

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL

No. 248 Session of  
1997

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COLAFELLA, HANNA, TIGUE AND STEELMAN, FEBRUARY 5, 1997

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, FEBRUARY 5, 1997

## AN ACT

1 Authorizing counties to impose sales and use or personal income  
2 taxes or in certain circumstances a combination of both;  
3 authorizing municipalities to impose personal income and  
4 municipal service taxes; empowering municipalities to require  
5 county sales and use taxes; authorizing school districts to  
6 impose taxes on personal income; providing for the levying,  
7 assessment and collection of such taxes; providing for the  
8 powers and duties of the Department of Community and Economic  
9 Development, the Department of Revenue and the State  
10 Treasurer; and providing for limitations on spending by  
11 counties, municipalities and school districts.

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30 municipalities and school districts.

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3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
4 hereby enacts as follows:

5 CHAPTER 1

6 GENERAL PROVISIONS

7 Section 101. Short title.

8 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Optional  
9 Local Tax Enabling Act.

10 Section 102. Definitions.

11 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall  
12 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
13 context clearly indicates otherwise:

14 "Association." As defined in section 301 of the act of March  
15 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

16 "Board of county commissioners." Includes the successor in  
17 function to the board of county commissioners in a county which  
18 has adopted a home rule charter under the act of April 13, 1972  
19 (P.L.184, No.62), known as the Home Rule Charter and Optional  
20 Plans Law, but does not include the city council of a city of  
21 the first class or the board of county commissioners of a county  
22 of the second class.

23 "Business." As defined in section 301 of the act of March 4,  
24 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

25 "Classes of income." The classes of income set forth in  
26 section 303 of the act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as  
27 the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

28 "Compensation." As defined in section 301 of the act of  
29 March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of  
30 1971.

1 "County." A county-level municipality within this  
2 Commonwealth, regardless of classification. The term includes a  
3 county which has adopted a home rule charter or optional plan of  
4 government under the act of April 13, 1972 (P.L.184, No.62),  
5 known as the Home Rule Charter and Optional Plans Law. The term  
6 does not include a county of the first class or a county of the  
7 second class.

8 "Current year." The calendar year or fiscal year for which  
9 the tax is levied.

10 "Department." The Department of Revenue of the Commonwealth.

11 "Domicile." As defined in section 13 of the act of December  
12 31, 1965 (P.L.1257, No.511), known as The Local Tax Enabling  
13 Act.

14 "Employer." As defined in section 301 of the act of March 4,  
15 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

16 "Governing body." The board of county commissioners,  
17 including the successor in function to the board of county  
18 commissioners in a county which has adopted a home rule charter  
19 under the act of April 13, 1972 (P.L.184, No.62), known as the  
20 Home Rule Charter and Optional Plans Law, city council, borough  
21 council, incorporated town council, board of township  
22 commissioners, board of township supervisors, a governing  
23 council of a home rule municipality or optional plan  
24 municipality, a governing council of any similar general purpose  
25 unit of government which may hereafter be created by statute, or  
26 a board of school directors of a school district. The term does  
27 not include the city council of a city of the first class or the  
28 board of county commissioners of a county of the second class.

29 "Home rule municipality." A city, borough, incorporated town  
30 or township which has adopted a home rule charter under the act

1 of April 13, 1972 (P.L.184, No.62), known as the Home Rule  
2 Charter and Optional Plans Law.

3 "Individual." As defined in section 301 of the act of March  
4 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

5 "Local Tax Enabling Act." The act of December 31, 1965  
6 (P.L.1257, No.511), known as The Local Tax Enabling Act.

7 "Municipal service tax." A tax upon residents and  
8 nonresidents employed within a municipality.

9 "Municipality." A city of the second class, city of the  
10 second class A, city of the third class, borough, incorporated  
11 town, township of the first class, township of the second class,  
12 home rule municipality, optional plan municipality, optional  
13 form municipality or similar general purpose unit of government  
14 which may hereafter be created by statute, except a city of the  
15 first class.

16 "Nonresident." An individual domiciled outside the  
17 municipality.

18 "Optional form municipality." A city which has adopted an  
19 optional form of government under the act of July 15, 1957  
20 (P.L.901, No.399), known as the Optional Third Class City  
21 Charter Law.

22 "Optional plan municipality." A city, borough, incorporated  
23 town or township which has adopted an optional plan of  
24 government under the act of April 13, 1972 (P.L.184, No.62),  
25 known as the Home Rule Charter and Optional Plans Law.

26 "Ordinance." Includes a resolution.

27 "Personal income." The classes of income enumerated in  
28 section 303 of the act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2), known as  
29 the Tax Reform Code of 1971, and upon which is imposed a  
30 personal income tax by the Commonwealth.

1 "Preceding year." The calendar year or fiscal year before  
2 the current year.

3 "Register." The register provided for in Chapter 9.

4 "Resident individual." An individual who is domiciled in a  
5 municipality or school district.

6 "School district." A school district of the first class A,  
7 second class, third class or fourth class, including any  
8 independent school district.

9 "Succeeding year." The calendar year or fiscal year  
10 following the current year.

11 "Tax officer." The person, public employee or private agency  
12 designated by a governing body to collect and administer the  
13 municipal service tax imposed under this act.

14 "Tax Reform Code." The act of March 4, 1971 (P.L.6, No.2),  
15 known as the Tax Reform Code of 1971.

16 "Taxpayer." An individual required under this act to file a  
17 tax return or to pay a tax.

18 Section 103. Scope.

19 (a) General rule.--Except as provided in subsection (b), it  
20 is the intent of this act to confer upon each county,  
21 municipality and school district the power to levy, assess and  
22 collect taxes upon the subjects of taxation set forth in this  
23 act.

24 (b) Real estate transfer taxes.--This act does not affect  
25 the powers of a municipality or school district to levy, assess  
26 and collect a real estate transfer tax.

27 Section 104. Preemption.

28 No act of the General Assembly heretofore or hereinafter  
29 enacted shall vacate or preempt any ordinance passed or adopted  
30 under the authority of this act, or any other act, providing

1 authority for the imposition of a tax by a county, municipality  
2 or school district unless the act of the General Assembly  
3 expressly vacates or preempts the authority to pass or adopt  
4 such ordinances.

5 Section 105. Rates of taxation in home rule counties.

6 A home rule county shall not have the right or authority to  
7 fix the rate of taxation for the subjects of taxation authorized  
8 under section 311 in excess of the rates fixed in section 311.

