## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE BILL No. 1140 Session of 2007

INTRODUCED BY JOSEPHS, LENTZ, DeWEESE, BAKER, BARRAR, BASTIAN, BELFANTI, BENNINGHOFF, BENNINGTON, BEYER, BIANCUCCI, BISHOP, BLACKWELL, BOBACK, BRENNAN, BUXTON, CALTAGIRONE, CARROLL, CLYMER, COHEN, CONKLIN, COSTA, CRUZ, CURRY, DALLY, DeLUCA, Depasquale, Dermody, Digirolamo, Eachus, Fabrizio, Frankel, FREEMAN, GABIG, GEORGE, GIBBONS, GOODMAN, GRELL, GRUCELA, HANNA, HARPER, HELM, HORNAMAN, JAMES, W. KELLER, KENNEY, KING, KIRKLAND, KORTZ, KULA, LEACH, LEVDANSKY, MANDERINO, MANN, MARSHALL, McCALL, McGEEHAN, McILVAINE SMITH, MILNE, MOUL, MUNDY, MURT, MYERS, D. O'BRIEN, M. O'BRIEN, OLIVER, PALLONE, PARKER, PAYTON, PETRARCA, PETRI, PETRONE, PRESTON, QUINN, RAMALEY, RAPP, READSHAW, REICHLEY, ROEBUCK, ROHRER, RUBLEY, SABATINA, SAMUELSON, SANTONI, SAYLOR, SCAVELLO, SEIP, SHAPIRO, SIPTROTH, M. SMITH, SOLOBAY, STABACK, STAIRS, STURLA, SURRA, TANGRETTI, J. TAYLOR, R. TAYLOR, THOMAS, VITALI, WAGNER, WALKO, WATERS, WATSON, WHEATLEY, J. WHITE, WILLIAMS, WOJNAROSKI, YOUNGBLOOD, NAILOR, TRUE, SCHRODER, PASHINSKI, HENNESSEY AND VULAKOVICH, APRIL 23, 2007

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, JUNE 20, 2007

## AN ACT

- 1 Prohibiting the investment of State funds in certain private
- 2 business entities doing business in Sudan; AND PROVIDING
- 3 INDEMNIFICATION TO CERTAIN PERSONS.
- 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 5 hereby enacts as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Short title.
- 7 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Sudan
- 8 Divestment Act.
- 9 Section 2. Declaration of policy.
- 10 The General Assembly finds and declares as follows:

- 1 (1) On July 23, 2004, the United States Congress
  2 declared that "the atrocities unfolding in Darfur, Sudan, are
  3 genocide."
- 4 (2) On September 9, 2004, Secretary of State Colin L.
  5 Powell told the United States Senate Foreign Relations
  6 Committee that "genocide has occurred and may still be
  7 occurring in Darfur" and "the Government of Sudan and the
  8 Janjaweed bear responsibility."
  - (3) On September 21, 2004, addressing the United Nations General Assembly, President George W. Bush affirmed the Secretary of State's finding and stated, "At this hour, the world is witnessing terrible suffering and horrible crimes in the Darfur region of Sudan, crimes my government has concluded are genocide."
    - (4) On December 7, 2004, the United States Congress noted that the genocidal policy in Darfur has led to reports of "systematic rape of thousands of women and girls, the abduction of women and children, and the destruction of hundreds of ethnically African villages, including the poisoning of their wells and the plunder of their crops and cattle upon which the people of such villages sustain themselves."
    - (5) Also on December 7, 2004, Congress found that "the Government of Sudan has restricted access by humanitarian and human rights workers to the Darfur area through intimidation by military and security forces, and through bureaucratic and administrative obstruction, in an attempt to inflict the most devastating harm on those individuals displaced from their villages and homes without any means of sustenance or

1 (6) On September 25, 2006, Congress reaffirmed that "the 2 genocide unfolding in the Darfur region of Sudan is 3 characterized by acts of terrorism and atrocities directed 4 against civilians, including mass murder, rape, and sexual

violence committed by the Janjaweed and associated militias

- 6 with the complicity and support of the National Congress
- 7 Party-led faction of the Government of Sudan."

camps in Chad."

