AN ACT

Reenacting and amending the act of July 8, 1986 (P.L.408, No.89), entitled, as reenacted, "An act providing for the creation of the Health Care Cost Containment Council, for its powers and duties, for health care cost containment through the collection and dissemination of data, for public accountability of health care costs and for health care for the indigent; and making an appropriation," further providing for sunset.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. The title and section 1 of the act of July 8, 1986 (P.L.408, No.89), known as the Health Care Cost Containment Act, reenacted and amended June 10, 2009 (P.L.10, No.3), are reenacted to read:

AN ACT

Providing for the creation of the Health Care Cost Containment Council, for its powers and duties, for health care cost containment through the collection and dissemination of data, for public accountability of health care costs and for health
care for the indigent; and making an appropriation.

Section 1. Short title.

This act shall be known and may be cited as the Health Care Cost Containment Act.

Section 2. Sections 3 and 4 of the act are reenacted and amended to read:

Section 3. Definitions.

The following words and phrases when used in this act shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Allowance." The maximum allowed combined payment from a payor and a patient to a provider for services rendered.

"Ambulatory service facility." A facility licensed in this Commonwealth, not part of a hospital, which provides medical, diagnostic or surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization, including ambulatory surgical facilities, ambulatory imaging or diagnostic centers, birthing centers, freestanding emergency rooms and any other facilities providing ambulatory care which charge a separate facility charge. This term does not include the offices of private physicians or dentists, whether for individual or group practices.

"Charge" or "rate." The amount billed by a provider for specific goods or services provided to a patient, prior to any adjustment for contractual allowances.


"Covered services." Any health care services or procedures connected with episodes of illness that require either inpatient hospital care or major ambulatory service such as surgical,
medical or major radiological procedures, including any initial
and follow-up outpatient services associated with the episode of
illness before, during or after inpatient hospital care or major
ambulatory service. The term does not include routine outpatient
services connected with episodes of illness that do not require
hospitalization or major ambulatory service.

"Data source." A health care facility; ambulatory service
facility; physician; health maintenance organization as defined
in the act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701, No.364), known as the
Health Maintenance Organization Act; hospital, medical or health
service plan with a certificate of authority issued by the
Insurance Department, including, but not limited to, hospital
plan corporations as defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 61 (relating to
corporations) and professional health services
plan corporations as defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 63 (relating to
professional health services plan corporations); commercial
insurer with a certificate of authority issued by the Insurance
Department providing health or accident insurance; self-insured
employer providing health or accident coverage or benefits for
employees employed in the Commonwealth; administrator of a self-
insured or partially self-insured health or accident plan
providing covered services in the Commonwealth; any health and
welfare fund that provides health or accident benefits or
insurance pertaining to covered service in the Commonwealth; the
Department of [Public Welfare] Human Services for those covered
services it purchases or provides through the medical assistance
program under the act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, No.21), known as
the Public Welfare Code, and any other payor for covered
services in the Commonwealth other than an individual.

"Health care facility." A general or special hospital,
including psychiatric hospitals, kidney disease treatment centers, including freestanding hemodialysis units, and ambulatory service facilities as defined in this section, and hospices, both profit and nonprofit, and including those operated by an agency of State or local government.

"Health care insurer." Any person, corporation or other entity that offers administrative, indemnity or payment services for health care in exchange for a premium or service charge under a program of health care benefits, including, but not limited to, an insurance company, association or exchange issuing health insurance policies in this Commonwealth; hospital plan corporation as defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 61 (relating to hospital plan corporations); professional health services plan corporation as defined in 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 63 (relating to professional health services plan corporations); health maintenance organization; preferred provider organization; fraternal benefit societies; beneficial societies; and third-party administrators; but excluding employers, labor unions or health and welfare funds jointly or separately administered by employers or labor unions that purchase or self-fund a program of health care benefits for their employees or members and their dependents.

"Health maintenance organization." An organized system which combines the delivery and financing of health care and which provides basic health services to voluntarily enrolled subscribers for a fixed prepaid fee, as defined in the act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701, No.364), known as the Health Maintenance Organization Act.

"Hospital." An institution, licensed in this Commonwealth, which is a general, mental, chronic disease or other type of
hospital, or kidney disease treatment center, whether profit or nonprofit, and including those operated by an agency of State or local government.

"Indigent care." The actual costs, as determined by the council, for the provision of appropriate health care, on an inpatient or outpatient basis, given to individuals who cannot pay for their care because they are above the medical assistance eligibility levels and have no health insurance or other financial resources which can cover their health care.

"Major ambulatory service." Surgical or medical procedures, including diagnostic and therapeutic radiological procedures, commonly performed in hospitals or ambulatory service facilities, which are not of a type commonly performed or which cannot be safely performed in physicians' offices and which require special facilities such as operating rooms or suites or special equipment such as fluoroscopic equipment or computed tomographic scanners, or a postprocedure recovery room or short-term convalescent room.

"Medical procedure incidence variations." The variation in the incidence in the population of specific medical, surgical and radiological procedures in any given year, expressed as a deviation from the norm, as these terms are defined in the classical statistical definition of "variation," "incidence," "deviation" and "norm."

"Medically indigent" or "indigent." The status of a person as described in the definition of indigent care.

"Payment." The payments that providers actually accept for their services, exclusive of charity care, rather than the charges they bill.

"Payor." Any person or entity, including, but not limited
to, health care insurers and purchasers, that make direct
payments to providers for covered services.

"Physician." An individual licensed under the laws of this
Commonwealth to practice medicine and surgery within the scope
of the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the
Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or the act of December 20,
1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical Practice Act of
1985.

"Preferred provider organization." Any arrangement between a
health care insurer and providers of health care services which
specifies rates of payment to such providers which differ from
their usual and customary charges to the general public and
which encourage enrollees to receive health services from such
providers.

"Provider." A hospital, an ambulatory service facility or a
physician.

"Provider quality." The extent to which a provider renders
care that, within the capabilities of modern medicine, obtains
for patients medically acceptable health outcomes and prognoses,
adjusted for patient severity, and treats patients
compassionately and responsively.

"Provider service effectiveness." The effectiveness of
services rendered by a provider, determined by measurement of
the medical outcome of patients grouped by severity receiving
those services.

"Purchaser." All corporations, labor organizations and other
entities that purchase benefits which provide covered services
for their employees or members, either through a health care
insurer or by means of a self-funded program of benefits, and a
certified bargaining representative that represents a group or
groups of employees for whom employers purchase a program of benefits which provide covered services, but excluding entities defined in this section as "health care insurers."

"Raw data" or "data." Data collected by the council under section 6. No data shall be released by the council except as provided for in section 11.

"Severity." In any patient, the measurable degree of the potential for failure of one or more vital organs.


(a) Establishment.--The General Assembly hereby establishes an independent council to be known as the Health Care Cost Containment Council.

(b) Composition.--The council shall consist of voting members, composed of and appointed in accordance with the following:

(1) The Secretary of Health.


(3) The Insurance Commissioner.

