## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. $1825 \underset{\substack{\text { sessing of } \\ 183}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ 

INTRODUCED BY GREENWOOD, ITKIN, RAPPAPORT, SPENCER, BURNS, REINARD, CLYMER, J. L. WRIGHT, ARTY, PISTELLA, CORDISCO, HERMAN, KUKOVICH, SERAFINI, GALLAGHER AND MAYERNIK, DECEMBER 14, 1983

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, DECEMBER 14, 1983

AN ACT

Amending Titles 18 (Crimes and Offenses) and 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for the offense of cruelty to animals and disposition of certain fines.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Section 5511 of Title 18 of the Pennsylvania
Consolidated Statutes is amended to read:
§ 5511. Cruelty to animals.
(a) Killing, maiming or poisoning domestic animals or zoo animals, etc.--
(1) A person commits a misdemeanor of the second degree if he willfully and maliciously kills, maims or disfigures any domestic animal of another person or any zoo animal in captivity, or willfully and maliciously, administers poison to any such domestic or zoo animal, or exposes any poisonous substance, with intent that the same shall be taken or swallowed by animals, fowl or birds.
(2) This subsection shall not apply to the killing of any animal taken or found in the act of actually destroying any domestic animal or domestic fowl nor to such reasonable activity as may be undertaken in connection with vermin control or pest control.
[(3) As used in this subsection, the following terms shall have the meanings given to them in this paragraph:
"Domestic animal." Any dog, cat, equine animal, bovine animal, sheep, goat or porcine animal.
"Domestic fowl." Any avis raised for food, hobby or sport.
"Zoo animal." Any member of the class of mammalia, aves, amphilia or reptilia which is kept in a confined area by a public body or private individual for purposes of observation by the general public.]
(b) Regulating certain actions concerning fowl or rabbits.-A person commits a summary offense if he sells, offers for sale, barters, or gives away baby chickens, ducklings, or other fowl, under one month of age, or rabbits under two months of age, as pets, toys, premiums or novelties or [to color, dye, stain or] if he colors, dyes, stains or otherwise [change] changes the natural color of baby chickens, ducklings or other fowl, or rabbits or [to bring or transport] if he brings or transports the same into this Commonwealth[: Provided, That this]. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the sale or display of such baby chickens, ducklings, or other fowl, or such rabbits, in proper facilities by persons engaged in the business of selling them for purposes of commercial breeding and raising.
(c) Cruelty to animals.--A person commits a summary offense if he wantonly or cruelly illtreats, overloads, beats [or] \&
otherwise abuses any animal, or neglects any animal as to which he has a duty of care, whether belonging to himself or otherwise, or abandons any animal, or deprives any animal of necessary sustenance, drink, shelter or veterinary care, or access to clean and sanitary shelter which will protect the animal against inclement weather and preserve the animal's body heat and keep it dry, or keeps or uses, or in any way is connected with, or interested in the management of, or receives money for the admission of any person to any place kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any bull, bear, dog, cock or other creature, or encourages, aids or assists therein, or permits or suffers any place to be so kept or used. This subsection shall not apply to reasonable activity undertaken in agricultural production or normal farming operations.
(d) Selling or using disabled horse.--A person commits a summary offense if he offers for sale or sells any horse, which by reason of debility, disease or lameness, or for other cause, could not be worked or used without violating the laws against cruelty to animals, or leads, rides [or] $\&$ drives or transports any such horse for any purpose, except that of conveying the [animal to a proper place] horse to the nearest available appropriate facility for its humane keeping or [killing] destruction or for medical or surgical treatment.
(e) Transporting animals in cruel manner.--A person commits a summary offense if he carries, or causes, or allows to be carried in or upon any cart, or other vehicle whatsoever, any animal in a cruel or [inhuman] inhumane manner. The person taking him into custody may take charge of the animal and of any such vehicle and its contents, and deposit the same in some safe place of custody, and any necessary expenses which may be
incurred for taking charge of and keeping the same, and sustaining any such animal, shall be a lien thereon, to be paid before the same can lawfully be recovered, or the said expenses or any part thereof remaining unpaid may be recovered by the person incurring the same [of] from the owner of said creature in any action therefor.

