THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 838

Session of 2007

INTRODUCED BY CORMAN, BROWNE, MELLOW, BOSCOLA, M. WHITE, WOZNIAK, GORDNER, ERICKSON, RAFFERTY, LOGAN, ORIE, FONTANA, MUSTO, O'PAKE, ROBBINS, FOLMER, VANCE, D. WHITE, KASUNIC, COSTA, BRUBAKER, DINNIMAN, WONDERLING AND WAUGH, MAY 4, 2007

REFERRED TO CONSUMER PROTECTION AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE, MAY 4, 2007

AN ACT

Amending the act of May 26, 1947 (P.L.318, No.140), entitled, as 2 amended, "An act relating to the practice of public 3 accounting; providing for the examination, education and 4 experience requirements for certification of certified public 5 accountants and for the licensing of certified public accountants, public accountants and firms; requiring 7 continuing education and peer review; providing for the organization and ownership of firms and for the procedures 8 9 and grounds for discipline and reinstatement of licensees; 10 prescribing the powers and duties of the State Board of 11 Accountancy and the Department of State; providing for 12 ownership of working papers and confidentiality; regulating 13 the professional responsibility of licensees; defining 14 unlawful acts and acts not unlawful; providing penalties; and repealing existing laws," further providing for definitions, for State Board of Accountancy, for general powers of the 15 16 board, for examination and issuance of certificate, for 17 18 education requirements, for experience requirements; 19 providing for requirements for issuance of certificate; 20 further providing for certificates issued by domestic 21 reciprocity and for certificates issued by foreign reciprocity; providing for practice in this Commonwealth by individuals under substantial equivalency, for practice 22 23 24 outside this Commonwealth under substantial equivalency; 25 further providing for licenses to practice, for licensing of 26 firms, for peer review, for grounds for discipline, for reinstatement, for unlawful acts and for acts not unlawful. 27

- The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 29 hereby enacts as follows:

28

- 1 Section 1. Section 2, 2.3(a), 3 and 3.1 of the act of May
- 2 26, 1947 (P.L.318, No.140), known as the CPA Law, reenacted and
- 3 amended December 8, 1976 (P.L.1280, No.286) and amended December
- 4 4, 1996 (P.L.851, No.140), are amended to read:
- 5 Section 2. Definitions.--The following words and phrases
- 6 when used in this act shall have the meanings ascribed to them
- 7 in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 8 <u>"AICPA." The American Institute of Certified Public</u>
- 9 Accountants.
- 10 "Attest activity." [An examination, audit, review,
- 11 compilation or other agreed-upon procedure with respect to
- 12 financial information, together with the issuance of a report
- 13 expressing or disclaiming an opinion or other assurance on the
- 14 information.] The provision of any of the following financial
- 15 <u>statement services together with the issuance of a report</u>
- 16 <u>expressing or disclaiming an opinion or other assurance on the</u>
- 17 information:
- 18 (1) an audit or other engagement performed in accordance
- 19 with Statements on Auditing Standards (SAS);
- 20 (2) a review or compilation of a financial statement
- 21 performed in accordance with Statements on Standards for
- 22 Accounting and Review Services (SSARS);
- 23 (3) an engagement performed in accordance with Statements on
- 24 Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE); or
- 25 (4) any other engagement performed in accordance with
- 26 <u>attestation standards established by an organization granted</u>
- 27 authority by statute or regulation to establish attestation
- 28 standards, such as the American Institute of Certified Public
- 29 Accountants (AICPA) or the Public Company Accounting Oversight
- 30 Board (PCAOB).

- 1 "Board." The State Board of Accountancy.
- 2 "Business unit." A functional group of individuals in a firm
- 3 or a sole practitioner performing attest activity.
- 4 "Certificate." A certificate as "certified public
- 5 <u>accountant" issued under this act or a corresponding certificate</u>
- 6 as certified public accountant issued after examination under
- 7 the law of another jurisdiction.
- 8 "Certified public accountant." An individual to whom a
- 9 certificate [of certified public accountant] has been issued.
- 10 [under the laws of this Commonwealth or another state.]
- 11 "Client." Any person that agrees orally, in writing or in
- 12 <u>electronic form with a certified public accountant, public</u>
- 13 <u>accountant or firm to receive a professional service.</u>
- "Commission." Compensation for recommending or referring a
- 15 product or service to be supplied by another person. The term
- 16 does not include a referral fee.
- 17 "Compilation." A service performed in accordance with
- 18 Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services
- 19 (SSARS) that presents, in the form of financial statements,
- 20 information that is the representation of management or the
- 21 <u>owners without undertaking to express any assurance on the</u>
- 22 statements.
- 23 "Department." The Department of State acting through the
- 24 Commissioner of Professional and Occupational Affairs.
- 25 <u>"Engagement review." A peer review process which provides</u>
- 26 the reviewer with a reasonable basis for expressing limited
- 27 assurance that:
- 28 (1) the financial statements or information and the related
- 29 <u>accountant's report on the accounting, review and attestation</u>
- 30 engagements submitted for review conform with the requirements

- 1 of professional standards in all material respects; and
- 2 (2) the reviewed firm's documentation conforms with the
- 3 requirements of Statements on Standards for Accounting and
- 4 Review Services (SSARS) and Statements on Standards for
- 5 Attestation Engagements (SSAE) applicable to those engagements
- 6 <u>in all material respects.</u>
- 7 "Equity interest." Any type of ownership interest in a firm.
- 8 The term includes the right to vote with respect to any issue,
- 9 whether or not the right to vote is coupled with an interest in
- 10 the profits or assets of the firm.
- 11 "Examination." The examination for the certificate of
- 12 certified public accountant provided for in section 3.1(b) of
- 13 this act.
- 14 "Firm." A qualified association that is a licensee.
- 15 "Holding out" or "hold out." Any representation of the fact
- 16 that a person, or an individual associated in any way with a
- 17 person, holds a certificate of certified public accountant, a
- 18 registration as a public accountant or a license, made in
- 19 connection with the performance of, or an offer to perform,
- 20 services for the public. A representation shall be deemed to
- 21 include any oral or written communication conveying the fact
- 22 that the person or individual holds a certificate, registration
- 23 or license, including, without limitation, the use of titles or
- 24 legends on letterheads, business cards, office doors,
- 25 advertisements and listings or the displaying of a certificate,
- 26 registration or license.
- 27 "Internal auditor." An individual within a governmental or
- 28 private entity who performs an audit function that requires the
- 29 individual to be independent of the activities being audited.
- 30 The independence required of an internal auditor does not need

- 1 to meet the standard of independence required of a certified
- 2 public accountant or public accountant.
- 3 "Licensee." An individual certified by or registered with
- 4 the board and holding a current license to practice under
- 5 section 8.2 of this act or a qualified association holding a
- 6 current license to practice under section 8.8 of this act. The
- 7 term does not include a person on inactive status under section
- 8 8.2(a.1) of this act or otherwise not holding a current license.
- 9 "NASBA." The National Association of State Boards of
- 10 Accountancy.
- 11 <u>"PCAOB." The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.</u>
- 12 "Peer review." A study, appraisal or review of one or more
- 13 aspects of the professional work of an individual or firm in the
- 14 practice of public accounting to determine the degree of
- 15 compliance by the individual or firm with generally accepted
- 16 accounting principles and auditing standards and other generally
- 17 accepted technical standards, conducted by persons who hold
- 18 current licenses to practice public accounting under the laws of
- 19 this Commonwealth or another state and who are not affiliated
- 20 with the individual or firm being reviewed.
- 21 <u>"Principal place of business." The location of the principal</u>
- 22 office where a certified public accountant practices public
- 23 accounting.
- 24 <u>"Professional services." Services performed by a certified</u>
- 25 <u>public accountant, public accountant or firm:</u>
- 26 (1) as part of the practice of public accounting; or
- 27 (2) that would be part of the practice of public accounting
- 28 except that the individual performing the services does not hold
- 29 out as a certified public accountant or public accountant.
- 30 "Public accountant." An individual who was qualified and

- 1 accepted for registration in accordance with former section 8.7
- 2 of this act.
- 3 "Public accounting." Offering to perform or performing for a
- 4 client or potential client:
- 5 (1) Attest activity.
- 6 (2) Other [professional] services involving the use of
- 7 accounting skills, including, but not limited to, management
- 8 advisory or consulting services, business valuations, financial
- 9 planning, preparation of tax returns or furnishing of advice on
- 10 tax matters by a person holding out as a certified public
- 11 accountant, public accountant or firm.
- 12 "Qualified association." An association as defined in 15
- 13 Pa.C.S. § 102 (relating to definitions) that is incorporated or
- 14 organized under the laws of this Commonwealth or any other state
- 15 or foreign jurisdiction if the organic law under which the
- 16 association is incorporated or organized does not afford the
- 17 shareholders, partners, members or other owners of equity
- 18 interests in the association or the officers, employes or agents
- 19 of the association greater immunity than is available to the
- 20 shareholders, officers, employes or agents of a professional
- 21 corporation under 15 Pa.C.S. § 2925 (relating to professional
- 22 relationship retained).
- 23 "Qualified nonlicensee." An individual who does not hold a
- 24 current license or permit to practice public accounting in this
- 25 Commonwealth or any other state or foreign jurisdiction.
- 26 "Referral fee." Compensation paid to a licensee for
- 27 recommending another licensee to, or referring to another
- 28 licensee, any person for the performance by the other licensee
- 29 of public accounting.
- 30 "Report." Any opinion, statement or other form of written