(4) Six representatives of the business community, at least one of whom represents small business, who are purchasers of health care as defined in section 3, none of which is primarily involved in the provision of health care or health insurance, three of which shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and three of which shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from a list of twelve qualified persons recommended by the Pennsylvania Chamber of Business and Industry. Three nominees shall be representatives of small business.

(5) Six representatives of organized labor, three of which shall be appointed by the President pro tempore of the
Senate and three of which shall be appointed by the Speaker
of the House of Representatives from a list of twelve
qualified persons recommended by the Pennsylvania AFL-CIO.

(6) One representative of consumers who is not primarily
involved in the provision of health care or health care
insurance, appointed by the Governor from a list of three
qualified persons recommended jointly by [the Speaker of the
House of Representatives and] the President pro tempore of
the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(7) Two representatives of hospitals, appointed by the
Governor from a list of five qualified hospital
representatives recommended by the Hospital and Health System
Association of Pennsylvania one of whom shall be a
representative of rural hospitals. Each representative under
this paragraph may appoint two additional delegates to act
for the representative only at meetings of committees, as
provided for in subsection (f).

(8) Two representatives of physicians, appointed by the
Governor from a list of five qualified physician
representatives recommended jointly by the Pennsylvania
Medical Society and the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Medical
Association. The representative under this
paragraph may appoint two additional delegates to act for the
representative only at meetings of committees, as provided
for in subsection (f).

(8.1) An individual appointed by the Governor who has
expertise in the application of continuous quality
improvement methods in hospitals.

(8.2) One representative of nurses, appointed by the
Governor from a list of three qualified representatives
recommended by the Pennsylvania State Nurses Association.

(9) One representative of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans in Pennsylvania, appointed by the Governor from a list of three qualified persons recommended jointly by the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans of Pennsylvania.

(10) One representative of commercial insurance carriers, appointed by the Governor from a list of three qualified persons recommended by the Insurance Federation of Pennsylvania, Inc.

(11) One representative of health maintenance organizations, appointed by the Governor.

(12) In the case of each appointment to be made from a list supplied by a specified organization, it is incumbent upon that organization to consult with and provide a list which reflects the input of other equivalent organizations representing similar interests. Each appointing authority will have the discretion to request additions to the list originally submitted. Additional names will be provided not later than 15 days after such request. Appointments shall be made by the appointing authority no later than 90 days after receipt of the original list. If, for any reason, any specified organization supplying a list should cease to exist, then the respective appointing authority shall specify a new equivalent organization to fulfill the responsibilities of this act.

(c) Chairperson and vice chairperson.—The members shall annually elect, by a majority vote of the members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the council from among the business and labor representatives on the council.

(d) Quorum.—Thirteen members, at least six of whom must be
made up of representatives of business and labor, shall
constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and the
act by the majority of the members present at any meeting in
which there is a quorum shall be deemed to be the act of the
council.

(e) Meetings.--All meetings of the council shall be
advertised and conducted pursuant to 65 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7 (relating
to open meetings), unless otherwise provided in this section.

(1) The council shall meet at least once every two
months, and may provide for special meetings as it deems
necessary. Meeting dates shall be set by a majority vote of
the members of the council or by the call of the chairperson
upon seven days' notice to all council members.

(2) All meetings of the council shall be publicly
advertised, as provided for in this subsection, and shall be
open to the public, except that the council, through its
bylaws, may provide for executive sessions of the council on
subjects permitted to be discussed in such sessions under 65
Pa.C.S. Ch. 7. No act of the council shall be taken in an
executive session.

(3) The council shall publish a schedule of its meetings
in the Pennsylvania Bulletin and in at least one newspaper in
general circulation in the Commonwealth. Such notice shall be
published at least once in each calendar quarter and shall
list the schedule of meetings of the council to be held in
the subsequent calendar quarter. Such notice shall specify
the date, time and place of the meeting and shall state that
the council's meetings are open to the general public, except
that no such notice shall be required for executive sessions
of the council.
(4) All action taken by the council shall be taken in open public session, and action of the council shall not be taken except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the council present during meetings at which a quorum is present.

(f) Bylaws.--The council shall adopt bylaws, not inconsistent with this act, and may appoint such committees or elect such officers subordinate to those provided for in subsection (c) as it deems advisable. The council shall provide for the approval and participation of additional delegates appointed under subsection (b)(7) and (8) so that each organization represented by delegates under those paragraphs shall not have more than one vote on any committee to which they are appointed. The council shall also appoint a technical advisory group which shall, on an ad hoc basis, respond to issues presented to it by the council or committees of the council and shall make recommendations to the council. The technical advisory group shall include physicians, researchers, biostatisticians, one representative of the Hospital and Healthsystem Association of Pennsylvania and one representative of the Pennsylvania Medical Society. The Hospital and Healthsystem Association of Pennsylvania and the Pennsylvania Medical [Society] Association representatives shall not be subject to executive committee approval. In appointing other physicians, researchers and biostatisticians to the technical advisory group, the council shall consult with and take nominations from the representatives of the Hospital Association of Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Medical Society, the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Medical Society or other like organizations. At its discretion and in accordance with this
section, nominations shall be approved by the executive committee of the council. If the subject matter of any project exceeds the expertise of the technical advisory group, physicians in appropriate specialties who possess current knowledge of the issue under study may be consulted. The technical advisory group shall also review the availability and reliability of severity of illness measurements as they relate to small hospitals and psychiatric, rehabilitation and children's hospitals and shall make recommendations to the council based upon this review. Meetings of the technical advisory group shall be open to the general public.

(f.1) Payment data advisory group.--

(1) In order to assure the technical appropriateness and accuracy of payment data, the council shall establish a payment data advisory group to produce recommendations surrounding the collection of payment data, the analysis and manipulation of payment data and the public reporting of payment data. The payment data advisory group shall include technical experts and individuals knowledgeable in payment systems and discharge claims data. The advisory group shall consist of the following members appointed by the council:

(i) One member representing each plan under 40 Pa.C.S. Chs. 61 (relating to hospital plan corporations) and 63 (relating to professional health services plan corporations).

(ii) Two members representing commercial insurance carriers.

(iii) Three members representing health care facilities.

(iv) Three members representing physicians.
(2) The payment data advisory group shall meet at least four times a year and may provide for special meetings as may be necessary.

(3) The payment data advisory group shall review and concur with the technical appropriateness of the use and presentation of data and report its findings to the council prior to any vote to publicly release reports. If the council elects to release a report without addressing the technical concerns of the advisory group, it shall prominently disclose this in the public report and include the comments of the advisory group in the public report.

(4) The payment data advisory group shall exercise all powers necessary and appropriate to carry out its duties, including advising the council on the following:

   (i) Collection of payment data by the council.

   (ii) Manipulation, adjustments and methods used with payment data.

   (iii) Public reporting of payment data by the council.

(g) Compensation and expenses.--The members of the council shall not receive a salary or per diem allowance for serving as members of the council but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Said expenses may include reimbursement of travel and living expenses while engaged in council business.

