THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 1237 Session of 2014

INTRODUCED BY YAW, RAFFERTY, FONTANA, VOGEL, YUDICHAK, HUGHES, GREENLEAF, COSTA, BAKER, SCARNATI, VULAKOVICH, KASUNIC, SOLOBAY AND BROWNE, JANUARY 24, 2014

SENATOR YAW, ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, AS AMENDED, MARCH 11, 2014

AN ACT

- 1 Providing for protection for a royalty interest owner LESSOR of <--
- 2 natural gas rights who reports a violation or suspected
- 3 violation of a contractual agreement and for remedies and
- 4 penalties.
- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:
- 7 Section 1. Short title.
- 8 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Natural Gas
- 9 Lease Anti-Retaliation Act.
- 10 Section 2. Definitions.
- 11 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 12 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 13 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 14 "Good faith action." A claim, demand or complaint intended
- 15 to secure rights granted under a lease or to determine whether
- 16 the terms of a lease are being complied with, including, but not
- 17 limited to, a request for an accounting of any costs, taxes or
- 18 fees allowed to be deducted from royalty payments by lessee,

- 1 that is made without malice or ulterior motive and which the
- 2 lessor or a party acting on the lessor's behalf reasonably
- 3 believes to be valid and legally correct.
- 4 "Lessee." Any person who has obtained the right to explore,
- 5 drill, stimulate, produce, market and sell oil, gas and natural
- 6 gas liquids, or any portion thereof, pursuant to a properly
- 7 executed lease.
- 8 "Lessor." The owner of the oil and gas in place, who
- 9 controls the oil and gas rights and has executed a lease.
- 10 Section 3. Protection of royalty interest owners LESSORS.
- 11 No lessor LESSEE may retaliate by ceasing development or <--

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- 12 production or take other reprisals against a lessor because $\frac{1}{2}$
- 13 THE lessor takes a good faith action, as defined in this act.
- 14 Section 4. Remedies.
- 15 (a) Civil action. -- A person LESSOR who alleges a violation <--
- 16 of section 3 may bring a civil action in a court of competent
- 17 jurisdiction for appropriate injunctive relief or damages, or
- 18 both, within one year after the occurrence of the alleged
- 19 violation.
- 20 (b) Necessary showing of evidence. -- A lessor alleging a
- 21 violation of this act must show by a preponderance of the
- 22 evidence that its action meets the definition of a good faith
- 23 action and that a retaliatory action was taken by the lessee
- 24 after it became aware of the good faith action of the lessor.
- 25 (c) Defense.--It shall be a defense to an action under this
- 26 section if the lessee proves by a preponderance of the evidence
- 27 that the action by the lessee was authorized under the terms of
- 28 the lease or occurred for legitimate business reasons.
- 29 Section 5. Enforcement.
- 30 A court that WHICH finds in favor of the lessor shall MAY

- 1 order the lessee to pay appropriate REASONABLE damages to the
- 2 lessor and may impose a civil fine of up to \$1,000 per day for
- 3 each day the provisions of section 3 have been violated. A court
- 4 which finds that an action has been instituted for other than a
- 5 good faith action as defined in this act may order the lessor to <--

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- 6 pay reasonable damage to the lessee.
- 7 Section 6. Effective date.
- 8 This act shall take effect in 60 days.