THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 1442 Session of 2012

INTRODUCED BY M. WHITE, BAKER, PIPPY, GREENLEAF, FONTANA, STACK, ARGALL, SOLOBAY, ERICKSON, WAUGH, MENSCH, BRUBAKER AND EARLL, MARCH 16, 2012

SENATOR CORMAN, APPROPRIATIONS, RE-REPORTED AS AMENDED, SEPTEMBER 24, 2012

AN ACT

- 1 Amending Title 51 (Military Affairs) of the Pennsylvania
- 2 Consolidated Statutes, repealing and adding sections related
- to military justice; and establishing the State Military
- 4 Justice Fund.
- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:
- 7 Section 1. Chapter 51 heading, sections 5100, 5101, 5102,
- 8 5103, 5104, 5105 and 5106, Chapter 52 heading, sections 5201,
- 9 5202, 5203, 5204, 5205, 5206, 5207 and 5208, Chapter 53 heading,
- 10 section 5301, Chapter 54 heading, sections 5401, 5402, 5403,
- 11 5404, 5405, 5406, 5407 and 5408, Chapter 55 heading, sections
- 12 5501, 5502, 5503, 5504, 5505, 5506, 5507 and 5508, Chapter 56
- 13 heading, sections 5601, 5602, 5603, 5604, 5605 and 5606, Chapter
- 14 57 heading, sections 5701, 5702, 5703, 5704, 5705, 5706, 5707,
- 15 5708, 5709, 5710, 5711, 5712, 5713, 5714, 5715, 5716, 5717, 5718
- 16 and 5719, Chapter 58 heading, sections 5801, 5802, 5803 and
- 17 5804, Chapter 59 heading, sections 5901, 5902, 5903, 5904, 5905,
- 18 5906, 5907, 5908, 5909, 5910, 5911, 5912, 5913, 5914, 5915 and

- 1 5916, Chapter 60 heading, sections 6001, 6002, 6003, 6004, 6005,
- 2 6006, 6007, 6008, 6009, 6010, 6011, 6012, 6013, 6014, 6015,
- 3 6016, 6017, 6018, 6019, 6020, 6021, 6022, 6023, 6024, 6025,
- 4 6026, 6027, 6028, 6029, 6030, 6031, 6032, 6033, 6034, 6035,
- 5 6036, 6037, 6038, 6039, 6040, 6041, 6042, 6043, 6044, 6045, 6046
- 6 and 6047, Chapter 61 heading and sections 6101, 6102, 6103,
- 7 6104, 6105, 6106, 6107, 6108, 6109, 6110, 6111 and 6112 of Title
- 8 51 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are repealed:
- 9 [CHAPTER 51
- 10 GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 11 § 5100. Short title of part.
- 12 This part shall be known and may be cited as the
- 13 "Pennsylvania Code of Military Justice."
- 14 § 5101. Definitions.
- The following words and phrases when used in this part shall
- 16 have, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
- 17 meanings given to them in this section:
- 18 "Accuser." A person who signs and swears to charges, any
- 19 person who directs that charges nominally be signed and sworn to
- 20 by another, or any person who has an interest other than an
- 21 official interest in the prosecution of the accused.
- 22 "Active State duty." Full-time duty in the active military
- 23 service of the Commonwealth under an order of the Governor, or
- 24 by a superior commissioned officer pursuant to law. It includes
- 25 travel to and from such duty.
- 26 "Adjutant General." The Adjutant General of the Commonwealth
- 27 of Pennsylvania.
- 28 "Convening authority." Includes, in addition to the person
- 29 who convened the court, a commissioned officer commanding for
- 30 the time being, or a successor in command.

- 1 "Duty status." Includes any periods of drill, annual field
- 2 training, active State duty and such other training, and service
- 3 as may be required under State or Federal laws, regulations or
- 4 orders, and includes travel to and from such duty.
- 5 "Enemy." Includes, for the purposes of the punitive
- 6 provisions of this part, not only the organized forces of a
- 7 hostile nation in time of war but also any hostile body the
- 8 State military forces may be opposing, such as looters, a riot,
- 9 a rebellious mob or band of renegades or outlaws.
- "Enlisted person." A person in an enlisted grade.
- "Federal service." Periods of active duty other than active
- 12 State duty, but excludes active duty for training, active duty
- 13 for periods of less than 30 days, and active duty for the
- 14 purpose of attending service schools.
- "Grade." A step or degree, in a graduated scale of office or
- 16 military rank, that is established and designated as a grade by
- 17 law or regulation.
- 18 "May." Is used in a permissive sense. The words "no person
- 19 may..... means that no person is required, authorized,
- 20 or permitted to do the act prescribed.
- 21 "Military." Any or all of the armed forces.
- 22 "Military court." A court-martial, a court of inquiry, or a
- 23 provost court.
- 24 "Military judge." An official of a general or special court-
- 25 martial appointed in accordance with section 5505 (relating to
- 26 military judge of a general or special court-martial).
- 27 "Officer." Commissioned or warrant officer.
- 28 "Rank." The order of precedence among members of the State
- 29 military forces.
- 30 "State Judge Advocate." The commissioned officer responsible

- 1 for supervising the administration of the military justice in
- 2 the State military forces. He shall be the military staff judge
- 3 advocate to the Governor.
- 4 "Superior commissioned officer." A commissioned officer
- 5 superior in rank and command.
- 6 § 5102. Persons subject to part.
- 7 This part applies to all members of the State military forces
- 8 who are not in Federal service.
- 9 § 5103. Jurisdiction to try certain personnel.
- 10 (a) Discharge obtained fraudulently. -- Each person subject to
- 11 this part discharged from the State military forces who is later
- 12 charged with having fraudulently obtained his discharge shall
- 13 be, subject to section 5708 (relating to statute of
- 14 limitations), subject to trial by court-martial on said charge
- 15 and shall after apprehension be subject to this part while in
- 16 the custody of the military for such trial. Upon conviction of
- 17 said charge he shall be subject to trial by court-martial for
- 18 all offenses under this part committed before the fraudulent
- 19 discharge.
- 20 (b) Deserters. -- No person subject to this part who has
- 21 deserted from the State military forces shall be relieved from
- 22 amenability to the jurisdiction of this part by virtue of a
- 23 separation from any subsequent period of service.
- 24 § 5104. Dismissal of commissioned officer.
- 25 (a) Court-martial proceedings. -- Any commissioned officer,
- 26 subject to this part dismissed by order of the Governor, may
- 27 make a written application for trial by court-martial, setting
- 28 forth, under oath, that he has been wrongfully dismissed. In
- 29 such event, the Governor, as soon as practicable, shall convene
- 30 a general court-martial to try such officer on the charges on

- 1 which he was dismissed. A court-martial so convened shall have
- 2 jurisdiction to try the dismissed officer on such charge, and he
- 3 shall be considered to have waived the right to plead any
- 4 statute of limitations applicable to any offense with which he
- 5 is charged. The court-martial may, as part of its sentence,
- 6 adjudge the affirmance of the dismissal, but if the court-
- 7 martial acquits the accused or if the sentence adjudged, as
- 8 finally approved or affirmed, does not include dismissal, the
- 9 Adjutant General shall substitute for the dismissal ordered by
- 10 the Governor a form of discharge authorized for administrative
- 11 issue.
- 12 (b) Failure to convene court-martial.--If the Governor fails
- 13 to convene a general court-martial within six months from the
- 14 presentation of an application for trial under this section, the
- 15 Adjutant General shall substitute for the dismissal ordered by
- 16 the Governor a form of discharge authorized for administrative
- 17 issue.
- 18 § 5105. Territorial applicability.
- 19 (a) General rule. -- This part applies throughout this
- 20 Commonwealth. It also applies to all persons otherwise subject
- 21 to this part while they are serving outside this Commonwealth,
- 22 and while they are going to and returning from such service
- 23 outside this Commonwealth, in the same manner and to the same
- 24 extent as if they were serving inside this Commonwealth.
- 25 (b) Location of proceedings. -- Courts-martial and courts of
- 26 inquiry may be convened and held in units of the State military
- 27 forces while those units are serving outside this Commonwealth
- 28 with the same jurisdiction and powers as to persons subject to
- 29 this part as if the proceedings were held inside this
- 30 Commonwealth, and persons subject to this part accused of

- 1 committing offenses outside this Commonwealth shall be subject
- 2 to trial and punishment either inside or outside this
- 3 Commonwealth.
- 4 § 5106. Judge advocates and legal officers.
- 5 (a) Appointment of State Judge Advocate. -- The Governor, on
- 6 the recommendation of the Adjutant General, shall appoint a
- 7 judge advocate officer of the State military forces as State
- 8 Judge Advocate. To be eligible for appointment, such officer
- 9 shall have been a member of the bar of the Supreme Court of
- 10 Pennsylvania for at least five years.
- 11 (b) Appointment of assistants. -- The Adjutant General may
- 12 appoint as many assistant State judge advocates as he considers
- 13 necessary. To be eligible for appointment, assistant State judge
- 14 advocates must be judge advocate officers of the State military
- 15 forces and members of the bar of the Supreme Court of
- 16 Pennsylvania.
- 17 (c) Field inspections. -- The State Judge Advocate or his
- 18 assistants shall make frequent inspections in the field in
- 19 supervision of the administration of military justice.
- 20 (d) Direct communications. -- Convening authorities shall at
- 21 all times communicate directly with their staff judge advocates
- 22 or legal officer in matters relating to the administration of
- 23 military justice; and the staff judge advocate or legal officer
- 24 of any command is entitled to communicate directly with the
- 25 staff judge advocate or legal officer of a superior or
- 26 subordinate command, or with the State Judge Advocate.
- 27 (e) Disqualification in case. -- No person who has acted as
- 28 member, military judge, trial counsel, assistant trial counsel,
- 29 defense counsel, assistant defense counsel, or investigating
- 30 officer, or who has been a witness for either the prosecution or

- 1 defense, in any case may later act as staff judge advocate or
- 2 legal officer to any reviewing authority upon the same case.
- 3 CHAPTER 52
- 4 APPREHENSION AND RESTRAINT
- 5 § 5201. Apprehension.
- 6 (a) Definition. -- Apprehension is the taking of a person
- 7 subject to this part into custody.
- 8 (b) Persons authorized to apprehend. -- Any person authorized
- 9 by this part, or by regulations issued under it, and any peace
- 10 officer authorized by law, may apprehend persons subject to this
- 11 part upon reasonable belief that an offense under this part has
- 12 been committed and that the person apprehended committed it.
- 13 (c) Authority of officers.--Commissioned officers, warrant
- 14 officers, petty officers and noncommissioned officers have
- 15 authority to quell quarrels, frays, and disorders among persons
- 16 subject to this part and to apprehend persons subject to this
- 17 part who take part therein.
- 18 § 5202. Apprehension of persons absent without leave.
- Any civil officer having authority to apprehend offenders
- 20 under the laws of the United States or of a state, territory,
- 21 commonwealth or possession, or of the District of Columbia, or
- 22 any military officer subject to this part who has been
- 23 authorized by the Governor by regulation may summarily apprehend
- 24 any person subject to this part absent without leave from the
- 25 State military forces and deliver him into the custody of the
- 26 State military forces.
- 27 § 5203. Imposition of restraint.
- 28 (a) Definitions.--Arrest is the restraint of a person
- 29 subject to this part by an order, not imposed as a punishment
- 30 for an offense, directing him to remain within certain specified

- 1 limits. Confinement is the physical restraint of a person
- 2 subject to this part.
- 3 (b) Enlisted personnel. -- An enlisted person subject to this
- 4 part may be ordered into arrest or confinement by any
- 5 commissioned officer by an order, oral or written, delivered in
- 6 person or through other persons subject to this part or through
- 7 any person authorized by this part to apprehend persons. A
- 8 commanding officer may authorize warrant officers, petty
- 9 officers, or noncommissioned officers to order enlisted members
- 10 of his command or subject to his authority into arrest or
- 11 confinement.
- 12 (c) Commissioned and warrant officers.--A commissioned
- 13 officer or a warrant officer subject to this part may be ordered
- 14 apprehended or into arrest or confinement only by a commanding
- 15 officer to whose authority he is subject, by an order, oral or
- 16 written, delivered in person or by another commissioned officer.
- 17 The authority to order such persons apprehended or into arrest
- 18 or confinement may not be delegated.
- 19 (d) Probable cause. -- No person subject to this part may be
- 20 ordered apprehended or into arrest or confinement except for
- 21 probable cause.
- 22 (e) Construction of section. -- This section does not limit
- 23 the authority of persons authorized to apprehend offenders to
- 24 secure the custody of an alleged offender until proper authority
- 25 may be notified.
- 26 § 5204. Restraint of persons charged with offenses.
- 27 (a) General rule. -- Any person subject to this part charged
- 28 with an offense under this part may be ordered into arrest or
- 29 confinement. When any person subject to this part is placed in
- 30 arrest or confinement prior to trial, immediate steps shall be

- 1 taken to inform him of the specific wrong of which he is
- 2 accused, to try him, or to dismiss the charges and release him.
- 3 (b) Issuing warrants to peace officers. -- The convening
- 4 authority of any court-martial shall have the power to issue
- 5 warrants of apprehension directed to the sheriff or any
- 6 constable or peace officer within the proper county to apprehend
- 7 persons subject to this part charged with an offense under this
- 8 part and to deliver such persons into the custody of the State
- 9 military forces.
- 10 (c) Admission to bail. -- In cases where the unit of which the
- 11 accused is a member is not in a status of active State duty or
- 12 engaged in annual field training, such accused, if apprehended
- 13 or ordered into confinement prior to or during trial by a
- 14 military court, may be admitted to bail by the officer
- 15 exercising special court-martial jurisdiction over him or by a
- 16 superior commanding officer, or the Adjutant General.
- 17 § 5205. Confinement in jails.
- 18 Persons subject to this part confined other than in a
- 19 military installation, whether before, during or after trial by
- 20 a military court, shall be confined in municipal, county, or
- 21 State places of confinement.
- 22 § 5206. Reports and receiving of prisoners.
- 23 (a) Duty to receive prisoner. -- No provost marshal, commander
- 24 of a quard, warden, keeper, or officer of a municipal, county,
- 25 or State place of confinement may refuse to receive or keep any
- 26 prisoner subject to this part, committed to his charge, when the
- 27 committing person furnishes a statement, signed by him of the
- 28 offense charged against the prisoner.
- 29 (b) Report of commitment. -- Every commander of a quard,
- 30 warden, keeper, or officer of a municipal, county, or State

- 1 place of confinement to whose charge a prisoner subject to this
- 2 part, is committed shall, within 24 hours after that commitment
- 3 report to the commanding officer of the prisoner, the name of
- 4 the prisoner, the offense charged against him, and the name of
- 5 the person who ordered or authorized the commitment.
- 6 § 5207. Punishment prohibited before trial.
- 7 Subject to section 5803 (relating to effective date of
- 8 sentences), no person subject to this part, while being held for
- 9 trial or the result of trial, may be subjected to punishment or
- 10 penalty other than arrest or confinement upon the charges
- 11 pending against him, nor shall the arrest or confinement imposed
- 12 upon him be any more rigorous than the circumstances require to
- 13 insure his presence. He may be subjected to minor punishment
- 14 during that period for other infractions of discipline.
- 15 § 5208. Delivery of offenders to civil authorities.
- 16 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as may be
- 17 prescribed under this part, a person subject to this part on
- 18 active State duty, accused of an offense against civil
- 19 authority, may be delivered, upon request of such civil
- 20 authority, to such civil authority for trial.
- 21 (b) Effect on sentence of court-martial.--When delivery
- 22 under this section is made to any civil authority of a person
- 23 undergoing sentence of a court-martial, the delivery, if
- 24 followed by conviction in a civil tribunal, interrupts the
- 25 execution of the sentence of the court-martial. The offender
- 26 after having answered to the civil authorities for his offense,
- 27 shall, upon the request of competent military authority, be
- 28 returned to military custody for the completion of such sentence
- 29 of the court-martial.
- 30 CHAPTER 53

1 NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT 2 § 5301. Commanding officer's nonjudicial punishment. 3 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as the Governor may prescribe, any commanding officer may, in addition to or in 4 lieu of admonition or reprimand, impose one of the following 5 disciplinary punishments for minor offenses without the 6 intervention of a court-martial: 7 8 (1) Upon an officer of his command: (i) withholding of privileges for not more than two 9 10 consecutive weeks; 11 (ii) restriction to certain specified limits, with 12 or without suspension from duty, for not more than two 13 consecutive weeks; or 14 (iii) if imposed by the Governor, the commanding officer of a division or a wing or a separate brigade or 15 16 a similar organization, a fine or forfeiture of pay and allowances of not more than \$100. 17 18 (2) Upon other military personnel of his command: 19 (i) withholding of privileges for not more than two 20 consecutive weeks; 21 (ii) restriction to certain specified limits, with 22 or without suspension from duty, for not more than two 23 consecutive weeks; 24 (iii) extra duties for not more than 14 days, which

- 25 need not be consecutive, and for not more than two hours 26 per day, holidays included;
 - (iv) reduction to next inferior grade if the grade from which demoted was established by the command or an equivalent or lower command; or
 - (v) if imposed by an officer exercising special

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- 1 court-martial jurisdiction over the offender, a fine or
- forfeiture of pay and allowances of not more than \$10.
- 3 (b) Limitations imposed by Governor. -- The Governor may, by
- 4 regulation, place limitations on the powers granted by this
- 5 section with respect to the kind and amount of punishment
- 6 authorized and the categories of commanding officers authorized
- 7 to exercise those powers.
- 8 (c) Appeal from punishment. -- A person punished under this
- 9 section who considers his punishment unjust or disproportionate
- 10 to the offense may, through the proper channel, appeal to the
- 11 next superior authority. The appeal shall be promptly forwarded
- 12 and decided. The officer who imposes the punishment, his
- 13 successor in command, and superior authority may suspend, set
- 14 aside, or remit any part or amount of the punishment and restore
- 15 all rights, privileges and property affected.
- 16 (d) Additional court-martial proceedings.--The imposition
- 17 and enforcement of disciplinary punishment under this section
- 18 for any act or omission is not a bar to trial by court-martial
- 19 for a serious crime or offense growing out of the same act or
- 20 omission, and not properly punishable under this section. The
- 21 fact that a disciplinary punishment has been enforced may be
- 22 shown by the accused upon trial, and when so shown shall be
- 23 considered in determining the measure of punishment to be
- 24 adjudged in the event of a finding of guilty.
- 25 (e) Application of forfeiture. -- Whenever a punishment of
- 26 forfeiture of pay and allowances is imposed under this section,
- 27 the forfeiture may apply to pay or allowances accruing on or
- 28 after the date that punishment is imposed and to any pay and
- 29 allowances accrued before that date.
- 30 (f) Court-martial in lieu of punishment.--Punishment may not

- 1 be imposed upon any member of the State military forces under
- 2 this chapter if the member has, before the imposition of such
- 3 punishment, demanded trial by court-martial in lieu of such
- 4 punishment.
- 5 CHAPTER 54
- 6 COURTS-MARTIAL JURISDICTION
- 7 § 5401. Courts-martial classified.
- 8 The three kinds of courts-martial in the State military
- 9 forces are:
- 10 (1) General courts-martial, consisting of:
- 11 (i) a military judge and not less than five members;
- 12 or
- 13 (ii) only a military judge, if before the court is
- 14 assembled the accused, knowing the identity of the
- military judge and after consultation with defense
- 16 counsel, requests in writing a court composed only of a
- military judge and the military judge approves.
- 18 (2) Special courts-martial, consisting of:
- 19 (i) not less than three members;
- 20 (ii) a military judge and not less than three
- 21 members; or
- 22 (iii) only a military judge, if one has been
- 23 detailed to the court, and the accused under the same
- 24 conditions as those prescribed in paragraph (1)(ii) so
- 25 requests.
- 26 (3) Summary courts-martial, consisting of one
- 27 commissioned officer.
- 28 § 5402. Jurisdiction of courts-martial in general.
- 29 Each force of the State military forces has court-martial
- 30 jurisdiction over all persons subject to this part. The exercise

- 1 of jurisdiction by one force over personnel of another force
- 2 shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the
- 3 Governor.
- 4 § 5403. Jurisdiction of general courts-martial.
- 5 Subject to section 5402 (relating to jurisdiction of courts-
- 6 martial in general), general courts-martial have jurisdiction to
- 7 try persons subject to this part for any offense made punishable
- 8 by this part and may, under such limitations as the Governor may
- 9 prescribe, adjudge any of the following punishments:
- 10 (1) A fine of not more than \$200.
- 11 (2) Forfeiture of pay and allowances for a period not
- 12 exceeding six months.
- 13 (3) A reprimand.
- 14 (4) Dismissal, dishonorable discharge or bad conduct
- 15 discharge.
- 16 (5) Reduction of a noncommissioned officer to any lower
- 17 enlisted grade.
- 18 (6) Any combination of these punishments.
- 19 § 5404. Jurisdiction of special courts-martial.
- 20 Subject to section 5402 (relating to jurisdiction of courts-
- 21 martial in general), special courts-martial shall have
- 22 jurisdiction to try persons subject to this part, except
- 23 commissioned officers for any offense made punishable by this
- 24 part and may, under such limitations as the Governor may
- 25 prescribe adjudge any of the following punishments:
- 26 (1) A fine of not more than \$100.
- 27 (2) Forfeiture of pay and allowances for a period not
- 28 exceeding three months.
- 29 (3) A reprimand.
- 30 (4) Reduction of a noncommissioned officer to any lower

- 1 enlisted grade.
- 2 (5) A bad conduct discharge.
- 3 (6) Any combination of these punishments.
- 4 § 5405. Jurisdiction of summary courts-martial.
- 5 (a) General rule. -- Subject to section 5402 (relating to
- 6 jurisdiction of courts-martial in general), summary courts-
- 7 martial shall have jurisdiction to try enlisted persons subject
- 8 to this part for any offense made punishable by this part and
- 9 may, under such limitations as the Governor may prescribe,
- 10 adjudge any of the following punishments:
- 11 (1) A fine of not more than \$25 for a single offense.
- 12 (2) Forfeiture of pay and allowances for a period not
- 13 exceeding one month.
- 14 (3) Reduction to the next lower grade.
- 15 (b) Objection to summary court-martial. -- No person with
- 16 respect to whom summary courts-martial have jurisdiction may be
- 17 brought to trial before a summary court-martial if he objects
- 18 thereto. If objection to trial by summary court-martial is made
- 19 by an accused, trial shall be ordered by special or general
- 20 court-martial, as may be appropriate.
- 21 § 5406. Sentences of dismissal, dishonorable discharge or bad
- conduct to be approved by the Governor.
- In the State military forces, no sentence of dismissal,
- 24 dishonorable discharge, or bad conduct discharge shall be
- 25 executed until it is approved by the Governor.
- 26 § 5407. Record of bad conduct discharge proceedings.
- 27 A bad conduct discharge may not be adjudged by any special
- 28 court-martial unless a complete written record of the
- 29 proceedings and testimony before the court has been made.
- 30 § 5408. Confinement instead of fine.

- 1 In the State military forces, a court-martial may sentence to
- 2 confinement for not more than one day for each dollar of the
- 3 authorized fine.
- 4 CHAPTER 55
- 5 APPOINTMENT AND COMPOSITION OF
- 6 COURTS-MARTIAL
- 7 § 5501. Who may convene general courts-martial.
- 8 (a) General rule. -- General courts-martial may be convened by
- 9 any of the following:
- 10 (1) The Governor.
- 11 (2) The Adjutant General.
- 12 (3) The commanding officer of a division, a separate
- 13 brigade, or a separate wing.
- 14 (4) Any other commanding officer in any of the State
- 15 military forces when empowered by the Governor.
- 16 (b) Commanding officer as accuser. -- When any such commanding
- 17 officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by superior
- 18 competent authority, and may in any case be convened by such
- 19 authority when deemed desirable by such authority.
- 20 § 5502. Who may convene special courts-martial.
- 21 In the State military forces any person authorized to convene
- 22 a general court-martial, the commanding officer of a garrison,
- 23 fort, post, camp, station, air base, auxiliary air base, or
- 24 other place where troops are on duty, or of a brigade, regiment,
- 25 wing, group, separate battalion, separate squadron, or other
- 26 detached command, may convene special courts-martial. When any
- 27 such officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by
- 28 superior competent authority and may, in any case, be convened
- 29 by such authority when deemed advisable by him.
- 30 § 5503. Who may convene summary courts-martial.

- 1 (a) General rule. -- In the State military forces any person
- 2 authorized to convene a general or special court-martial, the
- 3 commanding officer of a garrison, fort, post, camp, station, air
- 4 base, auxiliary air base, or other place where troops are on
- 5 duty, or of a brigade, regiment, wing, group, separate
- 6 battalion, separate squadron, or other detached command, may
- 7 convene a summary court-martial.
- 8 (b) Commissioned officer or superior authority. -- When only
- 9 one commissioned officer is present with a command or detachment
- 10 he shall be the summary court-martial of that command or
- 11 detachment and shall hear and determine all summary court-
- 12 martial cases brought before him. Summary courts-martial may,
- 13 however, be convened in any case by superior competent authority
- 14 when considered desirable by him.
- 15 § 5504. Who may serve on courts-martial.
- 16 (a) Commissioned officer. -- Any commissioned officer of the
- 17 State military forces is eligible to serve on all courts-martial
- 18 for the trial of any person who may lawfully be brought before
- 19 such courts for trial.
- 20 (b) Warrant officer. -- Any warrant officer of the State
- 21 military forces is eligible to serve on general and special
- 22 courts-martial for the trial of any person, other than a
- 23 commissioned officer, who may lawfully be brought before such
- 24 courts for trial.
- 25 (c) Enlisted person.--
- 26 (1) Any enlisted person of the State military forces who
- is not a member of the same unit as the accused is eligible
- 28 to serve on general and special courts-martial for the trial
- of any enlisted person who may lawfully be brought before
- 30 such courts for trial. He shall serve as a member of a court

- only if, before the convening of the court, the accused
- 2 personally has requested in writing that enlisted members
- 3 serve on it. After such a request, the accused may not be
- 4 tried by a general or special court-martial, the membership
- of which does not include enlisted persons in a number
- 6 comprising at least one-third of the total membership of the
- 7 court, unless eligible members cannot be obtained on account
- 8 of physical conditions or military exigencies. If such
- 9 members cannot be obtained, the court may be convened and the
- 10 trial held without them, but the convening authority shall
- 11 make a detailed written statement, to be appended to the
- 12 record, stating why they could not be obtained.
- 13 (2) In this subsection, the word "unit" means any
- 14 regularly organized body of the State military forces not
- larger in size than a company, or a corresponding body.
- 16 (d) Ineligible persons.--
- 17 (1) No person subject to this part may be tried by a
- 18 court-martial any member of which is junior to him in rank or
- 19 grade.
- 20 (2) When convening a court-martial, the convening
- 21 authority shall appoint as members thereof such members as,
- in his opinion, are best qualified for the duty by reason of
- age, education, training, experience, length of service, and
- judicial temperament. No member is eligible to serve as a
- 25 member of a general or special court-martial when he is the
- 26 accuser or a witness for the prosecution or has acted as
- investigating officer or as counsel in the same case.
- 28 § 5505. Military judge of a general or special court-martial.
- 29 (a) Appointment and eligibility. -- The authority convening a
- 30 general or special court-martial shall appoint as military judge

- 1 thereof a commissioned officer who is a member of the bar of the
- 2 Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and who is
- 3 certified as qualified for such duty by the State Judge
- 4 Advocate. No person shall be eligible to act as military judge
- 5 in a case when he is the accuser or a witness for the
- 6 prosecution or has acted as investigating officer or as counsel
- 7 in the same case.
- 8 (b) Limitation on powers. -- The military judge may not
- 9 consult with the members of the court, other than on the form of
- 10 the findings as provided in section 5704 (relating to sessions),
- 11 except in the presence of the accused, trial counsel, and
- 12 defense counsel. He shall not vote with the members of the
- 13 court.
- 14 § 5506. Appointment of trial counsel and defense counsel.
- 15 (a) General rule. -- For each general and special court-
- 16 martial the authority convening the court shall appoint trial
- 17 counsel and defense counsel, and such assistants as he considers
- 18 appropriate. No person who has acted as investigating officer,
- 19 military judge or court member in any case shall act
- 20 subsequently as trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, or,
- 21 unless expressly requested by the accused, as defense counsel or
- 22 assistant defense counsel in the same case. No person who has
- 23 acted for the prosecution shall act later in the same case for
- 24 the defense, nor shall any person who has acted for the defense
- 25 act later in the same case for the prosecution.
- 26 (b) Eligibility. -- Any person who is appointed trial counsel
- 27 or defense counsel in the case of a general or a special court-
- 28 martial:
- 29 (1) shall be a person who is a member of the bar of the
- 30 Supreme Court of Pennsylvania; and

- 1 (2) shall be certified as competent to perform such duties
- 2 by the State Judge Advocate.
- 3 § 5507. Appointment or employment of reporters and
- 4 interpreters.
- 5 Under such regulations as the Governor may prescribe, the
- 6 convening authority of a general or special court-martial or
- 7 court of inquiry shall appoint or employ qualified court
- 8 reporters, who shall record the proceedings of and testimony
- 9 taken before that court. Under like regulations the convening
- 10 authority of a military court may appoint or employ interpreters
- 11 who shall interpret for the court.
- 12 § 5508. Absent and additional members.
- 13 (a) Authorized absence. -- No member of a general or special
- 14 court-martial shall be absent or excused after the court has
- 15 been assembled for the trial of the accused, except for physical
- 16 disability or as the result of a challenge or by order of the
- 17 convening authority for good cause.
- 18 (b) New members of general court-martial.--Whenever a
- 19 general court-martial is reduced below five members, the trial
- 20 shall not proceed unless the convening authority appoints new
- 21 members sufficient in number to provide not less than five
- 22 members. When such new members have been sworn, the trial may
- 23 proceed after the recorded evidence previously introduced before
- 24 the members of the court has been read to the court in the
- 25 presence of the military judge, the accused, and counsel for
- 26 both sides.
- 27 (c) New members of special court-martial. -- Whenever a
- 28 special court-martial is reduced below three members, the trial
- 29 shall not proceed unless the convening authority appoints new
- 30 members sufficient in number to provide not less than three

- 1 members. When such new members have been sworn, the trial shall
- 2 proceed with the new members present as if no evidence has
- 3 previously been introduced at the trial, unless a verbatim
- 4 record of the evidence previously introduced before the members
- 5 of the court or a stipulation thereof is read to the court in
- 6 the presence of the military judge, if any, the accused, and
- 7 counsel for both sides.
- 8 CHAPTER 56
- 9 PRETRIAL PROCEDURE
- 10 § 5601. Charges and specifications.
- 11 (a) Execution and contents. -- Charges and specifications
- 12 shall be signed by a person subject to this part under oath
- 13 before a person authorized by this part to administer oaths and
- 14 shall state:
- 15 (1) That the signer has personal knowledge of, or has
- investigated, the matters set forth therein.
- 17 (2) That they are true in fact to the best of his
- 18 knowledge and belief.
- 19 (b) Disposition.--Upon the preferring of charges, the proper
- 20 authority shall take immediate steps to determine what
- 21 disposition should be made thereof in the interest of justice
- 22 and discipline. The person accused shall be informed of the
- 23 charges against him as soon as practicable.
- 24 § 5602. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited.
- 25 (a) General rule. -- No person subject to this part shall
- 26 compel any person to incriminate himself or to answer any
- 27 question the answer to which may tend to incriminate him.
- 28 (b) Advising accused of his rights. -- No person subject to
- 29 this part shall interrogate, or request any statement from an
- 30 accused or a person suspected of an offense without first

- 1 informing him of the nature of the accusation and fully advising
- 2 him of his right to be represented by counsel, that he does not
- 3 have to make any statement regarding the offense of which he is
- 4 accused or suspected, and that any statement made by him can and
- 5 will be used as evidence against him in a trial by court-
- 6 martial, as well as other constitutional safeguards provided for
- 7 an accused or a person suspected of an offense.
- 8 (c) Immaterial or degrading evidence. -- No person subject to
- 9 this part shall compel any person to make a statement or produce
- 10 evidence before any military tribunal if the statement or
- 11 evidence is not material to the issue and may tend to degrade
- 12 him.
- 13 (d) Unlawfully obtained statement inadmissible. -- No
- 14 statement obtained from any person in violation of this section,
- 15 or through the use of coercion, unlawful influence, or unlawful
- 16 inducement shall be received in evidence against him in a trial
- 17 by court-martial.
- 18 § 5603. Investigation.
- 19 (a) General rule. -- No charge or specification shall be
- 20 referred to a general court-martial for trial until a thorough
- 21 and impartial investigation of all the matters set forth therein
- 22 has been made. This investigation shall include inquiry as to
- 23 the truth of the matter set forth in the charges, consideration
- 24 of the form of charges, and a recommendation as to the
- 25 disposition which should be made of the case in the interest of
- 26 justice and discipline.
- 27 (b) Rights of accused. -- The accused shall be advised of the
- 28 charges against him and of his right to be represented at that
- 29 investigation by counsel. Upon his own request he shall be
- 30 represented by civilian counsel if provided by him, or military

- 1 counsel of his own selection if such counsel is reasonably
- 2 available, or by counsel appointed by the person exercising
- 3 general court-martial jurisdiction over the command. At such
- 4 investigation full opportunity shall be given to the accused to
- 5 cross-examine witnesses against him if they are available and to
- 6 present anything he may desire in his own behalf, either in
- 7 defense or mitigation, and the investigating officer shall
- 8 examine available witnesses requested by the accused. If the
- 9 charges are forwarded after such investigation, they shall be
- 10 accompanied by a statement of the substance of the testimony
- 11 taken on both sides and a copy thereof shall be given to the
- 12 accused.
- 13 (c) Further investigation. -- If an investigation of the
- 14 subject matter of an offense has been conducted before the
- 15 accused is charged with the offense, and if the accused was
- 16 present at the investigation and afforded the opportunities for
- 17 representation, cross-examination, and presentation prescribed
- 18 in subsection (b), no further investigation of that charge is
- 19 necessary under this section unless it is demanded by the
- 20 accused after he is informed of the charge. A demand for further
- 21 investigation entitles the accused to recall witnesses for
- 22 further cross-examination and to offer any new evidence in his
- 23 own behalf.
- 24 (d) Requirements mandatory. -- The requirements of this
- 25 section are binding on all persons administering this part. take
- 26 immediate steps to determine what disposition should be made
- 27 thereof in the interest of justice and discipline. The person
- 28 accused shall be informed of the charges against him as soon as
- 29 practicable.
- 30 § 5604. Forwarding of charges.