(h) Terms of council members.--

   (1) The terms of the Secretary of Health, the Secretary of [Public Welfare] Human Services and the Insurance Commissioner shall be concurrent with their holding of public office. The council members under subsection (b)(4) through
(11) shall each serve for a term of four years and shall continue to serve thereafter until their successor is appointed.

(2) Vacancies on the council shall be filled in the manner designated under subsection (b), within 60 days of the vacancy, except that when vacancies occur among the representatives of business or organized labor, two nominations shall be submitted by the organization specified in subsection (b) for each vacancy on the council. If the officer required in subsection (b) to make appointments to the council fails to act within 60 days of the vacancy, the council chairperson may appoint one of the persons recommended for the vacancy until the appointing authority makes the appointment.

(3) A member may be removed for just cause by the appointing authority after recommendation by a vote of at least 14 members of the council.

(4) No appointed member under subsection (b)(4) through (11) shall be eligible to serve more than two full consecutive terms of four years beginning on the effective date of this paragraph.

(j) Subsequent appointments.--Submission of lists of recommended persons and appointments of council members for succeeding terms shall be made in the same manner as prescribed in subsection (b), except that:

(1) Organizations required under subsection (b) to submit lists of recommended persons shall do so at least 60 days prior to expiration of the council members' terms.

(2) The officer required under subsection (b) to make appointments to the council shall make said appointments at
least 30 days prior to expiration of the council members' terms. If the appointments are not made within the specified time, the council chairperson may make interim appointments from the lists of recommended individuals. An interim appointment shall be valid only until the appropriate officer under subsection (b) makes the required appointment. Whether the appointment is by the required officer or by the chairperson of the council, the appointment shall become effective immediately upon expiration of the incumbent member's term.

Section 3. Section 5 of the act is reenacted to read:

Section 5. Powers and duties of the council.

(a) General powers.--The council shall exercise all powers necessary and appropriate to carry out its duties, including the following:

(1) To employ an executive director, investigators and other staff necessary to comply with the provisions of this act and regulations promulgated thereunder, to employ or retain legal counsel and to engage professional consultants, as it deems necessary to the performance of its duties. Any consultants, other than sole source consultants, engaged by the council shall be selected in accordance with the provisions for contracting with vendors set forth in section 16.

(2) To fix the compensation of all employees and to prescribe their duties. Notwithstanding the independence of the council under section 4(a), employees under this paragraph shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the purposes of participation in the Pennsylvania Employee Benefit Trust Fund.
(3) To make and execute contracts and other instruments, including those for purchase of services and purchase or leasing of equipment and supplies, necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers of the council. Any such contract shall be let only in accordance with the provision for contracting with vendors set forth in section 16.

(4) To conduct examinations and investigations, to conduct audits, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c), and to hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirmation, at public or private hearings, on any matter necessary to its duties.

(4.1) To provide hospitals with individualized data on patient safety indicators pursuant to section 6(c)(7). The data shall be risk adjusted and made available to hospitals electronically and free of charge on a quarterly basis within 45 days of receipt of the corrected quarterly data from the hospitals. The data is intended to provide the patient safety committee of each hospital with information necessary to assist in conducting patient safety analysis.

(5) To do all things necessary to carry out its duties under the provisions of this act.

(b) Rules and regulations.--The council shall promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the act of June 25, 1982 (P.L.633, No.181), known as the Regulatory Review Act, necessary to carry out its duties under this act. This subsection shall not apply to regulations in effect on June 30, 2008.

(c) Audit powers.--The council shall have the right to independently audit all information required to be submitted by data sources as needed to corroborate the accuracy of the
submitted data, pursuant to the following:

(1) Audits of information submitted by providers or health care insurers shall be performed on a sample and issue-specific basis, as needed by the council, and shall be coordinated, to the extent practicable, with audits performed by the Commonwealth. All health care insurers and providers are hereby required to make those books, records of accounts and any other data needed by the auditors available to the council at a convenient location within 30 days of a written notification by the council.

(2) Audits of information submitted by purchasers shall be performed on a sample basis, unless there exists reasonable cause to audit specific purchasers, but in no case shall the council have the power to audit financial statements of purchasers.

(3) All audits performed by the council shall be performed at the expense of the council.

(4) The results of audits of providers or health care insurers shall be provided to the audited providers and health care insurers on a timely basis, not to exceed 30 days beyond presentation of audit findings to the council.

(d) General duties and functions.--The council is hereby authorized to and shall perform the following duties and functions:

(1) Develop a computerized system for the collection, analysis and dissemination of data. The council may contract with a vendor who will provide such data processing services. The council shall assure that the system will be capable of processing all data required to be collected under this act. Any vendor selected by the council shall be selected in
accordance with the provisions of section 16, and said vendor
shall relinquish any and all proprietary rights or claims to
the data base created as a result of implementation of the
data processing system.

(2) Establish a Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and Billing
Form for all data sources and all providers which shall be
utilized and maintained by all data sources and all providers
for all services covered under this act.

(3) Collect and disseminate data, as specified in
section 6, and other information from data sources to which
the council is entitled, prepared according to formats, time
frames and confidentiality provisions as specified in
sections 6 and 10, and by the council.

(4) Adopt and implement a methodology to collect and
disseminate data reflecting provider quality and provider
service effectiveness pursuant to section 6.

(5) Subject to the restrictions on access to raw data
set forth in section 10, issue special reports and make
available raw data as defined in section 3 to any purchaser
requesting it. Sale by any recipient or exchange or
publication by a recipient, other than a purchaser, of raw
council data to other parties without the express written
consent of, and under terms approved by, the council shall be
unauthorized use of data pursuant to section 10(c).

(6) On an annual basis, publish in the Pennsylvania
Bulletin a list of all the raw data reports it has prepared
under section 10(f) and a description of the data obtained
through each computer-to-computer access it has provided
under section 10(f) and of the names of the parties to whom
the council provided the reports or the computer-to-computer
access during the previous month.

(7) Promote competition in the health care and health insurance markets.

(8) Assure that the use of council data does not raise access barriers to care.

(10) Make annual reports to the General Assembly on the rate of increase in the cost of health care in the Commonwealth and the effectiveness of the council in carrying out the legislative intent of this act. In addition, the council may make recommendations on the need for further health care cost containment legislation. The council shall also make annual reports to the General Assembly on the quality and effectiveness of health care and access to health care for all citizens of the Commonwealth.

(12) Conduct studies and publish reports thereon analyzing the effects that noninpatient, alternative health care delivery systems have on health care costs. These systems shall include, but not be limited to: HMO's; PPO's; primary health care facilities; home health care; attendant care; ambulatory service facilities; freestanding emergency centers; birthing centers; and hospice care. These reports shall be submitted to the General Assembly and shall be made available to the public.

(13) Conduct studies and make reports concerning the utilization of experimental and nonexperimental transplant surgery and other highly technical and experimental procedures, including costs and mortality rates.