- 8 (7) On September 26, 2006, the United States House of 9 Representatives stated that "an estimated 300,000 to 400,000 10 people have been killed by the Government of Sudan and its 11 Janjaweed allies since the Darfur crisis began in 2003, more 12 than 2,000,000 people have been displaced from their homes, 13 and more than 250,000 people from Darfur remain in refugee
- 15 (8) The Darfur crisis represents the first time the
  16 United States Government has labeled ongoing atrocities a
  17 genocide.
  - (9) The United States Government has imposed sanctions against the Government of Sudan since 1997. These sanctions are monitored through the United States Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC).
- 22 (10) According to a former chair of the United States
  23 Securities and Exchange Commission, "the fact that a foreign
  24 company is doing material business with a country,
  25 government, or entity on OFAC's sanctions list is, in the SEC
  26 staff's view, substantially likely to be significant to the
  27 reasonable investor's decision about whether to invest in
- 29 (11) Since 1993, the United States Secretary of State 30 has determined that Sudan is a country the government of

that company."

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- which has repeatedly provided support for acts of
- 2 international terrorism, thereby incurring restrictions of
- 3 United States assistance, defense exports and sales, and
- 4 financial and other transactions with the Government of
- 5 Sudan.
- 6 (12) A 2006 United States House of Representatives
- 7 report states that "a company's association with sponsors of
- 8 terrorism and human rights abuses, no matter how large or
- 9 small, can have a materially adverse result on a public
- 10 company's operations, financial condition, earnings, and
- 11 stock prices, all of which can negatively affect the value of
- 12 an investment."
- 13 (13) In response to the financial risk posed by
- investments in companies doing business with a terrorist-
- sponsoring state, the Securities and Exchange Commission
- 16 established its Office of Global Security Risk to provide for
- enhanced disclosure of material information regarding such
- 18 companies.
- 19 (14) The current Sudan divestment movement encompasses
- 20 nearly 100 universities, cities, states and private pension
- 21 plans.
- 22 (15) The following are to be commended:
- 23 (i) The City of Philadelphia, which in September
- 24 2006 divested its funds from companies doing business in
- Sudan, the largest city in the United States to do so to
- 26 date.
- 27 (ii) The City of Pittsburgh, which in March 2007
- divested its funds from companies doing business in
- 29 Sudan.
- 30 (iii) The over half dozen Pennsylvania colleges and

- 1 universities which have already divested from companies
- doing business in Sudan or are considering doing so.
- 3 (16) Companies facing such widespread divestment present
- 4 further material risk to remaining investors.
- 5 (17) It is a fundamental responsibility of the
- 6 Commonwealth to decide where, how, and by whom financial
- 7 resources in its control should be invested, taking into
- 8 account numerous pertinent factors.
- 9 (18) It is the prerogative and desire of the
- 10 Commonwealth, in respect to investment resources in its
- 11 control and to the extent reasonable, with due consideration
- for, among other things, return on investment, on behalf of
- itself and its investment beneficiaries, not to participate
- in an ownership or capital-providing capacity with entities
- that provide significant practical support for genocide,
- including certain non-United States companies presently doing
- 17 business in Sudan.
- 18 (19) It is the judgment of the General Assembly that
- 19 this act should remain in effect only insofar as it continues
- to be consistent with, and does not unduly interfere with,
- 21 the foreign policy of the United States as determined by the
- 22 United States Government.
- 23 (20) It is the judgment of the General Assembly that
- 24 mandatory divestment of public funds from certain companies
- is a measure that should be employed sparingly and
- 26 judiciously. A congressional and presidential declaration of
- 27 genocide satisfies this high threshold.
- 28 Section 3. Definitions.
- 29 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 30 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the

- 1 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 2 "Active business operations." All business operations that
- 3 are not inactive business operations.
- 4 "Business operations." Engaging in commerce in any form in
- 5 Sudan, including by acquiring, developing, maintaining, owning,
- 6 selling, possessing, leasing or operating equipment, facilities,
- 7 personnel, products, services, personal property, real property
- 8 or any other apparatus of business or commerce.
- 9 "Company." A sole proprietorship, organization, association,
- 10 corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited partnership,
- 11 limited liability partnership, limited liability company or
- 12 other entity or business association, including a wholly owned
- 13 subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company or
- 14 affiliate of such entities or business associations, that exists
- 15 for profit-making purposes.
- 16 "Complicit." Taking actions during any preceding 20-month
- 17 period that have directly supported or promoted the genocidal
- 18 campaign in Darfur, including, but not limited to:
- 19 (1) preventing members of Darfur's victimized population
- 20 from communicating with each other;
- 21 (2) encouraging Sudanese citizens to speak out against
- 22 an internationally approved security force for Darfur;
- 23 (3) actively working to deny, cover-up or alter the
- 24 record on human rights abuses in Darfur; or
- 25 (4) other similar actions.
- 26 "Direct holdings in a company." All securities of that
- 27 company held directly by the public fund in an account or fund
- 28 in which the public fund owns all shares or interests.
- "Government of Sudan." The government in Khartoum, Sudan,
- 30 which is led by the National Congress Party, formerly known as

