## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## SENATE BILL

No 817

Session of 2011

INTRODUCED BY BAKER, YUDICHAK, ARGALL, BROWNE, COSTA, ERICKSON, FERLO, FONTANA, GREENLEAF, McILHINNEY, RAFFERTY, SMUCKER, WASHINGTON, WOZNIAK, YAW, WILLIAMS AND FARNESE, MARCH 11, 2011

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, DECEMBER 6, 2011

## AN ACT

1 2 3 4	Amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, IN JUVENILE MATTERS, providing for the use of restraints on juveniles CHILDREN during court proceedings.
5	The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
6	hereby enacts as follows:
7	Section 1. Title 42 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated
8	Statutes is amended by adding a section to read:
9	§ 6336.2. Use of restraints on juveniles CHILDREN during court
10	proceedings.
11	(a) Use of restraints Except as provided for in subsection
12	(b), restraints such as handcuffs, chains, shackles, irons or
13	straitjackets shall be removed prior to the commencement of a
14	court proceeding.
15	(b) Exception. Restraints may be used during a court
16	proceeding if the court determines that:
17	(1) they are necessary:

1	(i) to prevent physical harm to the juvenile CHILD	<b>←</b>
2	or another person;	
3	(ii) to prevent disruptive courtroom behavior,	
4	evidenced by a history of behavior that created	
5	potentially harmful situations or presented substantial	
6	<u>risk of physical harm; or</u>	
7	(iii) to prevent the juvenile CHILD, evidenced by an	<b>←</b>
8	escape history or other relevant factors, from fleeing	
9	the courtroom; and	
10	(2) there are no less restrictive alternatives to	
11	restraints that will prevent harm, disruptive behavior or	
12	<u>flight.</u>	
13	(c) Additional requirements. The child shall be provided an	
14	opportunity to be heard regarding the necessity of restraints	
15	before the judge orders the use of restraints. If restraints are	
16	ordered, the judge shall make findings of fact on the record in	
17	support of the order.	
18	(B) EXCEPTION RESTRAINTS MAY BE USED DURING A COURT	<b>←</b>
19	PROCEEDING IF THE COURT DETERMINES ON THE RECORD, AFTER	
20	PROVIDING THE CHILD WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD, THAT THEY	
21	ARE NECESSARY:	
22	(1) TO PREVENT PHYSICAL HARM TO THE CHILD OR ANOTHER	
23	PERSON;	
24	(2) TO PREVENT DISRUPTIVE COURTROOM BEHAVIOR, EVIDENCED	
25	BY A HISTORY OF BEHAVIOR THAT CREATED POTENTIALLY HARMFUL	
26	SITUATIONS OR PRESENTED SUBSTANTIAL RISK OF PHYSICAL HARM; OR	
27	(3) TO PREVENT THE CHILD, EVIDENCED BY AN ESCAPE HISTORY	
28	OR OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS, FROM FLEEING THE COURTROOM.	
29	Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.	