Section 4. Section 6 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 6. Data submission and collection.
(a) (1) Submission of data.--The council is hereby authorized to collect and data sources are hereby required to submit, upon request of the council, all data required in this section, according to uniform submission formats, coding systems and other technical specifications necessary to render the incoming data substantially valid, consistent, compatible and manageable using electronic data processing according to data submission schedules, such schedules to avoid, to the extent possible, submission of identical data from more than one data source, established and promulgated by the council in regulations pursuant to its authority under section 5(b). If payor data is requested by the council, it shall, to the extent possible, be obtained from primary payor sources. The council shall not require any data sources to contract with any specific vendor for submission of any specific data elements to the council.

(1.1) Any data source shall comply with data submission guidelines established in the report submitted under section 17.2. The council shall maintain a vendor list of at least two vendors that may be chosen by any data source for submission of any specific data elements.

(2) Except as provided in this section, the council may adopt any nationally recognized methodology to adjust data submitted under subsection (c) for severity of illness. Every three years after the effective date of this paragraph, the council shall solicit bids from third-party vendors to adjust the data. The solicitation shall be in accordance with 62 Pa.C.S. (relating to procurement). In carrying out its responsibilities, the council shall not require health care facilities to report data elements which are not included in...
the manual developed by the national uniform billing
committee. The council shall publish in the Pennsylvania
Bulletin a list of diseases, procedures and medical
conditions, not to exceed 35, for which data under
subsections (c)(21) and (d) shall be required. The chosen
list shall not represent more than 50% of total hospital
discharges, based upon the previous year's hospital discharge
data. Subsequent to the publication of the list, any data
submission requirements under subsections (c)(21) and (d)
previously in effect shall be null and void for diseases,
procedures and medical conditions not found on the list. All
other data elements pursuant to subsection (c) shall continue
to be required from data sources. The council shall review
the list and may add no more than a net of three diseases,
procedures or medical conditions per year over a five-year
period starting on the effective date of this paragraph. The
adjusted list of diseases, procedures and medical conditions
shall at no time be more than 50% of total hospital
discharges.

(b) Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and Billing Form.--The
council shall maintain a Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and Billing
Form format. The council shall furnish said claims and billing
form format to all data sources, and said claims and billing
form shall be utilized and maintained by all data sources for
all services covered by this act. The Pennsylvania Uniform
Claims and Billing Form shall consist of the Uniform Hospital
Billing Form, as developed by the National Uniform Billing
Committee, with additional fields as necessary to provide all of
the data set forth in subsections (c) and (d).

(c) Data elements.--For each covered service performed in
Pennsylvania, the council shall be required to collect the following data elements:

(1) uniform patient identifier, continuous across multiple episodes and providers;

(2) patient date of birth;

(3) patient sex;

(3.1) patient race, consistent with the method of collection of race/ethnicity data by the United States Bureau of the Census and the United States Standard Certificate of Live Birth and United States Standard Certificate of Death;

(4) patient [ZIP Code] zip code number;

(5) date of admission;

(6) date of discharge;

(7) principal and secondary diagnoses by standard code, including external cause of injury, complication, infection and childbirth;

(8) principal procedure by council-specified standard code and date;

(9) up to three secondary procedures by council-specified standard codes and dates;

(10) uniform health care facility identifier, continuous across episodes, patients and providers;

(11) uniform identifier of admitting physician, by unique physician identification number established by the council, continuous across episodes, patients and providers;

(12) uniform identifier of consulting physicians, by unique physician identification number established by the council, continuous across episodes, patients and providers;

(13) total charges of health care facility, segregated
into major categories, including, but not limited to, room and board, radiology, laboratory, operating room, drugs, medical supplies and other goods and services according to guidelines specified by the council;

(14) actual payments to health care facility, segregated, if available, according to the categories specified in paragraph (13);

(15) charges of each physician or professional rendering service relating to an incident of hospitalization or treatment in an ambulatory service facility;

(16) actual payments to each physician or professional rendering service pursuant to paragraph (15);

(17) uniform identifier of primary payor;

(18) [ZIP Code] Zip code number of facility where health care service is rendered;

(19) uniform identifier for payor group contract number;

(20) patient discharge status; and

(21) provider service effectiveness and provider quality pursuant to section 5(d)(4) and subsection (d).

(d) Provider quality and provider service effectiveness data elements.—In carrying out its duty to collect data on provider quality and provider service effectiveness under section 5(d)(4) and subsection (c)(21), the council shall define a methodology to measure provider service effectiveness which may include additional data elements to be specified by the council sufficient to carry out its responsibilities under section 5(d)(4). The council shall not require health care insurers to report on data elements that are not reported to nationally recognized accrediting organizations, to the Department of Health or to the Insurance Department in quarterly or annual
reports. The council shall not require reporting by health care
insurers in different formats than are required for reporting to
nationally recognized accrediting organizations or on quarterly
or annual reports submitted to the Department of Health or to
the Insurance Department. The council may adopt the quality
findings as reported to nationally recognized accrediting
organizations. Additional quality data elements must be defined
and released for public comment prior to the promulgation of
regulations under section 5(b). The public comment period shall
be no less than 30 days from the release of these elements.

(e) Reserve field utilization and addition or deletion of
data elements.—The council shall include in the Pennsylvania
Uniform Claims and Billing Form a reserve field. The council may
utilize the reserve field by adding other data elements beyond
those required to carry out its responsibilities under section
5(d)(3) and (4) and subsections (c) and (d), or the council may
delete data elements from the Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and
Billing Form only by a majority vote of the council and only
pursuant to the following procedure:

(1) The council shall obtain a cost-benefit analysis of
the proposed addition or deletion which shall include the
cost to data sources of any proposed additions.

(2) The council shall publish notice of the proposed
addition or deletion, along with a copy or summary of the
cost-benefit analysis, in the Pennsylvania Bulletin, and such
notice shall include provision for a 60-day comment period.

(3) The council may hold additional hearings or request
such other reports as it deems necessary and shall consider
the comments received during the 60-day comment period and
any additional information gained through such hearings or
other reports in making a final determination on the proposed addition or deletion.

(f) Other data required to be submitted.--Providers are hereby required to submit and the council is hereby authorized to collect, in accordance with submission dates and schedules established by the council, the following additional data, provided such data is not available to the council from public records:

(1) Audited annual financial reports of all hospitals and ambulatory service facilities providing covered services as defined in section 3.

(2) The Medicare cost report for Medical Assistance or successor forms, including the settled Medicare cost report.

(3) Additional data, including, but not limited to, data which can be used in reports about:

(i) the incidence of medical and surgical procedures in the population for individual providers;

(ii) physicians who provide covered services and accept medical assistance patients;

(iii) physicians who provide covered services and accept Medicare assignment as full payment;

(v) mortality rates for specified diagnoses and treatments, grouped by severity, for individual providers;

(vi) rates of infection for specified diagnoses and treatments, grouped by severity, for individual providers;

(vii) morbidity rates for specified diagnoses and treatments, grouped by severity, for individual providers;
(viii) readmission rates for specified diagnoses and treatments, grouped by severity, for individual providers;
(ix) rate of incidence of postdischarge professional care for selected diagnoses and procedures, grouped by severity, for individual providers; and
(x) data from other public sources.

