 2018

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35, JANUARY 22, 2018

A RESOLUTION

- Recognizing the month of March 2018 as "National Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is a type of cancer that starts in
- 4 the colon or rectum, both of which are parts of the large
- 5 intestine and the body's digestive system; and
- 6 WHEREAS, During digestion, the colon absorbs water and
- 7 nutrients from food and stores waste matter, which moves to the
- 8 rectum; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer often begins as a growth called a
- 10 polyp, which may form on the inner wall of the colon or rectum;
- 11 and
- 12 WHEREAS, In addition to colorectal polyps, risk factors of
- 13 colorectal cancer include increasing age, family history,
- 14 certain genetic mutations, excessive alcohol use, obesity,
- 15 physical inactivity, cigarette smoking and history of

- 1 inflammatory bowel disease; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Symptoms of developing colorectal cancer include
- 3 changes in bowel habits, rectal bleeding, stomach pains or
- 4 cramps, weakness, unexplained weight loss and low red blood cell
- 5 count; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is the third leading cause of
- 7 cancer-related mortality in the United States, accounting for an
- 8 expected 50,630 deaths in 2018; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Unprecedented progress has been made in the last
- 10 decade in reducing colorectal cancer incidence and death rates
- 11 largely due to prevention and early detection through screening;
- 12 and
- 13 WHEREAS, Up to 60% of deaths from colorectal cancer could be
- 14 prevented if everyone 50 years of age or older were screened
- 15 regularly and appropriately treated; and
- 16 WHEREAS, Since 2000, March has been celebrated as "National
- 17 Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month" by advocacy groups, public
- 18 officials, health care providers and patients; and
- 19 WHEREAS, During this month, participants generate widespread
- 20 awareness about colorectal cancer and encourage the public to
- 21 learn more about disease prevention, early detection and
- 22 maintaining a healthy lifestyle and diet; therefore be it
- 23 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the
- 24 month of March 2018 as "National Colorectal Cancer Awareness
- 25 Month" in Pennsylvania; and be it further
- 26 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives join advocates
- 27 nationwide in urging the residents of this Commonwealth to
- 28 follow preventative measures such as:
- 29 (1) Engaging in physical activity for at least 30
- 30 minutes a day, at least five days a week.

- 1 (2) Maintaining a healthy weight.
- 2 (3) Quitting smoking.
- 3 (4) Limiting alcohol intake.
- 4 (5) Eating healthy fruits, vegetables and whole grains.
- 5 (6) Reducing the intake of red meat and cutting out 6 processed meat.
- 7 (7) Beginning regular screenings at 50 years of age and 8 earlier for those individuals at higher risk.
- 9 (8) Consulting with a doctor about tests for detecting
 10 cancer and precancer, such as a colonoscopy, virtual
 11 colonoscopy, flexible sigmoidoscopy, double-contrast barium
 12 enema, stool occult blood test, stool immunochemical test and
 13 stool DNA test;
- 14 and be it further
- 15 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives urge its members,
- 16 the Department of Health and health care professionals across
- 17 this Commonwealth to recognize "National Colorectal Cancer
- 18 Awareness Month" in Pennsylvania to increase awareness about the
- 19 disease and how to prevent it through a healthy lifestyle and
- 20 proper screenings.