## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE BILL No. 1201 Session of 2007

INTRODUCED BY GEORGE, DePASQUALE, GERBER, DeWEESE, CONKLIN, HARHAI, HARKINS, JAMES, JOSEPHS, KORTZ, MAHONEY, MANDERINO, McGEEHAN, MUNDY, M. O'BRIEN, PRESTON, SANTONI, SHIMKUS, STABACK, SURRA, TANGRETTI, THOMAS, VITALI, WALKO, YUDICHAK, CURRY, FREEMAN, McCALL, BENNINGTON, GOODMAN, K. SMITH, M. SMITH, PETRONE, LENTZ, GRUCELA, FABRIZIO, PASHINSKI AND CALTAGIRONE, MAY 24, 2007

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AFFAIRS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, JUNE 19, 2007

## AN ACT

- 1 Amending Title 66 (Public Utilities) of the Pennsylvania
- 2 Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the definition
- 3 of "public utility"; adding a definition of "micro-grid";
- 4 further providing for duties of electric distribution
- 5 companies; and providing for micro-grids.
- 6 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 7 hereby enacts as follows:
- 8 Section 1. The definition of "public utility" in section 102
- 9 of Title 66 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended
- 10 to read:
- 11 § 102. Definitions.
- 12 Subject to additional definitions contained in subsequent
- 13 provisions of this part which are applicable to specific
- 14 provisions of this part, the following words and phrases when
- 15 used in this part shall have, unless the context clearly
- 16 indicates otherwise, the meanings given to them in this section:

- 1 \* \* \*
- 2 "Public utility."
- 3 (1) Any person or [corporations] <u>corporation</u> now or
- 4 hereafter owning or operating in this Commonwealth equipment
- 5 or facilities for:
- 6 (i) Producing, generating, transmitting,
- distributing or furnishing natural or artificial gas,
- 8 electricity, or steam for the production of light, heat,
- 9 or power to or for the public for compensation.
- 10 (ii) Diverting, developing, pumping, impounding,
- distributing, or furnishing water to or for the public
- 12 for compensation.
- 13 (iii) Transporting passengers or property as a
- 14 common carrier.
- 15 (iv) Use as a canal, turnpike, tunnel, bridge,
- wharf, and the like for the public for compensation.
- 17 (v) Transporting or conveying natural or artificial
- 18 gas, crude oil, gasoline, or petroleum products,
- 19 materials for refrigeration, or oxygen or nitrogen, or
- other fluid substance, by pipeline or conduit, for the
- 21 public for compensation.
- 22 (vi) Conveying or transmitting messages or
- communications, except as set forth in paragraph (2)(iv),
- by telephone or telegraph or domestic public land mobile
- 25 radio service including, but not limited to, point-to-
- 26 point microwave radio service for the public for
- compensation.
- 28 (vii) Sewage collection, treatment, or disposal for
- the public for compensation.
- 30 (viii) Providing limousine service in a county of

1 the second class pursuant to Subchapter B of Chapter 11 (relating to limousine service in counties of the second 2 3 class). 4 (2) The term does not include: 5 (i) Any person or corporation, not otherwise a public utility, who or which furnishes service only to 6 himself or itself. 7 (ii) Any bona fide cooperative association which 8 furnishes service only to its stockholders or members on 9 10 a nonprofit basis. 11 (iii) Any producer of natural gas not engaged in distributing such gas directly to the public for 12 13 compensation. (iv) Any person or corporation, not otherwise a 14 15 public utility, who or which furnishes mobile domestic cellular radio telecommunications service. 16 17 (v) Any building or facility owner/operators who 18 hold ownership over and manage the internal distribution 19 system serving such building or facility and who supply 20 electric power and other related electric power services to occupants of the building or facility. 21 22 (vi) Electric generation supplier companies, except 23 for the limited purposes as described in sections 2809 (relating to requirements for electric generation 24 suppliers) and 2810 (relating to revenue-neutral 25 26 reconciliation). 27 (vii) Any person or corporation who or which 28 furnishes DISTRIBUTES natural gas produced from <--alternative sources, including, but not limited to, 29

