## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# SENATE BILL No. 292 Session of 2015

#### INTRODUCED BY EICHELBERGER, VOGEL, HUTCHINSON, BROWNE, VULAKOVICH, ALLOWAY, AUMENT, RAFFERTY, STEFANO, FOLMER, SCARNATI AND WHITE, JANUARY 20, 2015

### REFERRED TO PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE, JANUARY 20, 2015

#### AN ACT

1 2	Providing for freedom of conscience of health care providers and health care institutions.
3	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
4	hereby enacts as follows:
5	Section 1. Short title.
6	This act shall be known and may be cited as the Conscientious
7	Objection Act.
8	Section 2. Legislative findings and purpose.
9	(a) FindingsThe General Assembly finds as follows:
10	(1) It is the public policy of the Commonwealth to
11	respect and protect the fundamental right of conscience of
12	individuals who and institutions which provide health care
13	services.
14	(2) Without comprehensive protection, rights of
15	conscience of health care providers or institutions may be
16	violated in various ways, such as harassment, demotion,
17	salary reduction, transfer, termination, loss of staffing

privileges, denial of aid or benefits and refusal to license
 or refusal to certify.

3 (3) It is the purpose of this act to protect, as a basic
4 civil right, the right of all health care providers and
5 institutions to decline to counsel, advise, provide, perform,
6 assist or participate in providing or performing health care
7 services that violate their consciences.

8 (b) Purpose.--It is the purpose of this act to prohibit all 9 forms of discrimination, disqualification, coercion, disability 10 or liability upon such health care providers and institutions 11 that decline to perform any health care service that violates 12 their conscience.

13 Section 3. Definitions.

14 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 15 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 16 context clearly indicates otherwise:

17 "Conscience." The religious, moral or ethical principles 18 held by a health care provider or a health care institution. A 19 health care institution's religious, moral or ethical principles 20 shall be stated in the institution's mission statement, 21 constitution, bylaws, articles of incorporation, regulations, 22 directives or other relevant documents or guidelines under which 23 it operates.

Health care institution." A public or private organization, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, association, unincorporated association, agency, network, joint venture or other entity that is involved in providing health care services, including, but not limited to, hospitals, clinics, medical centers, ambulatory surgical centers, private physicians' offices, pharmacies, nursing homes, university medical schools

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1 and nursing schools, medical training facilities or other 2 institutions or locations wherein health care services are 3 provided to any person.

"Health care provider." An individual who may be asked or 4 5 assigned to participate in any way in a health care service, including, but not limited to, a physician, physician assistant, 6 nurse, nurses' aide, medical assistant, hospital employee, 7 8 clinic employee, nursing home employee, pharmacist, pharmacy 9 employee, researcher, medical or nursing school faculty, student 10 or employee, counselor, social worker or any professional or paraprofessional, or any other person who furnishes or assists 11 in the furnishing of health care services. 12

13 "Health care service." Any phase of patient medical care, treatment or procedure relating to abortion, artificial birth 14 15 control, artificial insemination, assisted reproduction, 16 emergency contraception, human cloning, human embryonic stemcell research, fetal experimentation and sterilization and 17 18 including, but not limited to, patient referral, counseling, 19 therapy, testing, diagnosis, prognosis, research, instruction, 20 prescribing, dispensing or administering a device, drug, or medication, surgery, or any other care or treatment rendered by 21 health care providers or health care institutions. 22

Participate." To counsel, advise, provide, perform, assist in, refer or admit for purposes of providing, transfer or participate in providing, a health care service or a form of such service.

27 Section 4. Freedom of conscience of health care providers.
28 (a) Freedom of conscience.--A health care provider has the
29 right not to participate, and no health care provider may be
30 required to participate, in a health care service that violates

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1 the health care provider's conscience.

(b) Immunity from liability.--There shall be no cause of
action against a health care provider for declining to
participate in a health care service that violates the health
care provider's conscience. A health care provider that declines
to provide or participate in a health care service that violates
the health care provider's conscience may not be civilly,
criminally, professionally or administratively liable.

Discrimination. -- It shall be unlawful for a person, 9 (C) 10 health care provider, health care institution, public service institution, professional organization, public official or board 11 that certifies competency in medical specialties to discriminate 12 13 against a health care provider in any manner based on the health care provider's declining to participate in a health care 14 15 service that violates the health care provider's conscience. 16 Types of discrimination include, but are not limited to, termination, transfer or refusal of staff privileges, refusal of 17 18 board certification, adverse administrative action, demotion, 19 loss of career specialty, reassignment to a different shift, reduction of wages or benefits, refusal to award a grant, 20 21 contract or other program, refusal to provide residency training opportunities, denial, deprivation, suspension or 22 23 disqualification with respect to licensure or government 24 certification or any other penalty, disciplinary or retaliatory 25 action.

Section 5. Freedom of conscience of health care institutions.
(a) Freedom of conscience.--A health care institution has
the right not to participate, and no health care institution may
be required to participate, in a health care service that
violates its conscience.

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1 Immunity from liability.--There shall be no cause of (b) action against a health care institution for declining to 2 3 participate in a health care service that violates its conscience if the institution has a notice clearly posted 4 stating it reserves the right to decline to provide or 5 participate in health care services that violate its conscience. 6 A health care institution that declines to provide or 7 8 participate in a health care service that violates its conscience may not be civilly, criminally or administratively 9 10 liable.

Discrimination.--It shall be unlawful for a person, 11 (C) public or private institution or public official to discriminate 12 13 against a health care institution, or a person, association, 14 corporation or other entity attempting to establish a new health 15 care institution or operating an existing health care 16 institution, in any manner including, but not limited to, any denial, deprivation or disqualification with respect to 17 18 licensure, any aid assistance, benefit or privilege, including 19 staff privileges, or any authorization, including authorization 20 to create, expand, improve, acquire, affiliate or merge with a health care institution, because the health care institution, or 21 person, association or corporation planning, proposing or 22 23 operating a health care institution, declines to participate in 24 a health care service that violates the health care institution's conscience. 25

(d) Denial of aid or benefit.--It shall be unlawful for a
public official, agency, institution or entity to deny any
payments, reimbursements for services or any form of aid,
assistance, funding, grants or benefits or in any other manner
to coerce, disqualify or discriminate against a person,

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1 association, corporation or other entity attempting to establish 2 a new health care institution or operating an existing health 3 care institution because the existing or proposed health care 4 institution declines to participate in a health care service 5 contrary to the health care institution's conscience.

6 Section 6. Effect on informed consent requirements.

7 Nothing in this act shall be construed to exempt a health 8 care provider or health care institution from complying with 9 informed consent requirements mandated by statute regarding the 10 provision of a health care service.

11 Section 7. Severability.

12 The provisions of this act are declared to be severable, and 13 if any provision, word, phrase or clause of this act or the 14 application thereof to any person shall be held invalid, such 15 invalidity shall not affect the validity of the remaining 16 portions of this act.

17 Section 8. Effective date.

18 This act shall take effect in 60 days.

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