- 1 When a person is held for trial by general court-martial the
- 2 commanding officer shall, within eight days after the accused is
- 3 ordered into arrest or confinement, if practicable, forward the
- 4 charges, together with the investigation and allied papers, to
- 5 the person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction. If
- 6 that is not practicable, he shall report in writing to such
- 7 officer the reasons for delay.
- 8 § 5605. Advice of staff judge advocate and reference for trial.
- 9 (a) General rule. -- Before directing the trial of any charge
- 10 by general court-martial, the convening authority shall refer it
- 11 to his staff judge advocate for consideration and advice. The
- 12 convening authority shall not refer a charge to general court-
- 13 martial for trial unless he has found that the charge alleges an
- 14 offense under this part and is warranted by evidence indicated
- 15 in the report of the investigation.
- 16 (b) Changes in charges and specifications. -- If the charges
- 17 or specifications are not formally correct or do not conform to
- 18 the substance of the evidence contained in the report of the
- 19 investigating officer, formal corrections, and such changes in
- 20 the charges and specifications as are needed to make them
- 21 conform to the evidence may be made by the appointing authority.
- 22 § 5606. Service of charges.
- 23 The trial counsel to whom court-martial charges are referred
- 24 for trial shall cause to be served upon the accused a copy of
- 25 the charges upon which trial is to be had. In time of peace no
- 26 person shall, against his objection, be brought to trial, or be
- 27 required to participate by himself or counsel in a session
- 28 called by the military judge under section 5704(a) (relating to
- 29 sessions) in a general court-martial case within a period of
- 30 five days after the service of the charges upon him, or in a

- 1 special court-martial within a period of three days after the
- 2 service of the charges upon him.
- 3 CHAPTER 57
- 4 TRIAL PROCEDURE
- 5 § 5701. Governor may prescribe rules.
- 6 (a) General rule. -- The procedure, including modes of proof,
- 7 in cases before military courts and other military tribunals may
- 8 be prescribed by the Governor by regulations, which shall apply
- 9 the principles of law and the rules of evidence generally
- 10 recognized in the trial of criminal cases in the courts of the
- 11 State but which shall not be contrary to or inconsistent with
- 12 this part.
- 13 (b) Uniformity. -- All rules and regulations made pursuant to
- 14 the provisions of this section shall be uniform in so far as
- 15 practicable among the State military forces.
- 16 § 5702. Unlawfully influencing action of court.
- 17 (a) General rule. -- No authority convening a general,
- 18 special, or summary court-martial nor any other commanding
- 19 officer, or officer serving on the staff thereof, shall censure,
- 20 reprimand, or admonish the court or any member, military judge
- 21 or counsel thereof, with respect to the findings or sentence
- 22 adjudged by the court, or with respect to any other exercise of
- 23 its or his functions in the conduct of the proceedings. No
- 24 person subject to this part shall attempt to coerce or, by any
- 25 unauthorized means, influence the action of the court-martial or
- 26 any other military tribunal or any member thereof, in reaching
- 27 the findings or sentence in any case, or the action of any
- 28 convening, approving, reviewing authority with respect to his
- 29 judicial acts.
- 30 (b) Performance reports on members and counsel. -- In the

- 1 preparation of an effectiveness, fitness or efficiency report or
- 2 any other report or document used in whole or in part for the
- 3 purpose of determining whether a member of the State military
- 4 forces is qualified to be advanced, in grade, or in determining
- 5 the assignment or transfer of a member of the State military
- 6 forces, no person subject to this part may, in preparing any
- 7 such report:
- 8 (1) consider or evaluate the performance of duty of any
- 9 such member as a member of a court-martial; or
- 10 (2) give a less favorable rating or evaluation of any
- 11 member of the State military forces because of the zeal with
- which such member, as counsel, represented any accused before
- 13 a court-martial.
- 14 § 5703. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel.
- 15 (a) Trial counsel. -- The trial counsel of a general or
- 16 special court-martial shall prosecute in the name of the
- 17 Commonwealth, and shall, under the direction of the court,
- 18 prepare the record of the proceedings.
- 19 (b) Defense counsel. -- The accused has the right to be
- 20 represented in his defense before a general or special court-
- 21 martial by civilian counsel if provided by him, or by military
- 22 counsel of his own selection if reasonably available, or by the
- 23 defense counsel appointed under section 5506 (relating to
- 24 appointment of trial counsel and defense counsel). Should the
- 25 accused have counsel of his own selection, the defense counsel,
- 26 and assistant defense counsel, if any, who were appointed,
- 27 shall, if the accused so desires, act as his associate counsel;
- 28 otherwise they shall be excused by the military judge or by the
- 29 president of a court-martial without a military judge.
- 30 (c) Brief by defense counsel. -- In every court-martial

- 1 proceeding, the defense counsel may, in the event of conviction,
- 2 forward for attachment to the record of proceedings a brief of
- 3 such matters he feels should be considered in behalf of the
- 4 accused on review, including any objection to the contents of
- 5 the record which he considers appropriate.
- 6 (d) Assistant trial counsel. -- An assistant trial counsel of
- 7 a general court-martial may, under the direction of the trial
- 8 counsel or when he is qualified to be a trial counsel as
- 9 required by section 5506, perform any duty imposed by law,
- 10 regulation, or the custom of the service upon the trial counsel
- 11 of the court. An assistant trial counsel of a special court-
- 12 martial may perform any duty of the trial counsel.
- 13 (e) Assistant defense counsel. -- An assistant defense counsel
- 14 of a general or special court-martial may, under the direction
- 15 of the defense counsel or when he is qualified to be the defense
- 16 counsel as required by section 5506, perform any duty imposed by
- 17 law, regulation, or the custom of the service upon counsel for
- 18 the accused.
- 19 § 5704. Sessions.
- 20 (a) Proceedings in absence of members. -- At any time after
- 21 the service of charges which have been referred for trial to a
- 22 court-martial composed of a military judge and members, the
- 23 military judge may, subject to section 5606 (relating to service
- 24 of charges) call the court into session without the presence of
- 25 the members for the purpose of:
- 26 (1) hearing and determining motions raising defenses or
- 27 objections which are capable of determination without trial
- of the issues raised by a plea of not guilty;
- 29 (2) hearing and ruling upon any matter which may be
- 30 ruled upon by the military judge under this section, whether

- or not the matter is appropriate for later consideration or
- 2 decision by the members of the court;
- 3 (3) holding the arraignment and receiving the pleas of
- 4 the accused; and
- 5 (4) performing any other procedural function which may
- 6 be performed by the military judge under this part or under
- 7 rules prescribed pursuant to section 5701 (relating to
- 8 Governor may prescribe rules) and which does not require the
- 9 presence of the members of the court.
- 10 These proceedings shall be conducted in the presence of the
- 11 accused, the defense counsel, and the trial counsel and shall be
- 12 made a part of the record.
- 13 (b) Other proceedings. -- When the members of a court-martial
- 14 deliberate or vote, only the members may be present. All other
- 15 proceedings, including any other consultation of the court with
- 16 counsel or the military judge, shall be made a part of the
- 17 record and shall be in the presence of the accused, the defense
- 18 counsel, the trial counsel, and, in cases in which a military
- 19 judge has been detailed to the court, the military judge.
- 20 § 5705. Continuances.
- 21 The military judge or a court-martial without a military
- 22 judge may, for reasonable cause, grant a continuance to any
- 23 party for such time, and as often, as may appear to be just.
- 24 § 5706. Challenges.
- 25 (a) Challenges for cause. -- The military judge and members of
- 26 a general or special court-martial may be challenged by the
- 27 accused or the trial counsel for cause stated to the court. The
- 28 military judge, or if none, the court shall determine the
- 29 relevancy and validity of challenges for cause, and shall not
- 30 receive a challenge to more than one person at a time.

- 1 Challenges by the trial counsel shall ordinarily be presented
- 2 and decided before those by the accused are offered.
- 3 (b) Preemptory challenges. -- Each accused and the trial
- 4 counsel is entitled to one preemptory challenge, but the
- 5 military judge may not be challenged except for cause.
- 6 § 5707. Oaths.
- 7 (a) General rule. -- Before performing their respective
- 8 duties, military judges, members of general and special courts-
- 9 martial, trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, defense
- 10 counsel, assistant defense counsel, reporters, and interpreters
- 11 shall take an oath to perform their duties faithfully. The form
- 12 of the oath, the time and place of the taking thereof, the
- 13 manner of recording the same, and whether the oath shall be
- 14 taken for all cases in which these duties are to be performed or
- 15 for a particular case, shall be in accordance with regulations
- 16 prescribed by the Governor. These regulations may provide that
- 17 an oath to perform faithfully duties as a military judge, trial
- 18 counsel, assistant trial counsel, defense counsel, or assistant
- 19 defense counsel may be taken at any time by any judge advocate,
- 20 or other person certified to be qualified or competent for the
- 21 duty, and if such an oath is taken it need not again be taken at
- 22 the time the judge advocate, or other person is detailed to that
- 23 duty.
- 24 (b) Witnesses.--Each witness before a military court shall
- 25 be examined on oath or affirmation.
- 26 § 5708. Statute of limitations.
- 27 (a) No limitation. -- A person subject to this part, charged
- 28 with desertion or absence without leave in time of war or with
- 29 aiding the enemy or with mutiny may be tried and punished at any
- 30 time without limitation.

- 1 (b) Three-year limitation. -- Except as otherwise provided in
- 2 this section, a person subject to this part charged with
- 3 desertion in time of peace or with the offense punishable under
- 4 section 6041 (relating to frauds against the government) shall
- 5 not be liable to be tried by court-martial if the offense was
- 6 committed more than three years before the receipt of sworn
- 7 charges and specifications by an officer exercising summary
- 8 court-martial jurisdiction over the command.
- 9 (c) Two-year limitation.--Except as otherwise provided in
- 10 this section, a person subject to this part charged with any
- 11 offense is not liable to be tried by court-martial or punished
- 12 under section 5301 (relating to commanding officer's nonjudicial
- 13 punishment) if the offense was committed more than two years
- 14 before the receipt of sworn charges and specifications by an
- 15 officer exercising summary court-martial jurisdiction over the
- 16 command or before the imposition of punishment under section
- 17 5301.
- 18 (d) Computation of period of limitation. -- Periods in which
- 19 the accused was absent from territory in which the Commonwealth
- 20 has the authority to apprehend him, or in the custody of civil
- 21 authorities, or in the hands of the enemy, shall be excluded in
- 22 computing the period of limitation prescribed in this section.
- 23 § 5709. Former jeopardy.
- 24 (a) General rule. -- No person subject to this part shall,
- 25 without his consent, be tried a second time for the same offense
- 26 in a military court convened under this part. Prosecution under
- 27 this part shall not bar prosecution by civil authorities for a
- 28 crime or offense growing out of the same act or omission
- 29 committed in violation of the laws of the civil jurisdiction.
- 30 (b) Definition of trial. -- No proceeding in which an accused

- 1 has been found guilty by a court-martial upon any charge or
- 2 specification is a trial in the sense of this section until the
- 3 finding of guilty has become final after review of the case has
- 4 been fully completed. However, a proceeding which, after the
- 5 introduction of evidence but before a finding, is dismissed or
- 6 terminated by the convening authority, or on motion of the
- 7 prosecution for failure of available evidence or witnesses
- 8 without any fault of the accused, is a trial in the sense of
- 9 this section.
- 10 § 5710. Pleas of the accused.
- 11 (a) Inadequacy or lack of pleading. -- A plea of not quilty
- 12 shall be entered in the record, and the court shall proceed as
- 13 though the accused had pleaded not guilty, if after arraignment
- 14 before a court martial:
- 15 (1) an accused makes an irregular pleading;
- 16 (2) after a plea of guilty an accused sets up matter
- inconsistent with the plea;
- 18 (3) it appears that an accused has entered a plea of
- 19 guilty improvidently or through lack of understanding or its
- 20 meaning and effect; or
- 21 (4) an accused fails or refuses to plead.
- 22 (b) Plea of guilty. -- With respect to any charge or
- 23 specification to which a plea of guilty has been made by the
- 24 accused and accepted by the military judge or by a court-martial
- 25 without a military judge, a finding of guilty of the charge or
- 26 specification may be entered immediately without vote. This
- 27 finding shall constitute the finding of the court unless the
- 28 plea of guilty is withdrawn prior to announcement of the
- 29 sentence, in which event the proceedings shall continue as
- 30 though the accused had pleaded not guilty.

- 1 § 5711. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence.
- 2 (a) General rule. -- The trial counsel, the defense counsel,
- 3 and the court-martial shall have equal opportunity to obtain
- 4 witnesses and other evidence in accordance with such regulations
- 5 as the Governor may prescribe.
- 6 (b) Issuance of process.--Process issued in court-martial
- 7 cases to compel witnesses to appear and testify and to compel
- 8 the production of other evidence shall be similar to that which
- 9 the courts of this Commonwealth having criminal jurisdiction may
- 10 lawfully issue and shall run to any part of the Commonwealth and
- 11 to any other state or territory, district or possession in which
- 12 the court-martial may be sitting.
- 13 § 5712. Refusal to appear or testify.
- Any person not subject to this part who has been duly
- 15 subpoenaed to appear as a witness or to produce books and
- 16 records before a military court or before any military or civil
- 17 officer designated to take a deposition to be read in evidence
- 18 before such a court and who willfully neglects or refuses to
- 19 appear, or refuses to qualify as a witness or to testify or to
- 20 produce any evidence which that person may have been legally
- 21 subpoenaed to produce is quilty of an offense against the
- 22 Commonwealth and a military court may punish him in the same
- 23 manner as the civil courts of this Commonwealth.
- 24 § 5713. Contempts.
- 25 A military court may punish for contempt any person who uses
- 26 any menacing word, sign, or gesture in its presence, or who
- 27 disturbs its proceedings by any riot or disorder. The punishment
- 28 may not exceed confinement for 30 days or a fine of \$100 or
- 29 both.
- 30 § 5714. Depositions.

- 1 (a) General rule. -- At any time after charges have been
- 2 signed, as provided in section 5601 (relating to charges and
- 3 specifications) any party may take oral or written depositions
- 4 unless the military judge or court-martial without a military
- 5 judge hearing the case, or if the case is not being heard, an
- 6 authority competent to convene a court-martial for the trial of
- 7 those charges forbids it for good cause. If a deposition is to
- 8 be taken before charges are referred for trial, such an
- 9 authority may designate commissioned officers to represent the
- 10 prosecution and the defense and may authorize those officers to
- 11 take the deposition of any witness.
- 12 (b) Notice of taking deposition. -- The party at whose
- 13 instance a deposition is to be taken shall give to every other
- 14 party reasonable written notice of the time and place for taking
- 15 the deposition.
- 16 (c) Persons authorized to take depositions. -- Depositions may
- 17 be taken before and authenticated by any military or civil
- 18 officer authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth or by the
- 19 laws of the place where the deposition is taken to administer
- 20 oaths.
- 21 (d) Admissibility in evidence. -- A duly authenticated
- 22 deposition taken upon reasonable notice to the other parties, so
- 23 far as otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence, may be
- 24 read in evidence before any military court or in any proceeding
- 25 before a court of inquiry, if it appears:
- 26 (1) that the witness resides or is beyond the state in
- 27 which the court is ordered to sit, or beyond the distance of
- one hundred miles from the place of trial or hearing;
- 29 (2) that the witness by reason of death, age, sickness,
- 30 bodily infirmity, imprisonment, military necessity, non-

- 1 amenability to process, or other reasonable cause, is unable
- 2 or refuses to appear and testify in person at the place of
- 3 trial or hearing; or
- 4 (3) that the present whereabouts of the witness is
- 5 unknown.
- 6 § 5715. Admissibility of records of courts of inquiry.
- 7 (a) Court-martial.--In any case not extending to dismissal
- 8 or dishonorable discharge, the sworn testimony, contained in the
- 9 duly authenticated record of proceedings of a court of inquiry,
- 10 of a person whose oral testimony cannot be obtained, may, if
- 11 otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence, be read in
- 12 evidence by any party before a court-martial if the accused was
- 13 a party before the court of inquiry and if the same issue was
- 14 involved or if the accused consents to the introduction of such
- 15 evidence.
- 16 (b) Use of testimony by defense. -- Such testimony may be read
- 17 in evidence only by the defense in cases extending to dismissal
- 18 or dishonorable discharge.
- 19 (c) Court of inquiry or military board. -- Such testimony may
- 20 also be read in evidence before a court of inquiry or a military
- 21 board by either party.
- 22 § 5716. Voting and rulings.
- 23 (a) Findings, sentences and challenges.--Voting by members
- 24 of a general or special court-martial on the findings and on the
- 25 sentence and by members of a court-martial without a military
- 26 judge upon questions of challenge shall be by secret written
- 27 ballot. The junior member of the court shall count the votes.
- 28 The count shall be checked by the president, who shall forthwith
- 29 announce the result of the ballot to the members of the court.
- 30 (b) Questions of law and interlocutory questions. -- The

- 1 military judge and except for questions of challenge, the
- 2 president of a court-martial without a military judge shall rule
- 3 upon all questions of law and all interlocutory questions
- 4 arising during the proceedings. Any such ruling made by the
- 5 military judge upon any question of law or any interlocutory
- 6 question other than the factual issue of mental responsibility
- 7 of the accused, or by the president of a court-martial without a
- 8 military judge upon any question of law other than a motion for
- 9 a finding of not guilty, is final and constitutes the ruling of
- 10 the court. However, the military judge or the president of a
- 11 court-martial without a military judge may change any such
- 12 ruling at any time during the trial. Unless such ruling be
- 13 final, if any member objects thereto, the court shall be cleared
- 14 and closed and the question decided by a voice vote as provided
- 15 in section 5717 (relating to number of votes required),
- 16 beginning with the junior in rank.
- 17 (c) Instructions to members of court.--Before a vote is
- 18 taken on the findings, the military judge or the president of a
- 19 court-martial without a military judge shall, in the presence of
- 20 the accused and counsel, instruct the members of the court as to
- 21 the elements of the offense and charge them:
- 22 (1) that the accused must be presumed to be innocent
- 23 until his guilt is established by legal and competent
- 24 evidence beyond reasonable doubt;
- 25 (2) that in the case being considered, if there is a
- 26 reasonable doubt as to the quilt of the accused, the doubt
- shall be resolved in favor of the accused and he shall be
- 28 acquitted;
- 29 (3) that, if there is a reasonable doubt as to the
- degree of guilt, the finding must be in a lower degree as to

- 1 which there is no reasonable doubt; and
- 2 (4) that the burden of proof of establishing the guilt
- 3 of the accused beyond reasonable doubt is upon the
- 4 prosecution.
- 5 (d) Proceedings before military judge only.--Subsections
- 6 (a), (b) and (c) do not apply to a court-martial composed of a
- 7 military judge only. The military judge of such a court-martial
- 8 shall determine all questions of law and fact arising during the
- 9 proceedings and, if the accused is convicted, adjudge an
- 10 appropriate sentence. The military judge of such a court-martial
- 11 shall make a general finding and shall in addition on request
- 12 find the facts specially. If an opinion or memorandum of
- 13 decision is filed, it will be sufficient if the findings of fact
- 14 appear therein.
- 15 § 5717. Number of votes required.
- 16 (a) Conviction. -- No person subject to this part shall be
- 17 convicted of any offense, except as provided in section 5710(b)
- 18 (relating to pleas of the accused) or by the concurrence of two-
- 19 thirds of the members present at the time the vote is taken.
- 20 (b) Sentence. -- All sentences shall be determined by the
- 21 concurrence of two-thirds of the members present at the time the
- 22 vote is taken.
- 23 (c) Other questions. -- All other questions to be decided by
- 24 the members of a general or special court-martial shall be
- 25 determined by a majority vote but a determination to reconsider
- 26 a finding of guilty or to reconsider a sentence, with a view
- 27 toward decreasing it, may be made by any lesser vote which
- 28 indicates that the reconsideration is not opposed by the number
- 29 of votes required for that finding or sentence. A tie vote on a
- 30 challenge disqualifies the member challenged. A tie vote on a

- 1 motion for a finding of not guilty or on a motion relating to
- 2 the question of the accused's sanity is a determination against
- 3 the accused. A tie vote on any other question is a determination
- 4 in favor of the accused.
- 5 § 5718. Court to announce action.
- 6 Every court-martial shall announce its findings and sentence
- 7 to the parties as soon as determined.
- 8 § 5719. Record of trial.
- 9 (a) General court-martial.--Each general court-martial shall
- 10 keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case brought
- 11 before it, and the record shall be authenticated by the
- 12 signatures of the military judge. If the record cannot be
- 13 authenticated by the military judge by reason of his death,
- 14 disability or absence, it shall be authenticated by the
- 15 signature of the trial counsel or by that of a member if the
- 16 trial counsel is unable to authenticate it by reason of his
- 17 death, disability, or absence. If the proceedings have resulted
- 18 in an acquittal of all charges and specifications or in a
- 19 sentence not including discharge and not in excess of that which
- 20 may otherwise be adjudged by a special court-martial, the record
- 21 need not contain a verbatim account of the proceedings and
- 22 testimony before the court, but shall contain such matters as
- 23 the Governor may by regulation prescribe.
- 24 (b) Special and summary courts-martial. -- Each special and
- 25 summary courts-martial shall keep a separate record of the
- 26 proceedings in each case, which record shall contain such matter
- 27 and shall be authenticated in such manner as the Governor may by
- 28 regulation prescribe.
- 29 (c) Furnishing record to accused. -- A copy of the record of
- 30 the proceedings of each general and special court-martial shall

- 1 be given to the accused as soon as authenticated. If a verbatim
- 2 record of trial by general court-martial is not required by
- 3 subsection (a), but has been made, the accused may buy such a
- 4 record under such regulations as the Governor may prescribe.
- 5 CHAPTER 58
- 6 SENTENCES
- 7 § 5801. Cruel and unusual punishments prohibited.
- 8 Punishment by flogging, or by branding, marking or tattooing
- 9 on the body, or any other cruel or unusual punishment, may not
- 10 be adjudged by any court-martial or inflicted upon any person
- 11 subject to this part. The use of irons, single or double, except
- 12 for the purpose of safe custody, is prohibited.
- 13 § 5802. Maximum limits.
- 14 The punishment which a court-martial may direct for an
- 15 offense may not exceed such limits as the Governor may prescribe
- 16 for that offense subject to the limits prescribed by this part.
- 17 § 5803. Effective date of sentences.
- 18 (a) Forfeiture of pay and allowances. -- Whenever a sentence
- 19 of a court-martial as lawfully adjudged and approved includes a
- 20 forfeiture of pay or allowances in addition to confinement not
- 21 suspended, the forfeiture may apply to pay or allowances
- 22 becoming due on or after the date the sentence is approved by
- 23 the convening authority. No forfeiture may extend to any pay or
- 24 allowances accrued before that date.
- 25 (b) Confinement. -- Any period of confinement included in a
- 26 sentence of a court-martial begins to run from the date the
- 27 sentence is adjudged by the court-martial but periods during
- 28 which the sentence to confinement is suspended shall be excluded
- 29 in computing the service of the term of confinement. Regulations
- 30 prescribed by the Governor may provide that sentences of

- 1 confinement may not be executed until approved by designated
- 2 officers.
- 3 (c) Other sentences.--All other sentences of courts-martial
- 4 are effective on the date ordered executed.
- 5 § 5804. Execution of confinement.
- 6 (a) Place of confinement. -- A sentence of confinement
- 7 adjudged by a military court, whether or not the sentence
- 8 includes discharge or dismissal, and whether or not the
- 9 discharge or dismissal has been executed, may be carried into
- 10 execution by confinement in any place of confinement under the
- 11 control of any of the forces of the State military forces or in
- 12 any county or State jail, prison or other place of confinement.
- 13 Persons so confined in a jail or prison are subject to the same
- 14 discipline and treatment as persons confined or committed to the
- 15 jail or prison by the courts of this Commonwealth or of any
- 16 political subdivision thereof.
- 17 (b) Authority to require hard labor. -- The omission of the
- 18 words "hard labor" from any sentence or punishment of a court-
- 19 martial adjudging confinement does not deprive the authority
- 20 executing that sentence or punishment of the power to require
- 21 hard labor as a part of the punishment.
- 22 (c) Duty of county prison officials. -- The keepers, officers,
- 23 and wardens of county jails or prisons under section 5205
- 24 (relating to confinement in jails) shall receive persons ordered
- 25 into confinement before trial and persons committed to
- 26 confinement by a military court and shall confine them according
- 27 to law. No such keeper, officer, or warden may require payment
- 28 of any fee or charge for so receiving or confining a person.
- CHAPTER 59
- 30 REVIEW OF COURTS-MARTIAL

- 1 § 5901. Error of law; lesser included offense.
- 2 (a) Error of law.--A finding or sentence of court-martial
- 3 shall not be held incorrect on the ground of an error of law
- 4 unless the error materially prejudices the substantial rights of
- 5 the accused.
- 6 (b) Approval of lesser offense. -- Any reviewing authority
- 7 with the power to approve or affirm a finding of guilty may
- 8 approve or affirm so much of the finding as includes a lesser
- 9 included offense.
- 10 § 5902. Initial action on the record.
- 11 After a trial by court-martial the record shall be forwarded
- 12 to the convening authority, as reviewing authority, and action
- 13 thereon may be taken by the person who convened the court, a
- 14 commissioned officer commanding for the time being, in the
- 15 absence of the convening authority, a successor in command, or
- 16 by any officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction.
- 17 § 5903. Action on general court-martial records.
- 18 The convening authority shall refer the record of each
- 19 general court-martial to his staff judge advocate or legal
- 20 officer who shall submit his written opinion thereon to the
- 21 convening authority. If there is no qualified staff judge
- 22 advocate or legal officer available, the State Judge Advocate
- 23 shall assign a judge advocate officer for such purpose. If the
- 24 final action of the court has resulted in an acquittal of all
- 25 charges and specifications, the opinion shall be limited to
- 26 questions of jurisdiction.
- 27 § 5904. Reconsideration and revision.
- 28 (a) Reconsideration of motion dismissing specification. -- If
- 29 a specification before a court-martial has been dismissed on
- 30 motion and the ruling does not amount to a finding of not

- 1 guilty, the convening authority may return the record to the
- 2 court for reconsideration of the ruling and any further
- 3 appropriate action.
- 4 (b) Record disclosing error or improper action. -- Where there
- 5 is an apparent error or omission in the record or where the
- 6 record shows improper or inconsistent action by a court-martial
- 7 with respect to a finding or sentence which can be rectified
- 8 without material prejudice to the substantial rights of the
- 9 accused, the convening authority may return the record to the
- 10 court for appropriate action. In no case, however, may the
- 11 record be returned:
- 12 (1) for reconsideration of a finding of not guilty of
- any specification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of
- 14 not quilty;
- 15 (2) for reconsideration of a finding of not quilty of
- any charge, unless the record shows a finding of guilty under
- a specification laid under that charge, which sufficiently
- alleges a violation of some section of this part; or
- 19 (3) for increasing the severity of the sentence unless
- the sentence prescribed for the offense is mandatory.
- 21 § 5905. Rehearings.
- 22 (a) General rule. -- If the convening authority disapproves
- 23 the findings and sentence of a court-martial he may, except
- 24 where there is lack of sufficient evidence in the record to
- 25 support the findings, order a rehearing, in which case he shall
- 26 state the reasons for disapproval. If he disapproves the
- 27 findings and sentence and does not order a rehearing, he shall
- 28 dismiss the charges.
- 29 (b) Rehearing body composition and authority. -- Every
- 30 rehearing shall take place before a court-martial composed of

- 1 members not members of the court-martial which first heard the
- 2 case. Upon such rehearing the accused shall not be tried for any
- 3 offense of which he was found not guilty by the first court-
- 4 martial, and no sentence in excess of or more severe than the
- 5 original sentence may be imposed, unless the sentence is based
- 6 upon a finding of guilty of an offense not considered upon the
- 7 merits in the original proceedings, or unless the sentence
- 8 prescribed for the offense is mandatory.
- 9 § 5906. Approval by the convening authority.
- 10 In acting on the findings and sentence of a court-martial,
- 11 the convening authority shall approve only such findings of
- 12 guilty, and the sentence or such part or amount of the sentence,
- 13 as he finds correct in law and fact and as he in his discretion
- 14 determines should be approved. Unless he indicates otherwise,
- 15 approval of the sentence shall constitute approval of the
- 16 findings and sentence.
- 17 § 5907. Disposition of records after review by the convening
- 18 authority.
- 19 (a) Final action by Governor. -- When the Governor has taken
- 20 final action in a court-martial case in which he is the
- 21 convening authority, there shall be no further review.
- 22 (b) Final action by other authority. -- When a convening
- 23 authority other than the Governor has taken final action in a
- 24 general court-martial case, he shall forward the entire record,
- 25 including his action thereon and the opinion or opinions of the
- 26 staff judge advocate or legal officer, to the State Judge
- 27 Advocate.
- 28 (c) Bad conduct discharge. -- Where the sentence of a special
- 29 court-martial as approved by the convening authority includes a
- 30 bad-conduct discharge, whether or not suspended, the record

- 1 shall be forwarded to the officer exercising general court-
- 2 martial jurisdiction over the command to be reviewed in the same
- 3 manner as a record of trial by a general court-martial. If the
- 4 sentence as approved by an officer exercising general court-
- 5 martial jurisdiction includes a bad-conduct discharge, whether
- 6 or not suspended, the record shall be forwarded to the State
- 7 Judge Advocate.
- 8 (d) Review and disposition of other records. -- All other
- 9 special and summary court-martial records shall be reviewed by a
- 10 judge advocate of the Army National Guard or Air National Guard
- 11 and shall be transmitted and disposed of as the Adjutant General
- 12 may prescribe by regulations.
- 13 § 5908. Review in the office of the State Judge Advocate.
- 14 Every record of trial by general court-martial in which there
- 15 has been a finding of guilty and a sentence, and every record of
- 16 trial by special court-martial in which the sentence as approved
- 17 by an officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction
- 18 includes a bad-conduct discharge, shall be examined in the
- 19 office of the State Judge Advocate. If the State Judge Advocate
- 20 so directs, the record shall be reviewed by a board of review in
- 21 accordance with section 5909 (relating to review by a board of
- 22 review).
- 23 § 5909. Review by a board of review.
- 24 (a) Composition of boards of review. -- The State Judge
- 25 Advocate may constitute one or more boards of review, each
- 26 composed of not less than three commissioned officers, each of
- 27 whom shall be a member of the bar of the Supreme Court of
- 28 Pennsylvania, and one of whom shall be a judge advocate of the
- 29 Army or Air National Guard.
- 30 (b) Affirming findings and sentence. -- In a case referred to

