## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

# HOUSE BILL No. 921 <br> <br> Session of <br> <br> Session of 1981 

 1981}

INTRODUCED BY LIVENGOOD, D. R. WRIGHT, GANNON, SWIFT, PETERSON, CLARK, PETRARCA, VAN HORNE, STEIGHNER, BURD, PENDLETON, A. K. HUTCHINSON AND LETTERMAN, MARCH 17, 1981

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION, MARCH 17, 1981

AN ACT

Amending the act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), entitled "An act relating to the public school system, including certain provisions applicable as well to private and parochial schools; amending, revising, consolidating and changing the laws relating thereto," providing for division and organization of certain school districts.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
hereby enacts as follows:
Section 1. Subdivision (c) of Article II, act of March 10, 1949 (P.L.30, No.14), known as the "Public School Code of 1949," is amended by adding a section to read:

ARTICLE II.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
(c) Changes in Districts.

Section 223. Reorganization into Smaller School Districts.-(a) Any school district larger than four hundred (400) square miles, or any three region district located entirely within a county of the second class A and where the school tax rate
district at which the State board may hear and consider testimony from all interested parties as the board may deem advisable to enable it to make a decision. Five or more members of the State Board of Education shall constitute the State board for any hearing held hereunder. A verbatim transcript of the hearing shall be made by the State Board of Education and a copy thereof provided to the school district. Public notice of the hearing shall be given within the district not later than twenty (20) days before the date of the scheduled hearing.
(2) The State Board of Education shall prepare a written decision including its finding of facts and conclusions thereon and enter an appropriate order either approving the plan as submitted by the school district, approving a plan modified by the State Board of Education, or disapproving any plan for reorganization into smaller administrative units.
(f) (1) A school district which considers itself aggrieved by a plan of organization of administrative units approved by the State Board of Education under this act shall have the right to appeal therefrom within thirty (30) days after such approval to the Commonwealth Court by petition setting forth that such approval is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law, specifying the grounds upon which it relies. The burden of proof shall be on the State Board of Education to show that each modification it approves is in the best interest of the students and taxpayers in each of the affected proposed new districts. The prothonotary shall forthwith transmit a copy of the appeal petition to the state Board of Education which shall, within ten (10) days after receipt thereof, certify to the court its entire record in the matter in which the appeal has been taken.
(2) (i) The court, after hearing such additional testimony as the parties may wish to present, and upon a consideration of the entire record, shall enter an order either affirming the plan submitted by the school district, the plan as approved by the State Board of Education or, in its discretion, creating a plan consisting of a combination of the elements of both plans that together are in the best interest of the students and taxpayers of the entire undivided larger district. The order of the court shall be a final order.
(ii) The court may also, in the interim before issuing its final order, direct the affected district and the State Board of Education to attempt to negotiate a settlement of the differences in their respective plans. If a compromise is reached and submitted to the court within forty-five (45) days, the former appeal shall be dismissed and the compromise plan submitted to the electorate for its approval.
(g) An order of the State Board of Education approving a plan of reorganization shall set forth all necessary guidelines for the formation of the new districts including a timetable for implementation, including any necessary transition periods wherein certain facilities of the existing district are shared by two or more of the new districts until alternate facilities can be acquired or constructed.
(h) The plan for division shall include an allocation of the real and personal property of the district to the new school districts. All rights of creditors against the former school district shall be preserved against the new school districts. All property theretofore vested in the former school district, and all debts and taxes owing to the former school district, uncollected in the former school district, and all moneys in the
greater than any newspaper published in the school district in each of the three months immediately preceding the submission of the question to the electorate.
(2) In addition, a complete copy of the reorganization plan shall be available to the general public for inspection or copying during normal business hours in the school district administration building and the main office of each school building in the district during the entire period subsequent to its certification to the county board of elections and prior to the consideration of the question by the electorate. The cost of any copies made shall be borne by the person requesting same.

Section 2. Section 308 of the act, amended December 7, 1965 (P.L.1034, No.385), is amended to read:

Section 308. Elections or Appointments in Newly Formed Districts.--At the first municipal election occurring more than thirty (30) days subsequent to the formation of such new school district, a board of school directors for such district shall be elected or appointed, as provided in this act. Such school directors shall be elected or appointed for such terms that the number and terms of those whose places are to be filled at each succeeding municipal election shall be the same as the number and terms of those whose places are filled at the corresponding election in other school districts of the same class. Incumbent school directors of the former school district who reside in the newly formed district shall be school directors of the newly formed school district for the remainder of their terms. The offices of school directors not filled by incumbents shall be filled in the manner prescribed for the filling of vacancies.

When two or more school districts are combined into a single district as the result of State Board approval, the directors
then in office in each component school district shall, until the end of their respective terms, be directors of the newly formed school district. Vacancies occurring in such incumbent positions shall not be filled. At the first municipal election following the date of establishment of the new district and at each subsequent municipal election, three directors shall be elected at large for six year terms. Their term of office shall begin on the first Monday of December following their election.

The school directors of the component districts of the new district before the date of establishment or the board of school directors after establishment, may, if they choose, develop a plan to divide the new school district into three or nine regions in the same manner as provided in section 303 of this act.

Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.