- 1 the National Islamic Front, or any successor government formed
- 2 on or after October 13, 2006, including the coalition National
- 3 Unity Government agreed upon in the Comprehensive Peace
- 4 Agreement for Sudan. The term does not include the regional
- 5 government of southern Sudan.
- 6 "Inactive business operations." The mere continued holding
- 7 or renewal of rights to property previously operated for the
- 8 purpose of generating revenues but not presently deployed for
- 9 such purpose.
- "Indirect holdings in a company." All securities of that
- 11 company held in an account or fund, such as a mutual fund,
- 12 managed by one or more persons not employed by a public fund, in
- 13 which the public fund owns shares or interests together with
- 14 other investors not subject to the provisions of this act.
- 15 "Marginalized populations of Sudan." Includes, but are not
- 16 limited to:
- 17 (1) the portion of the population in the Darfur region
- that has been genocidally victimized;
- 19 (2) the portion of the population of southern Sudan
- 20 victimized by Sudan's North-South civil war;
- 21 (3) the Beja, Rashidiya and other similarly underserved
- 22 groups of eastern Sudan;
- 23 (4) the Nubian and other similarly underserved groups in
- 24 Sudan's Abyei, Southern Blue Nile and Nuba Mountain regions;
- 25 and
- 26 (5) the Amri, Hamadab, Manasir and other similarly
- 27 underserved groups of northern Sudan.
- 28 "Military equipment." Weapons, arms, military supplies and
- 29 equipment that readily may be used for military purposes,
- 30 including radar systems or military-grade transport vehicles or

- 1 supplies or services sold or provided directly or indirectly to
- 2 any force actively participating in armed conflict in Sudan.
- 3 "Mineral extraction activities." Includes exploring,
- 4 extracting, processing, transporting or wholesale selling or
- 5 trading of elemental minerals or associated metal alloys or
- 6 oxides (ore), including gold, copper, chromium, chromite,
- 7 diamonds, iron, iron ore, silver, tungsten, uranium and zinc, as
- 8 well as facilitating such activities, including by providing
- 9 supplies or services in support of such activities.
- "Oil-related activities." Includes, but are not limited to:
- 11 (1) owning rights to oil blocks;
- 12 (2) exporting, extracting, producing, refining,
- processing, exploring for, transporting, selling or trading
- 14 oil;
- 15 (3) constructing, maintaining or operating a pipeline,
- 16 refinery or other oil-field infrastructure; or
- 17 (4) facilitating such activities, including by providing
- 18 supplies or services in support of such activities, except
- 19 that the mere retail sale of gasoline and related consumer
- 20 products are not oil-related activities.
- 21 "Power production activities." Any business operation that
- 22 involves a project commissioned by the National Electricity
- 23 Corporation of Sudan or another similar Government of Sudan
- 24 entity whose purpose is to facilitate power generation and
- 25 delivery, including, but not limited to, establishing power-
- 26 generating plants or hydroelectric dams, selling or installing
- 27 components for the project, and providing service contracts
- 28 related to the installation or maintenance of the project, as
- 29 well as facilitating such activities, including by providing
- 30 supplies or services in support of such activities.