- 1 communication that states or implies assurance as to the
- 2 reliability of any financial information or assessments of the
- 3 status or performance of any person and that also implies or is
- 4 accompanied by any statement or implication that the person
- 5 issuing it has special knowledge or competence in accounting or
- 6 auditing. Such a statement or implication of special knowledge
- 7 or competence may arise from use by the issuer of the
- 8 communication of names or titles indicating that the issuer or
- 9 any individual employed by or affiliated with it is an
- 10 accountant or auditor or may arise from the language of the
- 11 communication itself. The term includes any form of language
- 12 which disclaims an opinion when the form of language is
- 13 conventionally understood to imply any positive assurance as to
- 14 the reliability of the financial information referred to or
- 15 special competence on the part of the person issuing the
- 16 language. The term also includes any other form of language that
- 17 is conventionally understood to imply assurance or special
- 18 knowledge or competence.
- 19 <u>"Statements on Auditing Standards (SAS)." The Statements on</u>
- 20 Auditing Standards or any similar professional standard which
- 21 <u>supersedes such statements.</u>
- "Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE)."
- 23 The Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements or any
- 24 <u>similar professional standard which supersedes such statements.</u>
- 25 "Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services
- 26 (SSARS)." The Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review
- 27 Services or any similar professional standard which supersedes
- 28 <u>such statements.</u>
- 29 "Substantial equivalency." A determination by the State
- 30 Board of Accountancy that:

- 1 (1) the education, examination and experience requirements
- 2 contained in the statutes and regulations of another
- 3 jurisdiction are comparable to or exceed the education,
- 4 examination and experience requirements contained in this act;
- 5 or
- 6 (2) a certified public accountant's education, examination
- 7 and experience qualifications are comparable to or exceed the
- 8 education, examination and experience requirements contained in
- 9 this act.
- 10 "System review." A peer review process which provides the
- 11 reviewer with a reasonable basis for expressing an opinion on
- 12 whether, during the year under review:
- 13 (1) the reviewed firm's system of quality control for its
- 14 accounting and auditing practice has been designed in accordance
- 15 with quality control standards established by the American
- 16 <u>Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and</u>
- 17 (2) is being complied with to provide the firm with
- 18 reasonable assurance of conforming with professional standards
- 19 in all material respects.
- 20 Section 2.3. State Board of Accountancy. -- (a) The State
- 21 Board of Accountancy shall consist of fifteen members, one of
- 22 whom shall be the Commissioner of Professional and Occupational
- 23 Affairs in the Department of State or a designee, one of whom
- 24 shall be the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Protection in
- 25 the Office of Attorney General or his designee, and the
- 26 remaining thirteen of whom shall be appointed by the Governor,
- 27 subject to the consent of the Senate, as follows:
- 28 (1) [Eight] Nine members shall be certified public
- 29 accountants, all of whom are licensees and at least six of whom
- 30 are actively engaged in the practice of public accounting as

- 1 their principal occupation at the time of their appointment. Two
- 2 of the members who are certified public accountants shall be
- 3 appointed from the eastern part of the State, two from the
- 4 western part, two from the central part, and [two] the remainder
- 5 from any part of the State. At least two of the members who are
- 6 certified public accountants shall be actively engaged at the
- 7 time of their appointment in the practice of public accounting
- 8 with firms that have five or fewer licensees participating in
- 9 the firm's practice.
- 10 (2) Three members shall be persons who are not affiliated in
- 11 any manner with the profession, who shall represent the public
- 12 at large.
- 13 (3) [Two members shall be public accountants who are
- 14 licensees engaged in the practice of public accounting as their
- 15 principal occupation at the time of their appointment. The
- 16 number of public accountant members shall be reduced by one and
- 17 the number of certified public accountant members increased by
- 18 one when the number of public accountants who are licensees
- 19 falls below five hundred for the first time.] One member shall
- 20 be a public accountant who is a licensee engaged in the practice
- 21 of public accounting as his or her principal occupation at the
- 22 time of appointment. The [remaining] public accountant member
- 23 shall be eliminated and the number of certified public
- 24 accountant members increased by one when the number of public
- 25 accountants who are licensees falls below fifty for the first
- 26 time. [A decrease in the number of members of the board who are
- 27 required to be public accountants] The elimination of the public
- 28 <u>accountant member</u> as provided in this clause shall not have the
- 29 effect of shortening the term of [an incumbent] the incumbent
- 30 public accountant member of the board.

- 1 * * *
- 2 Section 3. General Powers of the Board. -- (a) The Board
- 3 shall have the power:
- 4 (1) To provide for, regulate and approve the issuance of a
- 5 certificate of certified public accountant to any person (a) who
- 6 meets the requirements for the issuance of a certificate in
- 7 [section 3.1(e) of] this act; or (b) who meets the requirements
- 8 for the issuance of a certificate by reciprocity in section 5 or
- 9 5.1 of this act.
- 10 (3) To contract with a professional testing organization for
- 11 the preparation and administration of the examination, in
- 12 accordance with section 812.1(a) of the act of April 9, 1929
- 13 (P.L.177, No.175), known as "The Administrative Code of 1929,"
- 14 and to establish prior to the administration of each examination
- 15 an appropriate minimum passing score, in keeping with the
- 16 purposes of this act.
- 17 (4) To keep a record showing the names and the places of
- 18 business of persons to whom a certificate of certified public
- 19 accountant has been issued under this act or prior laws and all
- 20 other persons registered or holding licenses under this act or
- 21 prior laws. The department shall furnish copies of such record
- 22 to the public upon request and may establish a reasonable fee
- 23 for such copies which shall not exceed the cost of reproduction.
- 24 (5) To:
- 25 <u>(i)</u> revoke, suspend, limit or otherwise restrict the
- 26 certificate or license of any certified public accountant or the
- 27 registration or license of any public accountant or the license
- 28 of any firm under this act[, to];
- 29 (ii) censure or publicly reprimand the holder of any
- 30 certificate, registration or license[, to];

- 1 (iii) require completion of general or a specific number of
- 2 continuing professional education courses[, to];
- 3 (iv) require more frequent peer review or other remedial
- 4 action [and to];
- 5 (v) revoke, suspend or limit the right of a person to
- 6 practice under section 5.2 or 5.4 of this act;
- 7 (vi) censure or publicly reprimand a person practicing under
- 8 section 5.2 or 5.4; and
- 9 <u>(vii)</u> impose civil penalties as provided in section 16 for
- 10 violation of this act.
- 11 (6) To collect fees as provided for in this act and to
- 12 submit annually to the department an estimate of the financial
- 13 requirements of the board for its administrative, investigative,
- 14 legal and miscellaneous expenses.
- 15 (7) To arrange for assistance in the performance of its
- 16 duties, to administer and enforce the laws of this Commonwealth
- 17 relating to certification, registration, licensing and practice
- 18 by certified public accountants, public accountants and firms
- 19 and to instruct and require its agents to seek an injunction, or
- 20 bring a prosecution for a violation of this act.
- 21 (8) To keep minutes and records of all its transactions and
- 22 proceedings. To the extent required by the act of June 21, 1957
- 23 (P.L.390, No.212), referred to as the Right-to-Know Law, the
- 24 department shall furnish copies of such minutes and records to
- 25 the public upon request and may establish a reasonable fee for
- 26 such copies which shall not exceed the cost of reproduction.
- 27 (9) To become a member of [the National Association of State
- 28 Boards of Accountancy] NASBA, or a similar organization, and pay
- 29 such dues as said association shall establish and to send
- 30 members of the board and staff as delegates to the meetings of

- 1 that association and defray their expenses.
- 2 (10) To adopt, promulgate and enforce rules and regulations
- 3 consistent with the provisions of this act establishing
- 4 requirements of continuing education and peer review to be met
- 5 by certified public accountants, public accountants and firms as
- 6 a condition for renewal of biennial licenses to engage in the
- 7 practice of public accounting in this Commonwealth. Such rules
- 8 and regulations shall include, but not be limited to, analysis
- 9 of continuing education records by a consultant whose analysis
- 10 shall cover licensee forms and records of continuing education
- 11 sponsors. The analysis shall be designed to determine compliance
- 12 with all continuing education regulations of the board,
- 13 including attendance of licensees, qualifications of sponsors
- 14 and qualifications of courses for credit.
- 15 (11) To promulgate and amend rules of professional conduct,
- 16 uniformly applicable to certified public accountants and public
- 17 accountants, appropriate to establish and maintain a high
- 18 standard of integrity, objectivity and dignity by certified
- 19 public accountants, public accountants and firms.
- 20 (12) To adopt, promulgate and enforce such administrative
- 21 rules and regulations not inconsistent with this act, or other
- 22 acts, as are necessary and proper to carry into effect the
- 23 provisions of this act.
- 24 (15) To submit annually to the House and Senate
- 25 Appropriations Committees, not later than fifteen days after the
- 26 Governor has submitted his budget to the General Assembly, a
- 27 copy of the budget request for the upcoming year that the board
- 28 previously submitted to the department.
- 29 (16) To engage consultants as may be deemed necessary to
- 30 carry out and enforce the provisions of this act.