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landfill gas, coal-mine methane or coal-bed methane and

1 synthetic natural gas produced from the gasification of 2 coal or other feedstocks directly to no more than four 3 customers. A person or corporation who or which wishes to furnish DISTRIBUTE natural gas produced from alternative 4 5 sources to more than four customers and be excluded from this definition must request approval from the 6 commission. The commission shall approve the request if 7 the person or corporation provides a private rather than 8 a public service. 9

(viii) Micro-grids, as that term is defined by section 2803 (relating to definitions).

(3) For the purposes of sections 2702 (relating to construction, relocation, suspension and abolition of crossings), 2703 (relating to ejectment in crossing cases) and 2704 (relating to compensation for damages occasioned by construction, relocation or abolition of crossings) and those portions of sections 1501 (relating to character of service and facilities), 1505 (relating to proper service and facilities established on complaint; authority to order conservation and load management programs) and 1508 (relating to reports of accidents), as those sections or portions thereof relate to safety only, a municipal authority or transportation authority organized under the laws of this Commonwealth shall be considered a public utility when it owns or operates, for the carriage of passengers or goods by rail, a line of railroad composed of lines formerly owned or operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Penn-Central Transportation Company, the Reading Company or the Consolidated Rail Corporation.

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- 1 Section 2. Section 2803 of Title 66 is amended by adding a
- 2 definition to read:
- 3 § 2803. Definitions.
- 4 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
- 5 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 6 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 7 \* \* \*
- 8 "Micro-grid." A small power generation and distribution
- 9 network directly serving multiple consumers with the electric
- 10 generating facility located near or on the same site as the
- 11 consumers, that may be interconnected to the transmission and

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- 12 distribution system and, if so, operates BUT CAPABLE OF
- 13 OPERATING independently from it.
- 14 \* \* \*
- 15 Section 3. Section 2807(e) of Title 66 is amended and the
- 16 section is amended by adding a subsection to read:
- 17 § 2807. Duties of electric distribution companies.
- 18 \* \* \*
- 19 (e) Obligation to serve. -- An electric distribution company's
- 20 obligation to provide electric service following implementation
- 21 of restructuring and the choice of alternative generation by a
- 22 customer is revised as follows:
- 23 (1) While an electric distribution company collects
- 24 either a competitive transition charge or an intangible
- transition charge or until 100% of its customers have choice,
- 26 whichever is longer, the electric distribution company shall
- 27 continue to have the full obligation to serve, including the
- connection of customers, the delivery of electric energy and
- 29 the production or acquisition of electric energy for
- 30 customers.

- 1 (2) At the end of the transition period, the commission 2 shall promulgate regulations to define the electric 3 distribution company's obligation to connect and deliver and 4 acquire electricity under paragraph (3) that will exist at 5 the end of the phase-in period.
  - (3) [If a customer contracts for electric energy and it is not delivered or if a customer does not choose an alternative electric generation supplier, the]
    - (i) The electric distribution company or commissionapproved alternative supplier shall acquire [electric energy at prevailing market prices to serve that customer and shall recover fully all reasonable costs.] a portfolio of resources through one or more competitive procurement processes approved by the commission to serve customers who contract for electric energy and do not receive it or to customers who do not choose an alternative electric generation supplier, and shall recover fully all reasonable costs. The competitive procurement process or processes to secure electricity shall be conducted by customer rate class as determined and approved by the commission. The generation rates procured by the competitive procurement process or processes may not allow the cross-subsidization of one customer rate class by another.
      - (ii) In addition to complying with the requirements
        of the act of November 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, No.213), known
        as the Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act, the
      - (II) (A) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, <--
        COMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT PROCESSES MAY INCLUDE ONE OR

        MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:

