THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1082 Session of 2005

INTRODUCED BY SURRA, CAUSER, HANNA, GEORGE, BEBKO-JONES, BELFANTI, BIANCUCCI, BOYD, BROWNE, BUNT, BUXTON, CALTAGIRONE, CAPPELLI, CREIGHTON, DALLY, DeWEESE, EACHUS, FABRIZIO, FLEAGLE, FREEMAN, GERBER, GOOD, GOODMAN, GRUCELA, JAMES, JOSEPHS, LEVDANSKY, MARKOSEK, McCALL, McILHATTAN, MUNDY, PETRARCA, PETRONE, PICKETT, READSHAW, RUBLEY, SAINATO, SHANER, B. SMITH, STABACK, TANGRETTI, THOMAS, TIGUE, WASHINGTON, WHEATLEY, YOUNGBLOOD AND YUDICHAK, MARCH 23, 2005

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, MARCH 23, 2005

AN ACT

Amending the act of December 31, 1965 (P.L.1257, No.511), 1 2 entitled "An act empowering cities of the second class, 3 cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, townships of the first class, townships of 4 the second class, school districts of the second class, 5 б school districts of the third class and school districts of 7 the fourth class including independent school districts, to 8 levy, assess, collect or to provide for the levying, assessment and collection of certain taxes subject to maximum 9 10 limitations for general revenue purposes; authorizing the 11 establishment of bureaus and the appointment and compensation 12 of officers, agencies and employes to assess and collect such 13 taxes; providing for joint collection of certain taxes, prescribing certain definitions and other provisions for 14 15 taxes levied and assessed upon earned income, providing for annual audits and for collection of delinquent taxes, and 16 17 permitting and requiring penalties to be imposed and 18 enforced, including penalties for disclosure of confidential information, providing an appeal from the ordinance or 19 20 resolution levying such taxes to the court of quarter 21 sessions and to the Supreme Court and Superior Court," 22 further providing for delegation of taxing power.

23 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

24 hereby enacts as follows:

25 Section 1. Section 2(9) of the act of December 31, 1965

(P.L.1257, No.511), known as The Local Tax Enabling Act, amended 1 December 1, 2004 (P.L.1729, No.222), is amended to read: 2 3 Section 2. Delegation of Taxing Powers and Restrictions 4 Thereon. -- The duly constituted authorities of the following 5 political subdivisions, cities of the second class, cities of the second class A, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, 6 townships of the first class, townships of the second class, 7 8 school districts of the second class, school districts of the third class, and school districts of the fourth class, in all 9 10 cases including independent school districts, may, in their 11 discretion, by ordinance or resolution, for general revenue 12 purposes, levy, assess and collect or provide for the levying, 13 assessment and collection of such taxes as they shall determine 14 on persons, transactions, occupations, privileges, subjects and 15 personal property within the limits of such political 16 subdivisions, and upon the transfer of real property, or of any 17 interest in real property, situate within the political 18 subdivision levying and assessing the tax, regardless of where 19 the instruments making the transfers are made, executed or 20 delivered or where the actual settlements on such transfer take 21 place. The taxing authority may provide that the transferee 22 shall remain liable for any unpaid realty transfer taxes imposed by virtue of this act. Each local taxing authority may, by 23 ordinance or resolution, exempt any person whose total income 24 25 from all sources is less than twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000) 26 per annum from the per capita or similar head tax, occupation 27 tax and emergency and municipal services tax, or earned income 28 tax, or any portion thereof, and may adopt regulations for the 29 processing of claims for exemptions. Such local authorities 30 shall not have authority by virtue of this act: - 2 -20050H1082B1240

1 * * *

(9) To levy, assess or collect any tax [on individuals] for
the privilege of engaging in an occupation (emergency and
municipal services tax) on an individual who earns at least
<u>three thousand dollars (\$3,000) gross income in a taxable year,</u>
except that such a tax may be levied, assessed and collected
only by the political subdivision of the taxpayer's place of
employment.

9 Payment of any emergency and municipal services tax to any 10 political subdivision by any person pursuant to an ordinance or 11 resolution passed or adopted under the authority of this act 12 shall be no less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than fifty-two 13 dollars (\$52) on each person for each calendar year.

14 The situs of such tax shall be the place of employment, but, 15 in the event a person is engaged in more than one occupation, or 16 an occupation which requires his working in more than one 17 political subdivision during the calendar year, the priority of 18 claim to collect such emergency and municipal services tax shall be in the following order: first, the political subdivision in 19 20 which a person maintains his principal office or is principally 21 employed; second, the political subdivision in which the person 22 resides and works, if such a tax is levied by that political 23 subdivision; third, the political subdivision in which a person 24 is employed and which imposes the tax nearest in miles to the 25 person's home. The place of employment shall be determined as of 26 the day the taxpayer first becomes subject to the tax during the 27 calendar year.

It is the intent of this provision that no person shall pay more than fifty-two dollars (\$52) in any calendar year as an emergency and municipal services tax irrespective of the number 20050H1082B1240 - 3 - of political subdivisions within which such person may be
 employed within any given calendar year.

3 In case of dispute, a tax receipt of the taxing authority for 4 that calendar year declaring that the taxpayer has made prior 5 payment which constitutes prima facie certification of payment 6 to all other political subdivisions.

7 * * *

8 Section 2. The amendment of section 2(9) of the act shall 9 apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005.

10 Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.