For the purposes of this section, it shall not be deemed cruel or [inhuman] inhumane to transport live poultry in crates so long as not more than 15 pounds of live poultry are allocated to each cubic foot of space in the crate.
(f) Hours of labor of animals.--A person commits a summary offense if he leads, drives, rides or works or causes or permits any other person to lead, drive, ride or work any horse, mare, mule, ox, or any other animal, whether belonging to himself or in his possession or control, for more than 15 hours in any 24 hour period, or more than 90 hours in any one week.

Nothing in this subsection contained shall be construed to warrant any persons leading, driving, riding or walking any animal a less period than 15 hours, when so doing shall in any way violate the laws against cruelty to animals.
(g) Cruelty to cow to enhance appearance of udder.--A person commits a summary offense if he kneads or beats or pads the udder of any cow, or willfully allows it to go unmilked for a period of 24 hours or more, for the purpose of enhancing the appearance or size of the udder of said cow, or by a muzzle or any other device prevents its calf, if less than six weeks old, from obtaining nourishment, and thereby relieving the udder of said cow, for a period of 24 hours.
(h) Cropping ears of dog; prima facie evidence of violation.--A person commits a summary offense if he crops or
cuts off, or causes or procures to be cropped or cut off, the whole, or part of the ear or ears of a dog or shows or exhibits or procures the showing or exhibition of any dog whose ear is or ears are cropped or cut off, in whole or in part, unless the person showing such dog has in his possession either a certificate of veterinarian stating that such cropping was done by the veterinarian or a certificate of registration from a county treasurer, showing that such dog was cut or cropped before this section became effective.

The provisions of this section shall not prevent a veterinarian from cutting or cropping the whole or part of the ear or ears of a dog when such dog is anesthetized, and shall not prevent any person from causing or procuring such cutting or cropping of a dog's ear or ears by a veterinarian.

The possession by any person of a dog with an ear or ears cut off or cropped and with the wound resulting therefrom unhealed, or any such dog being found in the charge or custody of any person or confined upon the premises owned by or under the control of any person, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subsection by such person except as provided for in this subsection.