- 1 "Public fund." A Commonwealth fund, including the State
- 2 Employees' Retirement Fund and the Public School Employees'
- 3 Retirement Fund. The term includes the State entity responsible
- 4 for administering the fund.
- 5 "Scrutinized company." A company that:
- 6 (1) engages in scrutinized business operations described
- 7 under section 4; or
- 8 (2) is complicit in the Darfur genocide.
- 9 "Social development company." A company whose primary
- 10 purpose in Sudan is to provide humanitarian goods or services,
- 11 including medicine or medical equipment, agricultural supplies
- 12 or infrastructure, educational opportunities, journalism-related
- 13 activities, information or information materials, spiritual-
- 14 related activities, services of a purely clerical or reporting
- 15 nature, food, clothing or general consumer goods that are
- 16 unrelated to oil-related activities, mineral extraction
- 17 activities or power production activities.
- 18 "Substantial action." Adopting, publicizing and implementing
- 19 a formal plan to cease scrutinized business operations within
- 20 one year and to refrain from any such new business operations,
- 21 undertaking humanitarian efforts in conjunction with an
- 22 international organization, the Government of Sudan, the
- 23 regional Government of Southern Sudan or a nonprofit entity and
- 24 evaluated and certified by an independent third party to be
- 25 substantial in relationship to the company's Sudan business
- 26 operations and of benefit to one or more marginalized
- 27 populations of Sudan, or, through engagement with the Government
- 28 of Sudan, materially improving conditions for the genocidally
- 29 victimized population in Darfur.
- 30 Section 4. Scrutinized business operations.

- 1 (a) General rule.--A company engages in scrutinized business 2 operations if:
- (1) the company has business operations that involve
  contracts with or providing supplies or services to the
  Government of Sudan, a company in which the Government of
  Sudan has any direct or indirect equity share, a Government
  of Sudan-commissioned consortium or project or a company
  involved in a Government of Sudan-commissioned consortium or
- (i) more than 10% of the company's revenues or 10 assets linked to Sudan involve oil-related activities or 11 12 mineral extraction activities, less than 75% of the 13 company's revenues or assets linked to Sudan involve contracts with or provision of oil-related or mineral 14 15 extracting products or services to the regional government of southern Sudan or a project or consortium 16 17 created exclusively by that regional government and the 18 company has failed to take substantial action; or
  - (ii) more than 10% of the company's revenues or assets linked to Sudan involve power production activities, less than 75% of the company's power production activities include projects whose intent is to provide power or electricity to the marginalized populations of Sudan and the company has failed to take substantial action; or
  - (2) the company supplies military equipment within Sudan, unless:
- (i) the company clearly shows that the military
  equipment cannot be used to facilitate offensive military
  actions in Sudan; or

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project and:

- 1 (ii) the company implements rigorous and verifiable safeguards to prevent use of that equipment by forces 2 3 actively participating in armed conflict, including: 4 (A) using post-sale tracking of such equipment 5 by the company; (B) certification from a reputable and objective 6 third party that such equipment is not being used by 7 8 a party participating in armed conflict in Sudan; or (C) selling such equipment solely to the 9 10 regional government of southern Sudan or any 11 internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization. 12 13 Social development company .-- Notwithstanding any other 14 provision of this act, a social development company that is not 15 complicit in the Darfur genocide may not be considered a 16 scrutinized company. 17 Section 5. Identification of companies. 18 Identification. -- Within 90 days following the effective date of this act, the public fund shall make its best efforts to 19 20 identify all scrutinized companies in which the public fund has direct or indirect holdings or could possibly have such holdings 21 22 in the future. Efforts shall include, as appropriate, any of the 23 following:
- (1) reviewing and relying, as appropriate in the public fund's judgment, on publicly available information regarding companies with business operations in Sudan, including information provided by nonprofit organizations, research firms, international organizations and government entities;
- 29 (2) contacting asset managers contracted by the public 30 fund that invest in companies with business operations in

- 1 Sudan; or
- 2 (3) contacting other institutional investors that have
- 3 divested from or engaged with companies that have business
- 4 operations in Sudan.
- 5 (b) List.--By the first meeting of the public fund following
- 6 the 90-day period described in subsection (a), the public fund
- 7 shall assemble all scrutinized companies identified into a
- 8 scrutinized companies list.
- 9 (c) Update.--The public fund shall update the scrutinized
- 10 companies list on a quarterly basis based on evolving
- 11 information from, among other sources, those listed in
- 12 subsection (a).
- 13 Section 6. Required actions.
- 14 (a) Engagement.--The public fund shall adhere to the
- 15 following procedure for companies on the scrutinized companies
- 16 list:
- 17 (1) The public fund shall immediately determine the
- 18 companies on the scrutinized companies list in which the
- 19 public fund owns direct or indirect holdings.
- 20 (2) For each company identified in paragraph (1) with
- only inactive business operations, the public fund shall send
- 22 a written notice informing the company of this act and
- 23 encouraging it to continue to refrain from initiating active
- 24 business operations in Sudan until it is able to avoid
- 25 scrutinized business operations. The public fund shall
- 26 continue such correspondence on a semiannual basis.
- 27 (3) For each company newly identified in paragraph (1)
- 28 with active business operations, the public fund shall send a
- 29 written notice informing the company of its scrutinized
- 30 company status and that it may become subject to divestment

