THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 182

Session of 1999

INTRODUCED BY S. H. SMITH, GEORGE, DeWEESE, CALTAGIRONE, DALEY, DEMPSEY, COSTA, FARGO, GEIST, GIGLIOTTI, HALUSKA, HERSHEY, LEH, LESCOVITZ, McCALL, McNAUGHTON, R. MILLER, ORIE, PESCI, READSHAW, SAYLOR, SEMMEL, SHANER, SNYDER, STAIRS, STERN, TANGRETTI, E. Z. TAYLOR, WILT AND YOUNGBLOOD, MAY 11, 1999

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON RULES, MAY 11, 1999

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Encouraging regional fairness and a level playing field among states in the timing and adoption of electric utility emission control requirements for the reduction of smog; promoting fair interstate competition among electric utilities subject to Environmental Protection Agency regulations for the reduction of electric utility nitrogen oxide emissions; and requesting the Department of Environmental Protection to revise certain proposed regulations to achieve these purposes.
LO	WHEREAS, Natural and manmade emissions of nitrogen oxides
L1	(NOx) and volatile organic compounds contribute to
L2	concentrations of ozone at levels exceeding the National Ambient
L3	Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone in many areas of the
L4	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; and
L5	WHEREAS, Pennsylvania is affected by ozone created by
L6	emissions within its own borders and by the transport of ozone
L7	and its precursor emissions from other states; and
L8	WHEREAS, Pennsylvania has been a leader of national and
L9	regional efforts to reduce the interstate transport of ozone and
20	other air pollutants in order to achieve a level economic and

- 1 environmental playing field with other states in the control of
- 2 air pollution; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Unilateral emission reductions by Pennsylvania
- 4 sources would not meet air quality objectives and would
- 5 undermine Pennsylvania employment and industrial
- 6 competitiveness; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Electric utilities in Pennsylvania have reduced
- 8 emissions of NOx by approximately 45% from 1990 levels pursuant
- 9 to requirements in the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990
- 10 for the installation of Reasonably Available Control Technology
- 11 (RACT) in compliance with regulations promulgated by the former
- 12 Department of Environmental Resources (24 Pa.B. 459, January 15,
- 13 1994); and
- 14 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania and ten other member states of the
- 15 Northeast Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) established by the
- 16 Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 agreed to a schedule of further
- 17 NOx emission reductions for electric utilities pursuant to a
- 18 Memorandum of Understanding dated September 27, 1994; and
- 19 WHEREAS, The OTC Memorandum of Understanding contemplated the
- 20 installation of RACT by electric utilities in the 12 states of
- 21 the Northeast Ozone Transport Region established by the Clean
- 22 Air Act Amendment of 1990 followed by additional Phase II
- 23 emission reductions commencing in May 1999 and by further Phase
- 24 III emission reductions commencing in May 2003; and
- 25 WHEREAS, Comparable reduction timetables for electric utility
- 26 emissions have not yet been established by states outside of the
- 27 Northeast Ozone Transport Region; and
- 28 WHEREAS, The Department of Environmental Protection
- 29 promulgated regulations for the implementation of Phase II
- 30 emission reductions by Pennsylvania electric utilities (27 Pa.B.

