## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## **HOUSE BILL**

No. 1991 Session of 2017

INTRODUCED BY HARPER, DALEY, KAMPF, JAMES AND FREEMAN, DECEMBER 29, 2017

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT, DECEMBER 29, 2017

## AN ACT

Amending Title 53 (Municipalities Generally) of the Pennsylvania 1 Consolidated Statutes, in consolidated county assessment, 2 further providing for abstracts of building and demolition 3 permits to be forwarded to the county assessment office. 4 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows: 6 7 Section 1. Section 8861 of Title 53 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended to read: 8 9 [Abstracts of building and demolition permits to be \$ 8861. 10 forwarded] Submission of permit and substantial 11 improvement information to the county assessment 12 office and civil penalty. Permit. -- Every municipality, third-party agency or the 13 Department of Labor and Industry responsible for the issuance of 14 building permits shall forward a copy of each building permit to 15 16 the county assessment office on or before the first day of every month. In addition to any charge otherwise permitted by law, a 17 municipality, a third-party agency or the Department of Labor 18 and Industry may charge an additional fee of \$10 to each person 19

- 1 to whom a permit is issued for administrative costs incurred in
- 2 compliance with this section. The assessment office may provide
- 3 for the electronic submission of permits and may establish the
- 4 <u>format for the submission of permit information. The provision</u>
- 5 of building permits or permit information to the assessment
- 6 office as required by this section shall not be subject to the
- 7 procedures of the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known
- 8 as the Right-to-Know Law. No agency, public official or public
- 9 <u>employee shall be liable for civil or criminal damages or</u>
- 10 penalties for complying with this section.
- 11 (a.1) Noncompliance. -- If the county assessment office has
- 12 <u>reason to believe that there is noncompliance with subsection</u>
- 13 (a), the assessment office shall provide written notice to the
- 14 municipality and, if applicable, a third-party agency, or to the
- 15 Department of Labor and Industry in the case of noncompliance by
- 16 the Department of Labor and Industry. Upon receipt of the
- 17 notice, the municipality and third-party agency or Department of
- 18 Labor and Industry shall investigate and consult with the
- 19 assessment office and take any steps the recipient deems
- 20 necessary to remediate the noncompliance. If, after
- 21 consultation, noncompliance with subsection (a) continues, the
- 22 assessment office may:
- 23 (1) In the case of noncompliance after notice by a
- 24 <u>municipality or the Department of Labor and Industry</u>,
- 25 institute an action in mandamus before the court of common
- 26 pleas to compel compliance with subsection (a). Should the
- 27 <u>court determine that the noncompliance is intentional, the</u>
- court shall award party costs, disbursements, reasonable
- 29 attorney fees and witness fees relating to the action to the
- 30 assessment office.

- 1 (2) In the case of noncompliance after notice by a
- 2 third-party agency, file a complaint with the Department of
- 3 <u>Labor and Industry. Intentional noncompliance with subsection</u>
- 4 (a) shall constitute just cause for corrective action by the
- 5 Department of Labor and Industry. The assessment office
- 6 shall, along with the complaint or as directed by the
- 7 <u>Department of Labor and Industry, provide the Department of</u>
- 8 <u>Labor and Industry with documentation of the notice required</u>
- 9 by this section and any other evidence related to the
- 10 <u>intentional noncompliance</u>.
- 11 (b) Substantial improvement. -- If a person makes improvements
- 12 to any real property, other than painting of or normal regular
- 13 repairs to a building, aggregating more than \$2,500 in value and
- 14 a building permit is not required for the improvements, the
- 15 property owner shall furnish the following information to the
- 16 board:
- 17 (1) the name and address of the person owning the
- 18 property;
- 19 (2) a description of the improvements made or to be made
- 20 to the property; and
- 21 (3) the dollar value of the improvements.
- 22 (b.1) County improvement certification form.--The county
- 23 commissioners may, by ordinance, require that all persons making
- 24 substantial improvements to property as set forth in subsection
- 25 (b) submit to the county assessment office a county improvement
- 26 certification form setting forth the information in subsection
- 27 (b) prior to beginning any substantial improvement, regardless
- 28 of whether a building permit is required. The county may provide
- 29 for the electronic submission of the form and a fee no greater
- 30 than \$5. The county may cooperate with a municipality, third-

- 1 party agency or the Department of Labor and Industry in the
- 2 distribution of forms.
- 3 (c) [Penalty.--Any person that intentionally fails to comply
- 4 with the provisions of subsection (b) or intentionally falsifies
- 5 the information provided, shall, upon conviction in a summary
- 6 proceeding, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$50.]
- 7 Civil penalty.--
- 8 (1) The board may assess a civil penalty of not more
- 9 <u>than \$100 upon a person for intentionally failing to comply</u>
- 10 with the provisions of subsection (b) or an ordinance enacted
- in accordance with subsection (b.1) or intentionally
- 12 <u>falsifying the information required.</u>
- 13 (2) If a civil penalty is assessed against a person
- under paragraph (1), the board must notify the person by
- certified mail of the nature of the violation and the amount
- of the civil penalty and that the person may notify the board
- in writing within 10 calendar days that the person wishes to
- contest the civil penalty. If, within 10 calendar days from
- the receipt of that notification, the person does not notify
- the county board for assessment appeals of intent to contest
- 21 <u>the assessed penalty, the civil penalty shall become final.</u>
- 22 (3) If timely notification of the intent to contest the
- 23 civil penalty is given, the person contesting the civil
- 24 penalty shall be provided with a hearing in accordance with 2
- 25 Pa.C.S. Chs. 5 Subch. B (relating to practice and procedure
- of local agencies) and 7 Subch. B (relating to judicial
- 27 review of local agency action).
- 28 (d) Existing provisions preserved. -- Nothing in this section
- 29 shall supersede or preempt any ordinance, resolution or other
- 30 requirement of a county to submit information on substantial

- 1 <u>improvements in effect on the effective date of this subsection.</u>
- 2 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.