- 1 by the public fund. The notice shall offer the company the
- 2 opportunity to clarify its Sudan-related activities and shall
- 3 encourage the company, within 90 days, to either cease its
- 4 scrutinized business operations or convert the operations to
- 5 inactive business operations in order to avoid qualifying for
- 6 divestment by the public fund.
- 7 (4) If, within 90 days following the public fund's first
- 8 engagement with a company pursuant to paragraph (3), that
- 9 company ceases scrutinized business operations, the company
- shall be removed from the scrutinized companies list and the
- 11 provisions of this section shall cease to apply to it unless
- 12 it resumes scrutinized business operations. If, within 90
- days following the public fund's first engagement, the
- 14 company converts its scrutinized active business operations
- to inactive business operations, the company shall be subject
- 16 to all provisions relating thereto.
- 17 (b) Divestment.--The public fund shall adhere to the
- 18 following procedure for companies on the scrutinized companies
- 19 list:
- 20 (1) If, after 90 days following the public fund's first
- engagement with a company pursuant to subsection (a)(3), the
- 22 company continues to have scrutinized active business
- 23 operations, and only while the company continues to have
- 24 scrutinized active business operations, the public fund shall
- sell, redeem, divest or withdraw all publicly traded
- 26 securities of the company, except as provided, according to
- the following schedule:
- 28 (i) At least 50% of such assets shall be removed
- from the public fund's assets under management by nine
- 30 months after the company's most recent appearance on the

- 1 scrutinized companies list.
- 2 (ii) 100% of such assets shall be removed from the
- 3 public fund's assets under management within 15 months
- 4 after the company's most recent appearance on the
- 5 scrutinized companies list.
- 6 (2) If a company that ceased scrutinized active business
- 7 operations following engagement pursuant to subsection (a)(3)
- 8 resumes such operations, paragraph (1) shall immediately
- 9 apply, and the public fund shall send a written notice to the
- 10 company. The company shall also be immediately reintroduced
- onto the scrutinized companies list.
- 12 (c) Prohibition.--At no time shall the public fund acquire
- 13 securities of companies on the scrutinized companies list that
- 14 have active business operations, except as provided in
- 15 subsection (d).
- 16 (d) Exemption. -- No company which the United States
- 17 Government affirmatively declares to be excluded from its
- 18 present or any future Federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan
- 19 shall be subject to divestment or investment prohibition
- 20 pursuant to subsections (b) and (c).
- 21 (e) Excluded securities. -- Notwithstanding any provision of
- 22 this act to the contrary, subsections (b) and (c) shall not
- 23 apply to indirect holdings in actively managed investment funds.
- 24 The public fund shall, however, submit letters to the managers
- 25 of such investment funds containing companies with scrutinized
- 26 active business operations requesting that they consider
- 27 removing such companies from the fund or create a similar
- 28 actively managed fund with indirect holdings devoid of such
- 29 companies. If the manager creates a similar fund, the public
- 30 fund shall replace all applicable investments with investments

- 1 in the similar fund in an expedited time frame consistent with
- 2 prudent investing standards. For the purposes of this section,
- 3 "private equity" funds shall be deemed to be actively managed
- 4 investment funds.
- 5 Section 7. Reporting.
- 6 (a) Initial report. -- The public fund shall file a publicly
- 7 available report to the General Assembly and the Attorney
- 8 General AUDITOR GENERAL that includes the scrutinized companies <---

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- 9 list within 30 days after the list is created.
- 10 (b) Subsequent reports.--Annually thereafter, the public
- 11 fund shall file a publicly available report to the General
- 12 Assembly and the Attorney General AUDITOR GENERAL and send a
- 13 copy of that report to the United States Presidential Special
- 14 Envoy to Sudan, or an appropriate designee or successor, that
- 15 includes:
- 16 (1) A summary of correspondence with companies engaged
- by the public fund under section 6(a)(2) and (3).
- 18 (2) All investments sold, redeemed, divested or
- 19 withdrawn in compliance with section 6(b).
- 20 (3) All prohibited investments under section 6(c).
- 21 (4) Any progress made under section 6(e).
- 22 Section 8. Expiration.
- 23 This act shall expire upon the occurrence of any of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (1) The Congress or President of the United States
- 26 declares that the Darfur genocide has been halted for at
- 27 least 12 months.
- 28 (2) The United States revokes all sanctions imposed
- 29 against the Government of Sudan.
- 30 (3) The Congress or President of the United States