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1	(I) AUCTIONS.	
2	(II) REQUESTS FOR PROPOSALS.	
3	(B) THE COMMISSION SHALL NOT MODIFY CONTRACTS	
4	ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO AN APPROVED COMPETITIVE	
5	PROCUREMENT PROCESS UNLESS THE COMMISSION DETERMINES	
6	THAT THE CONTRACT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH THE APPROVED	
7	COMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT PROCESS.	
8	(III) THE resource portfolio acquired pursuant to	
9	this paragraph shall be designed to produce the lowest	
10	reasonable rates on a long-term basis and shall reflect a	
11	diversity of supply-side and demand-side resources, a	
12	diversity of fuel types and a prudent mix of long-term,	<
13	short-term and spot market purchases. A long term	<
14	contract shall be permitted only for newly constructed or	
15	proposed to be constructed alternative energy sources, as	
16	that term is defined in section 2 of the Alternative	
17	Energy Portfolio Standards Act, and new generation	
18	resources determined by the commission to be required for	
19	reliability as set forth in subparagraph (v). SPOT-MARKET	<
20	PURCHASES. LONG-TERM CONTRACTS SHALL BE PERMITTED TO	
21	ACQUIRE ELECTRICITY GENERATION RESOURCES, DEMAND SIDE	
22	MANAGEMENT RESOURCES OR ALTERNATIVE ENERGY CREDITS AS	
23	THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION 2 OF THE ACT OF	
24	NOVEMBER 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, NO.213), KNOWN AS THE	
25	ALTERNATIVE ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARDS ACT.	
26	(iii) (IV) An electric distribution company or	<
27	commission-approved alternative supplier may enter into a	
28	long-term contract directly with a Tier I alternative	
29	energy source, as that term is defined in section 2 of	
30	the Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act, for	

1 electricity, alternative energy credits, or both, without 2. engaging in a commission-approved competitive procurement 3 process. The costs associated with the contract must be 4 consistent with the average cost of Tier I alternative 5 energy credits in other jurisdictions of the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., regional transmission 6 7 organization or its successor, accounting for the effect that public subsidies have on the price of the 8 9 alternative energy credit. The commission shall determine 10 when there is significant competition among Tier I 11 alternative energy sources that the acts authorized by 12 this subpart are no longer necessary. PROCESS FOR A 13 PERIOD OF THREE YEARS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS 14 SUBPARAGRAPH. 15 (iv) (V) An electric distribution company or 16 commission-approved alternative supplier shall enter into 17 a contract with energy efficiency and other demand-side 18 resources, instead of electric generation facilities, to 19 meet any increases in energy usage and peak demand so 20 long as the cost of energy efficiency and demand-side resources is less than the cost of electric generation. 21 22 To the extent that electric generation is necessary to 23 meet additional load growth, the electric distribution 24 company or commission-approved alternative supplier shall 25 make a good faith effort to procure electricity from

(v) (VI) An electric distribution company or commission-approved alternative supplier may enter into a contract approved by the commission to enable the

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alternative energy sources specified in the Alternative

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Energy Portfolio Standards Act.

1 construction of new electric generation resources upon a determination by the commission that new electric 2. 3 generation resources are required to ensure reliability. The commission shall ensure that a contract for new 4 5 electric generation resources are the lowest cost option for ensuring reliability. 6 (vi) The portfolio of resources acquired pursuant to 7 this subsection shall be acquired separately for 8 residential customers, small business customers and large 9 10 customers as those customer classes are defined by the commission for each electric distribution company or 11 12 commission approved alternative supplier. 13 (vii) For the purposes of this paragraph "long-term contract shall be defined as a contract length of more 14 15 than three years. OF ANY LENGTH AS NEGOTIATED BY THE PARTIES BUT AT LEAST THREE YEARS IN DURATION. "Short-term 16 contract" shall be defined as a contract length of three 17 18 years or less. (4) If a customer that chooses an alternative supplier 19 20 and subsequently desires to return to the local distribution