9 CHAPTER 3

10 SUBJECTS OF TAXATION

11 SUBCHAPTER A

12 TAX AUTHORIZATION

13 Section 301. General tax authorization.

14 (a) General rule.--Subject to sections 303 and 304 and  
15 except as provided in subsection (b), each county, municipality  
16 or school district shall have the power and may by ordinance  
17 levy, assess and collect or provide for the levying, assessment  
18 and collection of such taxes on the subjects specified in this  
19 chapter for general revenue purposes as it shall determine on  
20 any or all of the subjects of taxation set forth in this act  
21 within the geographical limits of the county, municipality or  
22 school district.

23 (b) Exclusions.--No county, municipality or school district  
24 which levies a tax authorized by this act shall have any power  
25 or authority to levy, assess or collect:

26 (1) A tax based upon a flat rate or on a millage rate on  
27 an assessed valuation of a particular trade, occupation or  
28 profession, commonly known as an occupation tax.

29 (2) A tax at a set or flat rate upon persons employed  
30 within the taxing district, commonly known as an occupational



1 privilege tax.

2 (3) A per capita, poll, residence or similar head tax.

3 (4) The earned income and net profits tax levied under  
4 the Local Tax Enabling Act.

5 (5) Any other tax authorized or permitted under the  
6 Local Tax Enabling Act.

7 (6) An earned income tax under the act of August 24,  
8 1961 (P.L.1135, No.508), referred to as the First Class A  
9 School District Earned Income Tax Act, or under the  
10 additional authority in section 652.1(a)(2) of the act of  
11 March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School  
12 Code of 1949.

13 (7) Any tax under section 652.1(a)(4) of the Public  
14 School Code of 1949.

15 (8) The intangible personal property tax under the act  
16 of June 17, 1913 (P.L.507, No.335), referred to as the  
17 Intangible Personal Property Tax Law.

18 Section 302. Continuity of tax.

19 Every tax levied under the provisions of this act shall  
20 continue in force on a calendar or fiscal year basis, as the  
21 case may be, without annual reenactment unless the rate of tax  
22 is increased or the tax is subsequently repealed.

23 Section 303. Election to participate under act.

24 (a) General rule.--

25 (1) Any governing body which desires to participate  
26 under the provisions of this act shall make that  
27 determination by using either of the procedures set forth in  
28 subsection (b) or (c).

29 (2) Any governing body after making an election to  
30 participate under this act may, after a period of at least

1 three full calendar years of participation, elect, under the  
2 provisions of subsection (c), to be covered by and subject to  
3 the provisions of the act of December 31, 1965 (P.L.1257,  
4 No.511), known as The Local Tax Enabling Act.

5 (b) Adoption of ordinance.--Subject to the requirements of  
6 section 316(a) or 325(a), whichever is applicable, a governing  
7 body may elect to participate under this act by adopting an  
8 ordinance to that effect. The ordinance must set forth the  
9 initial rate of the tax to be imposed. Any governing body which  
10 uses the procedures under this subsection shall submit all  
11 future tax rate increases to public referendum as provided in  
12 section 304.

13 (c) Public referendum.--Subject to the notice and public  
14 hearing requirements of section 316(a) or 325(a), whichever is  
15 applicable, a governing body may elect to participate under this  
16 act by obtaining the approval of the electorate of the affected  
17 county, municipality or school district in a public referendum  
18 at only the November election preceding the calendar year when  
19 the taxes will be initially imposed. The referendum question  
20 must state the initial rate of the proposed tax. Any governing  
21 body which uses the procedures under this section shall not be  
22 subject to the provisions of section 304 for any future tax rate  
23 increases.

24 Section 304. Public referendum.

25 (a) General rule.--Except as provided in subsection (c), a  
26 governing body which elects to participate under this act  
27 pursuant to section 303 may not increase the rate of any tax  
28 imposed under this act or any other act without first obtaining  
29 the approval of the electorate of the affected county,  
30 municipality or school district in a public referendum at the

1 November election immediately preceding the calendar year of the  
2 proposed tax increase for entities operating on a calendar year  
3 fiscal basis and at the primary election for the calendar year  
4 of the proposed tax increase for entities operating on a July to  
5 June fiscal basis.

6 (b) Disapproval.--Whenever the electorate fails to approve  
7 the proposed referendum question increasing the rates of tax,  
8 the governing body shall be limited to the tax rate in effect  
9 prior to the referendum.

10 (c) Referendum exceptions.--The provisions of subsection (a)  
11 shall not apply to any necessary tax increases in the following  
12 cases:

13 (1) If an increase in local expenditures is necessary to  
14 respond to or recover from an emergency or disaster declared  
15 by the Governor.

16 (2) If the political subdivision is required to  
17 implement a court decision.

18 (3) To pay interest and principal on any indebtedness  
19 incurred under the act of July 12, 1972 (P.L.781, No.185),  
20 known as the Local Government Unit Debt Act.

21 (4) To pay increases in pension fund requirements which  
22 are in excess of the annual average increase over the  
23 immediately preceding five fiscal years.

24 (5) To respond to a municipality declared to be  
25 distressed under the act of July 10, 1987 (P.L.246, No.47),  
26 known as the Municipalities Financial Recovery Act.

27 (6) To respond to a school district determined to be  
28 distressed under sections 691 through 695 of the act of March  
29 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of  
30 1949.

1           (7) To increase revenues when actual revenues decline  
2       from the immediate preceding year but only to the extent of  
3       the revenue decline.

4   Section 305. Local tax study commission.

5       (a) First-year implementation.--Before any municipality,  
6   school district or county levies, assesses or collects, or  
7   provides for the levy, assessment or collection of, any tax  
8   under the authority of this act, the governing body may appoint  
9   a local tax study commission in accordance with the following  
10 provisions:

11           (1) The local tax study commission shall consist of  
12   five, seven or nine members appointed by the board. One  
13   member of the local tax study commission may be a member of  
14   the school board, as deemed appropriate by the board. No  
15   member of the local tax study commission shall be a relative,  
16   by blood or marriage, of an official or employee of the  
17   municipality, school district or county. All members shall be  
18   residents of the district. Representatives on a local tax  
19   study commission must reasonably reflect the socioeconomic,  
20   age and occupational diversity of the municipality, school  
21   district or county.