- 1 (b) The board shall not require a photograph as part of an
- 2 application for a certificate of certified public accountant.
- 3 Section 3.1. [Examination and Issuance of Certificate.--(a)
- 4 An individual shall be permitted to take the examination for the
- 5 certificate of certified public accountant if the individual:
- 6 (1) At the time the individual first sits for the
- 7 examination:
- 8 (i) is a resident of this Commonwealth;
- 9 (ii) is enrolled in or has graduated from a college or
- 10 university in this Commonwealth; or
- 11 (iii) is employed in this Commonwealth under the supervision
- 12 of a licensee.
- 13 (2) Has attained the age of eighteen years.
- 14 (3) Is of good moral character.
- 15 (4) Meets the education requirements of section 4 of this
- 16 act.] <u>Examination.--</u>
- 17 (b) The examination shall [be held at least twice in each
- 18 calendar year and simultaneously in at least two counties of
- 19 this Commonwealth and shall be a written examination in business
- 20 law and professional responsibilities, auditing, accounting and
- 21 reporting, and financial accounting and reporting.] test the
- 22 applicant's knowledge and skills required for performance as a
- 23 certified public accountant. The examination shall include the
- 24 <u>subject areas of accounting and auditing and such related</u>
- 25 knowledge and skills as the board may require. The time and
- 26 location for holding the examination shall be determined by the
- 27 board and may be changed from time to time. The examination may
- 28 be administered in either written or computerized form. The
- 29 board may use all parts of the Uniform Certified Public
- 30 Accountants' examination and [Advisory Grading Service of the

- 1 American Institute of Certified Public Accountants] designated
- 2 grading service of the AICPA to assist in performing its duties
- 3 hereunder.
- 4 (c) Subject to such regulations as the board may adopt
- 5 governing reexaminations, a candidate shall be entitled to
- 6 retake the examination.
- 7 (d) An individual who has previously taken an examination
- 8 for a certificate of certified public accountant under the
- 9 provisions of a prior law of this Commonwealth shall continue to
- 10 be permitted to take the examination and receive a certificate
- 11 subject to such prior provisions and applicable regulations.
- 12 [(e) A certificate of certified public accountant shall be
- 13 issued by the board upon application by an individual who has
- 14 passed the examination and meets the experience requirements
- 15 provided for in section 4.1 of this act.]
- 16 Section 2. Section 4 of the act, amended December 4, 1996
- 17 (P.L.851, No.140) and May 9, 1997 (P.L.145, No.9), is repealed:
- 18 [Section 4. Education Requirements.--(a) Before an
- 19 individual is permitted to take the examination, the board shall
- 20 be satisfied that, except as provided in subsection (b), he has:
- 21 (1) graduated with a baccalaureate degree from a college or
- 22 university approved at the time of graduation by the Department
- 23 of Education and also completed at least a total of twenty-four
- 24 semester credits, which credits shall be in accounting and
- 25 auditing, business law, finance or tax subjects of a content
- 26 satisfactory to the board, not necessarily as a part of his
- 27 undergraduate work;
- 28 (2) graduated with a Master's Degree or other post-graduate
- 29 degree from a college or university approved at the time of
- 30 graduation by the Department of Education and completed at least

- 1 a total of twenty-four semester credits, which credits shall be
- 2 in accounting and auditing, business law, finance or tax
- 3 subjects of a content satisfactory to the board, not necessarily
- 4 as part of his undergraduate or graduate work;
- 5 (3) within two years of the effective date of this clause,
- 6 graduated with a baccalaureate degree, Master's Degree or other
- 7 post-graduate degree from a college or university approved at
- 8 the time of graduation by the Department of Education with
- 9 subjects of a content satisfactory to the board which meet or
- 10 exceed the education requirement for licensure as of January 1,
- 11 1996; or
- 12 (4) graduated with a baccalaureate or higher degree from a
- 13 college or university approved at the time of graduation by the
- 14 Department of Education and completed a total of one hundred
- 15 fifty semester credits of post-secondary education, including at
- 16 least a total of twenty-four semester credits of accounting and
- 17 auditing, business law, finance or tax subjects of a content
- 18 satisfactory to the board, and an additional twelve semester
- 19 credits in accounting, auditing and tax subjects of a content
- 20 satisfactory to the board, not necessarily as part of his
- 21 undergraduate or graduate work.
- 22 (g) The board shall permit an applicant taking the
- 23 examination for the first time within one year after the
- 24 effective date of this subsection to take the examination during
- 25 the final term, semester or quarter of the school year in which
- 26 he will graduate, if it is reasonably expected that he will
- 27 fulfill the educational requirements of subsection (a) and
- 28 receive the required degree within ninety days after the date of
- 29 the examination.]
- 30 Section 3. Section 4.1 of the act, added December 4, 1996

- 1 (P.L.851, No.140), is repealed:
- 2 [Section 4.1. Experience Requirements.--(a) An individual
- 3 shall be issued the certificate of certified public accountant
- 4 under section 3.1(e) of this act after the individual has
- 5 complied with the following experience requirements:
- 6 (1) An individual taking the examination on the basis of
- 7 having satisfied the education requirements in section 4(a)(1)
- 8 of this act shall have completed at least two years of
- 9 experience.
- 10 (2) An individual taking the examination on the basis of
- 11 having satisfied the education required in section 4(a)(2) of
- 12 this act shall need only one year of qualifying experience.
- 13 (3) Beginning on January 1, 2000, an individual taking the
- 14 examination on the basis of having satisfied the education
- 15 required in section 4(a)(4) of this act shall need only one year
- 16 of qualifying experience.
- 17 (b) The experience required under subsection (a) must:
- 18 (1) Be in public accounting or as an internal auditor or an
- 19 auditor with a unit of Federal, State or local government.
- 20 (2) Be of a caliber satisfactory to the board.
- 21 (3) Satisfy the requirements of subsection (d).
- 22 (4) Have been supervised by an individual who is currently
- 23 licensed to practice public accounting as a certified public
- 24 accountant or public accountant in this Commonwealth or another
- 25 state.
- 26 (c) Individuals taking the examination for the first time
- 27 after January 1, 2000, must complete the experience required by
- 28 this section within one hundred twenty months preceding the date
- 29 of application for a certificate of certified public accountant
- 30 under section 3.1(e) of this act. Individuals taking the

- 1 examination before January 1, 2000, need not attain the
- 2 experience required by this section within any particular period
- 3 of time.
- 4 (d) The experience required under subsection (a)(1) must
- 5 include not less than eight hundred hours of attest activity,
- 6 and the experience required under subsection (a)(2) or (4) must
- 7 include not less than four hundred hours of attest activity.]
- 8 Section 4. The act is amended by adding a section to read:
- 9 <u>Section 4.2. Requirements for Issuance of Certificate.--(a)</u>
- 10 The board shall issue a certificate upon application by an
- 11 <u>individual who has passed the examination and meets the</u>
- 12 <u>education and experience requirements in this section.</u>
- 13 (b) Before an individual may take the examination, the board
- 14 shall be satisfied that the individual:
- 15 (1) has attained eighteen years of age;
- 16 (2) is of good moral character; and
- 17 (3) has graduated with:
- 18 (i) a baccalaureate or higher degree from a college or
- 19 university approved at the time of graduation by the Department
- 20 of Education and completed a total of one hundred fifty semester
- 21 <u>credits of post-secondary education, including at least a total</u>
- 22 of twenty-four semester credits of accounting and auditing,
- 23 business law, finance or tax subjects of a content satisfactory
- 24 to the board, and an additional twelve semester credits in
- 25 accounting, auditing and tax subjects of a content satisfactory
- 26 to the board, not necessarily as part of the individual's
- 27 undergraduate or graduate work;
- 28 <u>(ii) a baccalaureate degree from a college or university</u>
- 29 approved at the time of graduation by the Department of
- 30 Education and also completed at least a total of twenty-four

- 1 semester credits, which credits shall be in accounting and
- 2 <u>auditing</u>, <u>business law</u>, <u>finance or tax subjects of a content</u>
- 3 satisfactory to the board, not necessarily as a part of his
- 4 undergraduate work; or
- 5 (iii) a Master's Degree or other post-graduate degree from a
- 6 college or university approved at the time of graduation by the
- 7 Department of Education and completed at least a total of
- 8 twenty-four semester credits, which credits shall be in
- 9 <u>accounting and auditing, business law, finance or tax subjects</u>
- 10 of a content satisfactory to the board, not necessarily as part
- 11 of his undergraduate or graduate work.
- 12 (c) Before an individual who takes the examination under
- 13 <u>subsection (b)(3)(ii) or (iii) may be issued a certificate, the</u>
- 14 individual must also satisfy the education requirement in
- 15 subsection (b)(3)(i).
- 16 (d) Before an individual may be issued a certificate, the
- 17 board shall be satisfied that the individual has completed at
- 18 least one year of experience that was:
- 19 (1) completed within sixty months preceding the date of
- 20 application for a certificate;
- 21 (2) in one of the following:
- 22 (i) public accounting;
- 23 (ii) as an internal auditor, if the internal audit function
- 24 reports to an independent board or similar body responsible for
- 25 oversight of the financial reporting process; or
- 26 (iii) as an auditor with a unit of Federal, State or local
- 27 government;
- 28 (3) of a caliber satisfactory to the board and included not
- 29 <u>less than four hundred hours of attest activity; and</u>
- 30 (4) supervised by an individual with a current license to