- 1 it, the board of review may act only with respect to the
- 2 findings and sentence as approved by the convening authority. It
- 3 may affirm only such findings of guilty, and the sentence or
- 4 such part or amount of the sentence, as it finds correct in law
- 5 and fact and determines, on the basis of the entire record,
- 6 should be approved. In considering the record it shall have
- 7 authority to weigh the evidence, judge the credibility of
- 8 witnesses, and determine controverted questions of fact,
- 9 recognizing that the trial court saw and heard the witnesses.
- 10 (c) Setting aside findings and sentence. -- If the board of
- 11 review sets aside the findings and sentence, it may, except
- 12 where the setting aside is based on lack of sufficient evidence
- 13 in the record to support the findings, order a rehearing. If it
- 14 sets aside the findings and sentence and does not order a
- 15 rehearing, it shall order that the charges be dismissed.
- 16 (d) Action by convening authority. -- The State Judge Advocate
- 17 shall, unless there is to be further action by the Governor,
- 18 instruct the convening authority to take action in accordance
- 19 with the decision of the board of review. If the board of review
- 20 has ordered a rehearing but the convening authority finds a
- 21 rehearing impracticable, he may dismiss the charges.
- 22 (e) Uniform rules of procedure. -- In the event one or more
- 23 boards of review are constituted in accordance with this
- 24 section, the State Judge Advocate shall prescribe uniform rules
- 25 of procedure for proceedings in and before such board or boards
- 26 of review.
- 27 § 5910. Appellate counsel.
- 28 Upon review of the record of trial by general court-martial
- 29 in which there has been a finding of guilty and a sentence and
- 30 upon review of the record of trial by special court-martial in

- 1 which the sentence as approved by an officer exercising general
- 2 court-martial jurisdiction includes a bad-conduct discharge, the
- 3 accused shall have the right to be represented before the State
- 4 Judge Advocate or the board of review, as the case may be, by
- 5 military counsel if requested by him or by civilian counsel if
- 6 provided by him. Appellate military counsel shall be a
- 7 commissioned officer of the State military forces and shall be a
- 8 member of the bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
- 9 § 5911. Execution of sentence; suspension of sentence.
- 10 (a) Approval of certain sentences by Governor. -- No sentence
- 11 extending to the dismissal of a commissioned officer or
- 12 dishonorable discharge or bad-conduct discharge shall be
- 13 executed until approved by the Governor. He shall approve the
- 14 sentence or such part, amount, or commuted form of the sentence
- 15 as he sees fit, and may suspend the execution of the sentence or
- 16 any part of the sentence, as approved by him.
- 17 (b) Authority of convening authority. -- All other court-
- 18 martial sentences, unless suspended, may be ordered executed by
- 19 the convening authority when approved by him. The convening
- 20 authority may suspend the execution of any sentence.
- 21 § 5912. Vacation of suspension.
- 22 (a) Bad-conduct discharges and general court-martial
- 23 sentences.--Prior to the vacation of the suspension of a special
- 24 court-martial sentence which as approved includes a bad-conduct
- 25 discharge, or of any general court-martial sentence, the officer
- 26 having special court-martial jurisdiction over the probationer
- 27 shall hold a hearing on the alleged violation of probation. The
- 28 probationer shall be represented at the hearing by counsel if he
- 29 so desires.
- 30 (b) Hearing record, recommendation and action. -- The record

- 1 of the hearing and the recommendation of the officer having
- 2 special court-martial jurisdiction shall be forwarded for action
- 3 to the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction. If
- 4 he vacates the suspension, any unexecuted part of the sentence
- 5 except a dismissal shall be executed.
- 6 (c) Other sentences. -- The suspension of any other sentence
- 7 may be vacated by any authority competent to convene, for the
- 8 command in which the accused is serving or assigned, a court of
- 9 the kind that imposed the sentence.
- 10 § 5913. Petition for a new trial.
- 11 At any time within two years after approval by the convening
- 12 authority of a court-martial sentence which extends to
- 13 dismissal, dishonorable discharge or bad-conduct discharge, the
- 14 accused may petition the Governor for a new trial on ground of
- 15 newly discovered evidence or fraud on the court-martial.
- 16 § 5914. Remission and suspension.
- 17 (a) General rule. -- A convening authority may remit or
- 18 suspend any part or amount of the unexecuted part of any
- 19 sentence, including all uncollected forfeitures, other than a
- 20 sentence approved by the Governor.
- 21 (b) Substitution of administrative discharge by Governor .--
- 22 The Governor may, for good cause, substitute an administrative
- 23 form of discharge for a discharge or dismissal executed in
- 24 accordance with the sentence of a court-martial.
- 25 § 5915. Restoration.
- 26 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as the Governor
- 27 may prescribe, all rights, privileges, and property affected by
- 28 an executed portion of a court-martial sentence which has been
- 29 set aside or disapproved, except an executed dismissal or
- 30 discharge, shall be restored unless a new trial or rehearing is

- 1 ordered and such executed portion is included in a sentence
- 2 imposed upon a new trial or rehearing.
- 3 (b) Substitution of administrative discharge for invalid
- 4 discharge. -- When a previously executed sentence of dishonorable
- 5 discharge or bad-conduct discharge is not sustained on a new
- 6 trial, the Adjutant General shall substitute therefor a form of
- 7 discharge authorized for administrative issuance unless the
- 8 accused is to serve out the remainder of his enlistment.
- 9 (c) Substitution of administrative discharge for invalid
- 10 dismissal. -- When a previously executed sentence of dismissal is
- 11 not sustained on a new trial, the Adjutant General shall
- 12 substitute therefor a form of discharge authorized for
- 13 administrative issue.
- 14 § 5916. Finality of proceedings, findings and sentences.
- 15 The proceedings, findings and sentences of courts-martial as
- 16 reviewed and approved, as required by this part, and all
- 17 dismissals and discharges carried into execution under sentences
- 18 by courts-martial following review and approval, as required by
- 19 this part, shall be final and conclusive. Orders publishing the
- 20 proceedings of courts-martial and all action taken pursuant to
- 21 those proceedings are binding upon all departments, courts,
- 22 agencies, and officers of the Commonwealth, subject only to
- 23 action upon a petition for a new trial as provided in section
- 24 5913 (relating to petition for a new trial) and to action by the
- 25 Governor as provided in section 5914 (relating to remission and
- 26 suspension).
- 27 CHAPTER 60
- 28 PUNITIVE SECTIONS
- 29 § 6001. Principals.
- 30 Any person subject to this part who:

- 1 (1) commits an offense punishable by this part, or aids,
- 2 abets, counsels, commands, or procures its commission; or
- 3 (2) causes an act to be done which if directly performed
- 4 by him would be punishable by this part;
- 5 is a principal.
- 6 § 6002. Accessory after the fact.
- 7 Any person subject to this part who, knowing that an offense
- 8 punishable by this part has been committed, receives, comforts,
- 9 or assists the offender in order to hinder or prevent his
- 10 apprehension, trial, or punishment shall be punished as a court-
- 11 martial may direct.
- 12 § 6003. Conviction of lesser included offense.
- 13 An accused may be found guilty of an offense necessarily
- 14 included in the offense charged or of an attempt to commit
- 15 either the offense charged or an offense necessarily included
- 16 therein.
- 17 § 6004. Attempts.
- 18 (a) Attempt defined. -- An act, done with specific intent to
- 19 commit an offense under this part, amounting to more than mere
- 20 preparation and tending, even though failing to effect its
- 21 commission, is an attempt to commit that offense.
- 22 (b) Punishment. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 23 attempts to commit any offense punishable by this part shall be
- 24 punished as a court-martial may direct, unless otherwise
- 25 specifically prescribed.
- 26 (c) Effect of consummation of offense. -- Any person subject to
- 27 this part may be convicted of an attempt to commit an offense
- 28 although it appears on the trial that the offense was
- 29 consummated.
- 30 § 6005. Conspiracy.

- 1 Any person subject to this part who conspires with any other
- 2 person to commit an offense under this part shall, if one or
- 3 more of the conspirators does an act to effect the object of the
- 4 conspiracy, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 5 § 6006. Solicitation.
- 6 (a) Desertion and mutiny. -- Any person subject to this part
- 7 who solicits or advises another or others to desert in violation
- 8 of section 6009 (relating to desertion) or mutiny in violation
- 9 of section 6018 (relating to mutiny or sedition) shall, if the
- 10 offense solicited or advised is attempted or committed, be
- 11 punished with the punishment provided for the commission of the
- 12 offense, but, if the offense solicited or advised is not
- 13 committed or attempted, he shall be punished as a court-martial
- 14 may direct.
- 15 (b) Misbehavior before enemy and sedition. -- Any person
- 16 subject to this part who solicits or advises another or others
- 17 to commit an act of misbehavior before the enemy in violation of
- 18 section 6023 (relating to misbehavior before the enemy) or
- 19 sedition in violation of section 6018 shall, if the offense
- 20 solicited or advised is committed, be punished with the
- 21 punishment provided for the commission of the offense, but, if
- 22 the offense solicited or advised is not committed, he shall be
- 23 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 24 § 6007. Fraudulent enlistment, appointment or separation.
- 25 Any person who:
- 26 (1) procures his own enlistment or appointment in the
- 27 State military forces by knowingly false representation or
- deliberate concealment as to his qualifications for that
- 29 enlistment or appointment and receives pay or allowances
- 30 thereunder; or

- 1 (2) procures his own separation from the State military
- 2 forces by knowingly false representation or deliberate
- 3 concealment as to his eligibility for that separation;
- 4 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 5 § 6008. Unlawful enlistment, appointment, or separation.
- 6 Any person subject to this part who effects an enlistment or
- 7 appointment in or a separation from the State military forces of
- 8 any person who is known to him to be ineligible for that
- 9 enlistment, appointment, or separation because it is prohibited
- 10 by law, regulation, or order shall be punished as a court-
- 11 martial may direct.
- 12 § 6009. Desertion.
- 13 (a) Offense defined. -- Any member of the State military
- 14 forces who:
- 15 (1) without authority goes or remains absent from his
- unit, organization or place of duty with intent to remain
- away therefrom permanently;
- 18 (2) quits his unit, organization or place of duty with
- intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important service;
- 20 or
- 21 (3) without being regularly separated from one of the
- 22 State military forces enlists or accepts an appointment in
- 23 the same or another one of the State military forces, or in
- one of the armed forces of the United States, without fully
- disclosing the fact that he has not been regularly separated;
- is guilty of desertion.
- 27 (b) Commissioned officer tendering resignation. -- Any
- 28 commissioned officer of the State military forces who, after
- 29 tender of his resignation and before notice of its acceptance,
- 30 quits his post or proper duties without leave and with intent to

- 1 remain away therefrom permanently is guilty of desertion.
- 2 (c) Punishment. -- Any person found guilty of desertion or
- 3 attempt to desert shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 4 direct.
- 5 § 6010. Absence without leave.
- 6 (a) Offense defined. -- Any person subject to this part who,
- 7 without authority:
- 8 (1) fails to go to his appointed place of duty at the
- 9 time prescribed;
- 10 (2) goes from that place; or
- 11 (3) absents himself or remains absent from his unit,
- organization or place of duty at which he is required to be
- 13 at the time prescribed;
- 14 is absent without leave and shall be punished as a court-martial
- 15 directs, be subject to nonjudicial punishment or be charged with
- 16 a summary offense.
- 17 (b) Military offense. -- Absence without leave is a military
- 18 offense subject to punishment as a court-martial may direct or
- 19 by nonjudicial punishment under this part.
- 20 (c) Summary offense. -- Absence without leave as defined in
- 21 subsection (a) is a summary offense.
- 22 (d) Fines.--A person convicted of the summary offense of
- 23 absence without leave shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not
- 24 less than \$50 nor more than \$200 for the first offense and a
- 25 fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 for a second or
- 26 subsequent offense.
- 27 (e) Costs.--Any person convicted of a summary offense of
- 28 absence without leave shall, in addition to the fine imposed, be
- 29 sentenced to pay costs as provided or prescribed by or pursuant
- 30 to 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 17 (relating to governance of the system).

- 1 (f) Institution of proceedings. -- A person subject to this
- 2 part authorized by the Adjutant General or his designee may
- 3 institute summary proceedings for violation of this section by
- 4 filing a complaint with an issuing authority as provided in the
- 5 Pennsylvania Rules of Criminal Procedure. The alleged offense
- 6 shall be deemed to have occurred in the magisterial district
- 7 where the unit to which the member is assigned is located.
- 8 (g) Withdrawal of complaint. -- The person instituting summary
- 9 proceedings for a violation of this section or his or her
- 10 superior commissioned officer may withdraw the complaint if the
- 11 accused executes a military service participation agreement and
- 12 pays all costs as described in subsection (e).
- 13 (h) Military counsel.--Military counsel shall not be
- 14 assigned to represent the Commonwealth or the accused in summary
- 15 proceedings brought under this section.
- 16 (i) Prima facie evidence. -- An extract from official military
- 17 records showing that the accused person was absent without leave
- 18 as defined in subsection (a) shall constitute prima facie
- 19 evidence of a violation of this section.
- 20 (j) Limitations on proceedings. -- No action may be commenced
- 21 for a violation of this section more than 12 months after the
- 22 last date on which the person is alleged to have been absent
- 23 without leave. No court-martial or nonjudicial punishment
- 24 proceedings for absence without leave under this part may be
- 25 instituted against a person who has been charged with the
- 26 summary offense of absence without leave for the same time
- 27 period. No summary offense proceedings for absence without leave
- 28 under this section may be instituted against a person who has
- 29 been the subject of court-martial or nonjudicial punishment for
- 30 absence without leave under this part for the same time period.

- 1 § 6011. Missing movement.
- 2 Any person subject to this part who through neglect or design
- 3 misses the movement of a ship, aircraft, or unit with which he
- 4 is required in the course of duty to move shall be punished as a
- 5 court-martial may direct.
- 6 § 6012. Contempt towards officials.
- 7 Any person subject to this part who uses contemptuous words
- 8 against the President of the United States, Vice-President of
- 9 the United States, Congress, Secretary of Defense, or a
- 10 secretary of a department, the Governor of the Commonwealth of
- 11 Pennsylvania, the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of
- 12 Pennsylvania or the Adjutant General of the Commonwealth of
- 13 Pennsylvania, the Governor or the legislature of any state,
- 14 territory or other possession of the United States in which he
- 15 is on duty or present shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 16 direct.
- 17 § 6013. Disrespect towards superior commissioned officer.
- 18 Any person subject to this part who behaves with disrespect
- 19 towards his superior commissioned officer shall be punished as a
- 20 court-martial may direct.
- 21 § 6014. Assaulting or willfully disobeying superior
- 22 commissioned officer.
- 23 Any person subject to this part who:
- 24 (1) strikes his superior commissioned officer or draws
- or lifts up any weapon or offers any violence against him
- 26 while he is in the execution of his office; or
- 27 (2) willfully disobeys a lawful command of his superior
- 28 commissioned officer;
- 29 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 30 § 6015. Insubordinate conduct toward warrant officer,

- 1 noncommissioned officer.
- 2 Any warrant officer or enlisted member who:
- 3 (1) strikes or assaults a warrant officer,
- 4 noncommissioned officer, while that officer is in the
- 5 execution of his office;
- 6 (2) willfully disobeys the lawful order of a warrant
- 7 officer, noncommissioned officer; or
- 8 (3) treats with contempt or is disrespectful in language
- 9 or deportment toward a warrant officer, noncommissioned
- 10 officer, while that officer is in the execution of his
- 11 office;
- 12 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 13 § 6016. Failure to obey order or regulation.
- Any person subject to this part who:
- 15 (1) violates or fails to obey any lawful general order
- 16 or regulation; or
- 17 (2) having knowledge of any other lawful order issued by
- 18 a member of the State military forces, which it is his duty
- 19 to obey, fails to obey the order; or
- 20 (3) is derelict in the performance of his duties;
- 21 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6017. Cruelty and maltreatment.
- 23 Any person subject to this part who is guilty of cruelty toward,
- 24 or oppression or maltreatment of, any person subject to his
- 25 orders shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 26 § 6018. Mutiny or sedition.
- 27 (a) Offenses defined. -- Any person subject to this part who:
- 28 (1) with intent to usurp or override lawful military
- authority refuses, in concert with any other person, to obey
- 30 orders or otherwise to do his duty or creates any violence or

- disturbance is guilty of mutiny;
- 2 (2) with intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of
- 3 lawful civil authority, creates, in concert with any other
- 4 person, revolt, violence, or other disturbance against that
- 5 authority is guilty of sedition; or
- 6 (3) fails to do his utmost to prevent and suppress a
- 7 mutiny or sedition being committed in his presence, or fails
- 8 to take all reasonable means to inform his superior
- 9 commissioned officer or commanding officer of a mutiny or
- 10 sedition which he knows or has reason to believe is taking
- place, is guilty of a failure to suppress or report a mutiny
- 12 or sedition.
- 13 (b) Punishment. -- A person who is found guilty of attempted
- 14 mutiny, mutiny, sedition, or failure to suppress or report a
- 15 mutiny or sedition shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 16 direct.
- 17 § 6019. Resistance, breach of arrest, and escape.
- Any person subject to this part who resists apprehension or
- 19 breaks arrest or who escapes from custody, restraint, or
- 20 confinement imposed under this part shall be punished as a
- 21 court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6020. Releasing prisoner without proper authority.
- 23 Any person subject to this part who, without proper
- 24 authority, releases any prisoner committed to his charge, or who
- 25 through neglect or design suffers any such prisoner to escape,
- 26 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 27 § 6021. Unlawful detention of another.
- Any person subject to this part who, except as provided by
- 29 law or regulation, apprehends, arrests, restrains, or confines
- 30 any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

- 1 § 6022. Noncompliance with procedural rules.
- 2 Any person subject to this part who:
- 3 (1) is responsible for unnecessary delay in the
- 4 disposition of any case of a person accused of an offense
- 5 under this part; or
- 6 (2) knowingly and intentionally fails to enforce or
- 7 comply with any provision of this part regulating the
- 8 proceedings before, during, or after trial of an accused;
- 9 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 10 § 6023. Misbehavior before the enemy.
- 11 Any person subject to this part who before or in the presence
- 12 of the enemy:
- 13 (1) runs away;
- 14 (2) shamefully abandons, or surrenders any command,
- unit, place, or military property which it is his duty to
- 16 defend;
- 17 (3) through disobedience, neglect, or intentional
- 18 misconduct endangers the safety of any such command, unit,
- 19 place, or military property;
- 20 (4) casts away his arms or ammunition;
- 21 (5) is guilty of cowardly conduct;
- 22 (6) quits his place of duty to plunder or pillage;
- 23 (7) causes false alarms in any command, unit, or place
- 24 under control of the armed forces of the United States or the
- 25 State military forces;
- 26 (8) willfully fails to do his utmost to encounter,
- engage, capture, or destroy any enemy troops, combatants,
- vessels, aircraft, or any other thing, which it is his duty
- so to encounter, engage, capture, or destroy; or
- 30 (9) does not afford all practicable relief and

- 1 assistance to any troops, combatants, vessels, or aircraft of
- 2 the armed forces belonging to the United States or their
- allies, to the State when engaged in battle or in suppressing
- 4 civil disorders;
- 5 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 6 § 6024. Subordinate compelling surrender.
- 7 Any person subject to this part who compels or attempts to
- 8 compel a commander of any place, vessel, aircraft, or other
- 9 military property, or of any body of members of the State
- 10 military forces to give it up to an enemy or to abandon it, or
- 11 who strikes the colors or flag to an enemy without proper
- 12 authority, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 13 § 6025. Improper use of countersign.
- 14 Any person subject to this part who discloses the parole or
- 15 countersign to any person not entitled to receive it, or who
- 16 gives to another who is entitled to receive and use the parole
- 17 or countersign a different parole or countersign from that
- 18 which, to his knowledge, he was authorized and required to give,
- 19 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 20 § 6026. Forcing a safeguard.
- 21 Any person subject to this part who forces a safeguard shall
- 22 be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 23 § 6027. Captured or abandoned property.
- 24 (a) Duty to secure property. -- All persons subject to this
- 25 part shall secure all public property taken from the enemy for
- 26 the service of the United States or the Commonwealth, and shall
- 27 give notice and turn over to the proper authority without delay
- 28 all captured or abandoned property in their possession, custody,
- 29 or control.
- 30 (b) Offenses defined and punishment. -- Any person subject to

- 1 this part who:
- 2 (1) fails to carry out the duties prescribed in
- 3 subsection (a);
- 4 (2) buys, sells, trades, or in any way deals in or
- 5 disposes of captured or abandoned property, whereby he
- 6 receives or expects any profit, benefit, or advantage to
- 7 himself or another directly or indirectly connected with
- 8 himself; or
- 9 (3) engages in looting or pillaging;
- shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 11 § 6028. Aiding the enemy.
- 12 Any person subject to this part who:
- 13 (1) aids, or attempts to aid, the enemy with arms,
- ammunition, supplies, money, or other things; or
- 15 (2) without proper authority, knowingly harbors or
- protects or gives intelligence to, or communicates or
- 17 corresponds with or holds any intercourse with the enemy,
- 18 either directly or indirectly;
- 19 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 20 § 6029. Misconduct of a prisoner.
- 21 Any person subject to this part who, while in the hands of
- 22 the enemy:
- 23 (1) for the purpose of securing favorable treatment by
- 24 his captors acts without proper authority in a manner
- contrary to law, custom, or regulation, to the detriment of
- others held by the enemy as civilian or military prisoners;
- 27 or
- 28 (2) while in a position of authority over such persons
- 29 maltreats them without justifiable cause;
- 30 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

- 1 § 6030. False official statements.
- 2 Any person subject to this part who, with intent to deceive,
- 3 signs any false record, return, regulation, order, or other
- 4 official document, knowing the same to be false, or makes any
- 5 other false official statement knowing the same to be false,
- 6 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 7 § 6031. Loss, damage, destruction or wrongful disposition of
- 8 military property.
- 9 Any person subject to this part, who without proper
- 10 authority;
- 11 (1) sells or otherwise disposes of;
- 12 (2) willfully or through neglect damages, destroys, or
- loses; or
- 14 (3) willfully or through neglect suffers to be lost,
- damaged, destroyed, sold, or wrongfully disposed of;
- any military property of the United States or of the State
- shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 18 § 6032. Waste, spoilage, or destruction of nonmilitary
- 19 property.
- 20 Any person subject to this part who, while in a duty status,
- 21 willfully or recklessly wastes, spoils, or otherwise willfully
- 22 and wrongfully destroys or damages any property other than
- 23 military property belonging to the United States or of the State
- 24 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 25 § 6033. Improper hazarding of vessel.
- 26 (a) Willful conduct. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 27 willfully and wrongfully hazards or suffers to be hazarded any
- 28 vessel of the armed forces of the United States or of the State
- 29 military forces shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 30 (b) Negligent conduct. -- Any person subject to this part who

- 1 negligently hazards or suffers to be hazarded any vessel of the
- 2 armed forces of the United States or of the State military
- 3 forces shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 4 § 6034. Drunken or reckless driving.
- 5 Any person subject to this part who while in a duty status
- 6 operates any vehicle while drunk, or in a reckless or wanton
- 7 manner, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 8 § 6035. Drunk on duty, sleeping on post and leaving post before
- 9 relief.
- 10 Any person subject to this part who is found drunk on duty or
- 11 sleeping upon his post, or who leaves his post before he is
- 12 regularly relieved, shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 13 direct.
- 14 § 6036. Dueling.
- Any person subject to this part who, while in a duty status,
- 16 fights or promotes, or is concerned in or connives at fighting a
- 17 duel, or who, having knowledge of a challenge sent or about to
- 18 be sent, fails to report the fact promptly to the proper
- 19 authority, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 20 § 6037. Malingering.
- 21 Any person subject to this part who for the purpose of
- 22 avoiding work, duty or service in the State military forces:
- 23 (1) feigns illness, physical disablement, mental lapse
- or derangement; or
- 25 (2) intentionally inflicts self-injury;
- 26 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 27 § 6038. Riot or breach of peace.
- Any person subject to this part who while in a duty status
- 29 causes or participates in any riot or breach of the peace shall
- 30 be punished as a court-martial may direct.

- 1 § 6039. Provoking speeches or gestures.
- 2 Any person subject to this part who while in a duty status
- 3 uses provoking or reproachful words or gestures towards any
- 4 other person subject to this part shall be punished as a court-
- 5 martial may direct.
- 6 § 6040. Perjury.
- 7 Any person subject to this part who in a judicial proceeding
- 8 or in a course of justice conducted under this part willfully
- 9 and corruptly gives, upon a lawful oath or in any form allowed
- 10 by law to be substituted for an oath, any false testimony
- 11 material to the issue or matter of inquiry is quilty of perjury
- 12 and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 13 § 6041. Frauds against the government.
- 14 Any person subject to this part:
- 15 (1) who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent:
- 16 (i) makes any claim against the United States, the
- 17 Commonwealth, or any officer thereof; or
- 18 (ii) presents to any person in the civil or military
- service thereof, for approval or payment any claim
- against the United States, the Commonwealth, or any
- 21 officer thereof; or
- 22 (2) who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval,
- allowance, or payment of any claim against the United States,
- the Commonwealth, or any officer thereof;
- (i) makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing
- the same to contain any false or fraudulent statements;
- 27 (ii) makes any oath to any fact or to any writing or
- other paper knowing such oath to be false; or
- 29 (iii) forges or counterfeits any signature upon any
- writing or other paper, or uses any such signature

- 1 knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited; or
- 2 (3) who, having charge, possession, custody, or control
- of any money, or other property of the United States or the
- 4 Commonwealth, furnished or intended for the armed forces of
- 5 the United States or the State military forces, knowingly
- delivers to any person having authority to receive the same,
- 7 any amount thereof less than that for which he receives a
- 8 certificate or receipt; or
- 9 (4) who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper
- 10 certifying the receipt of any property of the United States
- or the Commonwealth, furnished or intended for the armed
- forces of the United States or the State military forces,
- makes or delivers to any person such writing without having
- full knowledge of the truth of the statements therein
- 15 contained and with intent to defraud the United States or the
- 16 Commonwealth;
- 17 shall, upon conviction, be punished as a court-martial may
- 18 direct.
- 19 § 6042. Larceny and wrongful appropriation.
- 20 (a) Offenses defined. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 21 while in a duty status wrongfully takes, obtains, or withholds,
- 22 by any means whatever from the possession of the true owner or
- 23 of any other person any money, personal property, or article of
- 24 value of any kind:
- 25 (1) with intent permanently to deprive or defraud
- another person of the use and benefit of property or to
- appropriate the same to his own use or the use of any person
- other than the true owner, steals such property, is guilty of
- 29 larceny; or
- 30 (2) with intent temporarily to deprive or defraud

- another person of the use and benefit of property or to
- 2 appropriate the same to his own use or the use of any person
- 3 other than the true owner, is guilty of wrongful
- 4 appropriation.
- 5 (b) Punishment. -- Any person found guilty of larceny or
- 6 wrongful appropriation shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 7 direct.
- 8 § 6043. Assault.
- 9 Any person subject to this part who while in a duty status
- 10 attempts or offers with unlawful force or violence to do bodily
- 11 harm to another person, whether or not the attempt or offer is
- 12 consummated, is guilty of assault and shall be punished as a
- 13 court-martial may direct.
- 14 § 6044. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.
- 15 Any commissioned officer who is convicted of conduct
- 16 unbecoming of an officer and a gentleman shall be punished as a
- 17 court-martial may direct.
- 18 § 6045. General article.
- 19 Though not specifically mentioned in this part, all disorders
- 20 and neglects to the prejudice of good order and discipline in
- 21 the State military forces, and all conduct of a nature to bring
- 22 discredit upon the State military forces, of which persons
- 23 subject to this part may be guilty, shall be taken cognizance of
- 24 by a general, special or summary court-martial, according to the
- 25 nature and degree of the offense, and shall be punished at the
- 26 discretion of such court. However, jurisdiction shall not be
- 27 extended to crimes not included herein, and normally within the
- 28 jurisdiction of the civil courts of this Commonwealth.
- 29 § 6046. Embezzlement.
- 30 Any person subject to this part who shall embezzle, misapply

- 1 or convert to his own use, without authority, any moneys
- 2 received by or entrusted to him for disbursement or articles of
- 3 military equipment shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 4 direct.
- 5 § 6047. Purchasing and receiving military property in pawn.
- 6 If any person shall knowingly and willfully purchase, or
- 7 receive in pawn or pledge any military property of the
- 8 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of the United States in use by
- 9 the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, he shall be punished as a
- 10 court-martial may direct.
- 11 CHAPTER 61
- 12 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 13 § 6101. Courts of inquiry.
- 14 (a) Who may convene. -- Courts of inquiry to investigate any
- 15 matter may be convened by any person authorized to convene a
- 16 general court-martial or by any other person designated by the
- 17 Governor for that purpose, whether or not the persons involved
- 18 have requested such an inquiry.
- 19 (b) Composition. -- A court of inquiry consists of three or
- 20 more commissioned officers. For each court of inquiry the
- 21 convening authority shall also appoint counsel for the court.
- 22 (c) Parties. -- Any person subject to this part whose conduct
- 23 is subject to inquiry shall be designated as a party. Any person
- 24 subject to this part or employed in the Department of Military
- 25 Affairs who has a direct interest in the subject of inquiry
- 26 shall have the right to be designated as a party upon request to
- 27 the court. Any person designated as a party shall be given due
- 28 notice and has the right to be present, to be represented by
- 29 counsel, to cross-examine witnesses, and to introduce evidence.
- 30 (d) Challenging members.--Members of a court of inquiry may

- 1 be challenged by a party, but only for cause stated to the
- 2 court.
- 3 (e) Oath or affirmation. -- The members, counsel, the
- 4 reporter, and interpreters of courts of inquiry shall take an
- 5 oath or affirmation to faithfully perform their duties.
- 6 (f) Witnesses.--Witnesses may be summoned to appear and
- 7 testify and be examined before courts of inquiry, as provided
- 8 for courts-martial.
- 9 (g) Findings and recommendations. -- Courts of inquiry shall
- 10 make findings of fact but shall not express opinions or make
- 11 recommendations unless required to do so by the convening
- 12 authority.
- 13 (h) Record.--Each court of inquiry shall keep a record of
- 14 its proceedings, which shall be authenticated by the signatures
- 15 of the president and counsel for the court and forwarded to the
- 16 convening authority. In case the record cannot be authenticated
- 17 by the president, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of the
- 18 president. In case the record cannot be authenticated by the
- 19 counsel for the court, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of
- 20 the counsel.
- 21 § 6102. Authority to administer oaths.
- 22 (a) Military administration and justice. -- The following
- 23 members of the State military forces may administer oaths for
- 24 the purposes of military administration, including military
- 25 justice:
- 26 (1) The State Judge Advocate and all assistant State
- judge advocates.
- 28 (2) All law specialists.
- 29 (3) All summary courts-martial.
- 30 (4) All adjutants, assistant adjutants, acting