- declares that the Government of Sudan has honored its
- 2 commitments to cease attacks on civilians, demobilize and
- demilitarize the Janjaweed and associated militias, grant
- 4 free and unfettered access for deliveries of humanitarian
- 5 assistance and allow for the safe and voluntary return of
- 6 refugees and internally displaced persons.
- 7 (4) The Congress or President of the United States,
- 8 through legislation or executive order, declares that
- 9 mandatory divestment of the type provided for in this act
- interferes with the conduct of United States foreign policy.
- 11 Section 9. Other legal obligations.
- 12 With respect to actions taken in compliance with this act,
- 13 including all good faith determinations regarding companies as
- 14 required by this act, the public fund shall be exempt from any
- 15 conflicting statutory or common law obligations, including any
- 16 obligations in respect to choice of asset managers, investment
- 17 funds or investments for the public fund's securities
- 18 portfolios.
- 19 Section 10. Reinvestment in certain companies with scrutinized
- 20 active business operations.
- 21 (a) Reinvestment.--Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 22 this act to the contrary, the public fund shall be permitted to
- 23 cease divesting from certain scrutinized companies pursuant to
- 24 section 6(b) or reinvest in certain scrutinized companies from
- 25 which it divested pursuant to section 6(b) if clear and
- 26 convincing evidence shows that the value for all assets under
- 27 management by the public fund becomes equal to or less than
- 28 99.50% (50 basis points) of the hypothetical value of all assets
- 29 under management by the public fund assuming no divestment for
- 30 any company had occurred under section 6(b).

- 1 (b) Limitation.--Cessation of divestment, reinvestment or
- 2 any subsequent ongoing investment authorized by this section
- 3 shall be strictly limited to the minimum steps necessary to
- 4 avoid the contingency set forth in subsection (a).
- 5 (c) Report.--For any cessation of divestment, reinvestment
- 6 or subsequent ongoing investment authorized by this section, the
- 7 public fund shall provide a written report to the General
- 8 Assembly and the Attorney General AUDITOR GENERAL in advance of <-
- 9 initial reinvestment, updated semiannually thereafter as
- 10 applicable, setting forth the reasons and justification,
- 11 supported by clear and convincing evidence, for its decisions to
- 12 cease divestment, reinvest or remain invested in companies with
- 13 scrutinized active business operations.
- 14 (d) Application. -- This section has no application to
- 15 reinvestment in companies on the ground that have ceased to have
- 16 scrutinized active business operations.
- 17 SECTION 11. INDEMNIFICATION.
- 18 (A) GENERAL RULE. -- EACH INDEMNITEE SHALL BE INDEMNIFIED AND

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- 19 HELD HARMLESS BY THE COMMONWEALTH FOR ALL GOOD FAITH ACTIONS
- 20 TAKEN BY THE INDEMNITEE AND FOR ALL GOOD FAITH FAILURES TO TAKE
- 21 ACTION, REGARDLESS OF THE DATE OF ANY SUCH ACTION OR FAILURE TO
- 22 TAKE ACTION; IN CONNECTION WITH ATTEMPTS TO COMPLY WITH ANY
- 23 INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY STATUTE AGAINST ALL EXPENSE,
- 24 LIABILITY AND LOSS, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ATTORNEY
- 25 FEES, JUDGMENTS, FINES, TAXES, PENALTIES AND AMOUNTS PAID OR TO
- 26 BE PAID IN SETTLEMENTS REASONABLY INCURRED OR SUFFERED BY THE
- 27 INDEMNITEE IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PROCEEDING.
- 28 (B) ADVANCE PAYMENT.--THE RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED
- 29 IN THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE EXPENSES
- 30 REASONABLY INCURRED BY THE INDEMNITEE IN DEFENDING ANY