- (4) If a customer that chooses an alternative supplier and subsequently desires to return to the local distribution company for generation service, the local distribution company shall treat that customer exactly as it would any new applicant for energy service.
- (5) No later than January 1, 2011, an electric distribution company or commission-approved alternative supplier shall provide a rate that shall change no more frequently than on an annual basis as the default option for residential and small business customers.
- 29 <u>(6) One year from the effective date of this paragraph</u> 30 <u>or at the end of the applicable generation rate cap period,</u>

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1	whichever is later, an electric distribution company and	
2	commission-approved alternative supplier shall offer a time-	
3	of-use pilot rate to residential and small business customers	
4	voluntarily choosing to be part of the pilot program. An	
5	electric distribution and commission-approved alternative	
6	supplier shall provide to the commission a description of its	
7	time-of-use pilot rate program and shall annually report on	
8	the participation in the pilot program and the efficacy of	
9	the pilot program in affecting energy demand and consumption.	
10	(7) Within six years of the effective date of this	<-
11	paragraph, an electric distribution company shall furnish its	
12	customers with technology capable of allowing all customers	
13	to participate in pricing programs that reflect time of use.	
14	The electric distribution company may recover the net costs	
15	associated with technology required to implement time of use	
16	rates. Cost recovery shall reflect the operating cost savings	
17	to the electric distribution company from the introduction of	
18	technology to implement time of use rates. Customer	
19	participation in time of use pricing shall be voluntary.	
20	(8) By January 1, 2011, or at an electric distribution	
21	company or commission approved alternative supplier's next	
22	default service offering, whichever is sooner, the electric	
23	distribution company or commission approved alternative	
24	supplier may offer large customers any rate including, but	
25	not limited to, a cost based rate for any duration agreed	
26	upon by the electric distribution company or commission	
27	approved alternative supplier and the large customer.	
28	Contract rates entered into pursuant to this paragraph shall	
29	be subject to review by the commission in order to ensure	
30	that no costs related to the rates are borne by other	

1	customers or customer classes.
2	(7) AN EVALUATION, BY THE COMMISSION, OF THE RESULTS OF
3	THE PILOT PROGRAM WILL DETERMINE WHETHER, OR TO WHAT EXTENT,
4	THE BROADER DEPLOYMENT OF TIME-OF-USE METER TECHNOLOGY WOULD
5	BE COST EFFECTIVE. WHERE TIME-OF-USE METER TECHNOLOGY IS
6	DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSION TO BE COST EFFECTIVE, ELECTRIC
7	DISTRIBUTION COMPANIES SHALL FURNISH THE SAME, WITHIN SIX
8	YEARS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, TO CUSTOMERS
9	VOLUNTARILY CHOOSING TO PARTICIPATE IN TIME-OF-USE RATES.
LO	DEFAULT SERVICE PROVIDERS SHALL BE ENTITLED TO FULL AND
L1	CURRENT RECOVERY, UNDER SECTION 1307 (RELATING TO SLIDING
L2	SCALE OF RATES; ADJUSTMENTS) AUTOMATIC ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE, OF
L3	NET COSTS INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEVELOPMENT,
L4	IMPLEMENTATION AND OPERATION OF A PILOT PROGRAM OR ANY OTHER
L5	DEPLOYMENT OF TIME-OF-USE METER TECHNOLOGY, INCLUDING A
L6	RETURN ON AND OF ITS INVESTMENT IN ANY FACILITIES INSTALLED,
L7	EMPLOYED OR PREMATURELY RETIRED IN CONNECTION WITH THE
L8	DEPLOYMENT OF TIME-OF-USE METER TECHNOLOGY.
L9	(8) THE DEFAULT SERVICE PROVIDER MAY, IN ITS SOLE
20	DISCRETION, OFFER CUSTOMERS WITH A MAXIMUM REGISTERED DEMAND
21	OVER 500 KW A RATE FOR ANY DURATION AGREED UPON BY THE
22	DEFAULT SERVICE PROVIDER AND THE CUSTOMER WITH A MAXIMUM
23	REGISTERED DEMAND OVER 500 KW. CONTRACT RATES ENTERED INTO
24	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY THE
25	COMMISSION IN ORDER TO ENSURE THAT ALL COSTS RELATED TO SUCH
26	RATES ARE BORNE EXCLUSIVELY BY THE CUSTOMER RECEIVING THE
27	CONTRACT RATE AND THAT NO COSTS RELATED TO SUCH RATES ARE
28	BORNE BY OTHER CUSTOMERS OR CUSTOMER CLASSES.
29	(9) The commission shall require an electric
30	distribution company to offer customers the choice of