22           (2) The board shall provide necessary and reasonable  
23   staff to support the local tax study commission and shall  
24   reimburse the members of the local tax study commission for  
25   necessary and reasonable expenses in the discharge of their  
26   duties.

27           (3) The local tax study commission shall study the  
28   existing taxes levied, assessed and collected by the district  
29   and determine if and how the tax policies of the district  
30   could be strengthened or made more equitable by adopting for

1 levy, assessment and collection one or a combination of any  
2 of the following taxes: personal income tax, real estate tax,  
3 realty transfer tax or amusement tax at such levels and in  
4 such combinations on permissible subjects of taxation as do  
5 not exceed the limitations in this act. This study shall  
6 include, but not be limited to, consideration of all of the  
7 following:

8 (i) Historic rate and revenue provided by taxes  
9 currently levied, assessed and collected by the district.

10 (ii) The percentage of total revenues provided by  
11 taxes currently levied, assessed and collected.

12 (iii) The age, income, employment and property use  
13 characteristics of existing tax base.

14 (iv) The projected revenues of any taxes currently  
15 levied, assessed and collected.

16 (v) The projected revenues of any taxes referred to  
17 above not currently levied, assessed and collected by the  
18 district.

19 (4) Within 60 days of its appointment, the local tax  
20 study commission shall make a nonbinding recommendation to  
21 the board of the appropriate tax or combination of taxes,  
22 identified in paragraph (3), to be levied, assessed and  
23 collected commencing the next fiscal year. Upon appointment  
24 of the commission and except as provided for in paragraph  
25 (5), no tax may be levied, assessed or collected for the next  
26 fiscal year until receipt of the recommendation of the local  
27 tax study commission. No later than 30 days prior to the  
28 commencement of the next fiscal year, the board shall accept  
29 or reject the recommendation of the local tax study  
30 commission or adopt any other appropriate tax or combination

1 of taxes for the district commencing the next fiscal year as  
2 provided by law.

3 (5) If the local tax study commission fails to make a  
4 nonbinding recommendation within 60 days of its appointment,  
5 the board shall discharge the appointed local tax study  
6 commission and appoint itself as the local tax study  
7 commission. No later than 30 days prior to the commencement  
8 of the next fiscal year, the board shall adopt the  
9 appropriate tax or combination of taxes for the district  
10 commencing the next fiscal year as provided by law.

11 (6) The local tax study commission shall publish or  
12 cause to be published, within 30 days of making its  
13 recommendation, a final report of its activities and  
14 recommendations and shall deliver the final report to the  
15 secretary of the board who shall supply copies to any  
16 interested persons upon request.

17 (7) Receipts are required for all reimbursable expenses.

18 (8) All the records, receipts, tapes, minutes of  
19 meetings and written discussions of the local tax study  
20 commission shall, upon its discharge, be turned over to the  
21 secretary of the district for the permanent safekeeping. The  
22 secretary shall make such materials available for public  
23 inspection at any time during regular business hours.

24 (9) The local tax study commission shall be discharged  
25 upon the filing of its final report.

26 (b) Three-year review.--Any municipality, school district or  
27 county that levies, assesses and collects, or provides for the  
28 levy, assessment or collection of, any tax, after having  
29 received the recommendations of a local tax study commission and  
30 acted, shall continue to levy, assess and collect the same tax

1 or combination of taxes for the next three fiscal years.  
2 However, nothing herein shall preclude the board to change or  
3 alter the rates of any such tax or combination of taxes if it  
4 deems necessary. Before the third fiscal year following the  
5 district's action on the recommendations of a local tax study  
6 commission and every third fiscal year thereafter, the board may  
7 appoint a local tax study commission in the manner provided in  
8 subsection (a). The local tax study commission appointed under  
9 this subsection shall be charged with all of the same powers and  
10 duties provided for the local tax study commission under  
11 subsection (a). In the event the district does not appoint a  
12 local tax study commission under this subsection after having  
13 previously acted on the recommendations of a local tax study  
14 commission, the district shall continue to levy, assess and  
15 collect the same tax or combination of taxes for the next three  
16 fiscal years.

17 SUBCHAPTER B

18 COUNTY SALES AND USE TAX

19 Section 311. Construction.

20 The tax imposed by the governing body of a county under this  
21 subchapter shall be in addition to any tax imposed by the  
22 Commonwealth under Article II of the Tax Reform Code. Except for  
23 the differing situs provisions under section 313, the provisions  
24 of Article II of the Tax Reform Code shall apply to the tax.

25 Section 312. Imposition.

26 (a) Sales.--The governing body of a county may levy and  
27 assess upon each separate sale at retail of tangible personal  
28 property or services, as defined in Article II of the Tax Reform  
29 Code, within the boundaries of the county, a tax on the purchase  
30 price. The tax shall be collected by the vendor from the

1 purchaser and shall be paid over to the Commonwealth as provided  
2 in this subchapter.

3 (b) Use.--In any county within which the tax authorized in  
4 subsection (a) is imposed, there shall be levied, assessed and  
5 collected upon the use, within the county, of tangible personal  
6 property purchased at retail, and on services purchased at  
7 retail, as defined in Article II of the Tax Reform Code, a tax  
8 on the purchase price. The tax shall be paid over to the  
9 Commonwealth by the person who makes the use. The use tax  
10 imposed under this subchapter shall not be paid over to the  
11 Commonwealth by any person who has paid the tax imposed by  
12 subsection (a) or has paid the tax imposed by this subsection to  
13 the vendor with respect to the use.

14 (c) Occupancy.--In any county within which a tax authorized  
15 by subsection (a) is imposed, there shall be levied, assessed  
16 and collected an excise tax on the rent upon every occupancy of  
17 a room or rooms in a hotel in the county. The tax shall be  
18 collected by the operator or owner from the occupant and paid  
19 over to the Commonwealth.

20 (d) Rate and uniformity.--

21 (1) The tax authorized by subsections (a), (b) and (c)  
22 shall be imposed at a rate of 1%.

23 (2) The tax imposed by subsections (a), (b) and (c)  
24 shall be uniform.

25 (e) Computation.--The tax imposed under this section shall  
26 be computed in the manner set forth in section 503(e)(2) of the  
27 act of June 5, 1991 (P.L.9, No.6), known as the Pennsylvania  
28 Intergovernmental Cooperation Authority Act for Cities of the  
29 First Class.