- 1 PROCEEDING PAID BY THE COMMONWEALTH IN ADVANCE OF THE FINAL
- 2 DISPOSITION OF THE PROCEEDING UPON THE RECEIPT BY THE
- 3 COMMONWEALTH OF A WRITTEN UNDERTAKING BY THE INDEMNITEE TO
- 4 REFUND THE AMOUNTS SO ADVANCED IF IT IS ULTIMATELY DETERMINED
- 5 THAT THE INDEMNITEE IS NOT ENTITLED TO INDEMNIFICATION UNDER
- 6 THIS SECTION.
- 7 (C) PERSONS ENTITLED.--INDEMNIFICATION PURSUANT TO THIS
- 8 SECTION SHALL CONTINUE AS TO AN INDEMNITEE WHO HAS CEASED TO BE
- 9 A BOARD MEMBER, DESIGNEE OF A BOARD MEMBER, OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE
- 10 OF A PUBLIC FUND AND SHALL INURE TO THE BENEFIT OF SUCH PERSON'S
- 11 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES, HEIRS, EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.
- 12 (D) REIMBURSEMENT TO PUBLIC FUNDS.--TO THE EXTENT THAT THE
- 13 COMMONWEALTH DOES NOT MAKE ANY INDEMNIFICATION PAYMENTS,
- 14 INCLUDING ANY ADVANCEMENT OF LEGAL FEES AND EXPENSES, WITHIN 30
- 15 DAYS OF DEMAND THEREFORE, A PUBLIC FUND SHALL MAKE SUCH PAYMENT
- 16 AND THE COMMONWEALTH SHALL REIMBURSE THE PUBLIC FUND.
- 17 (E) CONSTRUCTION. -- THE REPEAL OR AMENDMENT OF ANY PROVISION
- 18 OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT LIMIT THE RIGHTS OF ANY INDEMNITEE TO
- 19 INDEMNIFICATION, INCLUDING ADVANCEMENT OF EXPENSES, WITH RESPECT
- 20 TO ANY ACTION OR FAILURE TO ACT OCCURRING PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE
- 21 DATE OF SUCH REPEAL OR AMENDMENT.
- 22 (F) DEFINITIONS.--AS USED IN THIS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING
- 23 WORDS AND PHRASES SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS GIVEN TO THEM IN THIS
- 24 SUBSECTION:
- 25 "INDEMNITEE." EACH CURRENT OR FORMER BOARD MEMBER, DULY
- 26 APPOINTED DESIGNEE OF A BOARD MEMBER, OFFICER, EMPLOYEE,
- 27 INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE ATTORNEYS IN THE OFFICE OF
- 28 CHIEF COUNSEL THAT SERVE A PUBLIC FUND, AGENT, RESEARCH FIRM, OR
- 29 INVESTMENT MANAGER OF A PUBLIC FUND WHO WAS OR IS A PARTY TO, OR
- 30 IS THREATENED TO BE MADE A PARTY TO, OR IS OTHERWISE INVOLVED

- IN, ANY PROCEEDING, BY REASON OF THE FACT THAT THE PERSON IS OR 1
- 2 WAS A BOARD MEMBER, DESIGNEE OF A BOARD MEMBER, OFFICER,
- 3 EMPLOYEE, AGENT, RESEARCH FIRM OR INVESTMENT MANAGER OF A PUBLIC
- 4 FUND.
- 5 "PROCEEDING." ANY THREATENED, PENDING OR COMPLETED ACTION,
- SUIT OR PROCEEDING, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, AN ACTION, 6
- SUIT OR PROCEEDING BY OR IN THE RIGHT OF A PUBLIC FUND, RELATING 7
- TO COMPLIANCE WITH ANY INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY
- STATUTE, WHETHER CIVIL, CRIMINAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, INVESTIGATIVE
- 10 OR THROUGH ARBITRATION.
- 11 Section 11. Enforcement.
- 12 The Attorney General is charged with enforcing the provisions

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- 13 of this act and through any lawful designee may bring such
- 14 actions in court as are necessary.
- 15 SECTION 12. AUDITS.
- 16 THE AUDITOR GENERAL SHALL CONDUCT AN ANNUAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT
- 17 OF EACH PUBLIC FUND SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT. THE
- 18 AUDITOR GENERAL MAY REFER ANY FINDING OF AN AUDIT CONDUCTED
- 19 UNDER THIS SECTION TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR INVESTIGATION.
- 20 Section  $\frac{12}{13}$  13. Effective date.
- 21 This act shall take effect in 60 days.