1	phasing-in over a period of up to three years any generation
2	rate increases resulting from the end of existing generation
3	rate caps which are approved by the commission.
4	(f) Retail electricity surcharge
5	(1) Each electric distribution company shall apply and
6	collect a charge of \$0.0005 per kWh for each kWh of retail
7	electricity sold in this Commonwealth and shall pay that
8	charge to the State Treasurer through the Department of
9	Revenue on a quarterly basis within 30 days after the close
10	of the quarter in which collected.
11	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions in paragraph (1), in <
12	no event shall the annual payment from any single customer
13	<u>exceed \$10,000.</u>
14	(2) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS IN PARAGRAPH (1), IN <
15	NO EVENT SHALL THE ANNUAL PAYMENT FROM ANY SINGLE LEGAL
16	ENTITY EXCEED \$10,000. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, EACH
17	INDIVIDUAL FEDERAL AGENCY AND EACH INDIVIDUAL COMMONWEALTH
18	EXECUTIVE AGENCY, INDEPENDENT AGENCY OR STATE-AFFILIATED
19	AGENCY SHALL CONSTITUTE A DISTINCT LEGAL ENTITY. THE
20	COMMISSION SHALL ADOPT GUIDELINES WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF THE
21	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION FOR AVOIDING PAYMENTS IN
22	EXCESS OF \$10,000 OR FOR REFUNDING OR CREDITING PAYMENTS IN
23	EXCESS OF \$10,000.
24	(3) The State Treasurer shall transfer all funds
25	received pursuant to this subsection to the Energy
26	Development Fund within 30 days of receipt of the funds.
27	(4) The charge shall appear as a separate charge on the
28	distribution bill of each retail electricity customer. The
29	charge shall be applied beginning 90 days after the effective
30	date of this subsection and shall expire on the 30th

1	anniversary of the date it was first applied.	
2	(5) Funds collected under this subsection shall be used	
3	TO PAY THE PRINCIPLE AND INTEREST ON BONDS ISSUED by the	<
4	Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority IN ACCORDANCE WITH	<
5	THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE XXVIII-C OF THE ACT OF APRIL 9, 1929	
6	(P.L.177, NO.175), KNOWN AS THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF 1929.	
7	PROCEEDS OF THE BONDS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO, AND USED BY, THE	
8	PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY, THE Redevelopment	
9	Capital Assistance Program and the Ben Franklin Technology	
10	Development Authority for the following purposes:	
11	(i) To fulfill the obligations of a bond for	
12	alternative energy projects, including:	
13	(A) Funding for alternative and renewable energy	
14	projects, including alternative and renewable	
15	transportation fuels.	
16	(B) Funding for the purchase of tradable	
17	instruments, including, but not limited to,	
18	alternative and renewable energy credits.	
19	(C) Funding for demand-side management measures	
20	for all customer classes, including, but not limited	
21	to, energy efficiency building construction,	
22	equipment and renovation.	
23	(D) Rebates or grants for solar photovoltaic,	
24	other solar electric or solar thermal installations.	
25	THE PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SHALL	<
26	ESTABLISH REBATE AND GRANT LEVELS FOR RESIDENTIAL AND	
27	NONRESIDENTIAL SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY SYSTEMS	
28	BETWEEN 1KW AND 2MW AND FOR SOLAR THERMAL	
29	APPLICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGIES. REBATE LEVELS MAY BE	
30	ADJUSTED PERIODICALLY, APPLICATIONS FOR REBATES MAY	