30 Section 313. Situs.



1       The situs of sales at retail or uses, including leases, of  
2 motor vehicles, aircraft, motorcraft and utility services shall  
3 be determined in the manner specified by section 504 of the act  
4 of June 5, 1991 (P.L.9, No.6), known as the Pennsylvania  
5 Intergovernmental Cooperation Authority Act for Cities of the  
6 First Class.  
7 Section 314.   Licenses.

8       A license for the collection of the tax imposed by this  
9 subchapter shall be issued in the same manner as is provided for  
10 in section 505 of the act of June 5, 1991 (P.L.9, No.6), known  
11 as the Pennsylvania Intergovernmental Cooperation Authority Act  
12 for Cities of the First Class. Licensees shall be entitled to  
13 the same discount as provided in section 227 of the Tax Reform  
14 Code.

15 Section 315.   Rules and regulations; collection costs.

16       (a) Regulations.--Rules and regulations shall be applicable  
17 to the taxes imposed under section 312 in the same manner as is  
18 provided for in section 506(1) and (2) of the act of June 5,  
19 1991 (P.L.9, No.6), known as the Pennsylvania Intergovernmental  
20 Cooperation Authority Act for Cities of the First Class.

21       (b) Administrative costs.--The department, to cover its  
22 costs of administration, shall be entitled to retain a sum equal  
23 to 1% of the revenues collected under this subchapter for its  
24 administrative costs. When the annual operating budget for the  
25 department is submitted to the General Assembly, the department  
26 shall also submit to the chairman and minority chairman of the  
27 Appropriations Committee of the Senate and to the chairman and  
28 minority chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House  
29 of Representatives the actual sums retained for costs of  
30 collection in the preceding fiscal year, together with all

1 supporting details.

2 Section 316. Procedure and administration.

3 (a) Ordinance.--Any county desiring to impose the tax  
4 authorized by section 312 shall give at least 60 days' written  
5 notice to every municipality and school district located in the  
6 county of its intent to impose the tax and shall adopt an  
7 ordinance after the expiration of 60 days after the date of such  
8 notice. The notice and an ordinance shall state the tax rate and  
9 refer to this subchapter. The ordinance shall authorize the  
10 imposition of all taxes provided for in section 312. Prior to  
11 adopting an ordinance imposing the tax authorized by section  
12 312, the governing body of the county shall give public notice  
13 of its intent to adopt the ordinance in the manner provided by  
14 section 4 of the Local Tax Enabling Act and shall conduct at  
15 least one public hearing regarding the proposed adoption of the  
16 ordinance.

17 (b) Notification to Department of Revenue.--A certified copy  
18 of the county ordinance shall be delivered to the department by  
19 September 1 of the year prior to the effective date thereof. The  
20 county ordinance shall become effective on the January 1  
21 following at least four months after the date of enactment of  
22 the county ordinance.

23 (c) Delivery of repeal ordinance.--A certified copy of a  
24 repeal ordinance shall be delivered to the department at least  
25 30 days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

26 Section 317. County sales and use tax funds.

27 There is hereby created for each county levying the tax under  
28 section 312 the (proper name) County Sales and Use Tax Fund. The  
29 State Treasurer shall be custodian of the funds which shall be  
30 subject to the provisions of law applicable to funds listed in

1 section 302 of the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.343, No.176), known  
2 as The Fiscal Code. Taxes imposed under section 312 shall be  
3 received by the department and paid to the State Treasurer and,  
4 along with interest and penalties, less any collection costs  
5 allowed under this subchapter and any refunds and credits paid,  
6 shall be credited to the funds not less frequently than every  
7 two weeks. During any period prior to the credit of moneys to  
8 the funds, interest earned on moneys received by the department  
9 and paid to the State Treasurer under this subchapter shall be  
10 deposited into the funds. All moneys in the funds, including,  
11 but not limited to, moneys credited to the funds under this  
12 section, prior year encumbrances and the interest earned  
13 thereon, shall not lapse or be transferred to any other fund,  
14 but shall remain in the funds. Pending their disbursement,  
15 moneys received on behalf of or deposited into the funds shall  
16 be invested or reinvested as are other moneys in the custody of  
17 the State Treasurer in the manner provided by law. All earnings  
18 received from the investment or reinvestment of the moneys shall  
19 be credited to the respective funds.

20 Section 318. Disbursements.

21 (a) General rule.--On or before the tenth day of every  
22 month, the State Treasurer shall make the disbursements on  
23 behalf of the county imposing the tax out of the moneys which  
24 are, as of the last day of the previous month, contained in the  
25 respective county sales and use tax fund.

26 (b) Disbursement to counties.--The State Treasurer shall  
27 disburse to a county imposing the tax authorized under section  
28 312 an amount of money equal to 50% of the tax collected in that  
29 county and remitted to the department and deposited in the  
30 respective county sales and use tax fund. The county shall

1 deposit the revenue from the respective county sales and use tax  
2 fund into the county general fund for disposition as provided  
3 under section 701(a).

4 (c) Disbursement to municipalities.--The State Treasurer  
5 shall, at the same time, disburse to the qualified  
6 municipalities 25% of the tax collected in their respective  
7 counties as provided in section 320. Each municipality's portion  
8 shall be deposited in the municipal general fund for disposition  
9 as provided in section 701(b).

10 (d) Disbursement to school districts.--The State Treasurer  
11 shall, at the same time, disburse to the qualified school  
12 districts 25% of the tax collected in their respective counties  
13 as provided in section 320. Each school district's portion shall  
14 be deposited in the school district's general fund for  
15 disposition as provided in section 701(b).

16 (e) Penalty.--If disbursements are not made on or before the  
17 tenth day of each month, a 5% penalty shall be added thereto  
18 plus an additional 1% late charge per month delayed.

19 Section 319. Adoption of municipal ordinances and school  
20 district petitions.

21 (a) General rule.--No municipality shall be entitled to a  
22 disbursement under section 318(c) and no school district shall  
23 be entitled to a disbursement under section 318(d) unless one of  
24 the following applies:

25 (1) Prior to enactment of the county ordinance, it  
26 adopts a municipal ordinance or a school district petition  
27 containing the statement:

28 We strongly urge the county to enact a county sales  
29 and use tax and intend to accept disbursements of the  
30 sales and use taxes collected.