- 1 adjutants, and personnel adjutants.
- 2 (5) All staff judge advocates and legal officers and
- 3 acting or assistant staff judge advocates and legal officers.
- 4 (6) All other persons designated by law or regulation.
- 5 (b) Performance of particular duties. -- The following persons
- 6 in the State military forces shall have authority to administer
- 7 oaths necessary in the performance of their duties:
- 8 (1) The president, military judge, trial counsel, and
- 9 assistant trial counsel for all general and special courts-
- 10 martial.
- 11 (2) The president and the counsel for the court of any
- 12 court of inquiry.
- 13 (3) All officers designated to take a deposition.
- 14 (4) All persons detailed to conduct an investigation.
- 15 (5) All other persons designated by law or any
- 16 regulation.
- 17 (c) Evidence of authority. -- The signature without seal of
- 18 any such person, together with the title of his office, is prima
- 19 facie evidence of his authority.
- 20 § 6103. Text of part to be available.
- 21 A complete text of this part and of the regulations
- 22 prescribed by the Governor thereunder shall be made available to
- 23 any member of the State military forces, upon his request, for
- 24 his personal examination.
- 25 § 6104. Complaints of wrongs.
- 26 Any member of the State military forces who believes himself
- 27 wronged by his commanding officer, and who, upon due application
- 28 to such commander, is refused redress, may complain to any
- 29 superior commissioned officer, who shall forward the complaint
- 30 to the officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction

- 1 over the officer against whom it is made. That officer shall
- 2 examine into said complaint and take proper measures for
- 3 redressing the wrong.
- 4 § 6105. Redress of injuries to property.
- 5 (a) Assessment of damages. -- Whenever complaint is made to
- 6 any commanding officer that willful damage has been done to the
- 7 property of any person or that his property has been wrongfully
- 8 taken by members of the State military forces, he may, subject
- 9 to such regulations as the Governor may prescribe, convene a
- 10 board to investigate the complaint. The board shall consist of
- 11 from one to three commissioned officers and shall have for the
- 12 purpose of such investigation, power to summon witnesses and
- 13 examine them upon oath or affirmation, to receive depositions or
- 14 other documentary evidence, and to assess the damages sustained
- 15 against the responsible parties. The assessment of damages made
- 16 by such board is subject to the approval of the commanding
- 17 officer, and in the amount approved by him and may be charged
- 18 against the pay of the offenders. The order of such commanding
- 19 officer directing charges herein authorized shall be conclusive,
- 20 except as provided in subsection (b) on any disbursing officer
- 21 for the payment by him to the injured parties of the damages so
- 22 assessed and approved.
- 23 (b) Rights of accused. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 24 is accused of causing willful damage to property has the right
- 25 to be represented by counsel, to summon witnesses in his behalf,
- 26 and to cross-examine those appearing against him. He has the
- 27 right of appeal to the next higher commander.
- 28 § 6106. Execution of process and sentence.
- 29 In the State military forces, the processes and sentences of
- 30 its courts-martial shall be executed by the civil officers

- 1 prescribed by the laws of this Commonwealth or by the officers
- 2 of the State military forces as the circumstances may require.
- 3 Fees for serving processes provided for in this part shall be
- 4 the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil
- 5 nature, and shall upon proper vouchers being filed, be paid by
- 6 the Adjutant General in the usual manner.
- 7 § 6107. Disposition of fines and penalties.
- 8 All fines and penalties imposed and collected through the
- 9 sentence of courts-martial shall be forwarded to the Adjutant
- 10 General who shall deposit the same in the State Treasury. It
- 11 shall be proper for the Department of Military Affairs to
- 12 request each session of the General Assembly to appropriate such
- 13 moneys as have been so deposited for the welfare of the State
- 14 military forces.
- 15 § 6108. Liability of public officers for nonexecution of
- process.
- 17 The neglect or refusal of any sheriff, constable, peace
- 18 officer or jail warden to execute any process, or to make proper
- 19 return of all fines and penalties collected, or to receive in
- 20 custody any prisoner, shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall
- 21 subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district
- 22 attorney, and to a penalty, upon conviction of each such
- 23 offense, of \$100 to the use of the Commonwealth.
- 24 § 6109. Compensation of court.
- 25 Military judges, military counsel and members of courts-
- 26 martial and courts of inquiry shall be allowed transportation
- 27 and per diem pay as per military grade for time actually
- 28 employed in the duties assigned them. Transportation shall be
- 29 furnished to all prosecutors, prisoners, witnesses, sheriffs,
- 30 peace officers and constables to and from the place or places

- 1 designated for the meetings of said courts. The per diem pay for
- 2 military and civilian witnesses shall be the same as in civil
- 3 courts of law. The fees of sheriffs, peace officers and
- 4 constables for serving the processes provided for in this part
- 5 shall be the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of
- 6 a civil nature and shall, upon proper vouchers being filed, be
- 7 paid by the Adjutant General in the usual manner.
- 8 § 6110. Immunity for action of military courts.
- 9 No accused may bring an action or proceeding against the
- 10 convening authority or a member of a military court or officer
- 11 or person acting under its authority or reviewing its
- 12 proceedings because of the approval, imposition, or execution of
- 13 any sentence or the imposition or collection of a fine or
- 14 penalty, or the execution of any process or mandate of a
- 15 military court.
- 16 § 6111. Delegation of authority by the Governor.
- 17 The Governor may delegate any authority vested in him under
- 18 this part, and may provide for the subdelegation of any such
- 19 authority, except the power given him by section 5406 (relating
- 20 to sentences of dismissal, dishonorable discharge or bad conduct
- 21 to be approved by the Governor) and section 5501 (relating to
- 22 who may convene general courts-martial).
- 23 § 6112. Uniformity of interpretation.
- 24 This part shall be so construed as to effectuate its general
- 25 purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it
- 26 and, so far as practical, to make that law uniform with the law
- 27 of the United States, especially as embodied in the Uniform Code
- 28 of Military Justice.]
- 29 Section 2. Title 51 is amended by adding chapters to read:
- 30 CHAPTER 51

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1
- 2 Sec.
- 3 <u>5101</u>. Short title of part.
- 4 5102. Definitions.
- 5 5103. Persons subject to part.
- 6 5104. Subject matter jurisdiction.
- 7 5105. Jurisdiction to try certain personnel.
- 8 <u>5106. Dismissal of commissioned officer.</u>
- 9 <u>5107</u>. Territorial applicability.
- 10 5108. Judge advocates and legal officers.
- 11 § 5101. Short title of part.
- 12 This part shall be known and may be cited as the Pennsylvania
- 13 Code of Military Justice.
- 14 § 5102. Definitions.
- 15 Subject to additional definitions contained in subsequent
- 16 provisions of this part which are applicable to specific
- 17 provisions of this part, the following words and phrases when
- 18 used in this part shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 19 section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 20 "Accuser." A person who signs and swears to charges, any
- 21 person who directs that charges nominally be signed and sworn to
- 22 by another or any other person who has an interest other than an
- 23 official interest in the prosecution of the accused.
- 24 "Adjutant General." The Adjutant General of the Commonwealth
- 25 of Pennsylvania.
- 26 "Cadet," "candidate" or "midshipman." A person who is
- 27 <u>enrolled in or attending a State military academy, a regional</u>
- 28 training institute or any other formal education program for the
- 29 purpose of becoming a commissioned or warrant officer in the
- 30 State military forces.

- 1 "Classified information." Any of the following:
- 2 (1) Information or material that has been determined by
- an official of the United States or any state pursuant to
- 4 <u>law, an executive order or regulation to require protection</u>
- 5 <u>against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national or</u>
- 6 State security.
- 7 (2) Restricted data, as defined in section 11(y) of the
- 8 Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 921, 42 U.S.C. §
- 9 <u>2014(y)).</u>
- 10 "Commanding officer" or "commander." The Adjutant General
- 11 and other commissioned officers of the State military forces
- 12 when exercising command over a unit or element. The term
- 13 <u>includes officers in charge only when administering nonjudicial</u>
- 14 <u>punishment under section 5301 (relating to commanding officer's</u>
- 15 <u>nonjudicial punishment).</u>
- 16 "Convening authority." Includes, in addition to the person
- 17 who convened the court, a commissioned officer commanding for
- 18 the time being or a successor in command.
- "Day" or "calendar day." Any punishment authorized by this
- 20 part which is measured in terms of days shall, when served in a
- 21 status other than annual field training, be construed to mean
- 22 succeeding duty days. The term is not synonymous with the term
- 23 "unit training assembly."
- 24 "Department." The Department of Military and Veterans
- 25 Affairs of the Commonwealth.
- 26 "Duty status other than State active duty." Any other type
- 27 of duty under an order issued by authority of law not in Federal
- 28 service and not full-time duty in the active service of the
- 29 State. The term includes travel to and from the duty.
- 30 "Enemy." An organization, entity or individual who engages

- 1 in combat or hostilities against the State military forces or
- 2 attacks or threatens to attack the United States or this
- 3 Commonwealth.
- 4 <u>"Enlisted member." A person in an enlisted grade.</u>
- 5 <u>"Fatique duties."</u> Duties, including, but not limited to,
- 6 cleaning real property and facilities, kitchen duties and
- 7 <u>disposal of refuse duties which are not within the day-to-day</u>
- 8 <u>duties of a member of the State military forces.</u>
- 9 <u>"Grade." A step or degree, in a graduated scale of office or</u>
- 10 military rank, that is established and designated as a grade by
- 11 <u>law or regulation.</u>
- 12 <u>"Judge advocate." A commissioned officer of the State</u>
- 13 military forces who is a member in good standing of the bar of
- 14 <u>the Supreme Court and is:</u>
- 15 <u>(1) certified or designated as a judge advocate in the</u>
- Judge Advocate General's Corps of the Army, Air Force, Navy,
- or the Marine Corps or designated as a law specialist as an
- 18 officer of the Coast Guard or a reserve component of one of
- 19 these; or
- 20 (2) certified as an nonfederally recognized judge
- 21 advocate, under regulations promulgated under this provision,
- 22 by the State Judge Advocate, as competent to perform such
- 23 military justice duties required by this part. If the State
- Judge Advocate is not available, the certification may be
- 25 made by the senior judge advocate or the commander of another
- force in the State military forces, as the convening
- 27 authority directs.
- 28 "May." Is used in a permissive sense. The phrase "no person
- 29 may..... means that no person is required, authorized
- 30 or permitted to do the act prescribed.

- 1 "Military court." A court-martial or a court of inquiry.
- 2 "Military judge." An official of a general or special court-
- 3 martial detailed in accordance with section 5505 (relating to
- 4 <u>military judge of a general or special court-martial).</u>
- 5 "Military offenses." Those offenses described under Chapter
- 6 60 (relating to punitive sections) which are military in nature
- 7 and for which there are no analogous criminal offenses described
- 8 in any other law of this Commonwealth.
- 9 "National security." The national defense and foreign
- 10 relations of the United States.
- 11 "Nonmilitary offenses." Those offenses described under
- 12 Chapter 60 (relating to punitive sections) for which there are
- 13 <u>one or more analogous criminal offenses described in any other</u>
- 14 law of this Commonwealth.
- 15 "Record." When used in connection with the proceedings of a
- 16 court-martial, any of the following:
- 17 (1) An official written transcript, written summary or
- other writing relating to the proceedings.
- 19 (2) An official audiotape, videotape, digital image or
- file or similar material from which sound, or sound and
- 21 visual images, depicting the proceedings may be reproduced.
- 22 "Shall." Is used in an imperative sense.
- 23 "State." One of the several states, the District of
- 24 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam or the Virgin
- 25 Islands.
- 26 "State active duty." Full-time duty in the State military
- 27 <u>forces under an order of the Governor or otherwise issued by</u>
- 28 authority of law and paid by State funds. The term includes
- 29 travel to and from such duty for an emergency ordered under
- 30 section 508 (relating to active duty for emergency) and special

- 1 State duty ordered under section 1415 of the act of April 29,
- 2 1929 (P.L.177, No.175), known as The Administrative Code of
- 3 1929.
- 4 <u>"State Judge Advocate." The judge advocate designated as</u>
- 5 <u>responsible for supervising the administration of the military</u>
- 6 justice in the State military forces. He shall be the military
- 7 <u>staff judge advocate to the Governor and the Adjutant General.</u>
- 8 "State military forces." Any military force of the
- 9 Commonwealth not in a status subjecting it to the exclusive
- 10 jurisdiction of the United States. The term shall include
- 11 militia when ordered into actual service for emergency under
- 12 section 507 (relating to draft from militia for emergency) and
- 13 the Pennsylvania National Guard.
- 14 "Superior commissioned officer." A commissioned officer
- 15 superior in rank and command.
- 16 "Senior force commander." The commander of the same force of
- 17 the State military forces as the accused.
- 18 "War." A period of armed conflict declared a war by the
- 19 Congress of the United States or recognized by the Adjutant
- 20 General as a war by virtue of a declaration of national
- 21 <u>emergency and authorization by Congress.</u>
- 22 § 5103. Persons subject to part.
- This part applies to all members of the State military forces
- 24 who are not in a Federal status under which they are subject to
- 25 the Uniform Code of Military Justice (64 Stat. 109, 10 U.S.C. §
- 26 <u>801 et seq.</u>).
- 27 § 5104. Subject matter jurisdiction.
- 28 (a) General rule. -- Subject matter jurisdiction is
- 29 <u>established if a nexus exists between an offense and the State</u>
- 30 military forces.

- 1 (b) Military offenses.--Courts-martial have primary
- 2 jurisdiction of military offenses as defined in this part.
- 3 (c) Nonmilitary offenses. -- A civilian court has primary
- 4 jurisdiction of a nonmilitary offense when an act or omission
- 5 <u>violates both this part and criminal law. In such a case, a</u>
- 6 court-martial may be initiated only after the civilian authority
- 7 <u>has declined to prosecute or has dismissed the charge, provided</u>
- 8 jeopardy has not attached.
- 9 (d) Inchoate offenses.--Jurisdiction over inchoate offenses
- 10 including the offenses of attempt, conspiracy and solicitation
- 11 is given to the entity which has jurisdiction of the underlying
- 12 <u>offense.</u>
- 13 § 5105. Jurisdiction to try certain personnel.
- 14 (a) Discharge obtained fraudulently. -- Each person subject to
- 15 this part discharged from the State military forces who is later
- 16 <u>charged with having fraudulently obtained a discharge shall be,</u>
- 17 subject to section 5708 (relating to statute of limitations),
- 18 subject to trial by court-martial on said charge and shall after
- 19 apprehension be subject to this part while in custody under the
- 20 direction of the State military forces for that trial. Upon
- 21 conviction of said charge the person shall be subject to trial
- 22 by court-martial for all offenses under this part committed
- 23 before the fraudulent discharge.
- 24 (b) Deserters. -- No person subject to this part who has
- 25 deserted from the State military forces shall be relieved from
- 26 amenability to the jurisdiction of this part by virtue of a
- 27 separation from any subsequent period of service.
- 28 § 5106. Dismissal of commissioned officer.
- 29 (a) Court-martial proceedings. -- Any commissioned officer,
- 30 subject to this part dismissed by order of the Governor, may

- 1 <u>make a written application for trial by court-martial, setting</u>
- 2 forth, under oath, that the officer has been wrongfully
- 3 dismissed. In such event, the Governor, as soon as practicable,
- 4 <u>shall convene a general court-martial to try such officer on the</u>
- 5 charges on which the officer was dismissed. A court-martial so
- 6 convened shall have jurisdiction to try the dismissed officer on
- 7 <u>such charge</u>, and the officer shall be considered to have waived
- 8 the right to plead any statute of limitations applicable to any
- 9 offense with which the officer is charged. The court-martial
- 10 may, as part of its sentence, adjudge the affirmance of the
- 11 dismissal, but if the court-martial acquits the accused or if
- 12 the sentence adjudged, as finally approved or affirmed, does not
- 13 <u>include dismissal</u>, the Adjutant General shall substitute for the
- 14 <u>dismissal ordered by the Governor a form of discharge authorized</u>
- 15 for administrative issue.
- 16 (b) Failure to convene court-martial.--If the Governor fails
- 17 to convene a general court-martial within six months from the
- 18 presentation of an application for trial under this section, the
- 19 Adjutant General shall substitute for the dismissal ordered by
- 20 the Governor a form of discharge authorized for administrative
- 21 issue.
- 22 § 5107. Territorial applicability.
- 23 (a) General rule. -- This part has applicability at all times
- 24 and in all places, provided that the person accused is subject
- 25 to this part and subject matter jurisdiction is established
- 26 under section 5104 (relating to subject matter jurisdiction).
- 27 (b) Location of proceedings. -- Courts-martial and courts of
- 28 inquiry may be convened and held in units of the State military
- 29 forces while those units are serving outside this Commonwealth
- 30 with the same jurisdiction and powers as to persons subject to

- 1 this part as if the proceedings were held inside this
- 2 Commonwealth, and persons subject to this part accused of
- 3 committing offenses outside this Commonwealth shall be subject
- 4 to trial and punishment either inside or outside this
- 5 Commonwealth.
- 6 § 5108. Judge advocates and legal officers.
- 7 (a) Appointment of State Judge Advocate. -- The Governor, on
- 8 the recommendation of the Adjutant General, shall appoint a
- 9 judge advocate officer of the State military forces as the State
- 10 Judge Advocate. To be eligible for appointment, such officer
- 11 <u>shall have been a member of the bar of the Supreme Court for at</u>
- 12 least five years.
- (b) Field inspections. -- The State Judge Advocate and the
- 14 judge advocates of the State military forces or their delegates
- 15 shall make frequent inspections in the field in supervision of
- 16 the administration of military justice.
- 17 (c) Direct communication. -- Convening authorities shall at
- 18 all times communicate directly with their judge advocates in
- 19 matters relating to the administration of military justice. The
- 20 judge advocate of any command is entitled to communicate
- 21 directly with the judge advocate of a superior or subordinate
- 22 command, or with the State Judge Advocate.
- 23 (d) Disqualification in case. -- No person who has acted as a
- 24 member, military judge, trial counsel, defense counsel or
- 25 <u>investigating officer</u>, or who has been a witness, in any case
- 26 may later act as a judge advocate to any reviewing authority
- 27 <u>upon the same case.</u>
- 28 CHAPTER 52
- 29 <u>APPREHENSION AND RESTRAINT</u>
- 30 Sec.

- 1 <u>5201</u>. Apprehension.
- 2 5202. Apprehension of persons absent without leave.
- 3 5203. Imposition of restraint.
- 4 5204. Restraint of persons charged with offenses.
- 5 5205. Place of confinement.
- 6 <u>5206</u>. Reports and receiving of prisoners.
- 7 <u>5207</u>. <u>Punishment prohibited before trial</u>.
- 8 5208. Delivery of offenders to civil authorities.
- 9 <u>5209. Confinement with enemy prisoners prohibited.</u>
- 10 § 5201. Apprehension.
- 11 (a) Persons authorized to apprehend. -- Any person authorized
- 12 by this part, by 10 U.S.C. Ch. 47 (relating to Uniform Code of
- 13 Military Justice), or by regulations issued under:
- 14 (1) any marshal of a court-martial appointed under the
- 15 provisions of this part; or
- 16 (2) any peace officer or civil officer authorized by law,
- 17 may apprehend persons subject to this part upon probable cause
- 18 that an offense under this part has been committed and that the
- 19 person apprehended committed it.
- 20 (b) Authority of officers. -- Commissioned officers, warrant
- 21 officers, petty officers and noncommissioned officers have
- 22 authority to quell quarrels, frays and disorders among persons
- 23 subject to this part and to apprehend persons subject to this
- 24 part who take part therein.
- 25 (c) Apprehension outside Commonwealth.--If a person subject
- 26 to this part is apprehended outside this Commonwealth, the
- 27 person's return to this Commonwealth must be in accordance with
- 28 normal extradition procedures or by reciprocal agreement.
- 29 (d) Payment prohibited. -- No person authorized by this
- 30 section to apprehend persons subject to this part, or place

- 1 where such offender is confined, restrained, held or otherwise
- 2 housed may require payment of any fee or charge for receiving,
- 3 apprehending, confining, restraining, holding or otherwise
- 4 housing a person except as otherwise provided by law.
- 5 (e) Warrant authority. -- The convening authority of any
- 6 court-martial shall have the power to issue warrants of
- 7 apprehension directed to the sheriff or any constable or peace
- 8 officer of a county to apprehend persons subject to this part
- 9 <u>charged with an offense under this part and to deliver such</u>
- 10 persons into the custody of the State military forces.
- 11 (f) Definition. -- As used in this section, the following
- 12 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 13 <u>subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:</u>
- 14 <u>"Apprehension."</u> The taking of a person subject to this part
- 15 into custody.
- 16 § 5202. Apprehension of persons absent without leave.
- 17 Any civil officer having authority to apprehend offenders
- 18 under the laws of the United States or of this Commonwealth, or
- 19 any military officer subject to this part who has been
- 20 authorized by the Governor by regulation, may summarily
- 21 apprehend any person subject to this part absent without leave
- 22 from the State military forces and deliver him into the custody
- 23 <u>of the State military forces.</u>
- 24 § 5203. Imposition of restraint.
- 25 (a) Enlisted personnel. -- An enlisted person subject to this
- 26 part may be ordered into arrest or confinement by any
- 27 <u>commissioned officer by an order, oral or written, delivered in</u>
- 28 person or through other persons subject to this part or through
- 29 any person authorized by this part to apprehend persons. A
- 30 commanding officer may authorize warrant officers, petty

- 1 officers or noncommissioned officers to order enlisted members
- 2 of his command or subject to his authority into arrest or
- 3 confinement.
- 4 (b) Commissioned officers and warrant officers.--A
- 5 commissioned officer or a warrant officer subject to this part
- 6 may be ordered into arrest or confinement only by a commanding
- 7 officer to whose authority he is subject, by an order, oral or
- 8 written, delivered in person or by another commissioned officer.
- 9 The authority to order such persons into arrest or confinement
- 10 may not be delegated.
- 11 (c) Probable cause. -- No person subject to this part may be
- 12 ordered into arrest or confinement except for probable cause.
- 13 <u>(d) Construction of section.--This section does not limit</u>
- 14 the authority of persons authorized to apprehend offenders to
- 15 secure the custody of an alleged offender until proper authority
- 16 may be notified.
- 17 (e) Definitions. -- As used in this section, the following
- 18 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 19 subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 20 "Arrest." The restraint of a person subject to this part by
- 21 an order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing
- 22 him to remain within certain specified limits.
- 23 "Confinement." The physical restraint of a person subject to
- 24 this part.
- 25 § 5204. Restraint of persons charged with offenses.
- 26 (a) General rule. -- Any person subject to this part charged
- 27 <u>with an offense under this part may be ordered into arrest or</u>
- 28 confinement. When any person subject to this part is placed in
- 29 arrest or confinement prior to trial, immediate steps shall be
- 30 taken to inform the person of the specific wrong of which the

- 1 person is accused and diligent steps shall be taken to try the
- 2 person or to dismiss the charges and release the person.
- 3 (b) Admission to bail. -- The accused, if apprehended or
- 4 <u>ordered into confinement prior to or during trial by a military</u>
- 5 court, may be admitted to bail by the officer exercising special
- 6 <u>court-martial jurisdiction over the accused</u>, by a superior
- 7 commanding officer or by the Adjutant General.
- 8 § 5205. Place of confinement.
- 9 Persons subject to this part confined before, during, or
- 10 after trial by a military court, shall be confined in a civilian
- 11 or military confinement facility.
- 12 § 5206. Reports and receiving of prisoners.
- 13 (a) Duty to receive prisoner. -- Unless otherwise authorized
- 14 by law, no facility authorized to receive prisoners under
- 15 section 5205 (relating to place of confinement) may refuse to
- 16 receive or keep any prisoner subject to this part and committed
- 17 to the facility's charge by a commissioned officer of the State
- 18 military forces when the officer furnishes a statement, signed
- 19 by the officer, of the offense charged against the prisoner.
- 20 (b) Report of commitment. -- Every facility authorized to
- 21 receive prisoners under section 5205 to whose charge a prisoner
- 22 subject to this part is committed shall, within 24 hours after
- 23 that commitment, report to the commanding officer of the
- 24 prisoner the name of the prisoner, the offense charged against
- 25 the prisoner and the name of the person who ordered or
- 26 authorized the commitment. If the facility receiving and holding
- 27 <u>a prisoner is unable to contact the prisoner's commanding</u>
- 28 officer, the facility shall make the report to the office of
- 29 Adjutant General at the Joint Force Headquarters.
- 30 § 5207. Punishment prohibited before trial.

- 1 <u>Subject to section 5804 (relating to effective date of</u>
- 2 <u>sentences</u>), no person subject to this part, while being held for
- 3 trial or the result of trial, may be subjected to punishment or
- 4 penalty other than arrest or confinement upon the charges
- 5 pending against the person, nor shall the arrest or confinement
- 6 imposed upon the person be any more rigorous than the
- 7 <u>circumstances required to insure the person's presence. The</u>
- 8 person may be subjected to minor punishment during that period
- 9 <u>for infractions of discipline.</u>
- 10 § 5208. Delivery of offenders to civil authorities.
- 11 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as may be
- 12 prescribed under this part, a person subject to this part
- 13 <u>accused of an offense against civil authority may be delivered</u>,
- 14 upon request, to the civil authority for trial or confinement.
- 15 (b) Effect on sentence of court-martial. -- When delivery
- 16 <u>under this section is made to any civil authority of a person</u>
- 17 undergoing sentence of a court-martial, the delivery, if
- 18 followed by conviction in a civil tribunal, interrupts the
- 19 execution of the sentence of the court-martial. The offender,
- 20 after having answered to the civil authorities for his offense
- 21 shall, upon the request of competent military authority, be
- 22 returned to the place of original custody for the completion of
- 23 such sentence of the court-martial.
- 24 § 5209. Confinement with enemy prisoners prohibited.
- No member of the State military forces may be placed in
- 26 confinement in immediate association with enemy prisoners or
- 27 other foreign nationals who are not members of the armed forces.
- 28 CHAPTER 53
- 29 <u>NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT</u>
- 30 Sec.

- 1 <u>5301</u>. Commanding officer's nonjudicial punishment.
- 2 § 5301. Commanding officer's nonjudicial punishment.
- 3 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as the Governor
- 4 may prescribe, any commanding officer or officer-in-charge may
- 5 impose disciplinary punishments for minor offenses without the
- 6 <u>intervention of a court-martial</u>. The Governor, the Adjutant
- 7 General or a general officer or colonel in command may delegate
- 8 the powers under this section to a principal assistant who is a
- 9 <u>member of the State military forces.</u>
- 10 (b) Punishments by any commanding officer. -- Any commanding
- 11 officer may impose upon enlisted members of the officer's
- 12 command any of the following disciplinary punishments:
- 13 <u>(1) An admonition.</u>
- 14 (2) A reprimand.
- 15 (3) The withholding of privileges for not more than six
- months which need not be consecutive.
- 17 (4) The forfeiture of pay of not more than seven days'
- 18 pay.
- 19 (5) A fine of not more than seven days' pay or \$200,
- 20 whichever is less.
- 21 (6) A reduction to the next inferior pay grade if the
- grade from which the enlisted member is demoted is within the
- 23 <u>promotion authority of the officer imposing the reduction or</u>
- 24 any officer subordinate to the officer imposing the
- 25 <u>reduction.</u>
- 26 (7) Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for
- 27 <u>not more than 14 days, which need not be consecutive.</u>
- 28 (8) Restriction to certain specified limits, with or
- 29 without suspension from duty, for not more than 14 days,
- 30 which need not be consecutive.

- 1 (c) Punishments by major or lieutenant commander and other
- 2 officers. -- Any commanding officer of the rank of major or
- 3 lieutenant commander or above may impose upon enlisted members
- 4 of the officer's command any of the following disciplinary
- 5 <u>punishments:</u>
- 6 (1) Any punishment authorized in subsection (b) (1), (2)
- 7 and (3).
- 8 (2) The forfeiture of not more than one-half of one
- 9 <u>month's pay per month for two months.</u>
- 10 (3) A fine of not more than one month's pay or \$500,
- 11 whichever is less.
- 12 (4) A reduction to the lowest or any intermediate pay
- grade, if the grade from which the enlisted member is demoted
- is within the promotion authority of the officer imposing the
- reduction or any officer subordinate to the officer imposing
- the reduction. An enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4
- may not be reduced more than two pay grades.
- 18 (5) Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for
- 19 not more than 45 days which need not be consecutive.
- 20 (6) Restriction to certain specified limits, with or
- 21 without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 days which
- 22 need not be consecutive.
- 23 (d) Punishments by the Governor, Adjutant General and high
- 24 officers. -- The Governor, the Adjutant General, an officer
- 25 exercising general court-martial convening authority or an
- 26 officer of a general or flag rank in command may impose any of
- 27 the following disciplinary punishments:
- 28 <u>(1) Upon officers:</u>
- (i) Any punishment authorized in subsection (c) (1),
- 30 (2), (3) and (6).

- 1 <u>(ii) Arrest in quarters for not more than 30 days</u>
- 2 <u>which need not be consecutive.</u>
- 3 (2) Upon enlisted members, any punishment authorized in
- 4 <u>subsection (c).</u>
- 5 (e) Limits for consecutive punishments. -- Whenever any
- 6 punishments authorized under this section are combined to run
- 7 consecutively, the total length of the combined punishment shall
- 8 not exceed the authorized duration of the highest punishment the
- 9 Governor, Adjutant General or officer may impose. Punishments
- 10 must be apportioned so that no single punishment exceeds its
- 11 <u>authorized length under this section.</u>
- 12 <u>(f) Preliminary requirements.--Prior to the offer of</u>
- 13 <u>nonjudicial punishment</u>, the commanding officer shall determine
- 14 <u>whether arrest in quarters or restriction shall be considered as</u>
- 15 punishments. Should the commanding officer determine that the
- 16 <u>punishment options may include arrest in quarters or</u>
- 17 restriction, the accused shall be notified of the right to
- 18 demand trial by court-martial. Should the commanding officer
- 19 <u>determine that the punishment options will not include arrest in</u>
- 20 guarters or restriction, the accused shall be notified that
- 21 there is no right to trial by court-martial in lieu of
- 22 nonjudicial punishment.
- 23 (q) Reduction of penalty.--The officer who imposes the
- 24 punishment, or the successor in command, may at any time
- 25 <u>suspend</u>, <u>set aside</u>, <u>mitigate or remit any part or amount of the</u>
- 26 punishment and restore all rights, privileges and property
- 27 <u>affected. The mitigated punishment shall not be for a greater</u>
- 28 period than the punishment mitigated. When mitigating reduction
- 29 <u>in grade to forfeiture of pay, the amount of the forfeiture</u>
- 30 shall not be greater than the amount that could have been

- 1 imposed initially under this section by the officer who imposed
- 2 the mitigated punishment. The officer also may:
- 3 (1) Mitigate reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay.
- 4 (2) Mitigate arrest in quarters to restriction.
- 5 <u>(3) Mitigate extra duties to restriction.</u>
- 6 (h) Appeal from punishment. -- A person punished under this
- 7 <u>section who considers the punishment unjust or disproportionate</u>
- 8 to the offense may, through the proper channel, appeal to the
- 9 next superior authority within 15 days after the punishment is
- 10 <u>announced or sent to the person. The appeal shall be promptly</u>
- 11 forwarded and decided. While awaiting a decision, the person
- 12 appealing the punishment may be required to begin to serve the
- 13 <u>punishment adjudged. The superior authority may exercise the</u>
- 14 same powers with respect to the punishment imposed as may be
- 15 <u>exercised under subsection (g) by the officer who imposed the</u>
- 16 <u>punishment</u>. Before acting on an appeal of a punishment, the
- 17 superior authority may refer the case to a judge advocate for
- 18 consideration and advice.
- 19 (i) Additional proceedings. -- The imposition and enforcement
- 20 of disciplinary punishment under this section for any act or
- 21 omission is not a bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian
- 22 court of competent jurisdiction for a serious crime or offense
- 23 growing out of the same act or omission, and not properly
- 24 punishable under this section. The fact that a disciplinary
- 25 punishment has been enforced may be shown by the accused upon
- 26 trial, and when so shown shall be considered in determining the
- 27 <u>measure of punishment to be adjudged in the event of a finding</u>
- 28 of quilty.
- 29 (j) Application of forfeiture. -- Whenever a punishment of
- 30 <u>forfeiture of pay is imposed under this section, the forfeiture</u>

- 1 may apply to pay accruing before, on or after the date that
- 2 <u>punishment is imposed</u>.
- 3 (k) Records of proceedings. -- The form of records to be kept
- 4 of proceedings under this section may be prescribed by
- 5 regulations adopted by the department. The regulations may
- 6 prescribe that certain categories of the proceedings be in
- 7 <u>writing.</u>
- 8 (1) Restrictions. -- When punishment has been imposed under
- 9 this section for an offense, nonjudicial punishment may not
- 10 again be imposed for the same offense. Once nonjudicial
- 11 punishment has been imposed, it may not be increased, upon
- 12 appeal or otherwise. When a commander determines that
- 13 <u>nonjudicial punishment is appropriate for a particular service</u>
- 14 member, all known offenses determined to be appropriate for
- 15 <u>disposition by nonjudicial punishment and ready to be considered</u>
- 16 at that time, including all offenses arising from a single
- 17 incident or course of conduct, will ordinarily be considered
- 18 together and not made the basis for multiple punishments. This
- 19 subsection does not restrict the commander's right to prefer
- 20 court-martial charges for a nonminor offense previously punished
- 21 under the provisions of this section.
- 22 CHAPTER 54
- 23 COURTS-MARTIAL JURISDICTION
- 24 Sec.
- 25 <u>5401</u>. Courts-martial classified.
- 26 5402. Jurisdiction of courts-martial in general.
- 27 <u>5403</u>. <u>Jurisdiction of general courts-martial</u>.
- 28 5404. Jurisdiction of special courts-martial.
- 29 <u>5405</u>. <u>Jurisdiction of summary courts-martial</u>.
- 30 5406. Sentences of dismissal, dishonorable discharge or

1	bad-conduct to be approved by Governor.
2	5407. Record of proceedings.
3	§ 5401. Courts-martial classified.
4	The three kinds of courts-martial in the State military
5	<pre>forces are:</pre>
6	(1) General courts-martial, consisting of:
7	(i) a military judge and not less than five members;
8	<u>or</u>
9	(ii) only a military judge if, before the court is
10	assembled, the accused, knowing the identity of the
11	military judge and after consultation with defense
12	counsel, requests orally on the record or in writing a
13	court composed only of a military judge and the military
14	judge approves.
15	(2) Special courts-martial, consisting of:
16	(i) a military judge and not less than three
17	members; or
18	(ii) only a military judge, if one has been detailed
19	to the court, and the accused under the same conditions
20	as those prescribed in paragraph (1)(ii) so requests.
21	(3) Summary courts-martial, consisting of one
22	commissioned officer.
23	§ 5402. Jurisdiction of courts-martial in general.
24	Each force of the State military forces has court-martial
25	jurisdiction over all members of the force who are subject to
26	this part. The Pennsylvania NATIONAL Guard has court-martial
27	jurisdiction over all members subject to this part.
28	§ 5403. Jurisdiction of general courts-martial.
29	Subject to section 5402 (relating to jurisdiction of courts-
30	martial in general), general courts-martial have jurisdiction to

- 1 try persons subject to this part for any offense made punishable
- 2 by this part and may, under such limitations as the Governor may
- 3 prescribe, adjudge any punishment not prohibited by this part
- 4 <u>including any of the following punishments:</u>
- 5 <u>(1) A fine of not more than \$10,000.</u>
- 6 (2) Confinement for not more than five years.
- 7 (3) Forfeiture of all pay and allowances for a period
- 8 not exceeding five years.
- 9 <u>(4) Dismissal, dishonorable discharge or bad-conduct</u>
- 10 discharge.
- 11 (5) Reduction of an enlisted member to any lower
- 12 <u>enlisted grade.</u>
- 13 <u>(6) A reprimand.</u>
- 14 (7) Any combination of these punishments.
- 15 § 5404. Jurisdiction of special courts-martial.
- 16 Subject to section 5402 (relating to jurisdiction of courts-
- 17 martial in general), special courts-martial shall have
- 18 jurisdiction to try persons subject to this part for any offense
- 19 made punishable by this part and may, under such limitations as
- 20 the Governor may prescribe, adjudge any of the following
- 21 punishments:
- 22 (1) A fine of not more than \$2,500.
- 23 (2) Confinement for not more than one year.
- 24 (3) Forfeiture of all pay and allowances for a period
- 25 not exceeding one year.
- 26 (4) A bad-conduct discharge.
- 27 (5) Reduction of an enlisted member to any lower
- 28 enlisted grade.
- 29 <u>(6) A reprimand.</u>
- 30 (7) Any combination of these punishments.