- 1 5683, November 1, 1997), requiring emission reductions of 55% to
- 2 65% from 1990 levels, depending upon plant location, commencing
- 3 May 1, 1999; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Similar Phase II regulations promulgated by
- 5 neighboring states of the Northeast OTC have been challenged
- 6 judicially and have been remanded to state environmental
- 7 agencies, with uncertain consequences for their timely
- 8 implementation; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania together with 36 other eastern states
- 10 and the District of Columbia participated in the Ozone Transport
- 11 Assessment Group (OTAG) process organized by the United States
- 12 Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from 1995 to 1997 in an
- 13 effort to determine the causes and extent of ozone transport
- 14 contributing to nonattainment of the NAAQS for ozone in
- 15 Pennsylvania and other states; and
- 16 WHEREAS, Based upon the findings of the OTAG process and its
- 17 own analyses, the EPA has promulgated a regional ozone transport
- 18 rule (the SIP Call) for the control of electric utility and
- 19 industrial boiler NOx emissions in a 22-state region including
- 20 Pennsylvania, other states in the Northeast Ozone Transport
- 21 Region (except Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont and several
- 22 states located to the west and south of Pennsylvania that are
- 23 not subject to the OTC Memorandum of Understanding (63 FR 57356,
- 24 October 27, 1998); and
- 25 WHEREAS, The EPA has determined that emissions from electric
- 26 utilities and other major stationary sources in the 22 states
- 27 subject to the SIP Call, including Pennsylvania, contribute
- 28 significantly to nonattainment of the NAAQS for ozone in
- 29 Pennsylvania and other states and has prescribed a schedule of
- 30 emission reductions for industries in these states commencing

- 1 May 1, 2003; and
- 2 WHEREAS, The OTC has determined that the SIP Call would
- 3 restrict electric utility emissions of NOx in the 22-state
- 4 region to a level and on a timetable comparable to that required
- 5 by Phase III of the OTC Memorandum of Understanding; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Several upwind states and industries have petitioned
- 7 the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
- 8 Circuit for judicial review of the EPA's SIP Call, have
- 9 petitioned the court for a stay and extension of certain
- 10 regulatory deadlines under the SIP Call and have offered
- 11 emission reduction proposals different than those contained in
- 12 the SIP Call; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Final decisions on the merits of these petitions are
- 14 not anticipated prior to the year 2000, with uncertain
- 15 implications for the timely implementation in the SIP Call; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The EPA has proposed to implement Federal
- 17 Implementation Plans in states subject to the SIP Call that do
- 18 not submit approvable SIP revisions by September 30, 1999 (63 FR
- 19 56394, October 21, 1998); and
- 20 WHEREAS, On August 14, 1997, Governor Ridge filed a petition
- 21 with the Administrator of the EPA pursuant to section 126 of the
- 22 Clean Air Act seeking abatement of emissions in certain upwind
- 23 states determined by OTAG and by independent analyses to
- 24 contribute to nonattainment of the NAAQS for ozone in
- 25 Pennsylvania; and
- 26 WHEREAS, On April 30, 1999, the EPA took final action on
- 27 several section 126 petitions that had been filed by
- 28 northeastern states and determined that six of the eight
- 29 petitions, including that filed by Pennsylvania, were partially
- 30 approvable based on technical considerations and that sources in

- 1 19 states and the District of Columbia significantly contribute
- 2 to nonattainment or interfere with the ability of states to
- 3 maintain clean air, in one or more of the petitioning states;
- 4 and
- 5 WHEREAS, The EPA has deferred fully granting the relief
- 6 sought in Pennsylvania's section 126 petition in order to give
- 7 affected states an opportunity to comply with the NOx SIP Call,
- 8 including the submission of State Implementation Plans in
- 9 September 1999; and
- 10 WHEREAS, Implementation of the SIP Call on a consistent
- 11 timetable within a 22-state region is necessary for attainment
- 12 of the NAAQS for ozone in Pennsylvania, to the benefit of our
- 13 public health and environment, and would help establish a level
- 14 environmental playing field for industries in all states subject
- 15 to the rule; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The Department of Environmental Protection has
- 17 proposed regulations to implement the SIP Call (29 Pa.B. 1319,
- 18 March 6, 1999), adopting with minor modifications the SIP Call
- 19 requirements promulgated by the EPA on October 27, 1998; and
- 20 WHEREAS, The electric utility NOx emission reductions called
- 21 for by Phase III of the OTC Memorandum of Understanding would be
- 22 duplicative of those required by the SIP Call but would not be
- 23 applicable to all 22 states in the geographic region determined
- 24 by the EPA to contribute to nonattainment of the NAAQS for ozone
- 25 in Pennsylvania; and
- 26 WHEREAS, The Electricity Generation Customer Choice and
- 27 Competition Act (Act 138 of 1996) was signed by Governor Ridge
- 28 on December 3, 1996, setting in motion the restructuring of this
- 29 Commonwealth's electric utility industry and establishing
- 30 standards and procedures to create direct access by retail