1 Any municipality which does not enact an ordinance and any  
2 school district which does not enact a petition in compliance  
3 with this paragraph shall not be entitled to and shall not  
4 receive any distribution from funds collected during the  
5 first 24 months immediately following the initial date of  
6 imposition of such tax.

7 (2) Prior to October 1 of any year after the enactment  
8 of the county resolution, it adopts a municipal ordinance or  
9 a school district petition containing the statement:

10 We support the enactment by the county of the county  
11 sales and use tax and strongly urge its continuation  
12 and intend to accept disbursements of the sales and  
13 use taxes collected.

14 (b) Delivery.--A certified copy of the municipal ordinance  
15 or the school district petition shall be delivered to the county  
16 commissioners on or before the enactment of the county  
17 resolution or October 15 of any year thereafter, as the case may  
18 be.

19 Section 320. Qualified municipalities and school districts.

20 (a) General rule.--The State Treasurer shall distribute  
21 disbursements to qualified municipalities and school districts  
22 in the manner provided in this section. Each qualified  
23 municipality shall receive a portion of the total disbursement  
24 to qualified municipalities which is equal to the total  
25 disbursement to qualified municipalities multiplied by the ratio  
26 of weighted tax revenues of the municipality divided by the sum  
27 of the weighted tax revenues of all qualified municipalities  
28 located in the county. Each qualified school district shall  
29 receive a portion of the total disbursement to qualified school  
30 districts which is equal to the total disbursement to qualified

1 school districts multiplied by the ratio of average daily  
2 membership of the school district divided by the sum of the  
3 average daily membership of all qualified school districts in  
4 the county. For the purposes of this section, "average daily  
5 membership" shall mean "average daily membership" as defined by  
6 the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public  
7 School Code of 1949.

8 (b) Qualifications.--Municipalities and school districts  
9 qualified to receive disbursements under this section are  
10 municipalities and school districts located within the county,  
11 which:

12 (1) adopt in a timely fashion, the ordinance or petition  
13 required under section 319; and

14 (2) adopt the necessary ordinances or, in the case of  
15 school districts, take the legally necessary action and  
16 impose the taxes authorized under this act.

17 (c) Limited definition.--For the purpose of this section,  
18 weighted tax revenues are total tax revenues from all sources of  
19 a municipality divided by the ratio of its per capita market  
20 value to the per capita market value of its county. The per  
21 capita market value means the total market value of all real  
22 property divided by population as determined by the most recent  
23 decennial census. Calculations of weighted tax revenues shall be  
24 made by the Department of Community and Economic Development and  
25 certified to the State Treasurer based upon information reported  
26 to the Department of Community and Economic Development by  
27 municipalities within its boundaries, subject to review,  
28 verification and approval by the Department of Community and  
29 Economic Development.

30 SUBCHAPTER C

PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Section 321. Construction.

The tax imposed by the governing body of a municipality or school district under this subchapter shall be in addition to any tax imposed by the Commonwealth under Article III of the Tax Reform Code. Except for the differing provisions under sections 501, 502 and 503, the provisions of Article III of the Tax Reform Code shall apply to the tax.

Section 322. Personal income tax.

(a) Municipalities.--A municipality shall have the power to levy, assess and collect a tax on the personal income of resident individuals of the municipality up to a maximum rate of 1%, in increments of 0.25 of 1%.

(b) School districts.--Each school district shall have the power to levy, assess and collect a tax on personal income of resident individuals of the school district up to a maximum rate of 2%, in increments of 0.25 of 1%.

(c) Counties.--In lieu of imposing the tax under section 311, each county shall have the power and may levy, assess and collect a tax on the personal income of resident taxpayers of the county up to a maximum rate of 0.5%, in increments of 0.25%. Any county which imposes a tax under this subsection shall not impose any tax under section 311.

Section 323. Collections.

(a) General rule.--The department shall be responsible for the collection of any tax imposed by a county under section 322(c).

(b) Municipalities and school districts.--Any municipality or school district imposing a tax under section 322(a) or (b) shall have the option and may:

(1) enter into an agreement with the department to collect the taxes as provided in this subchapter; or

(2) designate the tax officer who is appointed under section 12 or 13 of the Local Tax Enabling Act, or otherwise by law, as the collector of the municipality or school district personal income tax. In the performance of the tax collection duties under this subchapter, the designated tax officer shall have all the same powers, rights, responsibilities and duties for the collection of the taxes which may be imposed under the Local Tax Enabling Act or otherwise by law.

Section 324. Rules and regulations; collection costs.

(a) Regulations.--Rules and regulations shall be applicable to the taxes imposed under section 322 in the same manner as is provided for in Article III of the Tax Reform Code.

(b) Administrative costs.--The department, to cover its costs of administration, shall be entitled to retain a sum equal to 1% of the revenues collected under this subchapter for its administrative costs. When the annual operating budget for the department is submitted to the General Assembly, the department shall also submit to the chairman and minority chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the Senate and to the chairman and minority chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House of Representatives the actual sums retained for costs of collection in the preceding fiscal year, together with all supporting details.

Section 325. Procedure and administration.

(a) Ordinance.--The governing body of the municipality, school district or county, in order to impose the tax authorized by section 322, shall adopt an ordinance which shall refer to



1 this subchapter. Prior to adopting an ordinance imposing the tax  
2 authorized by section 322, the respective governing body shall  
3 give public notice of its intent to adopt the ordinance in the  
4 manner provided by section 4 of the Local Tax Enabling Act, and  
5 shall conduct at least one public hearing regarding the proposed  
6 adoption of the ordinance.

7 (b) Delivery.--A certified copy of the ordinance imposing  
8 the tax shall be delivered to the department no later than 90  
9 days prior to the effective date of the ordinance.

10 (c) Delivery of repeal ordinance.--A certified copy of a  
11 repeal ordinance shall be delivered to the department at least  
12 30 days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

13 Section 326. Local personal income tax funds.

14 There is hereby created for each municipality, school  
15 district and county levying the tax under section 322 the  
16 (proper name) Personal Income Tax Fund. The State Treasurer  
17 shall be custodian of the funds which shall be subject to the  
18 provisions of law applicable to funds listed in section 302 of  
19 the act of April 9, 1929 (P.L.343, No.176), known as The Fiscal  
20 Code. Taxes imposed under section 322 shall be received by the  
21 department and paid to the State Treasurer and, along with  
22 interest and penalties, less any collection costs allowed under  
23 this subchapter and any refunds and credits paid, shall be  
24 credited to the funds not less frequently than every two weeks.  
25 During any period prior to the credit of moneys to the funds,  
26 interest earned on moneys received by the department and paid to  
27 the State Treasurer under this subchapter shall be deposited  
28 into the funds. All moneys in the funds, including, but not  
29 limited to, moneys credited to the funds under this section,  
30 prior year encumbrances and the interest earned thereon, shall

1 not lapse or be transferred to any other fund, but shall remain  
2 in the funds. Pending their disbursement, moneys received on  
3 behalf of or deposited into the funds shall be invested or  
4 reinvested as are other moneys in the custody of the State  
5 Treasurer in the manner provided by law. All earnings received  
6 from the investment or reinvestment of the moneys shall be  
7 credited to the respective funds.