- 1 § 5405. Jurisdiction of summary courts-martial.
- 2 (a) General rule. -- Subject to section 5402 (relating to
- 3 jurisdiction of courts-martial in general), summary courts-
- 4 <u>martial shall have jurisdiction to try all persons subject to</u>
- 5 this part, except officers, cadets, candidates and midshipmen,
- 6 for any offense made punishable by this part and may, under such
- 7 <u>limitations as the Governor may prescribe</u>, adjudge any of the
- 8 <u>following punishments:</u>
- 9 (1) A fine of not more than \$500.
- 10 (2) Confinement for not more than ten days.
- 11 (3) Restriction to specified limits for no more than two
- months.
- 13 (4) Forfeiture of not more than two-thirds of pay for a
- 14 <u>period not exceeding one month.</u>
- 15 <u>(5) Reduction to the next lower grade.</u>
- 16 (b) Objection to summary court-martial. -- No person with
- 17 respect to whom summary courts-martial have jurisdiction may be
- 18 brought to trial before a summary court-martial if the person
- 19 objects thereto. If objection to trial by summary court-martial
- 20 is made by an accused, trial shall be ordered by special or
- 21 general court-martial, as may be appropriate.
- 22 § 5406. Sentences of dismissal, dishonorable discharge or
- 23 bad-conduct to be approved by Governor.
- In the State military forces, no sentence of dismissal,
- 25 dishonorable discharge or bad-conduct discharge shall be
- 26 executed until it is approved by the Governor.
- 27 § 5407. Record of proceedings.
- 28 A complete written record of proceedings and testimony shall
- 29 be made for any general court-martial under this part. A
- 30 bad-conduct discharge may not be adjudged by any special court-

- 1 martial unless a complete written record of the proceedings and
- 2 testimony before the court has been made.
- 3 CHAPTER 55
- 4 <u>APPOINTMENT AND COMPOSITION</u>
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- 7 <u>5501. Who may convene general courts-martial.</u>
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- 11 5505. Military judge of a general or special court-martial.
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- 13 <u>5507</u>. Detail or employment of reporters and interpreters.
- 14 5508. Absent and additional members.
- 15 § 5501. Who may convene general courts-martial.
- 16 (a) General rule. -- General courts martial may be convened by
- 17 any of the following:
- 18 <u>(1)</u> The Governor.
- 19 (2) The Adjutant General.
- 20 (3) A deputy adjutant general authorized by a regulation
- of the Governor.
- 22 (4) The commanding general of a division.
- 23 (5) The general officer in command of a wing.
- 24 (b) Commanding officer as accuser. --When a commanding
- 25 officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by superior
- 26 competent authority, and may in any case be convened by such
- 27 <u>authority when deemed desirable by such authority.</u>
- 28 § 5502. Who may convene special courts-martial.
- 29 (a) General rule. -- Special courts martial may be convened by
- 30 any of the following:

Τ	(1) Any person who may convene a general court-martial.
2	(2) The commanding officer of a garrison, fort, post,
3	camp, station, Pennsylvania NATIONAL Guard base or station.
4	(3) The commanding officer of a brigade, regiment or
5	corresponding unit of the Army.
6	(4) The commanding officer of a group or corresponding
7	unit of the Air Force.
8	(5) The commanding officer or officer in charge of any
9	other command when authorized by the Adjutant General.
10	§ 5503. Who may convene summary courts-martial.
11	(a) General rule Summary courts-martial may be convened by
12	any of the following:
13	(1) Any person who may convene a general or special
14	<pre>court-martial.</pre>
15	(2) The commanding officer of a company, a detached
16	company or other detachment or corresponding unit of the
17	Army.
18	(3) The commanding officer of a squadron, a detached
19	squadron or other detachment or corresponding unit of the Air
20	Force.
21	(4) The commanding officer or officer in charge of any
22	other command when authorized by the Adjutant General.
23	(b) Commissioned officer or superior authority When only
24	one commissioned officer is present with a command or
25	detachment, that officer shall preside over the summary court-
26	martial of that command or detachment and shall hear and
27	determine all summary court-martial cases brought before him,
28	provided that the officer is not the accuser or a witness.
29	Summary courts-martial may, however, be convened in any case by
30	superior competent authority when considered desirable by such

- 1 <u>authority</u>.
- 2 § 5504. Who may serve on courts-martial.
- 3 (a) Commissioned officer. -- Any commissioned officer of the
- 4 State military forces who is not a member of the same unit as
- 5 the accused is eliqible to serve on all courts-martial for the
- 6 trial of any person who may lawfully be brought before such
- 7 courts for trial.
- 8 (b) Warrant officer. -- Any warrant officer of the State
- 9 <u>military forces who is not a member of the same unit as the</u>
- 10 accused is eligible to serve on general and special courts-
- 11 martial for the trial of any person, other than a commissioned
- 12 officer, who may lawfully be brought before such courts for
- 13 trial.
- 14 (c) Enlisted member. -- Any enlisted member of the State
- 15 military forces who is not a member of the same unit as the
- 16 accused is eligible to serve on general and special courts-
- 17 martial for the trial of any enlisted member who may lawfully be
- 18 brought before such courts for trial. The member shall serve as
- 19 a member of a court only if, prior to the conclusion of a
- 20 session called by the military judge under section 5704
- 21 (relating to sessions), or prior to trial, or in the absence of
- 22 such a session, before the court is assembled for the trial of
- 23 the accused, the accused has requested orally on the record or
- 24 in writing that enlisted members serve on it. After such a
- 25 request, the accused may not be tried by a general or special
- 26 court-martial, the membership of which does not include enlisted
- 27 <u>members in a number comprising at least one-third of the total</u>
- 28 membership of the court, unless eligible members cannot be
- 29 <u>obtained on account of physical conditions or military</u>
- 30 exigencies. If such members cannot be obtained, the court may be

- 1 <u>assembled and the trial held without them, but the convening</u>
- 2 authority shall make a detailed written statement, to be
- 3 appended to the record, stating why they could not be obtained.
- 4 (d) Ineligible persons.--
- 5 (1) Except in exigent circumstances, no person subject
- 6 to this part may be tried by a court-martial any member of
- 7 which is junior to him in rank or grade.
- 8 (2) When convening a court-martial, the convening
- 9 <u>authority shall detail as members thereof such members of the</u>
- 10 State military forces as, in his opinion, are best qualified
- for the duty by reason of age, education, training,
- 12 <u>experience</u>, <u>length</u> of <u>service</u> and <u>judicial</u> temperament. No
- 13 <u>member of the State military forces is eligible to serve as a</u>
- 14 member of a general or special court-martial when that member
- is the accuser or a witness or has acted as investigating
- officer or as counsel in the same case.
- 17 (f) Excuse. -- Before a court-martial is assembled for the
- 18 trial of a case, the convening authority may excuse a member of
- 19 the court from participating in the case. The convening
- 20 authority may delegate the authority under this subsection to a
- 21 judge advocate or to any other principal assistant.
- 22 (q) Definition.--As used in this section, the following
- 23 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 24 subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 25 "Unit." Any regularly organized body of the State military
- 26 forces not larger than a company or a squadron or a body
- 27 <u>corresponding to one of them.</u>
- 28 § 5505. Military judge of a general or special court-martial.
- 29 <u>(a) General rule.--A military judge shall be detailed to</u>
- 30 each general and special court-martial. The military judge shall

- 1 preside over each open session of the court-martial to which the
- 2 <u>military judge has been detailed.</u>
- 3 (b) Eligibility. -- A military judge shall be:
- 4 (1) a judge advocate in the grade of lieutenant colonel
- 5 <u>or above in the State military forces, a federally-recognized</u>
- 6 judge advocate of the National Guard of another state, a
- 7 <u>judge advocate of the armed forces of the United States or a</u>
- 8 retired judge advocate of the State military forces in the
- grade of lieutenant colonel or above who retired no more than
- 10 <u>ten years prior to the date of trial;</u>
- 11 (2) a member in good standing of the bar of the Supreme
- 12 <u>Court or the highest court of another state or a member of</u>
- the bar of a Federal court for at least five years; and
- 14 (3) certified as qualified for duty as a military judge
- by the State Judge Advocate or other appropriate authority
- 16 <u>after completion of such training and certification required</u>
- for military judges in any of the armed forces of the United
- 18 States.
- 19 (c) Pro hac vice admission. -- When a military judge is not a
- 20 member of the bar of the Supreme Court, the military judge shall
- 21 be deemed admitted pro hac vice, subject to filing a certificate
- 22 with the State Judge Advocate setting forth the qualifications
- 23 required under subsection (b).
- 24 (d) Designation. -- The military judge of a general or special
- 25 court-martial shall be designated by the State Judge Advocate or
- 26 a designee for detail in the convening authority. Neither the
- 27 convening authority nor any staff member of the convening
- 28 authority shall prepare or review any report concerning the
- 29 <u>effectiveness</u>, fitness or efficiency of the military judge so
- 30 detailed which relates to performance of duty as a military

- 1 judge.
- 2 (e) Ineligibility. -- No person is eligible to serve as
- 3 military judge if the person is the accuser or a witness in the
- 4 <u>case or has acted as investigating officer or a counsel in the</u>
- 5 case.
- 6 (f) Limitation on powers. -- The military judge may not
- 7 consult with the members of the court except in the presence of
- 8 the accused, trial counsel and defense counsel. The military
- 9 judge shall not vote with the members of the court.
- 10 § 5506. Appointment of trial counsel and defense counsel.
- 11 (a) General rule. -- For each general and special court-
- 12 martial, the convening authority for the court shall detail
- 13 trial counsel, defense counsel and such assistants as are
- 14 appropriate. No person who has acted as investigating officer,
- 15 military judge, witness or court member in any case shall act
- 16 <u>subsequently as trial counsel</u>, <u>assistant trial counsel or</u>,
- 17 unless expressly requested by the accused, as defense counsel or
- 18 assistant or associate defense counsel in the same case. No
- 19 person who has acted for the prosecution may act later in the
- 20 same case for the defense, nor shall any person who has acted
- 21 for the defense act later in the same case for the prosecution.
- 22 (b) Eligibility. -- Any person who is detailed trial counsel
- 23 or defense counsel in the case of a general or a special court-
- 24 <u>martial shall be a judge advocate as defined in section 5102</u>
- 25 (relating to definitions).
- 26 (c) Pro hac vice admission. -- When a defense counsel is not a
- 27 member of the bar of the highest court of the State, the defense
- 28 counsel shall be deemed admitted pro hac vice, subject to filing
- 29 a certificate with the State Judge Advocate setting forth the
- 30 qualification required under subsection (b).

- 1 § 5507. Detail or employment of reporters and interpreters.
- 2 Under such regulations as the Governor or department may
- 3 prescribe, the convening authority of a general or special
- 4 <u>court-martial or court of inquiry shall detail or employ</u>
- 5 qualified court reporters, who shall record the proceedings of
- 6 and testimony taken before that court. Under like regulations,
- 7 the convening authority of a military court may detail or employ
- 8 <u>interpreters who shall interpret for the court.</u>
- 9 § 5508. Absent and additional members.
- 10 (a) Authorized absence. -- No member of a general or special
- 11 court-martial may be absent or excused after the court has been
- 12 <u>assembled for the trial of the accused</u>, except by the military
- 13 judge as a result of a challenge, for physical disability or
- 14 other good cause or by order of the convening authority for good
- 15 cause.
- 16 (b) New members of general court-martial.--Whenever a
- 17 general court-martial, other than a general court-martial
- 18 composed of only a military judge, is reduced below five
- 19 members, the trial shall not proceed unless the convening
- 20 authority details new members sufficient in number to provide
- 21 not less than five members. The trial may proceed with the new
- 22 members present after the recorded evidence previously
- 23 introduced before the members of the court has been read to the
- 24 court in the presence of the military judge, the accused and
- 25 <u>counsel for both sides.</u>
- 26 (c) New members of special court-martial.--Whenever a
- 27 <u>special court-martial</u>, other than a special court-martial
- 28 composed of only a military judge, is reduced below three
- 29 members, the trial may not proceed unless the convening
- 30 authority details new members sufficient in number to provide

- 1 not less than three members. The trial shall proceed with the
- 2 <u>new members present as if no evidence had been introduced</u>
- 3 previously at the trial, unless a verbatim record of the
- 4 <u>evidence previously introduced before the members of the court</u>
- 5 or a stipulation thereof is read to the court in the presence of
- 6 the military judge, the accused and counsel for both sides.
- 7 (d) New military judge of court-martial.--If the military
- 8 judge of a court-martial composed of only a military judge is
- 9 unable to proceed with the trial because of physical disability,
- 10 as a result of a challenge, or for other good cause, the trial
- 11 shall proceed, subject to any applicable conditions of section
- 12 <u>5401 (relating to courts-martial classified)</u>, after the detail
- 13 <u>of a new military judge as if no evidence had previously been</u>
- 14 <u>introduced</u>, unless a verbatim record of the evidence previously
- 15 introduced or a stipulation thereof is read in court in the
- 16 presence of the new military judge, the accused and counsel for
- 17 both sides.
- 18 CHAPTER 56
- 19 PRETRIAL PROCEDURE
- 20 Sec.
- 21 5601. Charges and specifications.
- 22 5602. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited.
- 23 5603. Investigation.
- 24 5604. Forwarding of charges.
- 25 5605. Advice of judge advocate and reference for trial.
- 26 5606. Service of charges.
- 27 § 5601. Charges and specifications.
- 28 (a) Execution and contents. -- Charges and specifications
- 29 shall be signed by a person subject to this part under oath
- 30 before a commissioned officer authorized by this part to

- 1 administer oaths and shall state:
- 2 (1) That the signer has personal knowledge of, or has
- 3 investigated, the matters set forth therein.
- 4 (2) That they are true in fact to the best of the
- 5 signer's knowledge and belief.
- 6 (b) Disposition. -- Upon the preferring of charges, the proper
- 7 <u>authority shall take immediate steps to determine what</u>
- 8 disposition should be made thereof in the interest of justice
- 9 and discipline. The person accused shall be informed of the
- 10 charges against him as soon as practicable.
- 11 § 5602. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited.
- 12 <u>(a) General rule. -- No person subject to this part shall</u>
- 13 compel any person to incriminate himself or to answer any
- 14 question the answer to which may tend to incriminate the person.
- 15 (b) Advising accused of rights. -- No person subject to this
- 16 part shall interrogate or request any statement from an accused
- 17 or a person suspected of an offense without first informing the
- 18 person of the nature of the accusation, advising the person that
- 19 he does not have to make any statement regarding the offense of
- 20 which he is accused or suspected, that the person has a right to
- 21 be represented by counsel and that any statement made by the
- 22 person may be used as evidence against him in a trial by court-
- 23 martial.
- 24 (c) Immaterial or degrading evidence. -- No person subject to
- 25 this part shall compel any person to make a statement or produce
- 26 evidence before any military court if the statement or evidence
- 27 <u>is not material to the issue and may tend to degrade the person.</u>
- 28 (d) Unlawfully obtained statement inadmissible.--No
- 29 statement obtained from any person in violation of this section,
- 30 or through the use of coercion, unlawful influence or unlawful

- 1 inducement shall be received in evidence against him in a trial
- 2 by court-martial.
- 3 § 5603. Investigation.
- 4 (a) General rule. -- No charge or specification may be
- 5 referred to a general court-martial for trial until a thorough
- 6 and impartial investigation of all the matters set forth therein
- 7 <u>has been made. This investigation shall include inquiry as to</u>
- 8 the truth of the matter set forth in the charges, consideration
- 9 of the form of charges and a recommendation as to the
- 10 disposition which should be made of the case in the interest of
- 11 justice and discipline.
- 12 (b) Rights of accused. -- The accused shall be advised of the
- 13 charges against him and of the right to be represented at that
- 14 investigation by counsel. Upon the accused's request he shall be
- 15 represented by civilian counsel if provided by him, military
- 16 <u>counsel</u> of his own selection, if such counsel is reasonably
- 17 available, by counsel appointed through procedures of the
- 18 Pennsylvania NATIONAL Guard, or, in the absence of such specific \
- 19 procedures, by the person exercising general court-martial
- 20 jurisdiction over the command. At such investigation full
- 21 opportunity shall be given to the accused to cross-examine
- 22 witnesses against him if they are available and to present
- 23 anything the accused may desire in his own behalf, either in
- 24 defense or mitigation, and the investigating officer shall
- 25 examine available witnesses requested by the accused. If the
- 26 charges are forwarded after such investigation, they shall be
- 27 <u>accompanied by a statement of the substance of the testimony</u>
- 28 taken on both sides and a copy thereof shall be given to the
- 29 accused.
- 30 (c) Further investigation. -- If an investigation of the

- 1 <u>subject matter of an offense has been conducted before the</u>
- 2 <u>accused is charged with the offense</u>, and if the accused was
- 3 present at the investigation and afforded the opportunities for
- 4 representation, cross-examination and presentation prescribed in
- 5 <u>subsection</u> (b), no further investigation of that charge is
- 6 necessary under this section unless it is demanded by the
- 7 accused after the accused is informed of the charge. A demand
- 8 for further investigation entitles the accused to recall
- 9 <u>witnesses for further cross-examination and to offer any new</u>
- 10 evidence in the accused's own behalf.
- 11 (d) Additional offenses. -- If evidence adduced in an
- 12 <u>investigation indicates that the accused committed an uncharged</u>
- 13 offense, the investigating officer may investigate the subject
- 14 matter of that offense without the accused having first been
- 15 charged with the offense if the accused is:
- 16 (1) present at the investigation;
- 17 (2) informed of the nature of each uncharged offense
- 18 investigated; and
- 19 (3) afforded the rights of representation, cross-
- examination and presentation prescribed in subsection (b).
- 21 (e) Requirements mandatory. -- The requirements of this
- 22 section are binding on all persons administering this part but
- 23 failure to follow them does not constitute jurisdictional error.
- 24 § 5604. Forwarding of charges.
- 25 When a person is held for trial by general court-martial, the
- 26 commanding officer shall, within eight days after the accused is
- 27 <u>ordered into arrest or confinement, if practicable, forward the</u>
- 28 charges, together with the investigation and allied papers, to
- 29 the person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction. If
- 30 that is not practicable, the commanding officer shall report in

- 1 writing to that person the reasons for delay.
- 2 § 5605. Advice of judge advocate and reference for trial.
- 3 (a) General rule.--Before directing the trial of any charge
- 4 by general court-martial, the convening authority shall refer it
- 5 to a judge advocate for consideration and advice. The convening
- 6 authority shall not refer a specification under a charge to a
- 7 general court-martial for trial unless the convening authority
- 8 has been advised in writing by a judge advocate of all of the
- 9 following:
- 10 (1) The specification alleges an offense under this
- 11 <u>part.</u>
- 12 (2) The specification is warranted by the evidence
- 13 <u>indicated in the report of investigation under section 5603</u>
- 14 <u>(relating to investigation), if there is such a report.</u>
- 15 (3) A court-martial would have jurisdiction over the
- 16 accused and the offense.
- 17 (b) Advice of judge advocate. -- The advice of the judge
- 18 advocate under subsection (a) with respect to a specification
- 19 under a charge shall include a written and signed statement by
- 20 the judge advocate expressing conclusions with respect to each
- 21 matter set forth in subsection (a) and recommending action that
- 22 the convening authority take regarding the specification. If the
- 23 <u>specification is referred for trial</u>, the recommendation of the
- 24 judge advocate shall accompany the specification.
- 25 (c) Changes in charges and specifications. -- If the charges
- 26 or specifications are not correct formally or do not conform to
- 27 the substance of the evidence contained in the report of the
- 28 investigating officer, formal corrections and such changes in
- 29 the charges and specifications as are needed to make them
- 30 conform to the evidence, may be made by the appointing

- 1 <u>authority</u>.
- 2 § 5606. Service of charges.
- 3 The trial counsel to whom court-martial charges are referred
- 4 for trial shall cause to be served upon the accused a copy of
- 5 the charges upon which trial is to be had. No person shall,
- 6 against the person's objection, be brought to trial in a general
- 7 <u>court-martial case within a period of five days after the</u>
- 8 service of charges upon the person, or in a special court-
- 9 martial within a period of three days after the service of
- 10 charges upon the person.
- 11 CHAPTER 57
- 12 TRIAL PROCEDURE
- 13 <u>Sec.</u>
- 14 5701. Governor and department may prescribe rules.
- 15 5702. Unlawfully influencing action of court.
- 16 5703. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel.
- 17 5704. Sessions.
- 18 5705. Continuances.
- 19 5706. Challenges.
- 20 5707. Oaths or affirmations.
- 21 5708. Statute of limitations.
- 22 5709. Former jeopardy.
- 23 5710. Pleas of accused.
- 24 5711. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence.
- 25 5712. Refusal to appear or testify.
- 26 <u>5713</u>. Contempts.
- 27 <u>5714. Depositions.</u>
- 28 <u>5715</u>. Admissibility of records of courts of inquiry.
- 29 <u>5716. Voting and rulings.</u>
- 30 <u>5717</u>. Number of votes required.

- 1 5718. Court to announce action.
- 2 5719. Record of trial.
- 3 <u>5720</u>. Defense of lack of mental responsibility.
- 4 <u>5721. Effect of finding of lack of mental capacity on trial</u>
- 5 <u>proceedings.</u>
- 6 <u>5722</u>. Trial finding of lack of mental responsibility.
- 7 § 5701. Governor and department may prescribe rules.
- 8 (a) General rule. -- Pretrial, trial and posttrial procedures,
- 9 <u>including modes of proof, in court-martial cases arising under</u>
- 10 this part and for courts of inquiry may be prescribed by the
- 11 Governor or the department as delegated by the Governor, by
- 12 regulations, which shall apply the principles of law and the
- 13 rules of evidence generally recognized in military criminal
- 14 <u>cases in courts-martial of the armed forces but which shall not</u>
- 15 be contrary to or inconsistent with this part.
- 16 (b) Uniformity. -- All rules and regulations made pursuant to
- 17 the provisions of this section shall be uniform insofar as
- 18 practicable among the State military forces.
- 19 § 5702. Unlawfully influencing action of court.
- 20 (a) General rule. -- No authority convening a general, special
- 21 or summary court-martial, nor any other commanding officer or
- 22 officer serving on the staff thereof, shall censure, reprimand
- 23 or admonish the court or any member, military judge or counsel
- 24 thereof, with respect to the findings or sentence adjudged by
- 25 the court or with respect to any other exercise of its or his
- 26 functions in the conduct of the proceedings. No person subject
- 27 to this part may attempt to coerce or, by any unauthorized
- 28 means, influence the action of a court-martial or court of
- 29 inquiry or any member thereof in reaching the findings or
- 30 sentence in any case, or the action of any convening, approving

- 1 or reviewing authority with respect to his judicial acts.
- 2 (b) Exceptions. -- Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect
- 3 to any of the following:
- 4 (1) General instructional or informational courses in
- 5 <u>military justice if such courses are designed solely for the</u>
- 6 purpose of instructing members of a command in the
- 7 <u>substantive and procedural aspects of courts-martial.</u>
- 8 (2) Statements and instructions given in open court by
- 9 <u>the military judge, summary court-martial officer or counsel.</u>
- 10 (c) Performance reports on members and counsel. -- In the
- 11 preparation of an effectiveness, fitness or efficiency report or
- 12 any other report or document used in whole or in part for the
- 13 purpose of determining whether a member of the State military
- 14 forces is qualified to be advanced in grade, in determining the
- 15 assignment or transfer of a member of the State military forces
- 16 or in determining whether a member of the State military forces
- 17 should be retained on active status, no person subject to this
- 18 part may, in preparing any such report:
- 19 (1) consider or evaluate the performance of duty of any
- such member as a member of a court-martial or witness
- 21 therein; or
- 22 (2) give a less favorable rating or evaluation of any
- 23 counsel because of the zeal with which counsel represented
- the accused before a court-martial.
- 25 § 5703. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel.
- 26 (a) Trial counsel.--The trial counsel of a general or
- 27 <u>special court-martial shall prosecute in the name of the</u>
- 28 Commonwealth and shall, under the direction of the court,
- 29 prepare the record of the proceedings.
- 30 (b) Defense counsel.--

1	(1) The accused has the right to be represented in his
2	defense before a general or special court-martial or at an
3	investigation under section 5603 (relating to investigation).
4	The accused may be represented by civilian counsel at the
5	provision and expense of the accused or may be represented by
6	military counsel of his own selection if reasonably available
7	or by the defense counsel appointed under section 5506
8	(relating to appointment of trial counsel and defense
9	<pre>counsel).</pre>
10	(2) Should the accused have civilian counsel of his own
11	selection, the defense counsel and assistant defense counsel,
12	if any, who were detailed shall act as associate counsel
13	unless excused at the request of the accused.
14	(3) Except as provided under paragraph (4), should the
15	accused have military counsel of his own selection, the
16	defense counsel and assistant defense counsel, if any, who
17	were detailed may be excused by the military judge.
18	(4) The accused is not entitled to be represented by
19	more than one military counsel. However, the person
20	authorized under regulations prescribed under section 5701
21	(relating to Governor and department may prescribe rules),
22	may prescribe rules to detail counsel and may do any of the
23	<pre>following:</pre>
24	(i) Detail additional military counsel as assistant
25	defense counsel.
26	(ii) If the accused is represented by military
27	counsel of the accused's own selection, approve a request
28	from the accused that military counsel detailed to the
29	accused act as associate defense counsel.
30	(5) The State Judge Advocate of the same force of which

- 1 the accused is a member shall determine whether the military
- 2 <u>counsel selected by an accused is reasonably available.</u>
- 3 (c) Brief by defense counsel.--In any court-martial
- 4 proceeding resulting in a conviction, the defense counsel may
- 5 forward for attachment to the record of proceedings a brief of
- 6 <u>such matters he determines should be considered in behalf of the</u>
- 7 accused on review, including any objection to the contents of
- 8 the record which counsel considers appropriate.
- 9 (d) Assistant trial counsel. -- An assistant trial counsel of
- 10 a general court-martial may, under the direction of the trial
- 11 <u>counsel or if he is qualified to be a trial counsel under</u>
- 12 section 5506, perform any duty imposed by law, regulation or the
- 13 custom of the service upon the trial counsel of the court. An
- 14 <u>assistant trial counsel of a special court-martial may perform</u>
- 15 any duty of the trial counsel.
- 16 (e) Assistant defense counsel. -- An assistant defense counsel
- 17 of a general or special court-martial may, under the direction
- 18 of the defense counsel or if he is qualified to be the defense
- 19 counsel under section 5506, perform any duty imposed by law,
- 20 regulation or the custom of the service upon counsel for the
- 21 accused.
- 22 § 5704. Sessions.
- 23 (a) Proceedings in absence of members. -- At any time after
- 24 the service of charges which have been referred for trial to a
- 25 court-martial composed of a military judge and members, the
- 26 military judge may, subject to section 5606 (relating to service
- 27 of charges), call the court into session without the presence of
- 28 the members for the purpose of:
- 29 (1) hearing and determining motions raising defenses or
- 30 <u>objections which are capable of determination without trial</u>

- of the issues raised by a plea of not quilty;
- 2 (2) hearing and ruling upon any matter which may be
- 3 ruled upon by the military judge under this section, whether
- 4 <u>or not the matter is appropriate for later consideration or</u>
- 5 <u>decision by the members of the court;</u>
- 6 (3) holding the arraignment and receiving the pleas of
- 7 the accused; and
- 8 (4) performing any other procedural function which may
- 9 <u>be performed by the military judge under this part or under</u>
- 10 rules prescribed pursuant to section 5701 (relating to
- 11 Governor and department may prescribe rules) and which does
- 12 <u>not require the presence of the members of the court.</u>
- 13 These proceedings shall be conducted in the presence of the
- 14 <u>accused</u>, the defense counsel and the trial counsel and shall be
- 15 made a part of the record. These proceedings may be conducted
- 16 notwithstanding the number of court members and without regard
- 17 to the provisions of section 5508 (relating to absent and
- 18 additional members).
- 19 (b) Other proceedings. -- When the members of a court-martial
- 20 deliberate or vote, only the members may be present. All other
- 21 proceedings, including any other consultation of the court with
- 22 counsel or the military judge, shall be made a part of the
- 23 record and shall be in the presence of the accused, the defense
- 24 counsel, the trial counsel and the military judge.
- 25 § 5705. Continuances.
- The military judge of a court-martial or a summary court-
- 27 <u>martial may</u>, for reasonable cause, grant a continuance to any
- 28 party for such time, and as often, as may appear to be just.
- 29 <u>§ 5706. Challenges.</u>
- 30 (a) Challenges for cause. -- The military judge and members of