- 1 practice public accounting as a certified public accountant or
- 2 public accountant in this Commonwealth or another state.
- 3 (e) The following requirements may be complied with instead
- 4 of the otherwise applicable provisions of subsections (b), (c)
- 5 and (d):
- 6 (1) An individual who takes the examination before December
- 7 31, 2011, but does not pass at least one part taken before that
- 8 date, may not be issued a certificate until the individual:
- 9 <u>(i) has satisfied the education requirement in subsection</u>
- 10 (c), if applicable; and
- 11 (ii) has completed at least one year of experience described
- 12 in subsection (d)(2), (3) and (4) within one hundred twenty
- 13 months preceding the date of application for a certificate.
- 14 (2) An individual who passes at least one part of the
- 15 examination taken before December 31, 2011, pursuant to
- 16 subsection (b)(3)(ii), may be issued a certificate before or
- 17 after December 31, 2011, without satisfying the education
- 18 requirement in subsection (c), but not until the individual has
- 19 completed at least two years of experience that satisfies the
- 20 requirements in subsection (d)(3) and (4), except that the
- 21 experience must include at least eight hundred hours of attest
- 22 activity. The experience may be completed within one hundred-
- 23 twenty months preceding the date of application for a
- 24 certificate.
- 25 (3) An individual who passes at least one part of the
- 26 <u>examination taken before December 31, 2011, pursuant to</u>
- 27 subsection (b)(3)(iii), may be issued a certificate before or
- 28 <u>after December 31, 2011, without satisfying the education</u>
- 29 requirement in subsection (c) and may complete the one year of
- 30 <u>experience required by subsection (d) within one hundred twenty</u>

- 1 months preceding the date of application for a certificate.
- 2 Section 5. Sections 5 and 5.1 of the act, amended or added
- 3 December 4, 1996 (P.L.851, No.140), are amended to read:
- 4 Section 5. Certificates Issued by Domestic Reciprocity.--(a)
- 5 Without requiring the examination otherwise required under
- 6 section [3.1(e)] 4.2 of this act, the board may, in its
- 7 discretion, issue a certificate of certified public accountant
- 8 to a holder of a certificate of certified public accountant then
- 9 in full force and effect issued by any other state following
- 10 passage of [a written] an examination if the applicant shall
- 11 submit evidence satisfactory to the board that he:
- 12 (1) possesses the general qualifications specified in
- 13 section [3.1(a)] $\underline{4.2(b)(1)}$ and $\underline{(2)}$ of this act, has passed the
- 14 [written] examination required to practice as a certified public
- 15 accountant under the laws of the other state, meets the
- 16 continuing education requirements specified in section 8.2(b) of
- 17 this act and has the experience required under section [4.1]
- 18 4.2(d) of this act to receive the certificate in this
- 19 Commonwealth; or
- 20 (2) has passed the [written] examination required to
- 21 practice as a certified public accountant under the laws of the
- 22 other state and has held a certificate and license to practice
- 23 public accounting for the immediately preceding five years in
- 24 another state.
- 25 (b) An applicant for a certificate under this section shall
- 26 list in the application all states and foreign jurisdictions in
- 27 which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation or
- 28 certificate to practice public accounting.
- 29 (c) Each holder of a certificate issued under this section
- 30 shall notify the board in writing within thirty days after its

- 1 occurrence of any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension of
- 2 his designation, certificate or license to practice public
- 3 accounting or the commencement of a disciplinary or enforcement
- 4 action against him or his firm by any state or foreign
- 5 jurisdiction.
- 6 Section 5.1. Certificates Issued by Foreign Reciprocity. --
- 7 (a) Without requiring the examination otherwise required under
- 8 section [3.1(e)] 4.2 of this act, the board may in its
- 9 discretion issue a certificate of certified public accountant to
- 10 a holder of a foreign designation, granted and then in full
- 11 force in a foreign country or other jurisdiction that is not a
- 12 state, entitling the holder thereof to engage in the practice of
- 13 public accounting if all of the following conditions are
- 14 satisfied:
- 15 (1) Pursuant to a duly enacted free trade agreement, the
- 16 foreign jurisdiction that granted the designation makes similar
- 17 provision to allow an individual who holds a valid certificate
- 18 of certified public accountant issued by this Commonwealth to
- 19 obtain such foreign jurisdiction's comparable designation.
- 20 (2) The foreign designation:
- 21 (i) Was duly issued by a duly constituted authority within
- 22 the foreign jurisdiction that regulates the practice of public
- 23 accounting, and the foreign designation has not expired or been
- 24 revoked or suspended.
- 25 (ii) Entitles the holder to issue reports.
- 26 (iii) Was issued upon the basis of educational, examination
- 27 and experience requirements established by the foreign authority
- 28 or by law.
- 29 (3) The applicant:
- 30 (i) Received the designation based on educational and

- 1 examination standards substantially equivalent to those in
- 2 effect in this Commonwealth at the time the foreign designation
- 3 was granted.
- 4 (ii) Completed an experience requirement substantially
- 5 equivalent to the requirements set forth in section [4.1] 4.2(d)
- 6 of this act in the jurisdiction that granted the foreign
- 7 designation or has completed five years of experience in the
- 8 practice of public accounting in this Commonwealth or meets such
- 9 other requirements as may be prescribed by the board by rule
- 10 within the ten years immediately preceding the application.
- 11 (iii) Passed a uniform qualifying examination in national
- 12 standards.
- 13 (b) An applicant for a certificate under this section shall
- 14 list in the application all states and foreign jurisdictions in
- 15 which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation or
- 16 certificate to practice public accounting.
- 17 (c) Each holder of a certificate issued under this section
- 18 shall notify the board in writing within thirty days after its
- 19 occurrence of any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension of
- 20 his designation, certificate or license to practice public
- 21 accounting or the commencement of a disciplinary or enforcement
- 22 action against him or his firm by any state or foreign
- 23 jurisdiction.
- 24 Section 6. The act is amended by adding sections to read:
- 25 <u>Section 5.2. Practice in this Commonwealth by Individuals</u>
- 26 <u>under Substantial Equivalency.--(a)</u> The board shall grant the
- 27 right to persons to practice public accounting under substantial
- 28 equivalency as provided in this section and section 5.4 of this
- 29 <u>act and shall adopt regulations relating to substantial</u>
- 30 equivalency and establishing procedures for determining whether:

- 1 (1) a state provides substantial equivalency; and
- 2 (2) substantial equivalency exists with respect to an
- 3 <u>individual</u>.
- 4 (b) The following apply to practice in this Commonwealth
- 5 <u>under substantial equivalency:</u>
- 6 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, an
- 7 individual whose principal place of business in not in this
- 8 Commonwealth and who has a valid certificate and license to
- 9 <u>practice public accounting from a state that provides</u>
- 10 <u>substantial equivalency shall be presumed to have qualifications</u>
- 11 substantially equivalent to the Commonwealth's requirements and
- 12 shall have all the privileges and obligations of a licensee of
- 13 the Commonwealth without the need to obtain a certificate or
- 14 license under this act.
- 15 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, an
- 16 individual whose principal place of business is not in this
- 17 <u>Commonwealth and who has a valid certificate and license to</u>
- 18 practice public accounting from a state that does not provide
- 19 substantial equivalency shall be presumed to have qualifications
- 20 <u>substantially equivalent to the Commonwealth's requirements and</u>
- 21 <u>shall have all the privileges and obligations of a licensee of</u>
- 22 the Commonwealth without the need to obtain a certificate or
- 23 license if there is substantial equivalency as to the
- 24 <u>individual</u>. In determining whether substantial equivalency
- 25 exists as to an individual, the board shall make its
- 26 <u>determination without regard to the order in which the</u>
- 27 individual satisfied the experience, education and examination
- 28 <u>requirements.</u>
- 29 (3) The exercise by an individual of the right to practice
- 30 <u>in this Commonwealth under this section constitutes:</u>

- 1 (i) sufficient contact with this Commonwealth for the
- 2 <u>exercise of personal jurisdiction by the board and the courts of</u>
- 3 this Commonwealth over the individual in any action or
- 4 proceeding arising out of acts or omissions by the individual;
- 5 (ii) consent by the individual to the personal and subject
- 6 matter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the board;
- 7 (iii) an agreement by the individual to comply with the
- 8 provisions of this act and regulations promulgated by the board;
- 9 and
- 10 (iv) consent by the individual to the appointment of the
- 11 board of accountancy or other regulatory authority of the state
- 12 <u>in which the principal place of business of the individual is</u>
- 13 located as the agent upon which process may be served in any
- 14 action or proceeding by the board against the individual.
- 15 (4) An individual who exercises the right to practice under
- 16 this section shall be subject to disciplinary action in this
- 17 Commonwealth for any act or omission that would subject the
- 18 holder of a Pennsylvania certificate or license to disciplinary
- 19 action.
- 20 (5) An individual who passed the Uniform CPA Examination and
- 21 <u>holds a valid license to practice public accounting issued by</u>
- 22 any other state on or before December 31, 2011, shall be exempt
- 23 from the education requirements in section 4.2(b)(3)(i) and (c)
- 24 of this act for purposes of this section.
- 25 (6) If the board imposes discipline on an individual
- 26 exercising the right to practice under this section, the board
- 27 shall as soon as practicable notify the board of accountancy or
- 28 other regulatory authority in each state where the board has
- 29 <u>learned during the disciplinary process that the individual has</u>
- 30 been granted a certificate or license to practice public

