THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 2015 Session of 2003

INTRODUCED BY MAHER, DeLUCA, GERGELY, HABAY, MARKOSEK, MUSTIO AND TURZAI, SEPTEMBER 29, 2003

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT, SEPTEMBER 29, 2003

AN ACT

Amending the act of July 10, 1987 (P.L.246, No.47), entitled "An act empowering the Department of Community Affairs to declare 3 certain municipalities as financially distressed; providing for the restructuring of debt of financially distressed 5 municipalities; limiting the ability of financially distressed municipalities to obtain government funding; 7 authorizing municipalities to participate in Federal debt 8 adjustment actions and bankruptcy actions under certain 9 circumstances; and providing for consolidation or merger of contiguous municipalities to relieve financial distress," 10 further providing for the right of a municipality to petition 11 the court for an increase in the rate of taxation. 12 13 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 14 hereby enacts as follows: 15 Section 1. Section 123(c) of the act of July 10, 1987 16 (P.L.246, No.47), known as the Municipalities Financial Recovery 17 Act, amended July 11, 1996 (P.L.645, No.108), is amended to 18 read: 19 Section 123. Powers and duties of municipalities. 20 21 (c) Right to petition court for tax increase. --22 (1) After a municipality has adopted a plan under

Subchapter C of Chapter 2, it may petition the court of

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common pleas of the county in which the municipality is
located to increase its rates of taxation for earned income,
real property, or both, beyond maximum rates provided by law.

- (2) If a tax increase above existing limits is granted by the courts, the increase shall be effective for a period of one year. The one-year increase shall run from the date specified in the petition filed with the court or, if no such date is specified, from the beginning of the current fiscal year of the municipality. Subsequent increases in rates of taxation may be granted by the court upon annual petition of the municipality. The additional amount of taxes resulting from the petition shall not be subject to sharing with a school district.
- (3) A petition filed by a city of the <u>second class or</u> second class A under this subsection may not include an increase in a tax on nonresident income unless the municipality certifies to the court, with regard to those provisions of the plan having a measurable fiscal impact, that:
 - (i) the municipality has substantially implemented the provisions which are within the authority of the chief executive officer or governing body, including, but not limited to, provisions of the plan that call for increasing existing tax rates levied on residents and increasing fees charged by the municipality;
 - (ii) the municipality has taken those actions required to obtain the approval of other parties for those provisions which may not be implemented without such approval, including, but not limited to, the approval of a court, local electors or any collective

- 1 bargaining unit; and
- 2 (iii) the additional income from the aforementioned
- actions is insufficient to balance the municipal budget,
- 4 necessitating additional revenue from an increase in the
- 5 tax on nonresident income.
- 6 Section 2. This act shall take effect in 60 days.