- 1 <u>a general or special court-martial may be challenged by the</u>
- 2 accused or the trial counsel for cause stated to the court. The
- 3 <u>military judge shall determine the relevancy and validity of</u>
- 4 <u>challenges for cause and shall not receive a challenge to more</u>
- 5 than one person at a time. Challenges by the trial counsel shall
- 6 ordinarily be presented and decided before those by the accused
- 7 <u>are offered. If exercise of a challenge for cause reduces the</u>
- 8 <u>court below the minimum number of members required by section</u>
- 9 <u>5401</u> (relating to courts-martial classified), the parties shall,
- 10 notwithstanding section 5508 (relating to absent and additional
- 11 members), exercise or waive any challenge for cause against the
- 12 <u>remaining members of the court before additional members are</u>
- 13 <u>detailed to the court.</u>
- 14 (b) Preemptory challenges. -- Each accused and the trial
- 15 counsel are entitled to one initial peremptory challenge of
- 16 members of the court. The military judge may not be challenged
- 17 except for cause. When new members are detailed to the court to
- 18 meet the minimum number of members required by section 5401 and
- 19 after any challenges for cause against the new members are
- 20 presented and decided, each accused and the trial counsel are
- 21 <u>entitled to one peremptory challenge against members not</u>
- 22 previously subject to peremptory challenge.
- 23 § 5707. Oaths or affirmations.
- 24 (a) General rule. -- Before performing their respective
- 25 duties, military judges, members of general and special courts-
- 26 martial, trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, defense
- 27 <u>counsel</u>, <u>assistant defense counsel</u>, <u>reporters and interpreters</u>
- 28 shall take an oath or affirmation in the presence of the accused
- 29 to perform their duties faithfully. The form of the oath or
- 30 affirmation, the time and place of the taking thereof, the

- 1 manner of recording the same and whether the oath or affirmation
- 2 <u>shall be taken for all cases in which these duties are to be</u>
- 3 performed or for a particular case, shall be in accordance with
- 4 regulations prescribed by the Governor or the department. These
- 5 regulations may provide that an oath or affirmation to perform
- 6 <u>faithfully the duties as a military judge, trial counsel,</u>
- 7 <u>assistant trial counsel, defense counsel or assistant defense</u>
- 8 counsel may be taken at any time by any judge advocate or other
- 9 person certified or designated to be qualified or competent for
- 10 the duty, and if such an oath or affirmation is taken, it need
- 11 not be taken again at the time the judge advocate or other
- 12 person is detailed to that duty.
- 13 (b) Witnesses.--Each witness before a court-martial shall be
- 14 examined under oath or affirmation.
- 15 § 5708. Statute of limitations.
- 16 (a) Two-year limitation. -- Except as otherwise provided in
- 17 this part, a person subject to this part charged with any
- 18 offense shall not be liable to be tried by court-martial or
- 19 <u>punished under section 5301 (relating to commanding officer's</u>
- 20 nonjudicial punishment) if the offense was committed more than
- 21 two years before the receipt of sworn charges and specifications
- 22 by an officer exercising court-martial jurisdiction over the
- 23 command or before the imposition of nonjudicial punishment under
- 24 <u>section 5301.</u>
- 25 (b) Computation of period of limitation. -- The following
- 26 shall be excluded in computing the period of limitation
- 27 prescribed in this section:
- 28 (1) Periods in which the accused was absent without
- 29 <u>authority or fleeing from justice.</u>
- 30 (2) Periods in which the accused was absent from

1	territory in which the Commonwealth has the authority to
2	apprehend him, or in the custody of civil authorities or in
3	the hands of the enemy.
4	(3) When the United States is at war, periods during war
5	and until two years after the termination of hostilities as
6	proclaimed by the President or by a joint resolution of
7	Congress, when the accused commits any offense:
8	(i) involving fraud or attempted fraud against the
9	United States, the Commonwealth or any agency thereof in
10	any manner, whether by conspiracy or not;
11	(ii) in connection with the acquisition, care,
12	handling, custody, control or disposition of any real or
13	personal property of the United States or the
14	<pre>Commonwealth; or</pre>
15	(iii) in connection with the negotiation,
16	procurement, award, performance, payment, interim
17	financing, cancellation or other termination or
18	settlement of any contract, subcontract or purchase order
19	which is connected with or related to the prosecution of
20	the war or with any disposition of termination inventory
21	by any war contractor or government agency.
22	(c) Subsequent action not barred If charges or
23	specifications are dismissed before trial as defective or
24	insufficient for any cause and the period prescribed by the
25	applicable statute of limitations has expired or will expire
26	within 180 days after the date of dismissal, trial and
27	punishment under new charges and specifications are not barred
28	by the statute of limitations if the new charges and
29	specifications:
30	(1) are received by an officer exercising summary court-

- 1 martial jurisdiction over the command within 180 days after
- 2 the dismissal of the charges or specifications; and
- 3 (2) allege the same acts or omissions that were included
- 4 <u>in the dismissed charges or specifications.</u>
- 5 § 5709. Former jeopardy.
- 6 (a) General rule. -- No person subject to this part shall,
- 7 without the person's consent, be tried a second time for the
- 8 same offense. Prosecution under this part shall not bar
- 9 prosecution by civil authorities for a crime or offense growing
- 10 out of the same act or omission committed in violation of the
- 11 laws of the civil jurisdiction.
- 12 (b) Definition of trial. -- No proceeding in which an accused
- 13 has been found guilty by a court-martial upon any charge or
- 14 specification is a trial in the sense of this section until the
- 15 finding of guilty has become final after review of the case has
- 16 been fully completed. However, a proceeding which, after the
- 17 introduction of evidence but before a finding, is dismissed or
- 18 terminated by the convening authority or on motion of the
- 19 prosecution for failure of available evidence or witnesses
- 20 without any fault of the accused is a trial in the sense of this
- 21 section.
- 22 § 5710. Pleas of the accused.
- 23 (a) Inadequacy or lack of pleading. -- A plea of not quilty
- 24 shall be entered in the record, and the court shall proceed as
- 25 though the accused had pleaded not guilty, if, after arraignment
- 26 before a court martial:
- 27 <u>(1) an accused makes an irregular pleading;</u>
- 28 (2) after a plea of guilty an accused sets up matter
- 29 <u>inconsistent with the plea;</u>
- 30 (3) it appears that an accused has entered a plea of

- 1 quilty improvidently or through lack of understanding or its
- 2 meaning and effect; or
- 3 (4) an accused fails or refuses to plead.
- 4 (b) Plea of guilty. -- With respect to any charge or
- 5 specification to which a plea of quilty has been made by the
- 6 accused and accepted by the military judge, a finding of guilty
- 7 of the charge or specification may be entered immediately
- 8 without vote. This finding shall constitute the finding of the
- 9 court unless the plea of guilty is withdrawn prior to
- 10 announcement of the sentence, in which event the proceedings
- 11 shall continue as though the accused had pleaded not guilty.
- 12 § 5711. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence.
- 13 <u>(a) General rule.--The trial counsel, the defense counsel</u>
- 14 and the court-martial shall have equal opportunity to obtain
- 15 <u>witnesses and other evidence in accordance with such regulations</u>
- 16 <u>as the Governor or department may prescribe.</u>
- 17 (b) Issuance of process.--The following shall apply to
- 18 issuance of process:
- 19 (1) Process issued in court-martial cases to compel
- witnesses to appear and testify and to compel the production
- 21 of other evidence shall apply the principles of law and the
- 22 rules of courts-martial generally recognized in military
- 23 criminal cases in the courts of the armed forces of the
- 24 United States, unless contrary to or inconsistent with this
- 25 part.
- 26 (2) If process in paragraph (1) is contrary or
- 27 <u>inconsistent with this part, process shall be similar to that</u>
- which the courts of this Commonwealth having criminal
- 29 jurisdiction may lawfully issue and shall run to any part of
- 30 the Commonwealth and to any other state, territory or

- district of possession in which the court-martial may be
- 2 sitting.
- 3 (3) If process in paragraphs (1) and (2) are contrary to
- 4 <u>or inconsistent with this part, process may be executed by</u>
- 5 <u>civil officers as prescribed by the laws of the place where</u>
- 6 the witness or evidence is located or of the United States.
- 7 § 5712. Refusal to appear or testify.
- 8 Any person not subject to this part who has been duly
- 9 subpoenaed to appear as a witness or to produce books and
- 10 records before a court-martial or court of inquiry or before any
- 11 military or civil officer designated to take a deposition to be
- 12 read in evidence before such a court who has been duly paid or
- 13 tendered the fees and mileage of a witness at the rates allowed
- 14 to witnesses attending a criminal court of the State and who
- 15 willfully neglects or refuses to appear, refuses to qualify as a
- 16 witness, refuses to testify or refuses to produce any evidence
- 17 which that person may have been legally subpoenaed to produce is
- 18 quilty of an offense and may be punished by the military court
- 19 in the same manner as a criminal court of the Commonwealth.
- 20 § 5713. Contempts.
- 21 A military judge or summary court-martial officer may punish
- 22 for contempt any person who uses any menacing word, sign or
- 23 gesture in his presence, or who disturbs proceedings by any riot
- 24 or disorder. The following punishments shall apply:
- 25 (1) A person subject to this part may be punished for
- 26 contempt by confinement not to exceed 30 days or a fine of
- 27 <u>\$100, or both.</u>
- 28 (2) A person not subject to this part may be punished
- for contempt by a military court in the same manner used by a
- 30 criminal court of the jurisdiction.

- 1 § 5714. Depositions.
- 2 (a) General rule. -- At any time after charges have been
- 3 signed, as provided in section 5601 (relating to charges and
- 4 <u>specifications</u>) any party may take oral or written depositions
- 5 <u>unless the military judge or summary court-martial officer</u>
- 6 hearing the case or, if the case is not being heard, an
- 7 authority competent to convene a court-martial for the trial of
- 8 those charges forbids it for good cause.
- 9 (b) Notice of taking deposition. -- The party at whose
- 10 instance a deposition is to be taken shall give to every other
- 11 party reasonable written notice of the time and place for taking
- 12 the deposition.
- (c) Persons authorized to take depositions. -- Depositions may
- 14 be taken before and authenticated by any military or civil
- 15 officer authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth or by the
- 16 <u>laws of the place where the deposition is taken to administer</u>
- 17 oaths.
- 18 (d) Admissibility in evidence. -- A duly authenticated
- 19 <u>deposition taken upon reasonable notice to the other parties, so</u>
- 20 far as otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence, may be
- 21 read in evidence or, in the case of audiotape, videotape,
- 22 digital image or file or similar material, may be played in
- 23 evidence before any military court, if it appears:
- 24 (1) that the witness resides or is beyond the state in
- 25 <u>which the court is ordered to sit, or beyond 100 miles from</u>
- 26 the place of trial or hearing;
- 27 (2) that the witness, by reason of death, age, sickness,
- bodily infirmity, imprisonment, military necessity,
- 29 <u>nonamenability to process, or other reasonable cause, is</u>
- 30 unable or refuses to appear and testify in person at the

- 1 place of trial or hearing; or
- 2 (3) that the present whereabouts of the witness is
- 3 unknown.
- 4 § 5715. Admissibility of records of courts of inquiry.
- 5 (a) Court-martial. -- In any case not extending to the
- 6 dismissal of a commissioned officer, the sworn testimony
- 7 contained in the duly authenticated record of proceedings of a
- 8 <u>court of inquiry of a person whose oral testimony cannot be</u>
- 9 <u>obtained may</u>, if otherwise admissible under the rules of
- 10 evidence, be read in evidence by any party before a court-
- 11 martial if the accused was a party before the court of inquiry
- 12 and if the same issue was involved or if the accused consents to
- 13 <u>the introduction of such evidence.</u>
- (b) Use of testimony by defense. -- Such testimony may be read
- 15 in evidence only by the defense in cases extending to dismissal
- 16 or dishonorable discharge of a commissioned officer.
- 17 (c) Court of inquiry. -- Such testimony may also be read in
- 18 evidence before a court of inquiry by either party.
- 19 § 5716. Voting and rulings.
- 20 (a) Findings, sentences and challenges. -- Voting by members
- 21 of a general or special court-martial on the findings and on the
- 22 sentence shall be by secret written ballot. The junior member of
- 23 the court shall count the votes. The count shall be checked by
- 24 the president, who shall forthwith announce the result of the
- 25 ballot to the members of the court.
- 26 (b) Questions of law and interlocutory questions.--The
- 27 military judge shall rule upon all questions of law and all
- 28 interlocutory questions arising during the proceedings. Any such
- 29 ruling made by the military judge upon any guestion of law or
- 30 any interlocutory question other than the factual issue of

- 1 mental responsibility of the accused is final and constitutes
- 2 the ruling of the court. However, the military judge may change
- 3 the ruling at any time during the trial. Unless the ruling is
- 4 final, if any member objects thereto, the court shall be cleared
- 5 <u>and closed and the question decided by a voice vote as provided</u>
- 6 <u>in section 5717 (relating to number of votes required),</u>
- 7 beginning with the junior in rank.
- 8 (c) Instructions to members of court.--Before a vote is
- 9 taken on the findings, the military judge shall, in the presence
- 10 of the accused and counsel, instruct the members of the court as
- 11 to the elements of the offense and charge them:
- 12 (1) that the accused must be presumed to be innocent
- 13 <u>until his guilt is established by legal and competent</u>
- 14 <u>evidence beyond reasonable doubt;</u>
- 15 (2) that in the case being considered, if there is a
- reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused, the doubt
- 17 must be resolved in favor of the accused and the accused
- 18 shall be acquitted;
- 19 (3) that, if there is a reasonable doubt as to the
- degree of quilt, the finding must be in a lower degree as to
- 21 <u>which there is no reasonable doubt; and</u>
- 22 (4) that the burden of proof to establish the quilt of
- 23 <u>the accused beyond reasonable doubt is upon the prosecution.</u>
- 24 (d) Proceedings before military judge only.--Subsections
- 25 (a), (b) and (c) do not apply to a court-martial composed of a
- 26 military judge only. The military judge of such a court-martial
- 27 shall determine all questions of law and fact arising during the
- 28 proceedings and, if the accused is convicted, adjudge an
- 29 appropriate sentence. The military judge of such a court-martial
- 30 shall make a general finding and shall in addition, on request,

- 1 find the facts specially. If an opinion or memorandum of
- 2 decision is filed, it will be sufficient if the findings of fact
- 3 <u>appear therein.</u>
- 4 § 5717. Number of votes required.
- 5 (a) Conviction. -- No person subject to this part shall be
- 6 convicted of any offense, except as provided in section 5710(b)
- 7 (relating to pleas of accused) or by the concurrence of two-
- 8 thirds of the members present at the time the vote is taken.
- 9 (b) Other matters.--All other matters to be decided by the
- 10 members of a general or special court-martial shall be
- 11 <u>determined by a majority vote, but a determination to reconsider</u>
- 12 <u>a finding of quilty or to reconsider a sentence, with a view</u>
- 13 toward decreasing it, may be made by any lesser vote which
- 14 <u>indicates that the reconsideration is not opposed by the number</u>
- 15 of votes required for that finding or sentence. A tie vote on a
- 16 <u>challenge disqualifies the member challenged. A tie vote on a</u>
- 17 motion relating to the accused's sanity is a determination
- 18 against the accused. A tie vote on any other matter is a
- 19 determination in favor of the accused.
- 20 § 5718. Court to announce action.
- 21 Every court-martial shall announce its findings and sentence
- 22 to the parties as soon as determined.
- 23 § 5719. Record of trial.
- 24 (a) General and special courts-martial.--Each general and
- 25 <u>special courts-martial shall keep a separate record of the</u>
- 26 proceedings in each case brought before it, and the record shall
- 27 be authenticated by the signature of the military judge. If the
- 28 record cannot be authenticated by the military judge by reason
- 29 of his death, disability or absence, it shall be authenticated
- 30 by the signature of the trial counsel or by that of a member if

- 1 the trial counsel is unable to authenticate it by reason of his
- 2 <u>death</u>, <u>disability or absence</u>. In a court-martial consisting of
- 3 only a military judge, if the record cannot be authenticated by
- 4 the military judge by reason of his death, disability or
- 5 absence, the record shall be authenticated by the signature of
- 6 the court reporter. A complete verbatim record of the
- 7 proceedings and testimony shall be prepared in each general and
- 8 <u>special court-martial case resulting in a conviction. In all</u>
- 9 other court-martial cases, the record shall contain such matters
- 10 as the Governor or department may by regulation prescribe.
- 11 (b) Summary court martial.--Each summary court-martial shall
- 12 keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case. The
- 13 <u>record shall be authenticated in such manner as the Governor or</u>
- 14 <u>department may by regulation prescribe.</u>
- 15 (c) Furnishing record to accused. -- A copy of the record of
- 16 the proceedings of each general and special court-martial shall
- 17 be given to the accused as soon as it is authenticated.
- 18 § 5720. Defense of lack of mental responsibility.
- 19 (a) General rule. -- It shall be an affirmative defense in a
- 20 trial by court-martial that, at the time of the commission of
- 21 the acts constituting the offense, the accused, as a result of a
- 22 severe mental disease or defect, was unable to appreciate the
- 23 <u>nature and quality or the wrongfulness of the acts. Mental</u>
- 24 disease or defect does not otherwise constitute a defense.
- 25 (b) Burden of proof. -- The accused has the burden of proving
- 26 the defense of lack of mental responsibility by clear and
- 27 <u>convincing evidence.</u>
- 28 (c) Instructions or findings by military judge.--Whenever
- 29 <u>lack of mental responsibility of the accused with respect to an</u>
- 30 offense is properly at issue, the military judge shall:

- 1 (1) in a court-martial not composed of only a military
- 2 judge, instruct the members of the court as to the defense of
- 3 <u>lack of mental responsibility under this section and charge</u>
- 4 them to find the accused guilty, not guilty or not guilty
- 5 only by reason of lack of mental responsibility; or
- 6 (2) in a court-martial composed of only a military
- 7 judge, find the accused quilty, not quilty or not quilty only
- 8 by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
- 9 (d) Finding of not quilty.--Notwithstanding section 5717
- 10 (relating to number of votes required), the accused shall be
- 11 found not quilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility
- 12 if:
- (1) a majority of the members of the court-martial
- 14 <u>present at the time the vote is taken determines that the</u>
- defense of lack of mental responsibility has been
- 16 established; or
- 17 (2) in the case of a court-martial composed of only a
- 18 military judge, the military judge or summary court-martial
- 19 officer determines that the defense of lack of mental
- 20 responsibility has been established.
- 21 § 5721. Effect of finding of lack of mental capacity on trial
- 22 proceedings.
- 23 (a) Mental incapacity generally. -- When the accused is
- 24 <u>determined under this part to be suffering from a mental disease</u>
- 25 or defect rendering him mentally incompetent such that he is
- 26 unable to understand the nature of the proceedings against him
- 27 or to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the
- 28 case, the general court-martial convening authority for the
- 29 accused shall commit him to the custody of an agency or facility
- 30 providing services to persons with such a disease or defect.

- 1 (b) Agency or facility action. -- The agency or facility
- 2 providing services shall take action in accordance with the
- 3 jurisdictional laws applicable to persons incompetent to stand
- 4 trial. If at the end of the period for hospitalization it is
- 5 <u>determined that the accused's mental condition has not so</u>
- 6 improved as to permit the trial to proceed, action shall be
- 7 taken in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction.
- 8 (c) Recovery of accused. -- When the director of a facility in
- 9 which the accused is hospitalized determines that the accused
- 10 has recovered to such an extent that he is able to understand
- 11 the nature of the proceedings against him and to conduct or
- 12 cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the director
- 13 shall promptly transmit a notification of that determination to
- 14 the general court-martial convening authority for the accused.
- 15 The director shall send a copy of the notification to the
- 16 defense counsel for the accused.
- 17 (d) Receipt of notification of competence. -- Upon receipt of
- 18 a notification transmitted under subsection (c), the general
- 19 court-martial convening authority shall promptly take custody of
- 20 the accused unless he is no longer subject to this part. If the
- 21 <u>accused is no longer subject to this part, the agency or</u>
- 22 facility with custody of the accused shall take such action as
- 23 authorized by law of the jurisdiction. The director of the
- 24 facility may retain custody of the accused for not more than 30
- 25 days after transmitting the notifications required under
- 26 subsection (c).
- 27 <u>(e) Court ordering commitment.--In the application of</u>
- 28 jurisdictional law applicable to persons incompetent to stand
- 29 trial, references to the court that ordered the commitment of a
- 30 person and to the clerk of such court shall be deemed to refer

- 1 to the general court-martial convening authority for the
- 2 accused. However, if the accused is no longer subject to this
- 3 part, the State trial court with felony jurisdiction in the
- 4 county where the accused is hospitalized or otherwise may be
- 5 <u>found shall be considered as the court that ordered the</u>
- 6 commitment of the accused.
- 7 § 5722. Trial finding of lack of mental responsibility.
- 8 (a) Finding of lack of mental responsibility generally. -- If
- 9 <u>an accused is found by a court-martial not guilty only by reason</u>
- 10 of lack of mental responsibility, the accused shall be committed
- 11 to a suitable facility until he is eligible for release in
- 12 accordance with this section.
- 13 (b) Hearing required. -- The court-martial shall conduct a
- 14 hearing on the mental condition of the accused in accordance
- 15 with the jurisdictional law applicable to persons incompetent to
- 16 stand trial. A report of the results of the hearing shall be
- 17 made to the general court-martial convening authority for the
- 18 accused.
- 19 (c) Failure to find accused incompetent. -- If the court-
- 20 martial fails to find that the release of the accused would not
- 21 <u>create a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person or</u>
- 22 serious damage of property of another due to a mental disease or
- 23 defect of the accused, the following shall take place:
- 24 (1) the general court-martial convening authority shall
- 25 commit the accused to the custody of an agency or facility
- authorized to provide services to such persons; and
- 27 (2) the agency or facility with custody of the accused
- 28 shall take action in accordance with the jurisdictional law
- 29 <u>applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial.</u>
- 30 (d) Status change of accused while in custody.--If the

- 1 status of an accused changes while the accused is in the custody
- 2 <u>of a Commonwealth agency, hospitalized or on conditional release</u>
- 3 under a prescribed regimen of medical, psychiatric, or
- 4 psychological care or treatment so that the accused is no longer
- 5 subject to this part, the agency or facility with custody of
- 6 <u>action shall be taken in accordance with the jurisdictional law.</u>
- 7 CHAPTER 58
- 8 <u>SENTENCES</u>
- 9 <u>Sec.</u>
- 10 <u>5801</u>. Cruel and unusual punishments prohibited.
- 11 5802. Maximum limits.
- 12 <u>5803</u>. <u>Grading of offenses</u>.
- 13 5804. Effective date of sentence.
- 14 5805. Execution of confinement.
- 15 5806. Deferment of sentence.
- 16 5807. Reduction in enlisted grade.
- 17 5808. Forfeiture of pay and allowances during confinement.
- 18 § 5801. Cruel and unusual punishments prohibited.
- 19 Punishment by flogging, or by branding, marking or tattooing
- 20 on the body or any other cruel or unusual punishment may not be
- 21 adjudged by a court-martial or inflicted upon any person subject
- 22 to this part. The use of irons, single or double, except for the
- 23 purpose of safe custody, is prohibited.
- 24 § 5802. Maximum limits.
- 25 (a) General rule. -- The punishment which a court-martial may
- 26 direct for an offense may not exceed such limits as the Governor
- 27 or department may prescribe for that offense. In no instance may
- 28 a sentence to confinement exceed more than five years for a
- 29 <u>military offense.</u>
- 30 (b) Punitive offenses. -- The limits of punishment for an

- 1 offense described in Chapter 60 (relating to punitive sections)
- 2 <u>shall be prescribed by the Governor or department by regulation.</u>
- 3 In no instance shall any punishment exceed that authorized by
- 4 this section or the maximum punishment authorized by the United
- 5 States Manual for Courts-Martial.
- 6 § 5803. Grading of offenses.
- 7 (a) Felonies. -- A conviction by general court-martial for any
- 8 military offense for which an accused may receive a sentence of
- 9 confinement for more than one year is the equivalent of a felony
- 10 offense.
- 11 (b) Misdemeanors. -- Except for convictions by a summary
- 12 <u>court-martial</u>, all other military offenses are the equivalents
- 13 of misdemeanors.
- 14 (c) Noncriminal. -- Any conviction by a summary court-martial
- 15 is not a criminal conviction.
- 16 § 5804. Effective date of sentences.
- 17 (a) Forfeiture of pay and allowances. -- Whenever a sentence
- 18 of a court-martial as lawfully adjudged and approved includes a
- 19 forfeiture of pay or allowances in addition to confinement not
- 20 suspended, the forfeiture may apply to pay or allowances
- 21 becoming due on or after the date the sentence is approved by
- 22 the convening authority. No forfeiture may extend to any pay or
- 23 <u>allowances accrued before that date.</u>
- 24 (b) Confinement. -- Any period of confinement included in a
- 25 sentence of a court-martial begins to run from the date the
- 26 sentence is adjudged by the court-martial, but periods during
- 27 which the sentence to confinement is suspended or deferred shall
- 28 be excluded in computing the service of the term of confinement.
- 29 (c) Other sentences.--All other sentences of courts-martial
- 30 are effective on the date ordered executed.

- 1 § 5805. Execution of confinement.
- 2 (a) Place of confinement. -- A sentence of confinement
- 3 adjudged by a court-martial, whether or not the sentence
- 4 <u>includes discharge or dismissal and whether or not the discharge</u>
- 5 or dismissal has been executed, may be carried into execution by
- 6 confinement in any place authorized by this part. Persons so
- 7 confined are subject to the same discipline and treatment as
- 8 persons regularly confined or committed to that place of
- 9 <u>confinement.</u>
- 10 (b) Authority to require hard labor. -- The omission of the
- 11 words "hard labor" from any sentence or punishment authorized
- 12 <u>under this part does not deprive the confinement facility</u>
- 13 <u>executing that sentence or punishment of the power to require</u>
- 14 hard labor as a part of the punishment if it is otherwise within
- 15 the authority of that facility to do so.
- (c) Refusal to accept accused prohibited. -- No place of
- 17 confinement may refuse or decline to accept an accused sentenced
- 18 to confinement under this part or require payment of any fee or
- 19 charge for so receiving or confining an accused except as
- 20 otherwise provided by law. Any such fee or charge shall not
- 21 exceed a per diem charge of \$25 per day if otherwise authorized
- 22 by law.
- 23 § 5806. Deferment of sentences.
- 24 (a) Deferment upon application of accused. -- On application
- 25 by an accused, the convening authority or the person exercising
- 26 general court-martial jurisdiction over the command to which the
- 27 accused is currently assigned may, in that person's sole
- 28 discretion, defer service of the sentence to confinement. The
- 29 deferment shall terminate when the sentence is ordered executed.
- 30 The deferment may be rescinded at any time by the person who

- 1 granted it or, if the accused is no longer under that person's
- 2 jurisdiction, by the person exercising general court-martial
- 3 jurisdiction over the command to which the accused is currently
- 4 assigned.
- 5 (b) Deferment without consent of accused. -- The convening
- 6 authority may defer the service of the sentence to confinement,
- 7 without the consent of the accused, until after the accused has
- 8 been permanently released to the State military forces by a
- 9 state, the United States or a foreign country. This subsection
- 10 applies to a person subject to this part who:
- 11 (1) while in the custody of a state, the United States
- or a foreign country, is temporarily returned by that state,
- the United States or foreign country to the State military
- forces for trial by court-martial; and
- 15 (2) after the court-martial, is returned to that state,
- the United States or foreign country under the authority of a
- mutual agreement or treaty.
- 18 (c) Deferment while review of case is pending. -- When a
- 19 sentence to confinement has been ordered executed but review of
- 20 the case is pending under section 5909 (relating to review by a
- 21 board of review), the Adjutant General may defer further service
- 22 of the sentence to confinement while the review is pending.
- 23 § 5807. Reduction in enlisted grade.
- 24 (a) General rule. -- An enlisted member in a pay grade above
- 25 E-1 receiving a sentence by a court-martial that includes a
- 26 dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge or confinement shall
- 27 <u>receive a reduction in pay grade to E-1 effective on the date</u>
- 28 the sentence is approved.
- 29 (b) Sentence no longer effective. -- If an enlisted member
- 30 receives a reduction in pay grade under subsection (a) and the

- 1 <u>sentence which led to a reduction in pay grade is later set</u>
- 2 <u>aside</u>, <u>disapproved</u> or, <u>as finally approved</u>, <u>does not include a</u>
- 3 dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge or confinement, the rights
- 4 and privileges of which the person was deprived because of that
- 5 reduction shall be restored, including pay grade and allowances.
- 6 § 5808. Forfeiture of pay and allowances during confinement.
- 7 (a) General rule. -- An enlisted member receiving a court-
- 8 martial sentence of confinement for more than six months, or
- 9 <u>confinement of six months or less and a dishonorable or</u>
- 10 bad-conduct discharge or dismissal, shall forfeit the pay and
- 11 <u>allowances due him during any period of confinement or parole as</u>
- 12 provided in this subsection. The forfeiture shall take effect on
- 13 the date the sentence was approved. The pay and allowances
- 14 <u>forfeited in the case of a general court-martial shall be all</u>
- 15 pay and allowances due the enlisted member during such period
- 16 and in the case of a special court-martial shall be two-thirds
- 17 of all pay due the enlisted member during such period.
- 18 (b) Exception. -- The convening authority or other person
- 19 acting under section 5903 (relating to action on general court-
- 20 <u>martial records</u>) <u>may waive any or all requirements under</u>
- 21 subsection (a) for a period not to exceed six months if the
- 22 accused has dependents. Any amount of pay or allowances that
- 23 would be forfeited under subsection (a) shall be paid to the
- 24 dependents of the accused.
- 25 (c) Sentence no longer effective. -- If an enlisted member is
- 26 forced to forfeit pay and allowances under subsection (a) and
- 27 the sentence which led to the forfeiture is later set aside,
- 28 disapproved or, as finally approved, does not include
- 29 confinement for more than six months or confinement for six
- 30 months or less and a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge or

- 1 dismissal, the member shall be paid the pay and allowances which
- 2 he would have been paid for the period during which the
- 3 forfeiture was in effect.
- 4 <u>CHAPTER 59</u>
- 5 POSTTRIAL PROCEDURE AND REVIEW
- 6 <u>OF COURTS-MARTIAL</u>
- 7 Sec.
- 8 <u>5901</u>. Error of law; lesser included offense.
- 9 <u>5902</u>. Action by convening authority.
- 10 5903. Action on general court-martial records.
- 11 5904. Reconsideration and revision.
- 12 5905. Rehearings.
- 13 5906. Approval by convening authority.
- 14 5907. Disposition of records after review by convening
- authority.
- 16 5908. Review by State Judge Advocate and Adjutant General.
- 17 5909. Review by a board of review.
- 18 5910. Review by Superior Court.
- 19 5911. Appellate counsel.
- 20 5912. Execution of sentence; suspension of sentence.
- 21 5913. Vacation of suspension.
- 22 5914. Petition for new trial.
- 23 5915. Remission and suspension.
- 24 5916. Restoration.
- 25 <u>5917</u>. Finality of proceedings, findings and sentences.
- 26 5918. Leave pending review of conviction.
- 27 <u>5919. Appeal by the Commonwealth.</u>
- 28 § 5901. Error of law; lesser included offense.
- 29 <u>(a) Error of law.--A finding or sentence of a court-martial</u>
- 30 shall not be held incorrect on the grounds of an error of law