(4) Any other data the council requires to carry out its responsibilities pursuant to section 5(d).

(f.1) Review and correction of data.--The council shall provide a reasonable period for data sources to review and correct the data submitted under section 6 which the council intends to prepare and issue in reports to the General Assembly, to the general public or in special studies and reports under section 11. When corrections are provided, the council shall correct the appropriate data in its data files and subsequent reports.

(g) Allowance for clarification or dissents.--The council shall maintain a file of written statements submitted by data sources who wish to provide an explanation of data that they feel might be misleading or misinterpreted. The council shall provide access to such file to any person and shall, where practical, in its reports and data files indicate the availability of such statements. When the council agrees with such statements, it shall correct the appropriate data and comments in its data files and subsequent reports.

(g.1) Allowance for correction.--The council shall verify the patient safety indicator data submitted by hospitals pursuant to subsection (c)(7) within 60 days of receipt. The council may allow hospitals to make changes to the data.
submitted during the verification period. After the verification period, but within 45 days of receipt of the adjusted hospital data, the council shall risk adjust the information and provide reports to the patient safety committee of the relevant hospital.

(h) Availability of data.--Nothing in this act shall prohibit a purchaser from obtaining from its health care insurer, nor relieve said health care insurer from the obligation of providing said purchaser, on terms consistent with past practices, data previously provided or additional data not currently provided to said purchaser by said health care insurer pursuant to any existing or future arrangement, agreement or understanding.

Section 5. Sections 7, 8 and 9 of the act are reenacted to read:

Section 7. Data dissemination and publication.

(a) Public reports.--Subject to the restrictions on access to council data set forth in section 10 and utilizing the data collected under section 6 as well as other data, records and matters of record available to it, the council shall prepare and issue reports to the General Assembly and to the general public according to the following provisions:

(1) The council shall, for every provider of both inpatient and outpatient services within this Commonwealth and within appropriate regions and subregions, prepare and issue reports on provider quality and service effectiveness on diseases or procedures that, when ranked by volume, cost, payment and high variation in outcome, represent the best opportunity to improve overall provider quality, improve patient safety and provide opportunities for cost reduction.
These reports shall provide comparative information on the following:

(i) Differences in mortality rates; differences in length of stay; differences in complication rates; differences in readmission rates; differences in infection rates; and other comparative outcome measures the council may develop that will allow purchasers, providers and consumers to make purchasing and quality improvement decisions based upon quality patient care and to restrain costs.

(ii) The incidence rate of selected medical or surgical procedures, the quality and service effectiveness and the payments received for those providers, identified by the name and type or specialty, for which these elements vary significantly from the norms for all providers.

(2) In preparing its reports under paragraph (1), the council shall ensure that factors which have the effect of either reducing provider revenue or increasing provider costs and other factors beyond a provider's control which reduce provider competitiveness in the marketplace are explained in the reports. The council shall also ensure that any clarifications and dissents submitted by individual providers under section 6(g) are noted in any reports that include release of data on that individual provider.

(b) Raw data reports and computer access to council data.-- The council shall provide special reports derived from raw data and a means for computer-to-computer access to its raw data to any purchaser, pursuant to section 10(f). The council shall provide such reports and computer-to-computer access, at its
discretion, to other parties, pursuant to section 10(g). The
council shall provide these special reports and computer-to-
computer access in as timely a fashion as the council's
responsibilities to publish the public reports required in this
section will allow. Any such provision of special reports or
computer-to-computer access by the council shall be made only
subject to the restrictions on access to raw data set forth in
section 10(b) and only after payment for costs of preparation or
duplication pursuant to section 10(f) or (g).

Section 8. Health care for the medically indigent.

(a) Declaration of policy.--The General Assembly finds that
every person in this Commonwealth should receive timely and
appropriate health care services from any provider operating in
this Commonwealth; that, as a continuing condition of licensure,
each provider should offer and provide medically necessary,
lifesaving and emergency health care services to every person in
this Commonwealth, regardless of financial status or ability to
pay; and that health care facilities may transfer patients only
in instances where the facility lacks the staff or facilities to
properly render definitive treatment.

(b) Studies on indigent care.--To reduce the undue burden on
the several providers that disproportionately treat medically
indigent people on an uncompensated basis, to contain the long-
term costs generated by untreated or delayed treatment of
illness and disease and to determine the most appropriate means
of treating and financing the treatment of medically indigent
persons, the council, at the request of the Governor or the
General Assembly, may undertake studies and utilize its current
data base to:

(1) Study and analyze the medically indigent population,
the magnitude of uncompensated care for the medically
indigent, the degree of access to and the result of any lack
of access by the medically indigent to appropriate care, the
types of providers and the settings in which they provide
indigent care and the cost of the provision of that care
pursuant to subsection (c).

(2) Determine, from studies undertaken under paragraph
(1), a definition of the medically indigent population and
the most appropriate method for the delivery of timely and
appropriate health care services to the medically indigent.

(c) Studies.--The council shall conduct studies pursuant to
subsection (b)(1) and thereafter report to the Governor and the
General Assembly the results of the studies and its
recommendations. The council may contract with an independent
vendor to conduct the study in accordance with the provisions
for selecting vendors in section 16. The study shall include,
but not be limited to, the following:

(1) the number and characteristics of the medically
indigent population, including such factors as income,
employment status, health status, patterns of health care
utilization, type of health care needed and utilized,
eligibility for health care insurance, distribution of this
population on a geographic basis and by age, sex and racial
or linguistic characteristics, and the changes in these
characteristics, including the following:

(i) the needs and problems of indigent persons in
urban areas;

(ii) the needs and problems of indigent persons in
rural areas;

(iii) the needs and problems of indigent persons who

are members of racial or linguistic minorities;

(iv) the needs and problems of indigent persons in
areas of high unemployment; and

(v) the needs and problems of the underinsured;

(2) the degree of and any change in access of this
population to sources of health care, including hospitals,
physicians and other providers;

(3) the distribution and means of financing indigent
care between and among providers, insurers, government,
purchasers and consumers, and the effect of that distribution
on each;

(4) the major types of care rendered to the indigent,
the setting in which each type of care is rendered and the
need for additional care of each type by the indigent;

(5) the likely impact of changes in the health delivery
system, including managed care entities, and the effects of
cost containment in the Commonwealth on the access to,
availability of and financing of needed care for the
indigent, including the impact on providers which provide a
disproportionate amount of care to the indigent;

(6) the distribution of delivered care and actual cost
to render such care by provider, region and subregion;

(7) the provision of care to the indigent through
improvements in the primary health care system, including the
management of needed hospital care by primary care providers;

(8) innovative means to finance and deliver care to the
medically indigent; and

(9) reduction in the dependence of indigent persons on
hospital services through improvements in preventive health
measures.
Section 9. Mandated health benefits.