8 Section 327. Disbursements.

9 On or before the April 10, July 10, October 10 and the next  
10 succeeding January 10, the State Treasurer shall make the  
11 disbursements to each municipality, school district and county  
12 imposing the tax out of the moneys which are, as of the last day  
13 of the previous month, contained in the respective personal  
14 income tax funds. If disbursements are not made on or before the  
15 dates listed in this section, a 5% penalty shall be added  
16 thereto plus a 1% late charge per month delayed.

17 SUBCHAPTER D

18 MUNICIPAL SERVICE TAX

19 Section 331. Municipal service tax.

20 (a) General rule.--Subject to the limitations established in  
21 section 332, each municipality in which a taxpayer is employed  
22 may levy, assess and collect a municipal service tax.

23 (b) Amount of tax.--A municipal service tax levied by a  
24 municipality under an ordinance passed under the authority of  
25 this act shall not exceed \$30.

26 (c) Situs for tax.--Subject to the limitations in section  
27 332, the situs of a municipal service tax shall be the place of  
28 employment.

29 Section 332. Multiple employment locations.

30 (a) Priority of claim.--In the event a person is engaged in

1 more than one occupation or an occupation which requires the  
2 person to work in more than one municipality during the calendar  
3 year, the priority of claim to collect the municipal service tax  
4 shall be in the following order:

5 (1) The municipality in which a person maintains his  
6 principal office or is principally employed.

7 (2) The municipality in which the person resides and  
8 works if the tax is levied by that municipality.

9 (3) The municipality nearest in miles to the person's  
10 home in which the person is employed if the tax is levied by  
11 that municipality.

12 (b) Place of employment.--The place of employment shall be  
13 determined as of the day the taxpayer first becomes subject to  
14 the tax during the calendar year.

15 (c) Liability.--No person shall be required to pay more than  
16 \$10 in any calendar year without regard to the number of  
17 municipalities within which the person may be employed.

18 Section 333. Collection procedures.

19 (a) Collector.--Any municipality which imposes a tax under  
20 section 331 shall designate the tax officer who is appointed  
21 under section 12 or 13 of the Local Tax Enabling Act, or  
22 otherwise by law, as the collector of the municipality municipal  
23 services tax. In the performance of the tax collection duties  
24 under this subchapter, the designated tax officer shall have all  
25 the same powers, rights, responsibilities and duties for the  
26 collection of the taxes which may be imposed under the Local Tax  
27 Enabling Act, or otherwise by law.

28 (b) Employer withholding.--Any municipality imposing a  
29 municipal service tax shall have the power and may by ordinance  
30 require employers to withhold the municipal service tax from the

1 compensation of employees. Any municipality which requires  
2 employer withholding shall follow the procedures set forth in  
3 the Local Tax Enabling Act.

4 SUBCHAPTERS E THROUGH I (RESERVED)

5 CHAPTER 5

6 CREDITS, EXEMPTIONS AND DEFERRALS

7 SUBCHAPTER A

8 CREDITS AND EXEMPTIONS

9 Section 501. Credits.

10 The provisions of section 14 of the Local Tax Enabling Act  
11 shall be used to determine any credits under the provisions of  
12 this act for any taxes imposed under section 322.

13 Section 502. Low-income tax provisions.

14 The provisions of section 304 of the Tax Reform Code shall be  
15 applied by any municipality, school district or county which  
16 levies a tax under section 322 to any qualified individual under  
17 65 years of age.

18 Section 503. Senior citizen tax provisions.

19 Each individual 65 years of age or older shall be entitled to  
20 receive the first \$6,250 of any personal income free of any  
21 municipal, school district or county tax imposed under section  
22 322. Any personal income in excess of \$6,250 per individual  
23 shall be subject to any tax levied under section 322.

24 Section 504. Municipal service tax exemption.

25 Each municipality which levies a municipal service tax shall  
26 have the power and may, by ordinance, exempt any person whose  
27 total compensation is less than \$7,500 from the municipal  
28 service tax.

29 Section 505. Regulations.

30 Each municipality or school district may adopt regulations

1 for the processing of claims under sections 501, 502, 503 and  
2 504.

### 3 SUBCHAPTER B

#### 4 REAL ESTATE TAX DEFERRAL

5 Section 511. Short title of subchapter.

6 This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the Real  
7 Estate Tax Deferment Program Act.

8 Section 512. Findings and legislative intent.

9 (a) Findings.--The General Assembly finds as follows:

10 (1) Many tax jurisdictions are forced into an increasing  
11 reliance on the real property tax.

12 (2) The high level of real property taxes in some taxing  
13 jurisdictions makes it difficult for many individuals to keep  
14 a home.

15 (3) The high level of real property taxes in many taxing  
16 jurisdictions creates a tremendous hardship on many  
17 taxpayers, especially those on fixed incomes.

18 (4) When counties conduct countywide reassessments, many  
19 taxpayers experience substantial increases in their real  
20 property taxes.

21 (b) Intent.--It is the intent of the General Assembly to  
22 provide relief to residential property owners from tax increases  
23 caused by changes in the millage rate, or assessment rates or  
24 method or by a countywide reassessment. It is the further intent  
25 of the General Assembly to create a program which will allow  
26 counties, municipalities and school districts to defer the  
27 increased portion of real property taxes when certain conditions  
28 are met.

29 Section 513. Definitions.

30 The following words and phrases when used in this subchapter

1 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
2 context clearly indicates otherwise:

3 "Base payment." The amount of property tax paid by an  
4 applicant in the base year.

5 "Base year." The tax year preceding the first tax year for  
6 which a taxing authority implements the provisions of this  
7 subchapter or the tax year immediately preceding an applicant's  
8 entry into the tax deferral program.