- 1 <u>unless the error materially prejudices the substantial rights of</u>
- 2 the accused.
- 3 (b) Approval of lesser offense. -- Any reviewing authority
- 4 with the power to approve or affirm a finding of guilty may
- 5 approve or affirm so much of the finding as includes a lesser
- 6 <u>included offense.</u>
- 7 § 5902. Action by convening authority.
- 8 (a) Report to convening authority. -- The findings and
- 9 <u>sentence of a court-martial shall be reported promptly to the</u>
- 10 convening authority after the announcement of the sentence.
- 11 (b) Copy of record to accused. -- In a summary court-martial
- 12 case, the accused shall be promptly provided a copy of the
- 13 record of trial for use in preparing a submission authorized by
- 14 <u>subsection (c).</u>
- (c) Submission of matters by accused to the convening
- 16 <u>authority.--The following shall apply to the submission of</u>
- 17 matters by an accused to the convening authority:
- 18 (1) The accused may submit to the convening authority
- 19 matters for consideration by the convening authority with
- 20 respect to the findings and the sentence. Any such submission
- 21 shall be in writing. Except in a summary court-martial case,
- 22 such a submission shall be made within ten days after the
- accused has been given an authenticated record of trial and,
- 24 if applicable, the recommendation of a judge advocate under
- 25 subsection (g). In a summary court-martial case, such a
- 26 submission shall be made within seven days after the sentence
- is announced.
- 28 (2) If the accused shows that additional time is
- 29 required for the accused to submit matters under paragraph
- 30 (1), the convening authority or other person taking action

- 1 <u>under this section may, for good cause, extend the applicable</u>
- 2 period under paragraph (1) for not more than an additional 20
- 3 <u>days.</u>
- 4 (3) The accused may waive the right to make a submission
- 5 to the convening authority under paragraph (1). Such a waiver
- 6 <u>must be made in writing and may not be revoked. The time</u>
- 7 within which the accused may make a submission under
- 8 paragraph (1) shall be deemed to have expired upon the
- 9 <u>submission of a waiver to the convening authority.</u>
- 10 (d) Action by the convening authority. -- The authority of a
- 11 convening authority to modify the findings and sentence of a
- 12 <u>court-martial is a matter of command prerogative and involves</u>
- 13 the sole discretion of the convening authority. No action is
- 14 required to be taken by the convening authority. If action is
- 15 taken by the convening authority, it must consider all matters
- 16 <u>submitted by the accused. If it is impractical for the convening</u>
- 17 authority to act, the convening authority shall forward the case
- 18 to a person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction who
- 19 may take action under this section.
- 20 (e) Actions by authority on sentence. -- The authority
- 21 authorized to take action may:
- 22 (1) Approve the sentence in whole or in part.
- 23 (2) Disapprove the sentence in whole or in part.
- 24 (3) Commute the sentence in whole or in part.
- 25 (4) Suspend the sentence in whole or in part.
- 26 (f) Action by authority on findings.-- The authority
- 27 authorized to take action may:
- 28 (1) Dismiss any charge or specification by setting aside
- 29 a finding of guilty.
- 30 (2) Change a finding of quilty to a charge or

- 1 specification to a finding of quilty to an offense that is a
- 2 lesser included offense of the offense stated in the charge
- 3 <u>or specification.</u>
- 4 (g) Recommendation of judge advocate. -- Before acting on any
- 5 general or special court-martial case in which there is a
- 6 finding of guilt, the convening authority or other person taking
- 7 action shall obtain and consider the written recommendation of a
- 8 judge advocate. The convening authority or other authorized
- 9 party shall refer the record of trial to a judge advocate and
- 10 the judge advocate shall use such record in the preparation of
- 11 the recommendation. The recommendation of the judge advocate
- 12 shall include such matters as may be prescribed by regulation by
- 13 the Governor or department and shall be served on the accused,
- 14 who may submit any matter in the recommendation to the convening
- 15 authority under subsection (c). An accused's failure to include
- 16 any matter in the recommendation or attached to the
- 17 recommendation in his submission waives his right to object to
- 18 <u>such matter</u>.
- 19 § 5903. Action on general court-martial records.
- The convening authority shall refer the record of each
- 21 general court-martial to his staff judge advocate or legal
- 22 officer who shall submit his written opinion thereon to the
- 23 convening authority. If there is no qualified staff judge
- 24 advocate or legal officer available, the State Judge Advocate
- 25 shall assign a judge advocate officer for such purpose. If the
- 26 final action of the court has resulted in an acquittal of all
- 27 charges and specifications, the opinion shall be limited to
- 28 questions of jurisdiction.
- 29 § 5904. Reconsideration and revision.
- 30 (a) General rule. -- The convening authority or other

- 1 authorized party may order a proceeding in revision. A
- 2 proceeding in revision may be ordered if there is an apparent
- 3 error or omission in the record or if the record shows improper
- 4 or inconsistent action by a court-martial with respect to the
- 5 <u>findings or sentence that can be rectified without material</u>
- 6 prejudice to the substantial rights of the accused.
- 7 (b) Revision not authorized. -- In no case may a proceeding in
- 8 revision:
- 9 <u>(1) reconsider a finding of not guilty of any</u>
- 10 specification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not
- 11 guilty;
- 12 (2) reconsider a finding of not guilty of any charge,
- 13 <u>unless there has been a finding of guilty under a</u>
- 14 <u>specification laid under that charge which sufficiently</u>
- 15 <u>alleges a violation of a punitive section of this title; or</u>
- 16 (3) increase the severity of the sentence unless the
- 17 <u>sentence prescribed for the offense is mandatory.</u>
- 18 § 5905. Rehearings.
- 19 (a) General rule. -- The convening authority or other
- 20 <u>authorized party may order a rehearing. A rehearing may be</u>
- 21 ordered if the convening authority or other authorized party
- 22 disapproves the findings and sentence and states the reasons for
- 23 <u>disapproval of the findings</u>. If such party disapproves the
- 24 findings and sentence but does not order a rehearing, that party
- 25 shall dismiss the charges. A rehearing as to the findings may
- 26 not be ordered where there is a lack of sufficient evidence in
- 27 the record to support the findings. A rehearing as to the
- 28 sentence may be ordered if the convening authority or other
- 29 <u>authorized party disapproves the sentence.</u>
- 30 (b) Procedural requirements. -- Each rehearing shall take

- 1 place before a court-martial composed of members not members of
- 2 the court-martial which first heard the case. Upon a rehearing
- 3 the accused may not be tried for any offense of which he was
- 4 found not guilty by the first court-martial. No sentence in
- 5 excess of or more severe than the original sentence may be
- 6 approved, unless the sentence is based upon a finding of quilty
- 7 of an offense not considered upon the merits in the original
- 8 proceedings or unless the sentence prescribed for the offense is
- 9 mandatory. If the sentence approved after the first court-
- 10 martial was in accordance with a pretrial agreement and the
- 11 accused at the rehearing changes a plea with respect to the
- 12 charges or specifications upon which the pretrial agreement was
- 13 based or otherwise does not comply with the pretrial agreement,
- 14 the approved sentence as to those charges or specifications may
- 15 <u>include any punishment not in excess of that lawfully adjudged</u>
- 16 at the first court-martial.
- 17 § 5906. Approval by convening authority.
- 18 <u>In acting on the findings and sentence of a court-martial,</u>
- 19 the convening authority shall approve only such findings of
- 20 guilty, and the sentence or such part or amount of the sentence,
- 21 as the convening authority finds correct in law and fact and as
- 22 he in his discretion determines should be approved. Unless the
- 23 convening authority indicates otherwise, approval of the
- 24 sentence shall constitute approval of the findings and sentence.
- 25 § 5907. Disposition of records after review by convening
- authority.
- 27 <u>(a) General rule.--Except as otherwise required by this</u>
- 28 title, all records of trial and related documents shall be
- 29 transmitted and disposed of as prescribed by this section and
- 30 regulations promulgated by the department.

- 1 (b) Final action by Governor. --When the Governor has taken
- 2 <u>final action in a court-martial case in which he is the</u>
- 3 convening authority, there shall be no further review.
- 4 (c) Final action by other authority. -- When a convening
- 5 authority other than the Governor has taken final action in a
- 6 general court-martial case, the convening authority shall
- 7 forward the entire record, including his action thereon and the
- 8 opinion or opinions of the staff judge advocate or legal
- 9 officer, to the State Judge Advocate.
- 10 (d) Bad-conduct discharge. -- Where the sentence of a special
- 11 court-martial as approved by the convening authority includes a
- 12 bad-conduct discharge, whether or not suspended, the record
- 13 <u>shall be forwarded to the officer exercising general court-</u>
- 14 martial jurisdiction over the command to be reviewed in the same
- 15 manner as a record of trial by a general court-martial. If the
- 16 <u>sentence as approved by an officer exercising general court-</u>
- 17 martial jurisdiction includes a bad-conduct discharge, whether
- 18 or not suspended, the record shall be forwarded to the State
- 19 Judge Advocate.
- 20 (e) Review and disposition of other records. -- All other
- 21 special and summary court-martial records shall be reviewed by a
- 22 judge advocate of the Pennsylvania NATIONAL Guard and shall be
- 23 transmitted and disposed of as the department may prescribe by
- 24 regulations.
- 25 § 5908. Review by State Judge Advocate and Adjutant General.
- 26 (a) Review by State Judge Advocate of quilty finding. -- Each
- 27 general and special court-martial case in which there has been a
- 28 finding of guilty shall be reviewed by the State Judge Advocate,
- 29 or a designee. The State Judge Advocate may not review a case if
- 30 he has acted in the same case as an accuser, investigating

- 1 officer, member of the court, military judge or counsel or has
- 2 otherwise acted on behalf of the prosecution or defense. The
- 3 State Judge Advocate's review shall be in writing and shall
- 4 contain the following:
- 5 (1) Conclusions as to:
- (i) whether the court had jurisdiction over the
- 7 accused and the offense;
- 8 <u>(ii) the sufficiency of the charge and</u>
- 9 <u>specification; and</u>
- 10 (iii) whether the sentence was within the limits
- 11 <u>prescribed as a matter of law.</u>
- 12 (2) A response to each allegation of error made in
- writing by the accused.
- 14 (3) If the case is sent for action under subsection (b),
- 15 <u>a recommendation as to the appropriate action to be taken and</u>
- 16 <u>an opinion as to whether corrective action is required as a</u>
- 17 matter of law.
- 18 (b) Review by Adjutant General of guilty finding. -- The
- 19 record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed
- 20 under subsection (a) shall be sent for action to the Adjutant
- 21 General, if:
- 22 (1) the judge advocate who reviewed the case recommends
- 23 corrective action;
- 24 (2) the sentence approved under section 5903 (relating
- 25 to action on general court-martial records) extends to
- dismissal, a bad-conduct or dishonorable discharge or
- 27 <u>confinement for more than six months; or</u>
- 28 (3) such action is otherwise required by regulations
- 29 promulgated by the department.
- 30 (c) Action by Adjutant General on quilty finding. -- After

- 1 review under subsection (b), the Adjutant General may:
- 2 (1) disapprove or approve the findings or sentence in
- 3 whole or in part;
- 4 (2) remit, commute or suspend the sentence in whole or
- 5 <u>in part;</u>
- 6 (3) dismiss the charges; or
- 7 (4) except where the evidence was insufficient at the
- 8 <u>trial to support the findings, order a rehearing on the</u>
- 9 <u>findings</u>, on the sentence or on both.
- 10 (d) Rehearing impracticable. -- If a rehearing is ordered
- 11 under subsection (c) but the convening authority finds a
- 12 rehearing impracticable, the convening authority shall dismiss
- 13 the charges.
- 14 (e) Review by Governor of guilty finding. -- If the opinion of
- 15 the State Judge Advocate is that corrective action is required
- 16 as a matter of law and if the Adjutant General does not take
- 17 action that is at least as favorable to the accused as that
- 18 recommended by the State Judge Advocate, the record of trial and
- 19 action thereon shall be sent to the Governor for review and
- 20 action as deemed appropriate.
- 21 (f) Review by State Judge Advocate of not quilty finding. --
- 22 The State Judge Advocate may review any case in which there has
- 23 been a finding of not guilty of all charges and specifications.
- 24 The State Judge Advocate may not review a case if he has acted
- 25 in the same case as an accuser, investigating officer, member of
- 26 the court, military judge or counsel or has otherwise acted on
- 27 <u>behalf of the prosecution or defense. The review by the State</u>
- 28 Judge Advocate shall be limited to questions of subject matter
- 29 <u>jurisdiction</u>.
- 30 (g) Review by Adjutant General of not guilty finding. -- The

- 1 record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed
- 2 under subsection (f) shall be sent for action to the Adjutant
- 3 General.
- 4 (h) Action by Adjutant General on not guilty finding. -- After
- 5 <u>review under subsection (g), the Adjutant General may:</u>
- 6 (1) when subject matter jurisdiction is found to be
- 7 <u>lacking, void the court-martial ab initio, with or without</u>
- 8 <u>prejudice to the government; or</u>
- 9 (2) return the record of trial and related documents to
- the State Judge Advocate for appeal by the government as
- 11 <u>provided by law.</u>
- 12 § 5909. Review by a board of review.
- (a) Composition of boards of review. -- The State Judge
- 14 Advocate may constitute one or more boards of review, each
- 15 composed of not less than three commissioned officers, each of
- 16 whom shall be a member of the bar of the Supreme Court, and one
- 17 of whom shall be a judge advocate of the Pennsylvania NATIONAL
- 18 Guard.
- 19 (b) Affirming findings and sentence. -- In a case referred to
- 20 it, the board of review may act only with respect to the
- 21 findings and sentence as approved by the convening authority. It
- 22 may affirm only such findings of quilty and a sentence, or such
- 23 part or amount of the sentence, as it finds correct in law and
- 24 fact and determines, on the basis of the entire record, should
- 25 be approved. In considering the record it shall have authority
- 26 to weigh the evidence, judge the credibility of witnesses and
- 27 <u>determine controverted questions of fact, recognizing that the</u>
- 28 trial court saw and heard the witnesses.
- 29 (c) Setting aside findings and sentence. -- If the board of
- 30 review sets aside the findings and sentence, it may, except

- 1 where the setting aside is based on lack of sufficient evidence
- 2 in the record to support the findings, order a rehearing. If it
- 3 <u>sets aside the findings and sentence and does not order a</u>
- 4 <u>rehearing</u>, it shall order that the charges be dismissed.
- 5 (d) Action by convening authority. -- The State Judge Advocate
- 6 shall, unless there is to be further action by the Governor,
- 7 <u>instruct the convening authority to take action in accordance</u>
- 8 with the decision of the board of review. If the board of review
- 9 <u>has ordered a rehearing but the convening authority finds a</u>
- 10 rehearing impracticable, the convening authority may dismiss the
- 11 charges.
- 12 (e) Uniform rules of procedure. -- In the event one or more
- 13 boards of review are constituted in accordance with this
- 14 section, the State Judge Advocate shall prescribe uniform rules
- 15 of procedure for proceedings in and before such board or boards
- 16 of review.
- 17 (f) Waiver of review. -- The accused may file with the
- 18 convening authority a statement expressly withdrawing the right
- 19 of the accused to have his case reviewed by a board of review.
- 20 Such a withdrawal shall be signed by both the accused and
- 21 defense counsel and must be filed in accordance with appellate
- 22 procedures as provided by law. The accused may withdraw his case
- 23 from review by a board of review at any time in accordance with
- 24 appellate procedures as provided by law.
- 25 § 5910. Review by Superior Court.
- 26 (a) General rule. -- Final judgments of courts-martial
- 27 <u>empowered to impose a sentence of confinement for one year or</u>
- 28 more are appealable to the Superior Court, after approval by the
- 29 convening authority, in the same manner and subject to the same
- 30 process as a criminal conviction by the courts of common pleas.

- 1 The appellate procedures to be followed shall be those provided
- 2 by law for the appeal of criminal cases.
- 3 (b) Waiver of review. -- The accused may file with the
- 4 convening authority a statement expressly withdrawing the right
- 5 of the accused to have his case reviewed by the Superior Court.
- 6 Such a withdrawal shall be signed by both the accused and his
- 7 <u>defense counsel and must be filed in accordance with appellate</u>
- 8 procedures as provided by law. The accused may withdraw his case
- 9 from review by the Superior Court at any time in accordance with
- 10 <u>appellate procedures as provided by law.</u>
- 11 § 5911. Appellate counsel.
- 12 (a) Counsel for the Commonwealth.--The State Judge Advocate
- 13 <u>shall detail a judge advocate as counsel to represent the</u>
- 14 Commonwealth in the review or appeal of cases by a board of
- 15 review or before the Superior Court, or before any other court
- 16 when requested to do so by the Attorney General. Counsel must be
- 17 a member in good standing of the bar of the Supreme Court.
- 18 (b) Counsel for the accused. -- In all posttrial reviews and
- 19 appeals, whether initiated by the accused or the Commonwealth,
- 20 the accused has the right to be represented by appellate
- 21 military counsel before any reviewing authority and before any
- 22 appellate court. Upon the request of an accused, the State Judge
- 23 Advocate shall appoint a judge advocate to represent the accused
- 24 in the review or appeal of cases. An accused may be represented
- 25 by civilian appellate counsel at no expense to the Commonwealth.
- 26 § 5912. Execution of sentence; suspension of sentence.
- 27 (a) Appellate review not waived and appeal not withdrawn. --
- 28 If a sentence extends to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-
- 29 conduct discharge, the right of the accused to appellate review
- 30 is not waived and an appeal is not withdrawn, that part of the

- 1 sentence extending to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct
- 2 <u>discharge may not be executed until there is a final judgment as</u>
- 3 to the legality of the proceedings. A judgment as to the
- 4 <u>legality of the proceedings is final in such cases when review</u>
- 5 <u>is completed by the Superior Court under section 5910 (relating</u>
- 6 to review by Superior Court) and is deemed final by the law of
- 7 state where the judgment was had.
- 8 (b) Appellate review waived or appeal withdrawn. -- If a
- 9 <u>sentence extends to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct</u>
- 10 discharge, the right of the accused to appellate review is
- 11 waived or an appeal is withdrawn, that part of the sentence
- 12 extending to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct
- 13 discharge may not be executed until review of the case by the
- 14 State Judge Advocate and any action on that review is completed.
- 15 Any other part of a court-martial sentence may be ordered
- 16 <u>executed by the convening authority or other authorized party</u>
- 17 when approved under section 5906 (relating to approval by
- 18 convening authority).
- 19 § 5913. Vacation of suspension.
- 20 (a) Bad-conduct discharges and general court-martial
- 21 sentences. -- Prior to the vacation of the suspension of a special
- 22 court-martial sentence which as approved includes a bad-conduct
- 23 discharge or of any general court-martial sentence, the officer
- 24 having special court-martial jurisdiction over the probationer
- 25 shall hold a hearing on an alleged violation of probation. The
- 26 probationer shall be represented at the hearing by military
- 27 counsel if the probationer so desires.
- 28 (b) Action by court-martial. -- The record of the hearing and
- 29 the recommendation of the officer having special court-martial
- 30 jurisdiction shall be forwarded for action to the officer

- 1 <u>exercising general court-martial jurisdiction over the</u>
- 2 probationer. If the officer vacates the suspension, any
- 3 unexecuted part of the sentence except a dismissal shall be
- 4 <u>executed subject to applicable restrictions in this part.</u>
- 5 (c) Other sentences. -- The suspension of any other sentence
- 6 may be vacated by any authority competent to convene, for the
- 7 command in which the accused is serving or assigned, a court of
- 8 the kind that imposed the sentence.
- 9 § 5914. Petition for new trial.
- 10 At any time within two years after approval by the convening
- 11 authority of a court-martial sentence, the accused may petition
- 12 the Adjutant General for a new trial on the grounds of newly
- 13 <u>discovered evidence or fraud on the court-martial.</u>
- 14 § 5915. Remission and suspension.
- 15 (a) General rule. -- Any authority competent to convene, for
- 16 the command in which the accused is serving or assigned, a court
- 17 of the kind that imposed the sentence, may remit or suspend any
- 18 part or amount of the unexecuted part of any sentence, including
- 19 all uncollected forfeitures other than a sentence approved by
- 20 the Governor.
- 21 (b) Substitution of administrative discharge by Governor .--
- 22 The Governor may, for good cause, substitute an administrative
- 23 form of discharge, as authorized by applicable military
- 24 regulations, for a discharge or dismissal executed in accordance
- 25 with the sentence of a court-martial.
- 26 § 5916. Restoration.
- 27 (a) General rule. -- Under such regulations as may be
- 28 prescribed by the Governor or department, all rights, privileges
- 29 and property affected by an executed portion of a court-martial
- 30 <u>sentence which has been set aside or disapproved, except an</u>

- 1 executed dismissal or discharge shall be restored unless a new
- 2 trial or rehearing is ordered and such executed portion is
- 3 included in a sentence imposed upon the new trial or rehearing.
- 4 (b) Substitution of administrative discharge for invalid
- 5 <u>discharge.--If a previously executed sentence of dishonorable or</u>
- 6 <u>bad-conduct discharge is not sustained on a new trial</u>, the
- 7 Governor shall substitute a form of discharge authorized for
- 8 <u>administrative issuance unless the accused is to serve out the</u>
- 9 <u>remainder of his enlistment.</u>
- 10 § 5917. Finality of proceedings, findings and sentences.
- 11 The appellate review of records of trial, the proceedings,
- 12 findings and sentences of courts-martial as approved, reviewed,
- 13 or affirmed and all dismissals and discharges carried into
- 14 <u>execution under sentences by courts-martial following approval</u>,
- 15 <u>review or affirmation are final and conclusive. Orders</u>
- 16 <u>publishing the proceedings of courts-martial and all action</u>
- 17 taken pursuant to those proceedings are binding upon all
- 18 departments, courts, agencies and officers of the United States
- 19 and the several states, subject only to action upon a petition
- 20 for a new trial as provided in section 5914 (relating to
- 21 petition for new trial) and to action under section 5915
- 22 (relating to remission and suspension).
- 23 § 5918. Leave pending review of conviction.
- 24 Under regulations prescribed by the Governor or the
- 25 department, an accused who has been sentenced by a court-martial
- 26 may be required to take leave pending completion of action under
- 27 this chapter if the sentence, as approved under section 5902
- 28 (relating to action by convening authority) or 5906 (relating to
- 29 approval by convening authority) includes an unsuspended
- 30 dismissal or an unsuspended dishonorable or bad-conduct

- 1 discharge. The accused may be required to begin such leave on
- 2 the date on which the sentence is approved under section 5906 or
- 3 at any time after such date and such leave may be continued
- 4 <u>until the date on which action under this chapter is completed</u>
- 5 or may be terminated at any earlier time.
- 6 § 5919. Appeal by the Commonwealth.
- 7 (a) General rule. -- In a trial by court-martial in which a
- 8 punitive discharge may be adjudged, the Commonwealth may appeal
- 9 the following:
- 10 (1) An order or ruling of the military judge which
- terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or
- 12 <u>specification</u>.
- 13 (2) An order or ruling which excludes evidence that is
- substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding.
- 15 (3) An order or ruling which directs the disclosure of
- 16 classified information.
- 17 (4) An order or ruling which imposes sanctions for
- 18 nondisclosure of classified information.
- 19 (5) A refusal of the military judge to issue a
- 20 protective order sought by the Commonwealth to prevent the
- 21 disclosure of classified information.
- 22 (6) A refusal by the military judge to enforce a
- 23 protective order sought by the Commonwealth to prevent the
- 24 <u>disclosure of classified information which has previously</u>
- been issued by appropriate authority.
- 26 (b) Exceptions. -- Notwithstanding subsection (a), the
- 27 Commonwealth may not appeal a finding of not quilty with respect
- 28 to the charge or specification by the members of the court-
- 29 martial or by a judge in a bench trial so long as it is not made
- 30 in reconsideration.

- 1 (c) Written notice required. -- An appeal of an order or
- 2 ruling may not be taken unless the trial counsel provides the
- 3 military judge with written notice of appeal from the order or
- 4 <u>ruling within 72 hours of the order or ruling. Such notice shall</u>
- 5 <u>include a certification by the trial counsel that the appeal is</u>
- 6 not taken for the purpose of delay and, if the order or ruling
- 7 appealed is one which excludes evidence, that the evidence
- 8 <u>excluded is substantial proof of a fact material in the</u>
- 9 proceeding.
- 10 (d) Diligent prosecution required. -- An appeal under this
- 11 section shall be diligently prosecuted. Any period of delay
- 12 resulting from an appeal under this section shall be excluded in
- 13 <u>deciding any issue regarding denial of a speedy trial unless an</u>
- 14 appropriate authority determines that the appeal was filed
- 15 solely for the purpose of delay with the knowledge that it was
- 16 <u>totally frivolous and without merit.</u>
- 17 (e) Action by Superior Court. -- An appeal under this section
- 18 shall be forwarded to the Superior Court. In ruling on an appeal
- 19 under this section, the court may act only with respect to
- 20 matters of law.
- 21 <u>CHAPTER 60</u>
- 22 PUNITIVE SECTIONS
- 23 Sec.
- 24 6001. Principals.
- 25 6002. Accessory after the fact.
- 26 6003. Conviction of lesser included offense.
- 27 <u>6004</u>. Attempts.
- 28 6005. Conspiracy.
- 29 <u>6006</u>. Solicitation.
- 30 6007. Fraudulent enlistment, appointment or separation.

- 1 6008. Unlawful enlistment, appointment or separation.
- 2 6009. Desertion.
- 3 6010. Absence without leave.
- 4 6011. Missing movement.
- 5 6012. Contempt toward officials.
- 6 6013. Disrespect toward superior commissioned officer.
- 7 <u>6014</u>. Assaulting or willfully disobeying superior commissioned
- 8 <u>officer.</u>
- 9 <u>6015. Insubordinate conduct toward warrant officer,</u>
- 10 <u>noncommissioned officer or petty officer.</u>
- 11 6016. Failure to obey order or regulation.
- 12 6017. Cruelty and maltreatment.
- 13 6018. Mutiny or sedition.
- 14 6019. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest and escape.
- 15 6020. Releasing prisoner without proper authority.
- 16 6021. Unlawful detention of another.
- 17 6022. Noncompliance with procedural rules.
- 18 <u>6023</u>. <u>Misbehavior before enemy</u>.
- 19 6024. Subordinate compelling surrender.
- 20 6025. Improper use of countersign.
- 21 6026. Forcing a safeguard.
- 22 <u>6027</u>. Captured or abandoned property.
- 23 6028. Aiding the enemy.
- 24 6029. Misconduct of prisoner.
- 25 6030. False official statements.
- 26 6031. Loss, damage, destruction or wrongful disposition of
- 27 <u>military property.</u>
- 28 6032. Waste, spoilage or destruction of nonmilitary property.
- 29 6033. Improper hazarding of vessel.
- 30 6034. Drunken or reckless driving.

- 1 6035. Drunk on duty, sleeping on post and leaving post before
- 2 relief.
- 3 6036. Dueling.
- 4 6037. Malingering.
- 5 6038. Riot or breach of peace.
- 6 <u>6039. Provoking speeches or gestures.</u>
- 7 6040. Perjury.
- 8 6041. Frauds against government.
- 9 6042. Larceny and wrongful appropriation.
- 10 6043. Assault.
- 11 6044. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.
- 12 6045. General article.
- 13 <u>6046. Embezzlement.</u>
- 14 6047. Purchasing and receiving military property in pawn.
- 15 6048. Wrongful use and possession of controlled substances.
- 16 § 6001. Principals.
- Any person subject to this part who:
- 18 (1) commits an offense punishable by this part or aids,
- 19 abets, counsels, commands or procures its commission; or
- 20 (2) causes an act to be done which if directly performed
- 21 by him would be punishable by this part;
- 22 <u>is a principal</u>.
- 23 § 6002. Accessory after the fact.
- 24 Any person subject to this part who, knowing that an offense
- 25 punishable by this part has been committed, receives, comforts
- 26 or assists the offender in order to hinder or prevent his
- 27 apprehension, trial or punishment shall be punished as a court-
- 28 martial may direct.
- 29 § 6003. Conviction of lesser included offense.
- 30 An accused may be found quilty of an offense necessarily

- 1 included in the offense charged or of an attempt to commit
- 2 either the offense charged or an offense necessarily included
- 3 therein.
- 4 <u>§ 6004</u>. Attempts.
- 5 (a) Attempt defined. -- An act, done with specific intent to
- 6 commit an offense under this part, amounting to more than mere
- 7 preparation and tending, even though failing to effect its
- 8 commission, is an attempt to commit that offense.
- 9 (b) Punishment. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 10 attempts to commit any offense punishable by this part shall be
- 11 <u>punished as a court-martial may direct, unless otherwise</u>
- 12 <u>specifically prescribed</u>.
- (c) Effect of consummation of offense. -- Any person subject
- 14 to this part may be convicted of an attempt to commit an offense
- 15 although it appears at the trial that the offense was
- 16 consummated.
- 17 § 6005. Conspiracy.
- 18 Any person subject to this part who conspires with any other
- 19 person to commit an offense under this part shall, if one or
- 20 more of the conspirators does an act to effect the object of the
- 21 conspiracy, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6006. Solicitation.
- 23 (a) Desertion and mutiny. -- Any person subject to this part
- 24 who solicits or advises another or others to desert in violation
- 25 of section 6009 (relating to desertion) or mutiny in violation
- 26 of section 6018 (relating to mutiny or sedition) shall, if the
- 27 offense solicited or advised is attempted or committed, be
- 28 punished with the punishment provided for the commission of the
- 29 offense, but, if the offense solicited or advised is not
- 30 committed or attempted, the person shall be punished as a court-

- 1 martial may direct.
- 2 (b) Misbehavior before enemy and sedition. -- Any person
- 3 subject to this part who solicits or advises another or others
- 4 to commit an act of misbehavior before the enemy in violation of
- 5 <u>section 6023 (relating to misbehavior before enemy) or sedition</u>
- 6 <u>in violation of section 6018 shall, if the offense solicited or</u>
- 7 <u>advised is committed, be punished with the punishment provided</u>
- 8 for the commission of the offense, but, if the offense solicited
- 9 <u>or advised is not committed, the person shall be punished as a</u>
- 10 court-martial may direct.
- 11 § 6007. Fraudulent enlistment, appointment or separation.
- 12 <u>Any person who:</u>
- 13 (1) procures his own enlistment or appointment in the
- 14 <u>State military forces by knowingly false representation or</u>
- deliberate concealment as to his qualifications for that
- 16 enlistment or appointment and receives pay or allowances
- 17 thereunder; or
- 18 (2) procures his own separation from the State military
- 19 forces by knowingly false representation or deliberate
- 20 concealment as to his eligibility for that separation;
- 21 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6008. Unlawful enlistment, appointment or separation.
- 23 Any person subject to this part who effects an enlistment or
- 24 appointment in or a separation from the State military forces of
- 25 any person who is known to him to be ineligible for that
- 26 enlistment, appointment or separation because it is prohibited
- 27 by law, regulation or order shall be punished as a court-martial
- 28 may direct.
- 29 <u>§ 6009</u>. Desertion.
- 30 (a) Offense defined. -- Any member of the State military

- 1 forces who:
- 2 (1) without authority goes or remains absent from his
- 3 unit, organization or place of duty with intent to remain
- 4 <u>away from there permanently;</u>
- 5 (2) quits his unit, organization or place of duty with
- 6 <u>intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important service;</u>
- 7 or
- 8 (3) without being regularly separated from one of the
- 9 State military forces enlists or accepts an appointment in
- the same or another one of the State military forces, or in
- one of the armed forces of the United States, without fully
- disclosing the fact that he has not been regularly separated
- or enters any foreign armed service, except when authorized
- 14 by the United States;
- 15 is quilty of desertion.
- 16 (b) Commissioned officer tendering resignation. -- Any
- 17 commissioned officer of the State military forces who, after
- 18 tender of his resignation and before notice of its acceptance,
- 19 quits his post or proper duties without leave and with intent to
- 20 remain away from there permanently is quilty of desertion.
- 21 (c) Punishment. -- Any person found quilty of desertion or
- 22 attempt to desert shall be punished, if the offense is committed
- 23 in time of war, by confinement of not more than five years or
- 24 such other punishment as a court-martial may direct. If the
- 25 <u>desertion or attempt to desert occurs at any other time the</u>
- 26 person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 27 § 6010. Absence without leave.
- 28 (a) Offense defined. -- Any person subject to this part who,
- 29 <u>without authority:</u>
- 30 (1) fails to go to his appointed place of duty at the