1	BE MADE AT ANY TIME.	
2	(E) Production grants or rebates to solar	
3	equipment manufacturers.	
4	(F) Funding for weatherization and other usage	
5	reduction measures for low-income electricity and	
6	natural gas customers.	
7	(G) To acquire, through purchase or otherwise,	
8	hold, sell, transfer and redistribute electric power,	
9	natural gas, liquid fuel, transportation fuel and any	
10	other energy commodity.	
11	(H) FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS FOR REBATES OR	<
12	GRANTS FOR SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC, OTHER SOLAR ELECTRIC	
13	OR SOLAR THERMAL INSTALLATIONS.	
14	(I) TEN MILLION DOLLARS FOR FUNDING FOR	
15	WEATHERIZATION AND OTHER USAGE REDUCTION MEASURES FOR	
16	LOW-INCOME ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS CUSTOMERS.	
17	(J) TEN MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE HAZARDOUS SITES	
18	CLEANUP FUND ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 602.3 OF THE ACT	
19	OF MARCH 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS THE TAX	
20	REFORM CODE OF 1971.	
21	(K) TEN MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE LOW-INCOME HOME	
22	ENERGY ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1981 (PUBLIC LAW 97-35, 42	
23	U.S.C. § 8626A).	
24	(II) REASONABLE ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH	
25	UTILIZING THE FUNDS.	
26	(2) Reasonable administrative costs associated with	<
27	utilizing the funds.	
28	(6) THE COMMONWEALTH DOES HEREBY PLEDGE AND AGREE TO ANY	<
29	HOLDER OF BONDS AND ANY RELATED CONTRACTUAL OBLIGEE TO BE	
30	PAID WITH OR SECURED BY THE FUNDS COLLECTED UNDER THIS	

- 1 SECTION THAT THE COMMONWEALTH WILL NOT IMPAIR, REDUCE OR
- 2 <u>ELIMINATE THE CHARGE IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION OR ANY OTHER</u>
- 3 <u>SECURITY PLEDGED TO THE REPAYMENT OF SUCH BONDS OR THE</u>
- 4 PAYMENT OF THE RELATED CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION UNTIL ALL SUCH
- 5 BONDS THEN ISSUED, TOGETHER WITH THE INTEREST THEREON, ARE
- 6 FULLY PAID OR DEFEASED AND ALL SUCH CONTRACTUAL PAYMENT
- 7 OBLIGATIONS ARE SATISFIED.
- 8 (7) ONLY THE ENTITIES SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL
- 9 <u>HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO ADMINISTER OR ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF</u>
- 10 THIS SUBSECTION.
- 11 Section 4. Title 66 is amended by adding a section to read:
- 12 § 2813. Micro-grids.
- 13 <u>Customers may have their electricity supplied by micro-grids</u>
- 14 subject to the following:
- 15 (1) A micro-grid shall be limited to four customers.
- Micro-grids seeking to supply electricity to more than four
- 17 customers may be approved by the commission on a case-by-case
- 18 basis. The commission shall approve such requests if the
- 19 micro-grid, while serving more than four customers, provides
- 20 <u>a private rather than a public service.</u>
- 21 (2) The commission shall promulgate regulations on the
- fees related to micro-grid interconnection, standby power and
- other services related to the reliable and safe functioning
- of micro-grids. Fees associated with this section shall be
- 25 the lowest cost necessary to ensure adequate system
- 26 <u>reliability and safety.</u>
- 27 (3) Micro-grids may sell power, EITHER THROUGH NET
- 28 <u>METERING</u>, <u>IF CONSISTENT WITH THE COMMISSION'S NET METERING</u>
- 29 REQUIREMENTS, OR TO THE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION SYSTEM back to
- 30 the electric transmission and distribution system at the spot

- or hourly wholesale price of electricity at the nearest 1
- 2 appropriate node that is part of the regional transmission
- 3 <u>organization</u>.
- Section 5. This act shall take effect immediately. 4