9 "Claimant." A person who qualifies as a claimant under the  
10 provisions of the act of March 11, 1971 (P.L.104, No.3), known  
11 as the Senior Citizens Rebate and Assistance Act, whether or not  
12 a claim is filed under that act and whose household income does  
13 not exceed the limit provided for in section 515.

14 "Homestead." Real property which qualifies as a homestead  
15 under the provisions of the act of March 11, 1971 (P.L.104,  
16 No.3), known as the Senior Citizens Rebate and Assistance Act,  
17 except real property which is rented or leased to a claimant.

18 "Household income." All income as defined in the act of  
19 March 11, 1971 (P.L.104, No.3), known as the Senior Citizens  
20 Rebate and Assistance Act, received by the claimant and by the  
21 claimant's spouse while residing in the homestead during the  
22 calendar year for which a tax deferral is claimed.

23 "Increases in property taxes." An increase in the property  
24 tax above the base payment, resulting from a millage increase, a  
25 change in the assessment ratio or method, or any other reason.

26 "Taxing authority." A county, city, borough, town, township  
27 and school district.

28 Section 514. Authority.

29 All taxing authorities shall have the power and authority to  
30 grant annual tax deferrals in the manner provided in this

1 subchapter.

2 Section 515. Income eligibility.

3 (a) First year of enactment.--During the first calendar year  
4 this subchapter takes effect, a person shall be eligible for a  
5 tax deferral if the person has a household income of \$15,000 or  
6 less.

7 (b) Subsequent years.--The amount of household income  
8 provided for in subsection (a) shall be increased \$500 each  
9 calendar year following the calendar year this subchapter takes  
10 effect.

11 Section 516. Tax deferral.

12 (a) Amount.--An annual real estate tax deferral granted  
13 under this subchapter shall equal the increase in real property  
14 taxes in excess of the person's base payment.

15 (b) Prohibition.--No tax deferrals shall be granted if the  
16 total amount of deferred taxes, plus the total amount of all  
17 other unsatisfied liens on the homestead of the claimant,  
18 exceeds 85% of the market value of the homestead or if the  
19 outstanding principal on any and all mortgages on the homestead  
20 exceeds 70% of the market value of the homestead. Market value  
21 shall equal assessed value divided by the common level ratio as  
22 most recently determined by the State Tax Equalization Board for  
23 the county in which the property is located.

24 Section 517. Application procedure.

25 (a) Initial application.--Any person eligible for a tax  
26 deferral under this subchapter may apply annually to the taxing  
27 authority. In the initial year of application, the following  
28 information shall be provided in the manner required by the  
29 taxing authority:

30 (1) A statement of request for the tax deferral.

1           (2) A certification that the applicant or the applicant  
2           and his or her spouse jointly are the owners in fee simple  
3           and residents of the property upon which the real property  
4           taxes are imposed.

5           (3) A certification that the applicant's residence is  
6           adequately insured under a homeowner's policy to the extent  
7           of all outstanding liens.

8           (4) Receipts showing timely payment of the current  
9           year's nondeferred real property tax liability.

10          (5) Proof of income eligibility under section 515.

11          (b) Subsequent years.--After the initial entry into the  
12          program, a claimant shall remain eligible for tax deferral in  
13          subsequent years so long as the claimant continues to meet the  
14          eligibility requirements of this subchapter.

15          Section 518. Contents of application.

16          Any application for a tax deferral distributed to persons  
17          shall contain the following:

18               (1) A statement that the tax deferral granted under this  
19               subchapter is provided in exchange for a lien against the  
20               homestead of the applicant.

21               (2) An explanation of the manner in which the deferred  
22               taxes shall become due, payable and delinquent and include,  
23               at a minimum, the consequences of noncompliance with the  
24               provisions of this subchapter.

25          Section 519. Attachment and satisfaction of liens.

26          (a) Nature of lien.--All taxes deferred under this  
27          subchapter shall constitute a prior lien on the homestead of the  
28          claimant in favor of the taxing authority and shall attach as of  
29          the date and in the same manner as other liens for taxes. The  
30          deferred taxes shall be collected as other liens for taxes, but



1 the deferred taxes shall be due, payable and delinquent only as  
2 provided in subsection (b), and no interest shall be collected  
3 on the lien.

4 (b) Payment.--

5 (1) All or part of the deferred taxes may at any time be  
6 paid to the taxing authority.

7 (2) In the event that the deferred taxes are not paid by  
8 the claimant or the claimant's spouse during his or her  
9 lifetime or during their continued ownership of the property,  
10 the deferred taxes shall be paid either:

11 (i) prior to the conveyance of the property to any  
12 third party; or

13 (ii) prior to the passing of the legal or equitable  
14 title, either by will or by statute, to the heirs of the  
15 claimant or the claimant's spouse.

16 (3) The surviving spouse of a claimant shall not be  
17 required to pay the deferred taxes by reason of his or her  
18 acquisition of the property due to death of the claimant as  
19 long as the surviving spouse maintains his or her residence  
20 in the property. The surviving spouse may continue to  
21 participate in the tax deferral program in subsequent years  
22 provided he or she is eligible under the provisions of this  
23 subchapter.

24 CHAPTER 7

25 DISPOSITION OF TAX REVENUES

26 Section 701. Sales tax revenues.

27 (a) Counties.--Any additional revenues from the sales and  
28 use tax in excess of 105% of revenue for the fiscal year  
29 immediately preceding the year of implementation shall be used  
30 to offset the lost revenues from the prohibition on intangible

1 personal property tax and then to reduce or eliminate the  
2 following taxes in the order set forth. The taxes to be reduced  
3 or eliminated are as follows:

4 (1) The county per capita tax.

5 (2) The county occupational assessment tax, whether  
6 based on a flat rate or a millage rate.

7 (3) The county real property tax reduced by means of the  
8 universal exemption or by means of a uniform reduction in the  
9 millage rate or any combination thereof.

10 (b) Municipalities and school districts under Chapter 3.--  
11 All sales and use tax revenues received by any municipality or  
12 school district which has elected to proceed under the  
13 provisions of this act shall be used to reduce the municipal  
14 real property tax or the school district real property tax,  
15 respectively, by means of the universal exemption or a uniform  
16 reduction in the millage rate or any combination thereof.