- 1 time prescribed;
- 2 (2) goes from that place; or
- 3 (3) absents himself or remains absent from his unit,
- 4 <u>organization or place of duty at which he is required to be</u>
- 5 at the time prescribed;
- 6 <u>is absent without leave and shall be punished as a court-martial</u>
- 7 may direct for a military offense or may be charged with a
- 8 <u>summary offense.</u>
- 9 (b) Military offense. -- Absence without leave is a military
- 10 offense subject to punishment as a court-martial may direct or
- 11 by nonjudicial punishment under this part.
- 12 (c) Summary offense. -- Absence without leave as defined in
- 13 <u>subsection (a) is a summary offense.</u>
- 14 (d) Fines. -- A person convicted of the summary offense of
- 15 absence without leave shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not
- 16 less than \$100 nor more than \$300 for the first offense and a
- 17 fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 for a second or
- 18 subsequent offense.
- 19 (e) Costs.--Any person convicted of the summary offense of
- 20 absence without leave shall, in addition to the fine imposed, be
- 21 sentenced to pay costs as provided or prescribed by or pursuant
- 22 to 42 Pa.C.S. Ch. 17 (relating to governance of the system).
- 23 (f) Institution of proceedings.--A person subject to this
- 24 part authorized by the Adjutant General or his designee may
- 25 institute summary proceedings for violation of this section by
- 26 filing a complaint with an issuing authority as provided in the
- 27 <u>Pennsylvania Rules of Criminal Procedure. The alleged offense</u>
- 28 shall be deemed to have occurred in the magisterial district
- 29 where the unit to which the member is assigned is located.
- 30 (q) Withdraw of complaint. -- The person instituting summary

- 1 proceedings for a violation of this section or his or her
- 2 <u>superior commissioned officer may withdraw the complaint if the</u>
- 3 <u>accused executes a military service participation agreement and</u>
- 4 pays all costs as described in subsection (e).
- 5 (h) Military counsel.--Military counsel shall not be
- 6 <u>assigned to represent the Commonwealth or the accused in summary</u>
- 7 proceedings brought under this section.
- 8 <u>(i) Prima facie evidence. -- An extract from official military</u>
- 9 records showing that the accused person was absent without leave
- 10 <u>as defined in subsection (a) shall constitute prima facie</u>
- 11 evidence of a violation of this section.
- 12 (j) Limitations on proceedings. -- No action may be commenced
- 13 for a violation of this section more than 12 months after the
- 14 <u>last date on which the person is alleged to have been absent</u>
- 15 without leave. No court-martial or nonjudicial punishment
- 16 proceedings for absence without leave under this part may be
- 17 instituted against a person who has been charged with the
- 18 summary offense of absence without leave for the same time
- 19 period. No summary offense proceedings for absence without leave
- 20 under this section may be instituted against a person who has
- 21 been the subject of court-martial or nonjudicial punishment for
- 22 absence without leave under this part for the same time period.
- 23 § 6011. Missing movement.
- Any person subject to this part who through neglect or design
- 25 misses the movement of a ship, aircraft or unit with which he is
- 26 required in the course of duty to move shall be punished as a
- 27 <u>court-martial may direct.</u>
- 28 § 6012. Contempt toward officials.
- 29 Any commissioned officer who uses contemptuous words against
- 30 the President of the United States, Vice President of the United

- 1 States, Congress, Secretary of Defense, secretary of a military
- 2 department, Secretary of Homeland Security, Governor of the
- 3 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Adjutant General of the
- 4 <u>Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or General Assembly of the</u>
- 5 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be punished as a court-
- 6 martial may direct.
- 7 § 6013. Disrespect toward superior commissioned officer.
- 8 Any person subject to this part who behaves with disrespect
- 9 toward his superior commissioned officer shall be punished as a
- 10 court-martial may direct.
- 11 § 6014. Assaulting or willfully disobeying superior
- 12 commissioned officer.
- Any person subject to this part who:
- 14 (1) strikes, draws or lifts up any weapon or offers any
- 15 <u>violence against his superior commissioned officer while he</u>
- is in the execution of his office; or
- 17 (2) willfully disobeys a lawful command of his superior
- 18 commissioned officer;
- 19 shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of war,
- 20 by confinement of not more than five years or such other
- 21 punishment as a court-martial may direct. If the offense is
- 22 committed at any other time, the person shall be punished as a
- 23 court-martial may direct.
- 24 § 6015. Insubordinate conduct toward warrant officer,
- 25 <u>noncommissioned officer or petty officer.</u>
- 26 Any warrant officer or enlisted member who:
- 27 <u>(1) strikes or assaults a warrant officer,</u>
- 28 noncommissioned officer or petty officer while that officer
- is in the execution of his office;
- 30 (2) willfully disobeys the lawful order of a warrant

- 1 officer, noncommissioned officer or petty officer; or
- 2 (3) treats with contempt or is disrespectful in language
- 3 or deportment toward a warrant officer, noncommissioned
- 4 <u>officer or petty officer while that officer is in the</u>
- 5 <u>execution of his office;</u>
- 6 <u>shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 7 § 6016. Failure to obey order or regulation.
- 8 Any person subject to this part who:
- 9 (1) violates or fails to obey any lawful general order
- 10 or regulation;
- 11 (2) having knowledge of any other lawful order issued by
- 12 <u>a member of the State military forces, which it is his duty</u>
- to obey, fails to obey the order; or
- 14 <u>(3) is derelict in the performance of his duties;</u>
- 15 <u>shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 16 § 6017. Cruelty and maltreatment.
- 17 Any person subject to this part who is quilty of cruelty
- 18 toward, or oppression or maltreatment of, any person subject to
- 19 his orders shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 20 § 6018. Mutiny or sedition.
- 21 (a) Offense defined. -- Any person subject to this part who:
- 22 (1) with intent to usurp or override lawful military
- authority refuses, in concert with any other person, to obey
- 24 orders or otherwise do his duty or creates any violence or
- 25 disturbance is quilty of mutiny;
- 26 (2) with intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of
- 27 lawful civil authority, creates, in concert with any other
- person, revolt, violence or other disturbance against that
- 29 authority is guilty of sedition;
- 30 (3) fails to do his utmost to prevent and suppress a

- 1 mutiny or sedition being committed in his presence, or fails
- 2 <u>to take all reasonable means to inform his superior</u>
- 3 commissioned officer or commanding officer of a mutiny or
- 4 <u>sedition which he knows or has reason to believe is taking</u>
- 5 place, is quilty of a failure to suppress or report a mutiny
- 6 or sedition.
- 7 (b) Punishment. -- A person who is found quilty of attempted
- 8 <u>mutiny</u>, <u>mutiny</u>, <u>sedition or failure to suppress or report a</u>
- 9 <u>mutiny or sedition shall be punished as a court-martial may</u>
- 10 direct.
- 11 § 6019. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest and escape.
- 12 Any person subject to this part who resists apprehension,
- 13 <u>flees from apprehension, breaks arrest or escapes from custody</u>
- 14 or confinement shall be punished as a court-marital may direct.
- 15 § 6020. Releasing prisoner without proper authority.
- Any person subject to this part who, without proper
- 17 authority, releases any prisoner committed to his charge or who,
- 18 through neglect or design, suffers any such prisoner to escape,
- 19 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct, whether or not
- 20 the prisoner was committed in strict compliance with law.
- 21 § 6021. Unlawful detention of another.
- 22 Any person subject to this part who, except as provided by
- 23 law or regulation, apprehends, arrests or confines any person
- 24 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 25 § 6022. Noncompliance with procedural rules.
- 26 Any person subject to this part who:
- 27 <u>(1) is responsible for unnecessary delay in the</u>
- disposition of any case of a person accused of an offense
- 29 <u>under this part; or</u>
- 30 (2) knowingly and intentionally fails to enforce or

- 1 comply with any provision of this part regulating the
- 2 proceedings before, during or after trial of an accused;
- 3 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 4 § 6023. Misbehavior before enemy.
- 5 Any person subject to this part who, before or in the
- 6 presence of the enemy:
- 7 <u>(1) runs away;</u>
- 8 (2) shamefully abandons, surrenders or delivers up any
- 9 <u>command, unit, place or military property which it is his</u>
- 10 <u>duty to defend;</u>
- 11 (3) through disobedience, neglect or intentional
- 12 <u>misconduct endangers the safety of any such command, unit,</u>
- 13 <u>place or military property;</u>
- 14 <u>(4) casts away his arms or ammunition;</u>
- 15 (5) is quilty of cowardly conduct;
- 16 (6) quits his place of duty to plunder or pillage;
- 17 (7) causes false alarms in any command, unit or place
- 18 under control of the armed forces of the United States or the
- 19 State military forces;
- 20 (8) willfully fails to do his utmost to encounter,
- 21 <u>engage, capture or destroy any enemy troops, combatants,</u>
- 22 vessels, aircraft or any other thing, which it is his duty so
- 23 to encounter, engage, capture or destroy; or
- 24 (9) does not afford all practicable relief and
- 25 assistance to any troops, combatants, vessels or aircraft of
- the armed forces belonging to the United States or their
- 27 <u>allies, to the Commonwealth or to any other state, when</u>
- 28 engaged in battle;
- 29 <u>shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 30 § 6024. Subordinate compelling surrender.

- 1 Any person subject to this part who compels or attempts to
- 2 compel a commander of any place, vessel, aircraft or other
- 3 military property, or of any body of members of the armed forces
- 4 to give it up to an enemy or to abandon it, or who strikes the
- 5 colors or flag to an enemy without proper authority, shall be
- 6 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 7 § 6025. Improper use of countersign.
- 8 Any person subject to this part who, in time of war or
- 9 <u>national emergency</u>, <u>discloses the parole or countersign to any</u>
- 10 person not entitled to receive it or who gives to another who is
- 11 <u>entitled to receive and use the parole or countersign a</u>
- 12 <u>different parole or countersign from that which, to his</u>
- 13 knowledge, he was authorized and required to give, shall be
- 14 <u>punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 15 § 6026. Forcing a safeguard.
- Any person subject to this part who forces a safeguard shall
- 17 be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 18 § 6027. Captured or abandoned property.
- 19 (a) Duty to secure property. -- All persons subject to this
- 20 part shall secure all public property taken for the service of
- 21 the United States or the Commonwealth and shall give notice and
- 22 turn over to the proper authority without delay all captured or
- 23 <u>abandoned property in their possession, custody or control.</u>
- 24 (b) Offense. -- Any person subject to this part who:
- 25 (1) fails to carry out the duties prescribed in
- 26 subsection (a);
- 27 (2) buys, sells, trades or in any way deals in or
- disposes of taken, captured or abandoned property, whereby he
- 29 receives or expects any profit, benefit or advantage to
- 30 himself or another directly or indirectly connected with

- 1 himself; or
- 2 (3) engages in looting or pillaging;
- 3 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 4 § 6028. Aiding the enemy.
- 5 Any person subject to this part who:
- 6 (1) aids or attempts to aid the enemy with arms,
- 7 <u>ammunition, supplies, money or other things; or</u>
- 8 (2) without proper authority, knowingly harbors or
- 9 <u>protects or gives intelligence to, or communicates or</u>
- 10 corresponds with or holds any intercourse with the enemy,
- either directly or indirectly;
- 12 <u>shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 13 § 6029. Misconduct of prisoner.
- Any person subject to this part who, while in the hands of
- 15 the enemy in time of war:
- 16 (1) for the purpose of securing favorable treatment by
- 17 his captors, acts without proper authority in a manner
- 18 contrary to law, custom or regulation, to the detriment of
- others of whatever nationality held by the enemy as civilian
- 20 <u>or military prisoners; or</u>
- 21 (2) while in a position of authority over such persons
- 22 maltreats them without justifiable cause;
- 23 <u>shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 24 § 6030. False official statements.
- 25 Any person subject to this part who, with intent to deceive,
- 26 signs any false record, return, regulation, order or other
- 27 official document made in the line of duty, knowing the same to
- 28 be false, or makes any other false official statement made in
- 29 the line of duty knowing the same to be false, shall be punished
- 30 as a court-martial may direct.

- 1 § 6031. Loss, damage, destruction or wrongful disposition of
- 2 <u>military property.</u>
- Any person subject to this part who, without proper
- 4 <u>authority:</u>
- 5 <u>(1) sells or otherwise disposes of;</u>
- 6 (2) willfully or through neglect damages, destroys or
- 7 loses; or
- 8 (3) willfully or through neglect suffers to be lost,
- 9 <u>damaged, destroyed, sold or wrongfully disposed of;</u>
- 10 any military property of the United States or of the
- 11 Commonwealth or any other state shall be punished as a court-
- 12 <u>martial may direct.</u>
- 13 § 6032. Waste, spoilage or destruction of nonmilitary property.
- 14 Any person subject to this part who willfully or recklessly
- 15 wastes, spoils or otherwise willfully and wrongfully destroys or
- 16 damages any property other than military property belonging to
- 17 the United States, the Commonwealth or any other state shall be
- 18 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 19 § 6033. Improper hazarding of vessel.
- 20 (a) Willful conduct. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 21 willfully and wrongfully hazards or suffers to be hazarded any
- 22 vessel of the armed forces of the United States or the State
- 23 military forces shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 24 (b) Negligent conduct. -- Any person subject to this part who
- 25 negligently hazards or suffers to be hazarded any vessel of the
- 26 armed forces of the United States or the State military forces
- 27 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 28 § 6034. Drunken or reckless driving.
- 29 Any person subject to this part who, while in a duty status
- 30 or while on a military installation, operates any vehicle while

- 1 drunk or in a reckless or wanton manner shall be punished as a
- 2 <u>court-martial may direct.</u>
- 3 § 6035. Drunk on duty, sleeping on post and leaving post before
- 4 relief.
- 5 (a) General rule. -- Except as provided in subsection (b), any
- 6 person subject to this part who is found drunk on duty, sleeping
- 7 on his post or who leaves his post before being relieved shall
- 8 <u>be punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 9 (b) Sentinel or look-out.--Any sentinel or look-out who is
- 10 found drunk on duty, sleeping on his post or who leaves his post
- 11 before being relieved shall be punished, if the offense is
- 12 committed in time of war, by confinement of not more than five
- 13 years or by other punishment as a court-martial may direct. If
- 14 the offense is committed at any other time, the person shall be
- 15 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 16 <u>§ 6036. Dueling.</u>
- Any person subject to this part who fights, promotes, is
- 18 concerned in or connives at fighting a duel or who, having
- 19 knowledge of a challenge sent or about to be sent, fails to
- 20 report the fact promptly to the proper authority, shall be
- 21 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6037. Malingering.
- 23 Any person subject to this part who, for the purpose of
- 24 avoiding work, duty or service in the State military forces:
- 25 (1) feigns illness, physical disablement, mental lapse
- or derangement; or
- 27 (2) intentionally inflicts self-injury;
- 28 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 29 § 6038. Riot or breach of peace.
- 30 Any person subject to this part who causes or participates in

- 1 any riot or breach of the peace shall be punished as a court-
- 2 martial may direct.
- 3 § 6039. Provoking speeches or gestures.
- 4 Any person subject to this part who uses provoking or
- 5 reproachful words or gestures towards any other person subject
- 6 to this part shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 7 <u>\$ 6040</u>. Perjury.
- 8 Any person subject to this part who, in a judicial
- 9 proceeding, in a course of justice conducted under this part or
- 10 in any administrative proceeding conducted by the State military
- 11 forces under military regulations willfully and corruptly gives,
- 12 upon a lawful oath or in any form allowed by law to be
- 13 <u>substituted for an oath, any false testimony material to the</u>
- 14 <u>issue or matter of inquiry is guilty of perjury and shall be</u>
- 15 <u>punished as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 16 § 6041. Frauds against government.
- 17 Any person subject to this part:
- 18 <u>(1) who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent:</u>
- (i) makes any claim against the United States, the
- 20 Commonwealth or any officer thereof; or
- 21 (ii) presents to any person in the civil or military
- 22 service thereof, for approval or payment any claim
- 23 <u>against the United States, the Commonwealth or any</u>
- 24 officer thereof;
- 25 (2) who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval,
- allowance or payment of any claim against the United States,
- 27 <u>the Commonwealth or any officer thereof:</u>
- (i) makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing
- 29 the same to contain any false or fraudulent statements;
- 30 (ii) makes any oath, affirmation or certification to

1	any fact or to any writing or other paper knowing the
2	oath, affirmation or certification to be false;
3	(iii) forges or counterfeits any signature upon any
4	writing or other paper or uses any such signature knowing
5	it to be forged or counterfeited;
6	(3) who, having charge, possession, custody or control
7	of any money or other property of the United States or the
8	Commonwealth furnished or intended for the armed forces of
9	the United States or the State military forces, knowingly
10	delivers to any person having authority to receive the same,
11	any amount thereof less than that for which he receives a
12	certificate or receipt; or
13	(4) who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper
14	certifying the receipt of any property of the United States
15	or the Commonwealth, furnished or intended for the armed
16	forces of the United States or the State military forces,
17	makes or delivers to any person such writing without having
18	full knowledge of the truth of the statements therein
19	contained and with intent to defraud the United States or the
20	<pre>Commonwealth;</pre>
21	shall, upon conviction, be punished as a court-martial may
22	direct.
23	§ 6042. Larceny and wrongful appropriation.
24	(a) Offenses defined Any person subject to this part who,
25	while in a duty status, wrongfully takes, obtains or withholds
26	by any means whatever from the possession of the true owner or
27	of any other person, any money, personal property or article of
28	<pre>value of any kind:</pre>
29	(1) with intent permanently to deprive or defraud
30	another person of the use and benefit of property or to

- 1 appropriate the same to his own use or the use of any person
- 2 other than the true owner, steals such property, is quilty of
- 3 larceny; or
- 4 (2) with intent temporarily to deprive or defraud
- 5 <u>another person of the use and benefit of property or to</u>
- 6 appropriate the same to his own use or the use of any person
- 7 <u>other than the true owner, is quilty of wrongful</u>
- 8 <u>appropriation</u>.
- 9 (b) Punishment.--Any person found quilty of larceny or
- 10 wrongful appropriation shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 11 direct.
- 12 § 6043. Assault.
- Any person subject to this part who, while in a duty status,
- 14 attempts or offers with unlawful force or violence to do bodily
- 15 <u>harm to another person</u>, whether or not the attempt or offer is
- 16 consummated, is quilty of assault and shall be punished as a
- 17 court-martial may direct.
- 18 § 6044. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.
- 19 Any commissioned officer who is convicted of conduct
- 20 unbecoming an officer and a gentleman shall be punished as a
- 21 court-martial may direct.
- 22 § 6045. General article.
- 23 Though not specifically described in this part, a person
- 24 subject to this title who engages in any disorder and neglect to
- 25 the prejudice of good order and discipline in the State military
- 26 forces or who engages in any conduct of a nature to bring
- 27 <u>discredit upon the State military forces shall be punished as a</u>
- 28 court-martial may direct. However, where an act or omission
- 29 constitutes an offense that violates both this part and the
- 30 criminal laws of the state where the offense occurs or criminal

- 1 <u>laws of the United States</u>, jurisdiction of the military court
- 2 <u>will be determined in accordance with section 5105(b) (relating</u>
- 3 <u>to jurisdiction to try certain personnel)</u> 5104 (RELATING TO_
- **←**

- 4 <u>SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION</u>).
- 5 § 6046. Embezzlement.
- 6 Any person subject to this part who shall, while in a duty
- 7 <u>status, embezzle, misapply or convert to his own use, without</u>
- 8 authority, any moneys received by or entrusted to him for
- 9 <u>disbursement or articles of military equipment shall be punished</u>
- 10 <u>as a court-martial may direct.</u>
- 11 § 6047. Purchasing and receiving military property in pawn.
- Any person subject to this part who knowingly and willfully
- 13 <u>sells, purchases or receives in pawn or pledge any military</u>
- 14 property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of the United
- 15 States in use by the Commonwealth shall be punished as a court-
- 16 <u>martial may direct.</u>
- 17 § 6048. Wrongful use and possession of controlled substances.
- 18 (a) General rule. -- Any person subject to this title who
- 19 wrongfully uses, possesses, manufactures, distributes, imports
- 20 into the customs territory of the United States, exports from
- 21 the United States or introduces into an installation, vessel,
- 22 vehicle or aircraft used by or under the control of the armed
- 23 forces of the United States or the State military forces a
- 24 controlled substance shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 25 direct.
- 26 (b) Definition.--As used in this section, the following
- 27 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
- 28 subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- "Controlled substance." The term means:
- 30 (1) Opium, heroin, cocaine, amphetamine, lysergic acid

- 1 diethylamide, methamphetamine, phencyclidine, barbituric acid
- 2 <u>and marijuana and any compound or derivative of any such</u>
- 3 <u>substance.</u>
- 4 (2) Any substance not specified in paragraph (1) that is
- 5 <u>listed on a schedule of controlled substances prescribed by</u>
- 6 the President of the United States for the purposes of the
- 7 <u>Uniform Code of Military Justice of the armed forces of the</u>
- 8 <u>United States (10 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.).</u>
- 9 (3) Any other substance not specified in paragraph (1)
- or contained on a list prescribed by the President of the
- 11 <u>United States under paragraph (2) that is listed in schedules</u>
- 12 I, II, III, IV and V of Section 202 of the Controlled
- Substances Act (Public Law 91-513, 84 Stat. 1236).
- 14 <u>CHAPTER 61</u>
- 15 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 16 Sec.
- 17 6101. Courts of inquiry.
- 18 6102. Authority to administer oaths and to act as notary.
- 19 6103. Text of part to be available.
- 20 6104. Complaints of wrongs.
- 21 6105. Redress of damages to property.
- 22 6106. Execution of process and sentence.
- 23 6107. Disposition of fines and penalties.
- 24 6108. Liability of public officers for nonexecution of process.
- 25 6109. Compensation of court.
- 26 6110. Immunity for action of military courts.
- 27 <u>6111. Delegation of authority by the Governor and Adjutant</u>
- General.
- 29 6112. Uniformity of interpretation.
- 30 6113. State Military Justice Fund.

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- 2 § 6101. Courts of inquiry.
- 3 (a) Who may convene. -- Courts of inquiry to investigate any
- 4 <u>matter of concern to the State military forces may be convened</u>
- 5 by any person authorized to convene a general court-martial,
- 6 whether or not the persons involved have requested such an
- 7 inquiry.
- 8 (b) Composition. -- A court of inquiry consists of three or
- 9 more commissioned officers. For each court of inquiry, the
- 10 convening authority shall also appoint counsel for the court.
- 11 (c) Parties. -- Any person subject to this part whose conduct
- 12 <u>is subject to inquiry shall be designated as a party. Any person</u>
- 13 <u>subject to this part who has a direct interest in the subject of</u>
- 14 <u>inquiry</u> has the right to be designated as a party upon request
- 15 to the court. Any person designated as a party shall be given
- 16 <u>due notice and has the right to be present, to be represented by</u>
- 17 counsel, to cross-examine witnesses and to introduce evidence.
- 18 (d) Challenging member. -- Members of a court of inquiry may
- 19 be challenged by a party, but only for cause stated to the
- 20 court.
- 21 (e) Oath or affirmation. -- The members, counsel, reporters
- 22 and interpreters of courts of inquiry shall take an oath to
- 23 faithfully perform their duties.
- 24 (f) Witnesses.--Witnesses may be summoned to appear and
- 25 <u>testify and be examined before courts of inquiry</u>, as provided
- 26 for courts-martial.
- 27 (q) Findings and recommendations. -- Courts of inquiry shall
- 28 <u>make findings of fact but shall not express opinions or make</u>
- 29 recommendations unless required to do so by the convening
- 30 authority.

- 1 (h) Record. -- Each court of inquiry shall keep a record of
- 2 <u>its proceedings</u>, which shall be authenticated by the signatures
- 3 of the president and counsel for the court and forwarded to the
- 4 convening authority. If the record cannot be authenticated by
- 5 the president, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of the
- 6 president. If the record cannot be authenticated by the counsel_
- 7 for the court, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of the
- 8 counsel.
- 9 § 6102. Authority to administer oaths and to act as notary.
- 10 (a) Military administration and justice. -- The following
- 11 members of the State military forces may administer oaths for
- 12 the purposes of military administration, including military
- 13 <u>justice:</u>
- 14 (1) All judge advocates, including the State Judge
- 15 Advocate.
- 16 (2) All summary courts-martial.
- 17 <u>(3) All adjutants, assistant adjutants, acting adjutants</u>
- 18 and personnel adjutants.
- (4) All other persons designated by law or by
- 20 regulations of the State military forces or the armed forces
- of the United States.
- 22 (b) Performance of particular duties. -- The following persons
- 23 may administer oaths necessary in the performance of their
- 24 duties:
- 25 (1) The president, military judge and trial counsel for
- 26 all general and special courts-martial.
- 27 (2) The president and the counsel for the court of any
- 28 court of inquiry.
- 29 <u>(3) All officers designated to take a deposition.</u>
- 30 (4) All persons detailed to conduct an investigation.

- 1 (5) All recruiting officers.
- 2 (6) All other persons designated by law or by
- 3 regulations of the State military forces or the armed forces
- 4 of the United States.
- 5 (c) Evidence of authority. -- The signature without seal of
- 6 any such person, together with the title of his office, is prima
- 7 <u>facie evidence of the person's authority.</u>
- 8 § 6103. Text of part to be available.
- 9 (a) Explanation of certain provisions. -- Provisions of this
- 10 part specifically designated by regulation as required to be
- 11 <u>explained to enlisted members shall be carefully explained to</u>
- 12 <u>each enlisted member at the time of, or within 30 days after,</u>
- 13 the member's initial entry into the State military forces and at
- 14 <u>such periodic briefings as shall be required by regulation.</u>
- 15 (b) Availability of text. -- A complete text of this part and
- 16 of the regulations prescribed by the Governor, Adjutant General
- 17 or department shall be made available to members of the State
- 18 military forces, upon request.
- 19 § 6104. Complaints of wrongs.
- 20 Any member of the State military forces who believes himself
- 21 wronged by a commanding officer, and who, upon due application
- 22 to that commanding officer, is refused redress, may complain to
- 23 any superior commissioned officer, who shall forward the
- 24 complaint to the officer exercising general court-martial
- 25 jurisdiction over the officer against whom it is made. The
- 26 officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction shall
- 27 <u>examine the complaint and take proper measures for redressing</u>
- 28 the wrong. The officer shall, as soon as possible, send to the
- 29 Adjutant General a statement of the complaint, with a statement
- 30 of the measures taken to address the wrong.

- 1 § 6105. Redress of damages to property.
- 2 (a) Assessment of damages. -- Whenever complaint is made to
- 3 any commanding officer that willful damage has been done to the
- 4 property of any person or that the person's property has been
- 5 wrongfully taken by members of the State military forces, that
- 6 person may, subject to such regulations as the Governor or
- 7 <u>department may prescribe</u>, convene a board to investigate the
- 8 complaint. The board shall consist of from one to three
- 9 <u>commissioned officers and shall have for the purpose of that</u>
- 10 investigation power to summon witnesses and examine them upon
- 11 <u>oath or affirmation, to receive depositions or other documentary</u>
- 12 <u>evidence and to assess the damages sustained against the</u>
- 13 <u>responsible parties. The assessment of damages made by the board</u>
- 14 <u>is subject to the approval of the commanding officer, and the</u>
- 15 amount approved by that officer shall be charged against the pay
- 16 of the offenders. The order of the commanding officer directing
- 17 charges herein authorized is conclusive on any disbursing
- 18 officer for payment to the injured parties of the damages
- 19 assessed and approved.
- 20 (b) Offender not known. -- If the offenders cannot be
- 21 ascertained, but the organization or detachment to which they
- 22 belong is known, charges totaling the amount of damages assessed
- 23 and approved may be made in such proportion as may be considered
- 24 just upon the individual members thereof who are shown to have
- 25 been present at the scene at the time the damages complained of
- 26 were inflicted, as determined by the approved findings of the
- 27 board.
- 28 § 6106. Execution of process and sentence.
- The processes and sentences of courts-martial of the State
- 30 military forces shall be executed by the civil officers

- 1 prescribed by the laws of this Commonwealth or by the officers
- 2 of the State military forces as the circumstances may require.
- 3 Fees for serving processes provided for in this part shall be
- 4 the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil
- 5 <u>nature and shall, upon proper vouchers being filed, be paid by</u>
- 6 the Adjutant General in the usual manner.
- 7 § 6107. Disposition of fines and penalties.
- 8 (a) Military court or nonjudicial punishment. -- Fines imposed
- 9 by a military court or through imposition of nonjudicial
- 10 punishment may be paid to the Commonwealth and delivered to the
- 11 court or imposing officer or to a person executing their
- 12 process. Fines may be collected in the following manner:
- 13 <u>(1) By cash or money order.</u>
- 14 (2) By retention of any pay or allowances due or to
- become due to the person fined.
- 16 (3) By garnishment or levy, together with costs, on the
- 17 <u>wages, goods and chattels of a person delinquent in paying a</u>
- 18 fine, as provided by law.
- 19 (b) Court-martial.--All fines and penalties imposed and
- 20 collected through the sentence of courts-martial shall be
- 21 forwarded to the Adjutant General, who shall deposit the same in
- 22 the State Military Justice Fund of the State Treasury.
- 23 § 6108. Liability of public officers for nonexecution of
- 24 process.
- 25 The neglect or refusal of any sheriff, constable, peace
- 26 officer or jail warden to execute any process, to make proper
- 27 return of all fines and penalties collected or to receive into
- 28 custody any prisoner, shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall
- 29 <u>subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district</u>
- 30 attorney and to a penalty, upon conviction of each such offense,

- 1 of \$1,000 to the use of the Commonwealth.
- 2 § 6109. Compensation of court.
- 3 (a) Judges, counsel and members of courts.--Military judges,
- 4 <u>military counsel and members of courts-martial and courts of</u>
- 5 <u>inquiry shall be allowed transportation and per diem pay as per</u>
- 6 military grade for time actually employed in the duties assigned
- 7 them. Transportation shall be furnished to all prosecutors,
- 8 prisoners, witnesses, sheriffs, peace officers and constables to
- 9 and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said
- 10 courts. The per diem pay for military and civilian witnesses
- 11 shall be the same as in civil courts of law. The fees of
- 12 <u>sheriffs, peace officers and constables for serving the</u>
- 13 processes provided for in this part shall be the same as
- 14 prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature and
- 15 shall, upon proper vouchers being filed, be paid by the Adjutant
- 16 General in the usual manner.
- 17 (b) Witnesses. -- The fees and authorized travel expenses of
- 18 all witnesses, experts, victims, court reporters and
- 19 <u>interpreters</u>, as well as fees for the service of process, the
- 20 costs of collection, apprehension, detention and confinement,
- 21 and all other necessary expenses of prosecution and the
- 22 administration of military justice not otherwise payable by any
- 23 other source, shall be paid out of the State Military Justice
- 24 Fund of the State Treasury.
- 25 § 6110. Immunity for action of military courts.
- No accused may bring an action or proceeding against the
- 27 <u>convening authority or a member of a military court or officer</u>
- 28 or person acting under its authority or reviewing its
- 29 proceedings because of the approval, imposition or execution of
- 30 any sentence or the imposition or collection of a fine or

- 1 penalty, or the execution of any process or mandate of a
- 2 military court.
- 3 § 6111. Delegation of authority by Governor and Adjutant
- 4 <u>General.</u>
- 5 The Governor or Adjutant General may delegate any authority
- 6 <u>vested in him under this part</u>, and provide for the subdelegation
- 7 of any such authority, except the power given the Governor by
- 8 section 5406 (relating to sentences of dismissal, dishonorable
- 9 <u>discharge or bad-conduct to be approved by Governor</u>).
- 10 § 6112. Uniformity of interpretation.
- 11 This part shall be so construed as to, so far as practical,
- 12 make this law uniform with the law of the United States,
- 13 <u>especially as embodied in the Uniform Code of Military Justice.</u>
- 14 § 6113. State Military Justice Fund.
- 15 There is hereby established in the State Treasury a special
- 16 <u>nonlapsing fund designated as the State Military Justice Fund.</u>
- 17 The EXPENDITURES FROM THE fund shall be administered by the
- 18 Adjutant General. The fund shall be used to pay expenses
- 19 incurred in the administration of military justice. All fines,
- 20 penalties, fees and other moneys paid to the Commonwealth under
- 21 this part shall be deposited in the fund. The General Assembly
- 22 may appropriate and have deposited in the fund such funds as it
- 23 deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
- 24 Section 3. All actions initiated or commenced under the
- 25 provisions of Part IV of Title 51 before the effective date of
- 26 this act SECTION shall proceed to conclusion following the law
- 27 and procedures in effect on the date the action was initiated or
- 28 commenced.
- 29 Section 4. This act shall take effect in six months ONE
- 30 YEAR.