In relation to current law or proposed legislation, the council shall, upon the request of the appropriate committee chairman in the Senate and in the House of Representatives or upon the request of the Secretary of Health, provide information on the proposed mandated health benefit pursuant to the following:

(1) The General Assembly hereby declares that proposals for mandated health benefits or mandated health insurance coverage should be accompanied by adequate, independently certified documentation defining the social and financial impact and medical efficacy of the proposal. To that end the council, upon receipt of such requests, is hereby authorized to conduct a preliminary review of the material submitted by both proponents and opponents concerning the proposed mandated benefit. If, after this preliminary review, the council is satisfied that both proponents and opponents have submitted sufficient documentation necessary for a review pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4), the council is directed to contract with individuals, pursuant to the selection procedures for vendors set forth in section 16, who will constitute a Mandated Benefits Review Panel to review mandated benefits proposals and provide independently certified documentation, as provided for in this section.

(2) The panel shall consist of senior researchers, each of whom shall be a recognized expert:

   (i) one in health research;

   (ii) one in biostatistics;

   (iii) one in economic research;

   (iv) one, a physician, in the appropriate specialty.
with current knowledge of the subject being proposed as a mandated benefit; and

(v) one with experience in insurance or actuarial research.

(3) The Mandated Benefits Review Panel shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

(i) To review documentation submitted by persons proposing or opposing mandated benefits within 90 days of submission of said documentation to the panel.

(ii) To report to the council, pursuant to its review in subparagraph (i), the following:

(A) Whether or not the documentation is complete as defined in paragraph (4).

(B) Whether or not the research cited in the documentation meets professional standards.

(C) Whether or not all relevant research respecting the proposed mandated benefit has been cited in the documentation.

(D) Whether or not the conclusions and interpretations in the documentation are consistent with the data submitted.

(4) To provide the Mandated Benefits Review Panel with sufficient information to carry out its duties and responsibilities pursuant to paragraph (3), persons proposing or opposing legislation mandating benefits coverage should submit documentation to the council, pursuant to the procedure established in paragraph (5), which demonstrates the following:

(i) The extent to which the proposed benefit and the services it would provide are needed by, available to and
utilized by the population of the Commonwealth.

(ii) The extent to which insurance coverage for the proposed benefit already exists, or if no such coverage exists, the extent to which this lack of coverage results in inadequate health care or financial hardship for the population of the Commonwealth.

(iii) The demand for the proposed benefit from the public and the source and extent of opposition to mandating the benefit.

(iv) All relevant findings bearing on the social impact of the lack of the proposed benefit.

(v) Where the proposed benefit would mandate coverage of a particular therapy, the results of at least one professionally accepted, controlled trial comparing the medical consequences of the proposed therapy, alternative therapies and no therapy.

(vi) Where the proposed benefit would mandate coverage of an additional class of practitioners, the results of at least one professionally accepted, controlled trial comparing the medical results achieved by the additional class of practitioners and those practitioners already covered by benefits.

(vii) The results of any other relevant research.

(viii) Evidence of the financial impact of the proposed legislation, including at least:

(A) The extent to which the proposed benefit would increase or decrease cost for treatment or service.

(B) The extent to which similar mandated benefits in other states have affected charges, costs
and payments for services.

(C) The extent to which the proposed benefit would increase the appropriate use of the treatment or service.

(D) The impact of the proposed benefit on administrative expenses of health care insurers.

(E) The impact of the proposed benefits on benefits costs of purchasers.

(F) The impact of the proposed benefits on the total cost of health care within the Commonwealth.

(5) The procedure for review of documentation is as follows:

(i) Any person wishing to submit information on proposed legislation mandating insurance benefits for review by the panel should submit the documentation specified in paragraph (4) to the council.

(ii) The council shall, within 30 days of receipt of the documentation:

(A) Publish in the Pennsylvania Bulletin notice of receipt of the documentation, a description of the proposed legislation, provision for a period of 60 days for public comment and the time and place at which any person may examine the documentation.

(B) Submit copies of the documentation to the Secretary of Health and the Insurance Commissioner, who shall review and submit comments to the council on the proposed legislation within 30 days.

(C) Submit copies of the documentation to the panel, which shall review the documentation and issue their findings, pursuant to paragraph (3), within 90
days.

(iii) Upon receipt of the comments of the Secretary of Health and the Insurance Commissioner and of the findings of the panel, pursuant to subparagraph (ii), but no later than 120 days following the publication required in subparagraph (ii), the council shall submit said comments and findings, together with its recommendations respecting the proposed legislation, to the Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of Health, the Insurance Commissioner and the person who submitted the information pursuant to subparagraph (i).

Section 6. Section 10 of the act is reenacted and amended to read:

Section 10. Right-to-Know Law and access to council data.

(a) Public access.--The information and data received by the council shall be utilized by the council for the benefit of the public and public officials. Subject to the specific limitations set forth in this section and section 3101.1 of the act of February 14, 2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law, the council shall make determinations on requests for information in favor of access. Payor discounts and allowances are considered confidential proprietary information and, as such, are not records subject to the requirements for public access established under the Right-to-Know Law.

(a.1) Outreach programs.--The council shall develop and implement outreach programs designed to make its information understandable and usable to purchasers, providers, other Commonwealth agencies and the general public. The programs shall include efforts to educate through pamphlets, booklets, seminars
and other appropriate measures and to facilitate making more informed health care choices.

(b) Limitations on access.--Unless specifically provided for in this act, neither the council nor any contracting system vendor shall release and no data source, person, member of the public or other user of any data of the council shall gain access to:

(1) Any raw data of the council that does not simultaneously disclose payment, as well as provider quality and provider service effectiveness pursuant to sections 5(d) (4) and 6(d) [or 7(a)(1)(iii)].

(2) Any raw data of the council which could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of an individual patient.

(3) Any raw data of the council which could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of any purchaser, as defined in section 3, other than a purchaser requesting data on its own group or an entity entitled to said purchaser's data pursuant to subsection (f).

(4) Any raw data of the council relating to actual payments to any identified provider made by any purchaser, except that this provision shall not apply to access by a purchaser requesting data on the group for which it purchases or otherwise provides covered services or to access to that same data by an entity entitled to the purchaser's data pursuant to subsection (f).

(5) Any raw data disclosing discounts or allowances between identified payors and providers unless the data is released in a Statewide, aggregate format that does not identify any individual payor or class of payors, directly or indirectly through the use of a market share, and unless the
council assures that the release of such information is not prejudicial or inequitable to any individual payor or provider or group thereof. Payor data shall be released to individual providers for purposes of verification and validation prior to inclusion in a public report. An individual provider shall verify and validate the payor data within 30 days of its release to that specific individual provider.

(c) Unauthorized use of data.--Any person who knowingly releases council data violating the patient confidentiality, actual payments, discount data or raw data safeguards set forth in this section to an unauthorized person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of $10,000 or to imprisonment for not more than five years, or both. An unauthorized person who knowingly receives or possesses such data commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(d) Unauthorized access to data.--Should any person inadvertently or by council error gain access to data that violates the safeguards set forth in this section, the data must immediately be returned, without duplication, to the council with proper notification.