The owner of any dog whose ear or ears have been cut off or cropped before this section became effective may, if a resident of this Commonwealth, register such dog with the treasurer of the county where he resides, and if a nonresident of this Commonwealth, with the treasurer of any county of this Commonwealth, by certifying, under oath, that the ear or ears of such dog were cut or cropped before this section became effective, and the payment of a fee of $\$ 1$ into the county treasury. The said treasurer shall thereupon issue to such
until a conviction of some person is first obtained for keeping or using, or being connected with or interested in the management of any place used for fighting or baiting animals, and the animal or creature seized shall have been found on the premises which are the subject of the complaint. The agent making such seizure shall make due return to the justice of the peace before whom the complaint is heard, of the number and kind of animals or creatures so seized by him, and it shall be the duty of the justice of the peace hearing the complaint, in case of a conviction, to make the forfeiture of such animals or creatures seized a part of the sentence.
(k) Killing homing pigeons.--A person commits a summary offense if he shoots, maims or kills any antwerp or homing pigeon, either while on flight or at rest, or detains or entraps any such pigeon which carries the name of its owner.
(l) Search warrants.--[Any justice of the peace, on proof of demand and oath of any policeman or any agent of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals duly incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth on his belief based on probable cause, that an act of cruelty to animals is being committed in any building, barn or enclosure, is authorized to issue a search warrant to any of the said officers to make search of the said premise, and to forthwith arrest offenders found committing acts of cruelty, and bring them before said justice of the peace for trial; providing for the care of animals so found to be neglected and starving and if necessary to remove them from the premises for that purpose, and for the humane destruction of any animal disabled, diseased or injured beyond reasonable hope of recovery, the costs thereof to be paid by the owner; authorizing a lien on said animals for
expenses or keep and care, or action against the owner to cover the same: Provided, That no search warrant shall be issued under the provisions of this section which shall authorize any policeman, or agent or other person to enter upon or search premises where scientific research work is being conducted by, or under the supervision of, graduates of duly accredited scientific schools or where biological products are being produced for the care or prevention of disease.] Where a violation of this section is alleged, any issuing authority may, in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Pennsylvania Rules of Criminal Procedure, issue to any police officer or any agent of any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals duly incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth a search warrant authorizing the search of any building or any enclosure in which any violation of this section is occurring or has occurred, and authorizing the seizure of evidence of the violation including, but not limited to, the animals which were the subject of the violation. Where an animal thus seized is found to be neglected or starving, the police officer or agent is authorized to provide such care as is reasonably necessary, and where any animal thus seized is found to be disabled, injured or diseased beyond reasonable hope of recovery, the police officer or agent is authorized to provide for the humane destruction of the animal. The cost of the keeping, care and destruction of the animal shall be paid by the owner thereof and claims for the costs shall constitute a lien upon the animal. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the authority imposing sentence upon a conviction for any violation of this section may require that the owner pay the cost of the keeping, care and destruction of the animal. No
search warrant shall be issued based upon an alleged violation of this section which authorizes any police officer or agent or other person to enter upon or search premises where scientific research work is being conducted by, or under the supervision of, graduates of duly accredited scientific schools or where biological products are being produced for the care or prevention of disease.
(m) Forfeiture.--In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the authority imposing sentence upon a conviction for any violation of this section may order the forfeiture or surrender of any abused, neglected or deprived animal of the defendant to any society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals duly incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth.
(n) Skinning of and selling or buying pelts of dogs and cats.--A person commits a summary offense if he skins a dog or cat or offers for sale or exchange or offers to buy or exchange the pelt or pelts of any dog or cat.
(o) Representation of humane society by attorney.--Upon prior authorization and approval by the district attorney of the county in which the proceeding is held, an association or agent may be represented in any proceeding under this section by any attorney admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and in good standing.
(p) Definitions.--As used in this section the following words and phrases have the meanings given to them in this subsection.
"Agricultural production." The production for commercial purposes of livestock and livestock products.
"Domestic animal." Any dog, cat, equine animal, bovine
animal, sheep, goat or porcine animal.
"Domestic fowl." Any avis raised for food, hobby or sport.
"Normal farming operations." The custody and generally accepted activities, practices and procedures that farmers adopt, use or engage in year after year in the production and preparation for market of poultry, livestock and their products.
"Zoo animal." Any member of the class of mammalia, aves, amphibia or reptilia which is kept in a confined area by a public body or private individual for purposes of observation by the general public.

Section 2. Section 3573 (c) of Title 42 is amended to read: § 3573. Municipal corporation portion of fines, etc.

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(c) Summary offenses.--Fines forfeited, recognizances and other forfeitures imposed, lost or forfeited under the following provisions of law shall, when any such offense is committed in a municipal corporation, be payable to such municipal corporation:
(1) Under the following provisions of Title 18 (relating to crimes and offenses):

Section 2709 (relating to harassment). Section 3304 (relating to criminal mischief). Section 3503 (relating to criminal trespass). Section 3929 (relating to retail theft). Section 4105 (relating to bad checks). Section 5503 (relating to disorderly conduct). Section 5505 (relating to public drunkenness). Section 5511[(c), (d) and (f)] (relating to cruelty to animals).

Section 6308 (relating to purchase, consumption, possession or transportation of intoxicating beverages).
(2) Section 13, act of January 24, 1966 (1965 P.L.1535, No.537), known as the "Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act." Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