- 1 accounting of the imposition of the discipline. If the order
- 2 imposing discipline is appealed or stayed, the board shall send
- 3 <u>a subsequent notice to each regulatory authority advising of the</u>
- 4 filing of the appeal or entry of the stay. As an alternative to
- 5 sending the notices to each regulatory authority, the board may
- 6 send the notices instead to a multistate enforcement information
- 7 network maintained at the time by AICPA or NASBA. The board may
- 8 furnish investigative information and the hearing record
- 9 relating to the disciplinary proceeding to such other regulatory
- 10 <u>authorities upon request.</u>
- 11 (7) An individual exercising the right to practice under
- 12 this section may identify the fact that the individual practices
- 13 with a partnership, corporation or other association and may use
- 14 its name even if the partnership, corporation or other
- 15 <u>association is not a licensee.</u>
- 16 Section 5.3. Practice outside this Commonwealth under
- 17 <u>Substantial Equivalency.--(a) A licensee who practices public</u>
- 18 <u>accounting in another jurisdiction under substantial equivalency</u>
- 19 shall be subject to disciplinary action in this Commonwealth for
- 20 an act or omission in the other jurisdiction if the act or
- 21 <u>omission:</u>
- 22 (1) subjects the licensee to discipline in the other
- 23 jurisdiction; or
- 24 (2) would subject the licensee to discipline in this
- 25 Commonwealth.
- 26 (b) The board shall investigate any complaint made by the
- 27 board of accountancy or other regulatory authority of another
- 28 <u>state against a licensee.</u>
- 29 Section 5.4. Practice by Firms and Unlicensed Entities under
- 30 <u>Substantial Equivalency.--(a) A firm may practice public</u>

- 1 accounting in this Commonwealth through an individual who is not
- 2 <u>a licensee if the individual has the right to practice in this</u>
- 3 Commonwealth under section 5.2 of this act. The exercise by a
- 4 firm of the right to practice through such individuals under
- 5 this subsection constitutes an agreement by the firm:
- 6 (1) to be subject to the jurisdiction and disciplinary
- 7 authority of the board with respect to acts or omissions of the
- 8 <u>individuals through whom it practices under this subsection;</u>
- 9 (2) to accept service of process from the board on behalf of
- 10 the individuals through whom it practices under this subsection;
- 11 and
- 12 (3) to cooperate in any investigation by the board involving
- 13 <u>an individual through which the firm has practiced under this</u>
- 14 <u>subsection even if the individual is no longer an owner of or</u>
- 15 <u>employed by the firm.</u>
- (b) A qualified unlicensed entity may practice public
- 17 <u>accounting in this Commonwealth through an individual who:</u>
- 18 (1) has the right to practice in this Commonwealth under
- 19 section 5.2 of this act; or
- 20 (2) is a licensee.
- 21 (c) The exercise by a qualified unlicensed entity of the
- 22 right to practice in this Commonwealth under subsection (b)
- 23 constitutes:
- 24 (1) sufficient contact with this Commonwealth for the
- 25 exercise of personal jurisdiction by the board and the courts of
- 26 this Commonwealth over the qualified unlicensed entity in any
- 27 action or proceeding arising out of acts or omissions by an
- 28 <u>individual associated with the qualified unlicensed entity in</u>
- 29 <u>any capacity;</u>
- 30 (2) consent by the qualified unlicensed entity to the

- 1 personal and subject matter jurisdiction and disciplinary
- 2 <u>authority of the board;</u>
- 3 (3) an agreement by the qualified unlicensed entity to
- 4 comply with the provisions of this act and regulations
- 5 promulgated by the board; and
- 6 (4) consent by the qualified unlicensed entity to the
- 7 appointment of the board of accountancy or other regulatory
- 8 authority of the state in which the principal place of business
- 9 of the qualified unlicensed entity is located as the agent upon
- 10 which process may be served in any action or proceeding by the
- 11 board against the qualified unlicensed entity.
- 12 (d) As used in this section "qualified unlicensed entity"
- 13 means a partnership, corporation or other association that:
- 14 (1) is not a licensee;
- 15 (2) does not have an office in this Commonwealth; and
- 16 (3) may lawfully practice public accounting in another
- 17 state.
- 18 Section 7. Sections 8.2, 8.8, 8.9(a), (b), (d) and (g) and
- 19 9.1(a) of the act, amended or added December 4, 1996 (P.L.851,
- 20 No.140), are amended to read:
- 21 Section 8.2. Licenses to Practice.--(a) Biennial licenses
- 22 to engage in the practice of public accounting in this
- 23 Commonwealth shall be issued by the Department of State upon
- 24 payment of the biennial licensing fee to (i) holders of the
- 25 certificate of certified public accountant issued by this
- 26 Commonwealth and public accountants registered in this
- 27 Commonwealth who [shall have furnished evidence satisfactory to
- 28 the board of compliance] have certified to the board that they
- 29 <u>have complied</u> with the requirements of subsection (b) of this
- 30 section and (ii) qualified associations licensed under section

- 1 8.8 of this act. Licenses to practice shall expire on the last
- 2 day of [April of even-numbered] <u>December of odd-numbered</u> years
- 3 or on such other biennial expiration dates as the department may
- 4 fix. The renewal application of a certified public accountant or
- 5 <u>public accountant does not need to list the continuing education</u>
- 6 courses taken by the applicant except as provided by the rules
- 7 and regulations of the board.
- 8 (a.1) A certified public accountant or public accountant who
- 9 is not engaged in the practice of public accounting may request
- 10 the board, in writing, to place his name on the inactive roll
- 11 and thus protect his right to obtain a license at such time as
- 12 he may become engaged in the practice of public accounting.
- 13 (b) Each certified public accountant and public accountant
- 14 filing an application for a license or a renewal thereof to
- 15 engage in the practice of public accounting in this Commonwealth
- 16 must, during the reporting period immediately preceding the
- 17 current biennial period, complete eighty hours of continuing
- 18 education, in programs approved by the board. The reporting
- 19 period for licensees shall be January 1 of even-numbered years
- 20 to December 31 of odd-numbered years. No carry-over of credits
- 21 shall be permitted from one biennial license period to another.
- 22 The continuing education requirement shall not apply to firms
- 23 but shall apply to all natural persons who apply for a license
- 24 or a renewal thereof under this section.
- 25 (c) Failure by a licensed certified public accountant or
- 26 public accountant applying for renewal of his biennial license
- 27 to furnish [evidence] a certification of completion of the
- 28 required number of hours of acceptable continuing education
- 29 shall constitute grounds for denial or refusal to renew such
- 30 license, unless the board, in its discretion, shall determine

- 1 [such failure to have been] that the failure to complete the
- 2 required continuing education was due to reasonable cause, in
- 3 which case the board shall grant an extension.
- 4 (d) In issuing rules, regulations and individual orders with
- 5 respect to requirements of continuing education, the board may
- 6 rely upon guidelines and pronouncements of recognized
- 7 educational and professional organizations; may prescribe for
- 8 content, duration and organization of courses; shall take into
- 9 account the accessibility of such continuing education as it may
- 10 require, and any impediments to interstate practice of public
- 11 accounting which may result from differences in such
- 12 requirements in other states; and may provide for relaxation or
- 13 suspension of such requirements in instances of individual
- 14 hardship such as for reasons of health, military service or
- 15 other good cause.
- 16 (e) A certified public accountant or public accountant who
- 17 is also certified, registered or licensed to practice public
- 18 accounting in any other state or foreign jurisdiction shall
- 19 report this information to the board on the biennial renewal
- 20 application. Any disciplinary action taken in any other state or
- 21 foreign jurisdiction shall be reported to the board on the
- 22 biennial renewal application or within thirty days of
- 23 disposition, whichever is sooner. Multiple certification,
- 24 registration or licensure shall be noted by the board on the
- 25 record of the certified public accountant or public accountant,
- 26 and the other state or foreign jurisdiction shall be notified by
- 27 the board within thirty days after any disciplinary action is
- 28 taken against the certified public accountant or public
- 29 accountant in this Commonwealth.
- 30 (f) An initial or renewal license shall not be issued after

- 1 April 30, 2000, to a certified public accountant or public
- 2 accountant practicing as a sole practitioner unless he complies
- 3 with the requirements of section 8.9 of this act.
- 4 Section 8.8. Licensing of Firms. -- (a) [An association] A
- 5 person other than an individual shall not practice public
- 6 accounting in this Commonwealth unless it is a qualified
- 7 association, has been granted a license to practice and
- 8 satisfies the requirements of this section at all times while it
- 9 is a licensee. A new firm shall apply for its initial license
- 10 within thirty days after its formation; thereafter, the firm's
- 11 license shall be subject to renewal in accordance with section
- 12 8.2 of this act.
- 13 (b) The initial and all renewal license applications by a
- 14 firm shall:
- 15 (1) List the name, home address and license number of each
- 16 certified public accountant or public accountant who owns an
- 17 equity interest directly or indirectly in the firm and who is a
- 18 licensee.
- 19 (2) List the name and home address of each qualified
- 20 nonlicensee who owns an equity interest in the firm if the
- 21 principal residence or the office out of which the individual
- 22 principally practices is located in this Commonwealth.
- 23 (3) Include a statement that the firm is in compliance with
- 24 subsections (d) and (e).
- 25 (c) An initial or renewal license shall not be issued to a
- 26 firm after April 30, 2000, unless the firm complies with the
- 27 requirements of section 8.9 of this act.
- 28 (d) A firm shall satisfy all of the following requirements:
- 29 (1) At least one general partner if the firm is a
- 30 partnership, one record and beneficial owner of common shares if