(e) Public access to records.--All public reports prepared by the council shall be public records and shall be available to the public for a reasonable fee, and copies shall be provided, upon request of the chair, to the Public Health and Welfare Committee of the Senate and the Health and Welfare Committee of the House of Representatives.

(f) Access to raw council data by purchasers.--Pursuant to sections 5(d)(5) and 7(b) and subject to the limitations on access set forth in subsection (b), the council shall provide
access to its raw data to purchasers in accordance with the following procedure:

(1) Special reports derived from raw data of the council shall be provided by the council to any purchaser requesting such reports.

(2) A means to enable computer-to-computer access by any purchaser to raw data of the council as defined in section 3 shall be developed, adopted and implemented by the council, and the council shall provide such access to its raw data to any purchaser upon request.

(3) In the event that any employer obtains from the council, pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2), data pertaining to its employees and their dependents for whom said employer purchases or otherwise provides covered services as defined in section 3 and who are represented by a certified collective bargaining representative, said collective bargaining representative shall be entitled to that same data, after payment of fees as specified in paragraph (4). Likewise, should a certified collective bargaining representative obtain from the council, pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2), data pertaining to its members and their dependents who are employed by and for whom covered services are purchased or otherwise provided by any employer, said employer shall be entitled to that same data, after payment of fees as specified in paragraph (4).

(4) In providing for access to its raw data, the council shall charge the purchasers which originally obtained such access a fee sufficient to cover its costs to prepare and provide special reports requested pursuant to paragraph (1) or to provide computer-to-computer access to its raw data.
requested pursuant to paragraph (2). Should a second or subsequent party or parties request this same information pursuant to paragraph (3), the council shall charge said party a reasonable fee.

(g) Access to raw council data by other parties.--Subject to the limitations on access to raw council data set forth in subsection (b), the council may, at its discretion, provide special reports derived from its raw data or computer-to-computer access to parties other than purchasers. The council shall publish regulations that set forth the criteria and the procedure it shall use in making determinations on such access, pursuant to the powers vested in the council in section 4. In providing such access, the council shall charge the party requesting the access a reasonable fee.

Section 7. Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.1, 17.2 and 18 of the act are reenacted to read:

Section 11. Special studies and reports.

(a) Special studies.--Any Commonwealth agency may publish or contract for publication of special studies. Any special study so published shall become a public document.

(b) Special reports.--

(1) Any Commonwealth agency may study and issue a report on the special medical needs, demographic characteristics, access or lack thereof to health care services and need for financing of health care services of:

(i) Senior citizens, particularly low-income senior citizens, senior citizens who are members of minority groups and senior citizens residing in low-income urban or rural areas.

(ii) Low-income urban or rural areas.
(iii) Minority communities.
(iv) Women.
(v) Children.
(vi) Unemployed workers.
(vii) Veterans.

The reports shall include information on the current availability of services to these targeted parts of the population, and whether access to such services has increased or decreased over the past ten years, and specific recommendations for the improvement of their primary care and health delivery systems, including disease prevention and comprehensive health care services. The department may also study and report on the effects of using prepaid, capitated or HMO health delivery systems as ways to promote the delivery of primary health care services to the underserved segments of the population enumerated above.

(2) The department may study and report on the short-term and long-term fiscal and programmatic impact on the health care consumer of changes in ownership of hospitals from nonprofit to profit, whether through purchase, merger or the like. The department may also study and report on factors which have the effect of either reducing provider revenue or increasing provider cost, and other factors beyond a provider's control which reduce provider competitiveness in the marketplace, are explained in the reports.

Section 12. Enforcement; penalty.

(a) Compliance enforcement.--The council shall have standing to bring an action in law or in equity through private counsel in any court of common pleas to enforce compliance with any provision of this act, except section 11, or any requirement or
appropriate request of the council made pursuant to this act. In
addition, the Attorney General is authorized and shall bring any
such enforcement action in aid of the council in any court of
common pleas at the request of the council in the name of the
Commonwealth.

(b) Penalty.--

(1) Any person who fails to supply data pursuant to
section 6 may be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed
$1,000 for each day the data is not submitted.

(2) Any person who knowingly submits inaccurate data
under section 6 commits a misdemeanor of the third degree and
shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000
or to imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

Section 13. Research and demonstration projects.
The council shall actively encourage research and
demonstrations to design and test improved methods of assessing
provider quality, provider service effectiveness and efficiency.
To that end, provided that no data submission requirements in a
mandated demonstration may exceed the current reserve field on
the Pennsylvania Uniform Claims and Billing Form, the council
may:

(1) Authorize contractors engaged in health services
research selected by the council, pursuant to the provisions
of section 16, to have access to the council's raw data
files, providing such entities assume any contractual
obligations imposed by the council to assure patient identity
confidentiality.

(2) Place data sources participating in research and
demonstrations on different data submission requirements from
other data sources in this Commonwealth.
(3) Require data source participation in research and
demonstration projects when this is the only testing method
the council determines is promising.

Section 14. Grievances and grievance procedures.
(a) Procedures and requirements.--Pursuant to its powers to
publish regulations under section 5(b) and with the requirements
of this section, the council is hereby authorized and directed
to establish procedures and requirements for the filing, hearing
and adjudication of grievances against the council of any data
source. Such procedures and requirements shall be published in
the Pennsylvania Bulletin pursuant to law.
(b) Claims; hearings.--Grievance claims of any data source
shall be submitted to the council or to a third party designated
by the council, and the council or the designated third party
shall convene a hearing, if requested, and adjudicate the
grievance.

Section 15. Antitrust provisions.
Persons or entities required to submit data or information
under this act or receiving data or information from the council
in accordance with this act are declared to be acting pursuant
to State requirements embodied in this act and shall be exempt
from antitrust claims or actions grounded upon submission or
receipt of such data or information.

Section 16. Contracts with vendors.
Any contract with any vendor other than a sole source vendor
for purchase of services or for purchase or lease of supplies
and equipment related to the council's powers and duties shall
be let only after a public bidding process and only in
accordance with the following provisions, and no contract shall
be let by the council that does not conform to these provisions:
(1) The council shall prepare specifications fully describing the services to be rendered or equipment or supplies to be provided by a vendor and shall make these specifications available for inspection by any person at the council's offices during normal working hours and at such other places and such other times as the council deems advisable.

(2) The council shall publish notice of invitations to bid in the Pennsylvania Bulletin. The council shall also publish such notice in at least four newspapers in general circulation in the Commonwealth on at least three occasions at intervals of not less than three days. Said notice shall include at least the following:

   (i) The deadline for submission of bids by prospective vendors, which shall be no sooner than 30 days following the latest publication of the notice as prescribed in this paragraph.

   (ii) The locations, dates and times during which prospective vendors can examine the specifications required in paragraph (1).