17 Section 702. Personal income tax revenues.

18 (a) Municipalities.--Any additional revenues from the  
19 personal income tax in excess of 105% of revenue for the fiscal  
20 year immediately preceding the year of implementation shall be  
21 used to offset the lost revenues from the taxes prohibited under  
22 section 301(b) and then to reduce the municipal real property  
23 tax by means of the universal exemption or a uniform reduction  
24 in the millage rate or any combination thereof.

25 (b) School districts.--Any additional revenues from the  
26 personal income tax in excess of 105% of revenue for the fiscal  
27 year immediately preceding the year of implementation shall be  
28 used to offset the lost revenues from the taxes prohibited under  
29 section 301(b) and then to reduce the school district real  
30 property tax by means of the universal exemption or a uniform

1 reduction in the millage rate or any combination thereof.

2 (c) Counties.--Any additional revenues from the personal  
3 income tax in excess of 105% of revenue for the fiscal year  
4 immediately preceding the year of implementation shall be used  
5 to offset the lost revenues from the taxes prohibited under  
6 section 301(b) and then to reduce the county real property tax  
7 by means of the universal exemption or a uniform reduction in  
8 the millage rate or any combination thereof.

9 Section 703. Revenue limitation exceptions.

10 The limitations in sections 701 and 702 may be waived, but  
11 only to the degree necessary, in the following cases:

12 (1) If an increase in local expenditures is necessary to  
13 respond to or recover from an emergency or disaster declared  
14 by the Governor.

15 (2) If the political subdivision is required to  
16 implement a court decision.

17 (3) To pay interest and principal on any indebtedness  
18 incurred under the act of July 12, 1972 (P.L.781, No.185),  
19 known as the Local Government Unit Debt Act.

20 (4) To pay increases in pension fund requirements which  
21 are in excess of the annual average increase over the  
22 immediately preceding five fiscal years.

23 (5) To respond to a municipality declared to be  
24 distressed under the act of July 10, 1987 (P.L.246, No.47),  
25 known as the Municipalities Financial Recovery Act.

26 (6) To respond to a school district determined to be  
27 distressed under sections 691 through 695 of the act of March  
28 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the Public School Code of  
29 1949.

30 (7) To increase revenues when actual revenues decline

1 from the immediate preceding year but only to the extent of  
2 the revenue decline.

## 3 CHAPTER 9

### 4 REGISTER FOR CERTAIN TAXES

#### 5 Section 901. Definitions.

6 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter  
7 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
8 context clearly indicates otherwise:

9 "Department." The Department of Community and Economic  
10 Development of the Commonwealth.

#### 11 Section 902. Register for taxes under this act.

12 (a) General rule.--It shall be the duty of the department to  
13 have available an official continuing register supplemented  
14 annually of all sales and use, personal income and municipal  
15 service taxes levied under this act.

16 (b) Contents of register.--The register and its supplements  
17 shall list:

18 (1) The counties, municipalities or school districts  
19 levying personal income tax, municipal service tax or sales  
20 and use tax.

21 (2) The rate of tax as stated in the ordinance levying  
22 the tax.

23 (3) The rate on taxpayers.

24 (4) The name and address of the tax officer responsible  
25 for administering the collection of the tax and from whom  
26 information, forms for reporting and copies of rules and  
27 regulations are available.

#### 28 Section 903. Information for register.

29 Information for the register shall be furnished by the chief  
30 clerk or secretary of each county, municipality or school

1 district to the department in such manner and on such forms as  
2 the department may prescribe. The information must be received  
3 by the department by certified mail no later than May 31 of each  
4 year to show new tax enactments, repeals and changes. Failure to  
5 comply with this date for filing may result in the omission of  
6 the tax levy from the register for that year. Failure of the  
7 department to receive information of taxes continued without  
8 change may be construed by the department to mean that the  
9 information contained in the previous register remains in force.

10 Section 904. Availability and effective period of register.

11 The department shall have the register, with such annual  
12 supplements as may be required by new tax enactments, repeals or  
13 changes, available upon request no later than July 1 of each  
14 year. The effective period for each register shall be from July  
15 1 of the year in which it is issued to June 30 of the following  
16 year.

17 Section 905. Effect of nonfiling.

18 Employers shall not be required by any ordinance to withhold  
19 from the compensation of their employees any personal income tax  
20 or municipal service tax imposed under the provisions of this  
21 act which is not listed in the register or to make reports of  
22 compensation in connection with taxes not so listed. If the  
23 register is not available by July 1, the register of the  
24 previous year shall continue temporarily in effect for an  
25 additional period of not more than one year.

26 Section 906. Effect of chapter on liability of taxpayer.

27 The provisions of this chapter shall not affect the liability  
28 of any taxpayer for taxes lawfully imposed under this act.

29 CHAPTER 11

30 LIMITATIONS ON SPENDING

1 Section 1101. Limitations on spending by counties,  
2 municipalities and school districts.

3 (a) General rule.--No county, municipality or school  
4 district shall be required to spend funds, or to take an action  
5 requiring the expenditure of funds, unless:

6 (1) funds have been appropriated that have been  
7 estimated by an independent legislative agency at the time of  
8 the enactment of the law or promulgation of the regulation  
9 requiring the expenditure to be sufficient to fund the  
10 expenditure;

11 (2) the General Assembly authorizes or has authorized  
12 the county, municipality or school district to enact a  
13 funding source not available for the county, municipality or  
14 school district prior to the effective date of the law or  
15 regulation that can be used to generate the amount of funds  
16 estimated to be sufficient to fund such expenditure;

17 (3) the expenditure is required to comply with a law  
18 that applies to all persons similarly situated, including  
19 State and local governments; or

20 (4) the law is either required to comply with a Federal  
21 requirement, or required for eligibility for a Federal  
22 entitlement, which Federal requirement specifically  
23 contemplates actions by political subdivisions for  
24 compliance.

25 (b) Exceptions.--Laws exempt from the requirements of  
26 subsection (a) include:

27 (1) laws that amend funding formulas existing on the  
28 effective date of this section;

29 (2) laws adopted to require funding of pension benefits  
30 existing on the effective date of this section;

1           (3) laws relating to the enforcement of criminal laws  
2    but not the execution of judicial sentences;  
3           (4) election laws;  
4           (5) general appropriation acts; and  
5           (6) special appropriation acts.

6                               CHAPTER 13

7                               MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

8   Section 1301. Effective date.

9       This act shall take effect January 1, 1998.