- 1 the firm is a corporation or one owner of a similar equity
- 2 interest if the firm is any other form of qualified association
- 3 shall be a certified public accountant or public accountant who
- 4 is a licensee.
- 5 (2) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), each
- 6 shareholder, partner, member or other owner of an equity
- 7 interest in the firm must be the holder of a current license to
- 8 practice public accounting as a certified public accountant or
- 9 public accountant under the laws of this Commonwealth or another
- 10 jurisdiction. This clause shall not:
- (i) apply in the case of a person who withdraws from a firm
- 12 for such period as may be reasonable under the circumstances to
- 13 permit the firm to comply with this requirement; or
- 14 (ii) prohibit payments by a firm to a former equity owner or
- 15 his estate in connection with his withdrawal from the firm.
- 16 (3) Each individual in charge of an office that performs any
- 17 attest activity or business unit of the firm in this
- 18 Commonwealth shall be a certified public accountant or public
- 19 accountant who is a licensee.
- 20 (4) The principal executive officer of the firm shall be a
- 21 certified public accountant or public accountant who holds a
- 22 current license to practice public accounting in this
- 23 Commonwealth or another state.
- 24 (5) An individual who does not hold a current license to
- 25 practice public accounting as a certified public accountant or
- 26 public accountant in this Commonwealth or another state or
- 27 foreign jurisdiction shall not assume ultimate responsibility
- 28 for any attest activity.
- 29 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a qualified
- 30 nonlicensee may own an equity interest in a firm if all of the

- 1 following conditions are met:
- 2 (1) All of the qualified nonlicensees owning equity
- 3 interests in the firm shall not:
- 4 (i) own in the aggregate equity interests in the firm
- 5 entitling them to cast more than [one-third] forty-nine percent
- 6 of the votes on any issue or to receive more than [one-third]
- 7 <u>forty-nine percent</u> of any dividend or other distribution of
- 8 profits or assets of the firm; or
- 9 (ii) constitute more than [one-third] forty-nine percent in
- 10 number of the owners of equity interests in the firm.
- 11 (2) The qualified nonlicensee shall not hold himself out as
- 12 a certified public accountant or public accountant.
- 13 (3) The qualified nonlicensee shall be permitted to
- 14 designate or refer to himself as a principal, owner, officer,
- 15 member or shareholder of the firm. The qualified nonlicensee may
- 16 also use such other titles as may be authorized by the
- 17 regulations of the board.
- 18 (4) The qualified nonlicensee shall not:
- 19 (i) have pleaded guilty to, entered a plea of nolo
- 20 contendere to or been found guilty or been convicted of a felony
- 21 under the laws of this Commonwealth or any other jurisdiction;
- 22 or
- 23 (ii) be in violation of any regulation of the board
- 24 regarding the character or conduct of a qualified nonlicensee
- 25 who is the owner of an equity interest in a firm.
- 26 (5) The participation of the qualified nonlicensee in the
- 27 business of the firm must be the principal occupation of the
- 28 individual and shall be in the nature of providing services to
- 29 the firm or clients of the firm and not solely as an investor or
- 30 in another commercial or passive capacity.

- 1 (6) The qualified nonlicensee has graduated with a
- 2 baccalaureate or higher degree from a college or university
- 3 approved at the time of graduation by the Department of
- 4 Education.
- 5 (7) The qualified nonlicensee shall comply with all
- 6 applicable provisions of this act and the regulations of the
- 7 board.
- 8 (f) An equity interest in a firm may be owned indirectly but
- 9 only if all of the ultimate, indirect beneficial owners of the
- 10 equity interest are licensees.
- 11 (g) In accordance with the procedure referred to in section
- 12 9 of this act, the board may revoke the license to practice of a
- 13 firm if at any time it is in violation of any of the provisions
- 14 of this section.
- 15 Section 8.9. Peer Review.--(a) As a condition for granting
- 16 a firm a renewal license, or an initial license in the case of a
- 17 firm that has previously been engaged in practice in another
- 18 jurisdiction, the board shall require that the firm undergo a
- 19 peer review in accordance with this section unless the firm
- 20 meets one of the exemptions in subsection (g). [The firm shall
- 21 submit to the board with its license application a letter from]
- 22 The initial or renewal license application of a firm that does
- 23 not meet one of those exemptions shall include a certification
- 24 that the firm is in compliance with this section and shall state
- 25 the name of the organization administering the firm's most
- 26 recent peer review [stating the date on which the peer review
- 27 was completed.], the date of acceptance of that peer review and
- 28 the period covered by that peer review. The board shall not
- 29 require submittal of the letter of acceptance, peer review
- 30 report, letter of comment, letter of response or working papers

- 1 related to the peer review process[.], but the board may require
- 2 the organization administering the firm's most recent peer
- 3 review to confirm the date of acceptance and the period covered
- 4 by that peer review. As used in this section, the term "firm"
- 5 includes, but is not limited to, a sole practitioner.
- 6 (b) A firm with less than three licensees shall not be
- 7 required to undergo a peer review more frequently than once
- 8 every five years and a firm with three or more licensees shall
- 9 not be required to undergo a peer review more frequently than
- 10 once every three years, except that:
- 11 (1) The board may order a firm that has been disciplined
- 12 under section 9.1 of this act or that has been ordered to take
- 13 remedial action under subsection (e) to undergo a peer review
- 14 more frequently.
- 15 (2) A new firm that is not subject to subsection (j) shall
- 16 undergo its first peer review within eighteen months after it is
- 17 granted its initial license.
- 18 (2.2) A firm that was not previously required to undergo a
- 19 peer review must notify the board within thirty days after
- 20 accepting an engagement to perform an attest activity other than
- 21 <u>a compilation and shall undergo a peer review within eighteen</u>
- 22 months after commencing the engagement.
- 23 (3) The regulations of the board may lengthen any of the
- 24 periods between required peer reviews prescribed in this
- 25 subsection in such manner, under such circumstances or with
- 26 respect to such firms as the board in its discretion may
- 27 consider appropriate.
- 28 * * *
- 29 (d) (1) The peer review of a firm that performs one or more
- 30 audits of historical financial statements or examinations of

- 1 prospective financial information shall [include an onsite] be a
- 2 system review, including a study and evaluation of a
- 3 representative selection of audit, examination, review and
- 4 compilation reports, the financial information upon which those
- 5 reports were based and the associated working papers. The
- 6 [onsite] <u>system</u> review shall include additional procedures
- 7 relating to the firm's system of quality control sufficient to
- 8 provide the reviewer with a reasonable basis upon which to issue
- 9 a peer review report.
- 10 (2) The peer review of a firm that performs no audit or
- 11 examination engagements but does perform one or more review
- 12 engagements shall be required only to be an [offsite] engagement
- 13 review, including a study and evaluation of a representative
- 14 selection of reports issued by the firm and the financial
- 15 information upon which those reports were based; but, if such a
- 16 firm elects to have [an onsite] a system review, that review
- 17 shall also be acceptable. The [offsite] engagement review shall
- 18 [not be required to] include a study of the associated working
- 19 papers [but shall include] and procedures and inquiries
- 20 sufficient to provide the reviewer with a reasonable basis upon
- 21 which to issue a peer review report.
- 22 (3) A firm that does not perform any audits or reviews,
- 23 regardless of whether or not the firm performs compilations,
- 24 shall be exempt from the requirement to undergo a peer review to
- 25 the extent provided in subsection (g)(2).
- 26 * * *
- 27 (g) A firm shall be exempt from the requirement to undergo a
- 28 peer review if all of the following apply:
- 29 (1) Within three years before the date of application for
- 30 initial or renewal licensure, the firm has undergone a peer

- 1 review conducted in another state or foreign jurisdiction which
- 2 meets the requirements of subsection (c)(1) and (2). The firm
- 3 shall submit to the board a letter from the organization
- 4 administering the firm's most recent peer review stating the
- 5 date on which the peer review was completed.
- 6 (2) The firm satisfies all of the following conditions:
- 7 (i) During the preceding two years, the firm has not
- 8 accepted or performed any audit or review engagement.
- 9 (ii) Within the next two years, the firm does not intend to
- 10 accept or perform any audit or review engagement.
- 11 [(iii) The firm agrees to notify the board within thirty
- 12 days of accepting an audit or review engagement and to undergo a
- 13 peer review within eighteen months of commencing such
- 14 activities.]
- 15 (3) For reasons of personal health, military service or
- 16 other good cause, the board determines that the firm is entitled
- 17 to an exemption for a period of time not to exceed twelve
- 18 months.
- 19 * * *
- 20 Section 9.1. Grounds for Discipline.--(a) In accordance
- 21 with the procedure provided in section 9 of this act, the board
- 22 may revoke, suspend, limit or otherwise restrict the certificate
- 23 of a certified public accountant or the registration of a public
- 24 accountant, may revoke, suspend, limit or otherwise restrict any
- 25 license issued under this act, may censure or publicly reprimand
- 26 the holder of any certificate, registration or license, may
- 27 require completion of general or a specific number of continuing
- 28 professional education courses or may require more frequent peer
- 29 review or other remedial action, or may revoke, suspend or limit
- 30 the right of an individual to practice under section 5.2 of this