   (iii) The date, time and place of the meeting or meetings of the council at which bids will be opened and accepted.

   (iv) A statement to the effect that any person is eligible to bid.

(3) Bids shall be accepted as follows:

   (i) No council member who is affiliated in any way with any bidder shall vote on the awarding of any contract for which said bidder has submitted a bid, and any council member who has an affiliation with a bidder
shall state the nature of the affiliation prior to any
vote of the council.

(ii) Bids shall be opened and reviewed by the
appropriate council committee, which shall make
recommendations to the council on approval. Bids shall be
accepted and such acceptance shall be announced only at a
public meeting of the council as defined in section 4(e),
and no bids shall be accepted at an executive session of
the council.

(iii) The council may require that a certified
check, in an amount determined by the council, accompany
every bid, and, when so required, no bid shall be
accepted unless so accompanied.

(4) In order to prevent any party from deliberately
underbidding contracts in order to gain or prevent access to
council data, the council may award any contract at its
discretion, regardless of the amount of the bid, pursuant to
the following:

(i) Any bid accepted must reasonably reflect the
actual cost of services provided.

(ii) Any vendor so selected by the council shall be
found by the council to be of such character and such
integrity as to assure, to the maximum extent possible,
adherence to all the provisions of this act in the
 provision of contracted services.

(iii) The council may require the selected vendor to
furnish, within 20 days after the contract has been
awarded, a bond with suitable and reasonable requirements
guaranteeing the services to be performed with sufficient
surety in an amount determined by the council, and upon
failure to furnish such bond within the time specified, the previous award shall be void.

(5) The council shall make efforts to assure that its vendors have established affirmative action plans to assure equal opportunity policies for hiring and promoting employees.

Section 17.1. Reporting.

The council shall provide an annual report of its financial expenditures to the Appropriations Committee of the Senate and the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives.


(a) Establishment.--There is established an independent committee to be known as the Health Care Cost Containment Council Act Review Committee.

(b) Composition.--The committee shall consist of the following voting members composed of and appointed as follows:

(1) One member appointed by the Governor.

(2) Four members appointed by the General Assembly, one of whom appointed by each of the following:

(i) one by the President pro tempore of the Senate;

(ii) one by the Minority Leader of the Senate;

(iii) one by the Majority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

(iv) one by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(3) Two representatives of the business community, at least one of whom represents small business, and neither of whom is primarily involved in the provision of health care or health insurance, one of whom appointed by the President pro
tempore of the Senate and one of whom appointed by the
Speaker of the House of Representatives from a list of four
qualified persons recommended by the Pennsylvania Chamber of
Business and Industry.

(4) Two representatives of organized labor, one of whom
appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and one
of whom appointed by the Speaker of the House of
Representatives from a list of four qualified persons
recommended by the Pennsylvania AFL-CIO.

(5) One representative of consumers who is not primarily
involved in the provision of health care or health care
insurance, appointed by the Governor from a list of three
qualified persons recommended jointly by the President pro
tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives.

(6) One representative of a health care facility,
appointed by the Governor from a list of three qualified
hospital representatives recommended by the Hospital and
Health System Association of Pennsylvania.

(7) One representative of physicians, appointed by the
Governor from a list of three qualified physician
representatives recommended jointly by the Pennsylvania
Medical Society and the Pennsylvania Osteopathic Medical
Society.

(8) One representative of nurses, appointed by the
Governor from a list of three qualified representatives
recommended by the Pennsylvania State Nurses Association.

(9) One representative of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield
plans in Pennsylvania, pursuant to 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 61
(relation to Hospital Plan Corporations), appointed by the
Governor from a list of three qualified persons recommended jointly by the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans of Pennsylvania.

(10) One representative of commercial insurance carriers, appointed by the Governor from a list of three qualified persons recommended by the Insurance Federation of Pennsylvania, Inc.

(c) Chairperson.—The appointment made by the Governor under subsection (b)(1) shall serve as chairman of the committee.

(d) Quorum.—Eleven members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and action by the majority of the members present at any meeting in which there is a quorum shall be deemed to be action of the committee.

(e) Meetings.—

(1) All meetings of the committee shall be advertised and conducted pursuant to 65 Pa.C.S. Ch. 7 (relating to open meetings).

(2) All action taken by the committee shall be taken in open public session, and action of the committee shall not be taken except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the committee present during meetings at which a quorum is present.

(f) Compensation and expenses.—The members of the committee shall not receive a salary or per diem allowance for serving as members of the committee but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Expenses may include reimbursement of travel and living expenses while engaged in committee business.

(g) Commencement of committee.—

(1) Within 15 days after the effective date of this
section, each organization or individual required to submit a list of recommended persons to the Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives under subsection (b) shall submit the list.

(2) Within 30 days of the effective date of this section, the Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall make the appointments called for in subsection (b), and the committee shall begin operations immediately following the appointments.

(h) Responsibilities of the committee.--The committee shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To study, review and recommend changes to this act.

(2) To accept and review suggested changes to this act submitted by members of the committee.

(3) To approve, by a majority vote of the members of the committee, a report recommending statutory changes to this act. The report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

   (i) The establishment of an Internet database for the general public showing Medicare reimbursement rates for common covered services and treatment.

   (ii) In consultation with experts in the fields of quality data and outcome measures, the definition and implementation of:

       (A) A methodology by provider type for the council to risk-adjust quality data.

       (B) A methodology for the council to collect and disseminate data reflecting provider quality and provider service effectiveness.

(4) To submit the report approved under paragraph (3) to
the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of
the House of Representatives within six months after the
effective date of this section.

(i) Committee support.--The council shall offer staff and
administrative support from the council or its work groups
necessary for the committee to carry out its duties under this
section.

Section 18. Severability.

The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of
this act or its application to any person or circumstance is
held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions
or applications of this act which can be given effect without
the invalid provision or application.

Section 8. Section 19 of the act is reenacted and amended to
read:

Section 19. Sunset.

This act shall expire June 30, [2014, unless reenacted prior
to that date] 2020. By September 1, [2013] 2019, a written
report by the Legislative Budget and Finance Committee
evaluating the management, visibility, awareness and performance
of the council shall be provided to the Public Health and
Welfare Committee of the Senate and the Health and Human
Services Committee of the House of Representatives. The report
shall include a review of the council's procedures and policies,
the availability and quality of data for completing reports,
whether there is a more cost-efficient way of accomplishing the
objectives of the council and the need for reauthorization of
the council.

Section 9. Section 20 of the act is reenacted to read:

Section 20. Effective date.
This act shall take effect immediately.

Section 10. In accordance with section 11 of this act, the following apply to the period from June 29, 2014, to the effective date of this section:

(1) There is no lapse in membership on the Health Care Cost Containment Council.

(2) Any action taken by the council is validated.

(3) There shall be no lapse in the employment relationship for employees of the council. This paragraph includes salary, seniority, benefits and retirement eligibility of the employees.

Section 11. This act shall apply retroactively to June 29, 2008.

Section 12. This act shall take effect immediately.