## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 1542 

INTRODUCED BY SAURMAN, STABACK, MOWERY, POTT, CLYMER, FLICK, SIRIANNI, BARLEY, NOYE, GREENWOOD, VROON, GODSHALL, BOOK, HERSHEY, E. Z. TAYLOR AND DORR, JUNE 27, 1985

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON LABOR RELATIONS, JUNE 27, 1985

AN ACT

Amending the act of June 2, 1915 (P.L.736, No.338), entitled, as reenacted and amended, "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," further providing for the determination of compensation.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section $306(a)$ of the act of June 2, 1915 (P.L.736, No.338), known as The Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act, reenacted and amended June 21, 1939 (P.L.520, No.281), amended December 5, 1974 (P.L.782, No.263), is amended to read:

Section 306. The following schedule of compensation is hereby established:
(a) For total disability, sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine beginning after the seventh day of total
disability, and payable for the duration of total disability, but the compensation shall not be more than the maximum compensation payable nor less than the lessor of fifty per centum of the Statewide average weekly wage or ninety per centum of the employe's weekly wages. If at the time of injury, the employe receives wages equal to or less than fifty per centum of the Statewide average weekly wage, then he shall receive ninety per centum of his average weekly wage as compensation[, but in no event less than thirty-three and one-third per centum of the maximum weekly compensation payable]. Nothing in this clause shall require payment of compensation after disability shall cease.

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Section 2. Section $309(e)$ of the act, amended March 29, 1972 (P.L.159, No.61), is amended to read:

Section 309. Wherever in this article the term "wages" is used, it shall be construed to mean the average weekly wages of the employe, ascertained in accordance with rules and regulations of the department as follows:

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(e) In occupations which are exclusively seasonal and therefore cannot be carried on throughout the year, the average weekly wage shall be taken to be one-fiftieth of the total wages which the employe has earned from all occupations during the twelve calendar months immediately preceding the injury, unless it be shown that during such year, by reason of exceptional causes, such method of computation does not ascertain fairly the earnings of the employe, in which case the period for calculation shall be extended so far as to give a basis for the fair ascertainment of his average weekly earnings.

The terms "average weekly wage" and "total wages," as used in this section, shall include board and lodging received from the employer, and in employments in which employes customarily receive not less than one-third of their remuneration in tips or gratuities not paid by the employer, gratuities shall be added to the wages received but such terms shall not include amounts deducted by the employer under the contract of hiring for labor furnished or paid for by the employer and necessary for the performance of such contract by the employe, nor shall such terms include deductions from wages due the employer for rent and supplies necessary for the employe's use in the performance of his labor.

Where the employe is working under concurrent contracts with two or more employers, his wages from all such employers shall be considered as if earned from the employer liable for compensation.

If under clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section, the amount determined is less than if computed as follows, his computation shall apply, viz.: Divide the total wages earned by the employe during the last two completed calendar quarters with the same employer by the number of days he worked for such employer during such period multiplied by [five] the number of days per week on average that the employe worked or was scheduled to work.


Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