- 1 act or censure or publicly reprimand an individual practicing
- 2 under section 5.2 of this act for any one or any combination of
- 3 the following causes:
- 4 (1) Fraud or deceit in obtaining:
- 5 (i) a certificate of certified public accountant [or in
- 6 obtaining];
- 7 (ii) registration under this act [or in obtaining];
- 8 (iii) a license to practice under this act[.]; or
- 9 (iv) a determination that substantial equivalency exists
- 10 with respect to an individual.
- 11 (2) Dishonesty, fraud or gross negligence in the [practice
- 12 of public accounting.] provision of professional services.
- 13 (3) Violation of any of the provisions of section 12 of this
- 14 act.
- 15 (4) Violation of a rule of professional conduct promulgated
- 16 by the board under the authority granted by this act.
- 17 (5) Pleading guilty to, entering a plea of nolo contendere
- 18 to or being found guilty of a felony under any Federal or State
- 19 law or the laws of any foreign jurisdiction.
- 20 (6) Pleading guilty to, entering a plea of nolo contendere
- 21 to or being found guilty of any crime, an element of which is
- 22 dishonesty or fraud under any Federal or State law or the laws
- 23 of any foreign jurisdiction.
- 24 (6.1) Pleading guilty to, entering a plea of nolo contendere
- 25 to or being found guilty of violating any Federal or State
- 26 revenue law or the revenue laws of any foreign jurisdiction.
- 27 (7) Cancellation, revocation, suspension or refusal to renew
- 28 [his authority to practice] <u>authority to provide professional</u>
- 29 <u>services</u> as a certified public accountant or public accountant
- 30 by any other state or foreign jurisdiction for any cause other

- 1 than failure to pay a registration or other fee in such other
- 2 state or foreign jurisdiction.
- 3 (8) Suspension or revocation of the right to [practice]
- 4 provide professional services before any Federal or State
- 5 governmental agency.
- 6 (10) Failure of certified public accountant or public
- 7 accountant <u>filing an application for a license or renewal</u>
- 8 <u>thereof</u> to furnish evidence of completion of the requirements
- 9 for continuing education under section 8.2 of this act or to
- 10 meet any conditions with respect to continuing education that
- 11 the board may have ordered in respect to such certified public
- 12 accountant or public accountant under that section.
- 13 (12) Failure of a firm or sole proprietorship to satisfy the
- 14 peer review requirements in section 8.9 of this act.
- 15 (13) Failure of a firm to satisfy any of the organizational
- 16 requirements in section 8.8(d) of this act.
- 17 (14) Conduct that brings the profession of public accounting
- 18 into disrepute or that lowers public esteem for the profession.
- 19 (15) Violation of an order of the board.
- 20 (16) Engaging in unprofessional conduct. Discipline may be
- 21 imposed under this clause whether or not actual injury or loss
- 22 to a client is established.
- 23 (17) An act or omission by a licensee in another
- 24 jurisdiction under substantial equivalency that subjects the
- 25 <u>licensee to discipline in the other jurisdiction.</u>
- 26 * * *
- 27 Section 8. Section 9.2 of the act, amended December 4, 1996
- 28 (P.L.851, No.140) and May 9, 1997 (P.L.145, No.9), is amended to
- 29 read:
- 30 Section 9.2. Reinstatement.--(a) Except as provided in

- 1 subsection (b), upon application in writing and after hearing
- 2 pursuant to notice, the board may reinstate or modify the
- 3 suspension of any license to practice which has been suspended.
- 4 Reinstatement shall not be granted under this subsection:
- 5 (1) To an individual unless he demonstrates that he has
- 6 completed the biennial continuing education requirements that he
- 7 would have been required to complete during the immediately
- 8 preceding reporting period if his license had not been
- 9 suspended.
- 10 (2) Unless the person seeking reinstatement pays the current
- 11 biennial licensing fee plus a reinstatement fee.
- 12 (b) An individual whose license has been suspended for more
- 13 than five years shall not be eligible to apply for reinstatement
- 14 of the license, but instead must take the examination and apply
- 15 for a certificate of certified public accountant in accordance
- 16 with section [3.1] 4.2 of this act.
- 17 (c) Unless ordered to do so by a court, the board shall not
- 18 reinstate the certificate of a person to practice as a certified
- 19 public accountant or the registration of a person to practice as
- 20 a public accountant which has been revoked. A person whose
- 21 certification or registration has been revoked may take the
- 22 examination and apply for a certificate in accordance with
- 23 section [3.1] 4.2 of this act not earlier than five years after
- 24 his certificate or registration was revoked if he desires to
- 25 resume the practice of public accounting.
- 26 (d) A person whose license to practice has expired for
- 27 failure to make biennial registration or who has been on the
- 28 inactive roll under section 8.2(a.1) of this act may have the
- 29 license reinstated upon compliance with the following:
- 30 (1) In the case of an individual, presentation to the board

- 1 of satisfactory evidence of having completed eighty hours of
- 2 continuing education in programs approved by the board under
- 3 section 8.2(d) of this act within two years preceding the date
- 4 of the application for reinstatement.
- 5 (2) Payment of the current biennial licensing fee plus a
- 6 reinstatement fee.
- 7 (e) Upon application in writing and after hearing pursuant to
- 8 notice, the board may reinstate or modify the suspension of an
- 9 <u>individual's right to practice under section 5.2 of this act</u>
- 10 which has been revoked or suspended.
- 11 Section 9. Sections 12, 13 and 16(c) of the act, amended
- 12 December 4, 1996 (P.L.851, No.140), are amended to read:
- 13 Section 12. Unlawful Acts.--(a) [It] Except as provided in
- 14 <u>sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this act, it</u> is unlawful for any person
- 15 to hold himself out as or otherwise use the title or designation
- 16 "certified public accountant," or the abbreviation "CPA," or any
- 17 other title, designation, words, letters or abbreviation tending
- 18 to indicate that the person is a certified public accountant or
- 19 engaged in the practice of public accounting unless the person
- 20 has received or has been notified in writing by the board that
- 21 he has qualified to receive a certificate of certified public
- 22 accountant issued by this Commonwealth, which is not revoked or
- 23 suspended.
- 24 (b) It is unlawful for any person to hold himself out or
- 25 otherwise use the title "certified public accountant," "public
- 26 accountant" or any abbreviation thereof, or the letters "CPA" or
- 27 "PA" by virtue of any certificate, registration or license
- 28 illegally or fraudulently obtained by the person, or issued
- 29 unlawfully or through any fraudulent representation or deceit,
- 30 or misstatement of material fact or fraudulent concealment of a

- 1 material fact made or induced or aided or abetted by the person.
- 2 (c) [It] Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this
- 3 act, it is unlawful for any partnership, corporation or other
- 4 association to hold itself out as or otherwise use the title or
- 5 designation "certified public accountant" or "public accountant"
- 6 or the abbreviation "CPA" or "PA," or any other title,
- 7 designation, words, letters or abbreviation tending to indicate
- 8 that the partnership, corporation or other association is
- 9 composed of or includes certified public accountants or public
- 10 accountants unless the partnership, corporation or other
- 11 association holds a current license under section 8.8 of this
- 12 act.
- 13 (f) Except as provided in this subsection, in sections 5.2
- 14 and 5.4 of this act or in subsections (a) and (c), it is
- 15 unlawful for any person to use a title that includes the word
- 16 "certified" as a part thereof, or any other title or designation
- 17 likely to be confused with "certified public accountant," or any
- 18 title or designation implying or connoting accreditation by any
- 19 jurisdiction for the practice of any type of bookkeeping,
- 20 accounting, auditing, tax or other professional practice related
- 21 thereto, or to use any abbreviation of such title or
- 22 designation. It is not a violation of this subsection for an
- 23 individual:
- 24 (1) except as provided in clause (2), to use a title or
- 25 designation that includes the word "accredited" or "certified"
- 26 or an abbreviation of such a title or designation if the title
- 27 or designation has been conferred by a private organization
- 28 after evaluation of the individual's credentials or
- 29 qualifications and if when the title or designation is used on
- 30 the individual's stationery it is accompanied by a statement

- 1 that it has been conferred by an organization not affiliated
- 2 with the Federal or any State government; or
- 3 (2) to use the designation "certified financial planner" or
- 4 an abbreviation of that designation if the designation has been
- 5 conferred by a private organization after evaluation of the
- 6 individual's credentials or qualifications.
- 7 (j) It is unlawful for any person to hold himself out as or
- 8 otherwise use the title or designation "public accountant" or
- 9 the abbreviation "PA" or any other title, designation, words,
- 10 letters or abbreviation tending to indicate that the person is a
- 11 public accountant, unless such person is registered as a public
- 12 accountant and is a licensee, or unless such person has
- 13 received, or has been notified in writing by the board that he
- 14 has qualified to receive a certificate as certified public
- 15 accountant issued by this Commonwealth.
- 16 (1) It is unlawful for any person, partnership or
- 17 corporation to hold himself or itself out as or otherwise use
- 18 the title or designation "certified accountant," "chartered
- 19 accountant, " "enrolled accountant, " "licensed accountant, "
- 20 "registered accountant," "licensed public accountant,"
- 21 "registered public accountant" or "accredited accountant" or any
- 22 other title or designation likely to be confused with "certified
- 23 public accountant" or "public accountant," or any abbreviation
- 24 of any of those prohibited titles or designations or similar
- 25 abbreviations likely to be confused with "CPA," except that a
- 26 person who is a licensee may hold himself out to the public as
- 27 an "accountant," "auditor" or "accountant and auditor." It is
- 28 not a violation of this clause for an individual designated by
- 29 the Internal Revenue Service as an enrolled agent to use that
- 30 title or the abbreviation "EA."