- 1 customers to the competitive market for the generation of
- 2 electricity, while maintaining the safety and reliability of the
- 3 electric system; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Fair competition in the deregulated electric market
- 5 assumes the existence of a level playing field in which electric
- 6 generation suppliers can compete equally; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Fair competition in a restructured electric supply
- 8 market would be impeded by programs or policies that place in-
- 9 State electric generation suppliers at a competitive
- 10 disadvantage to out-of-State generators; and
- 11 WHEREAS, In view of the interstate nature of the electric
- 12 power market, the interests of Pennsylvania electric consumers
- 13 and the environment are best served by an equitable level
- 14 playing field among adjacent states for the imposition of
- 15 environmental control requirements exceeding those called for by
- 16 Phase II of the OTC Memorandum of Understanding; and
- 17 WHEREAS, The emission reductions for electric utilities in
- 18 the Northeast contemplated by Phase III of the OTC Memorandum of
- 19 Understanding apply to the same pollutant from the same category
- 20 of sources as EPA's SIP Call, and the goal of Phase III of the
- 21 Memorandum of Understanding would be better served by
- 22 simultaneous and comparable emission reductions throughout the
- 23 broader 22-state region subject to the SIP Call; therefore be it
- 24 RESOLVED (the Senate concurring), That the General Assembly
- 25 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania urge that in order to
- 26 protect the public health of Pennsylvania's citizens,
- 27 particularly in the Philadelphia severe ozone nonattainment
- 28 area, the 22-state reductions in NOx emissions described in the
- 29 EPA's Regional Ozone Transport Rulemaking (63 FR 57356, October
- 30 27, 1998) must be achieved; and be it further

- 1 RESOLVED, That compliance with the requirements of the final
- 2 SIP Call, as promulgated or subsequently revised by the EPA, be
- 3 considered by the Department of Environmental Protection for
- 4 regulatory purposes as being in fulfillment of Pennsylvania's
- 5 remaining obligations under the OTC Memorandum of Understanding;
- 6 and be it further
- 7 RESOLVED, That the Department of Environmental Protection
- 8 revise its proposed regulations implementing the SIP Call (29
- 9 Pa.B. 1319, March 6, 1999) to give effect to the purpose and
- 10 intent of this resolution, namely, to ensure that major fossil-
- 11 fired steam electric generating units in Pennsylvania are not
- 12 subject to emission control requirements more stringent than, or
- 13 on a compliance schedule sooner than, those required by Phase II
- 14 of the OTC Memorandum of Understanding, until and unless similar
- 15 generating units in each state adjacent to Pennsylvania are
- 16 subject to a comparable schedule of equivalent emission control
- 17 requirements established in approved State Implementation Plans
- 18 adopted in conformance with:
- 19 (1) the EPA's Regional Ozone Transport Rulemaking;
- 20 (2) the final Federal Implementation Plans promulgated
- in accordance with the EPA's proposed Ozone Transport Federal
- 22 Implementation Plan; or
- 23 (3) a final rulemaking granting the relief requested in
- the petition filed by Pennsylvania on August 14, 1997,
- 25 pursuant to section 126 of the Clean Air Act;
- 26 and be it further
- 27 RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to
- 28 Governor Thomas J. Ridge, the Secretary of the Pennsylvania
- 29 Department of Environmental Protection, the Chairman, members
- 30 and Executive Director of the Pennsylvania Public Utility

- 1 Commission, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
- 2 Agency, the Executive Director of the Northeast Ozone Transport
- 3 Commission and each member of the United States Congress from
- 4 Pennsylvania.