- 1 (1.1) It is unlawful for any person to sell or offer to sell
- 2 or fraudulently obtain, furnish or procure any certificate,
- 3 registration [or license], license or determination of
- 4 <u>substantial equivalency</u> under the provisions of this act or
- 5 cause or aid or abet another person to do so.
- 6 (1.2) [It] Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of
- 7 this act, it is unlawful for any person that is not a licensee
- 8 to sign, affix a firm name to or otherwise issue any:
- 9 (1) report; or
- 10 (2) opinion, certificate or other communication respecting
- 11 compliance with conditions established by law or contract,
- 12 including, but not limited to, statutes, ordinances,
- 13 regulations, grants, loans and appropriations, together with any
- 14 wording, accompanying or contained in such opinion [or
- 15 certificate], certificate or other communication that indicates
- 16 that the person is composed of or employs:
- 17 (i) accountants or auditors; or
- 18 (ii) persons having expert knowledge in accounting or
- 19 auditing.
- 20 (1.3) It is unlawful for a licensee to use a professional or
- 21 firm name that the licensee is prohibited from using by other
- 22 applicable provision of law or that is misleading as to the
- 23 persons who are partners, officers, members, directors,
- 24 employees or shareholders of the firm or as to any other matter,
- 25 except that the names of one or more former partners,
- 26 shareholders or members may be included in the name of a firm or
- 27 its successor.
- 28 (m) [It] Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this
- 29 <u>act, it</u> is unlawful for any [person] <u>individual</u> who is not a
- 30 licensee to sign or affix his name or any trade or assumed name

- 1 used by him in his profession or business to or otherwise issue
- 2 any:
- 3 (1) report; or
- 4 (2) opinion, certificate or other communication respecting
- 5 compliance with conditions established by law or contract,
- 6 including, but not limited to, statutes, ordinances,
- 7 regulations, grants, loans and appropriations, together with any
- 8 wording accompanying or contained in such [report] <u>opinion,</u>
- 9 certificate or other communication, which indicates:
- 10 (i) that he is an accountant or auditor; or
- 11 (ii) that he has expert knowledge in accounting or auditing.
- 12 The provisions of this subsection shall not prohibit any
- 13 officer, employe, partner, or principal of any organization from
- 14 affixing his signature to any [report or other] communication in
- 15 reference to the affairs of the organization with any wording
- 16 designating the position, title, or office which he holds in the
- 17 organization, nor shall the provisions of this subsection
- 18 prohibit any act of a public official or public employe in the
- 19 performance of his duties as such.
- 20 (n) [It] Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this
- 21 act, it is unlawful for any person not a licensee to hold
- 22 himself or itself out to the public as an "auditor" or as an
- 23 "accountant and auditor". employe, partner, or principal of any
- 24 organization from describing himself by the position, title or
- 25 office he holds in the organization, nor shall this subsection
- 26 prohibit any action of a public official or public employe in
- 27 the performance of his duties as such.
- 28 (o) It is unlawful for any person to hold himself or itself
- 29 out as a member of any society, association or organization of
- 30 certified public accountants or public accountants, unless such

- 1 person holds a valid certificate of certified public accountant
- 2 issued by this Commonwealth or by some state or is registered as
- 3 a public accountant in this Commonwealth or, in the case of a
- 4 firm, is licensed under section 8.8 of this act.
- 5 (p) Commissions and referral fees shall comply with the
- 6 following:
- 7 (1) A [licensee in public practice] person practicing public
- 8 accounting in this Commonwealth shall not for a commission
- 9 recommend or refer to a client any product or service, or for a
- 10 commission recommend or refer any product or service to be
- 11 supplied by a client, or receive a commission when the [licensee
- 12 or the licensee's] person or the person's firm also performs for
- 13 that client any of the following:
- 14 (i) An audit or review of a financial statement.
- 15 (ii) A compilation of a financial statement when the
- 16 [licensee] person expects, or reasonably might expect, that a
- 17 third party will use the financial statement and the
- 18 [licensee's] person's compilation report does not disclose a
- 19 lack of independence.
- 20 (iii) An examination of prospective financial information.
- 21 This prohibition applies during the period in which the
- 22 [licensee] person is engaged to perform any of the services
- 23 listed in this clause and the period covered by any historical
- 24 financial statements involved in such listed services.
- 25 (2) A [licensee in public practice] person practicing public
- 26 accounting in this Commonwealth who is not prohibited by this
- 27 act from performing services for or receiving a commission and
- 28 who is paid or expects to be paid commission shall disclose that
- 29 fact to any person to whom the [licensee] person recommends or
- 30 refers a product or service to which the commission relates.

- 1 (3) Any [licensee] person who accepts a referral fee or who
- 2 pays a referral fee shall disclose such acceptance or payment to
- 3 the client.
- 4 (4) The board shall promulgate regulations specifying the
- 5 terms of the disclosures required by clause (2) or (3), the
- 6 manner in which the disclosures shall be made and such other
- 7 matters regarding the disclosures as the board shall deem
- 8 appropriate. The regulations shall require, at a minimum, that a
- 9 disclosure shall comply with all of the following:
- 10 (i) Be in writing and be clear and conspicuous.
- 11 (ii) State the amount of the commission or referral fee or
- 12 the basis on which it will be computed.
- 13 (iii) Be made at or prior to the time:
- 14 (A) the recommendation or referral of the product or service
- 15 is made in the case of a commission; or
- 16 (B) the client retains the [licensee] person to whom the
- 17 client has been referred in the case of a referral fee.
- 18 (5) This subsection does not apply to:
- 19 (i) Payments for the purchase of all or part of an
- 20 accounting practice.
- 21 (ii) Retirement or similar payments to persons formerly
- 22 engaged in the practice of public accounting.
- 23 (iii) Payments to the heirs or estates of persons formerly
- 24 engaged in the practice of public accounting.
- 25 (iv) Incentive or bonus payments to a [licensee] person by a
- 26 firm employing the [licensee] person.
- 27 (q) [It] Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this
- 28 act, it is unlawful for any person not a licensee to engage in
- 29 the practice of public accounting in this Commonwealth.
- 30 (r) Except as provided in sections 5.2 and 5.4 of this act,

- 1 it is unlawful for any person not a licensee to prepare
- 2 <u>financial information that is accompanied by a letter or other</u>
- 3 text that does not comply with section 13(c) of this act.
- 4 Section 13. Acts Not Unlawful. -- (a) Nothing contained in
- 5 this act shall prohibit any person not a certified public
- 6 accountant or a public accountant from serving as an employe of
- 7 or an assistant to a certified public accountant, a public
- 8 accountant or firm, but an employe or assistant shall not issue
- 9 any report or accounting or financial statement over his name or
- 10 signature.
- 11 (b) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit a certified
- 12 public accountant, or association composed of certified public
- 13 accountants, of another state who is concurrently engaged in
- 14 public practice in such state from temporarily practicing in
- 15 this Commonwealth on professional business if the practice is
- 16 conducted in conformity with the regulations and rules governing
- 17 temporary practice promulgated by the board.
- 18 (c) Nothing contained in this act shall prohibit a person
- 19 while not holding himself out as a certified public accountant,
- 20 public accountant or licensee from offering and rendering
- 21 bookkeeping and similar technical services or other services
- 22 involving the use of accounting skills, including the
- 23 preparation of tax returns and the preparation of financial
- 24 information without issuing a report or other communication that
- 25 expresses an opinion or assurance on the statements. A letter or
- 26 other text that accompanies financial information prepared under
- 27 this subsection shall not constitute a report or other
- 28 communication that expresses an opinion or assurance only if it
- 29 <u>contains and</u> is limited to the following wording:
- The accompanying financial information of (company) as of

- 1 (date and year), and for the year then ended have been
- 2 prepared by (me/us).
- 3 This financial information is the representation of the
- 4 management (owners) of (company).
- 5 A person who prepares financial information as permitted by this
- 6 subsection may use the title or designation "accountant" or
- 7 "accountants" and may refer to the services being provided as
- 8 "accounting" only if the person includes in any letter or other
- 9 text accompanying the financial information the following
- 10 statement:
- I am not a certified public accountant or public
- 12 accountant.
- We are not certified public accountants or public
- 14 accountants.
- 15 Section 16. Penalties.--* * *
- 16 (c) In addition to any other civil remedy, criminal penalty
- 17 or discipline provided for in this act, the board may levy a
- 18 civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) on any
- 19 person for a violation of any provision of this act. The board
- 20 shall levy a civil penalty only after affording the accused
- 21 party the opportunity for a hearing, as provided in Title 2 of
- 22 the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes (relating to
- 23 administrative law and procedure). The maximum civil penalty
- 24 that may be levied by the board shall not be more than two
- 25 hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for any related series of
- 26 violations. The board may not levy a civil penalty with respect
- 27 to a violation for which the person has been fined or assessed a
- 28 <u>civil penalty in another jurisdiction</u>.
- 29 * * *
- 30 Section 10. This act shall take effect in 60 days.