## AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 566

Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE MALONEY

Printer's No. 591

Amend Bill, page 1, lines 1 through 6, by striking out all of 1 2 said lines and inserting Amending the act of February 17, 1994 (P.L.73, No.7), entitled 3 4 "An act requiring timely payment to certain contractors and 5 subcontractors; and providing remedies to contractors and 6 subcontractors," further providing for application of act, 7 for owner's payment obligations, for owner's withholding of 8 payment for good faith claims, for contractor's and 9 subcontractor's payment obligations, for errors in documentation, for retainage, for contractor's withholding of 10 11 payment for good faith claims and for penalty and attorney 12 fee. 13 Amend Bill, page 1, lines 9 through 20; page 2, lines 1 14 through 30; page 3, lines 1 through 17; by striking out all of 15 said lines on said pages and inserting 16 Section 1. Sections 3 and 5 of the act of February 17, 1994 17 (P.L.73, No.7), known as the Contractor and Subcontractor Payment Act, are amended by adding subsections to read: 18 19 Section 3. Application of act. 20 21 (c) Prohibition on waiver. -- Unless specifically authorized 22 under this act, parties to a contract or other agreement may not 23 waive a provision of this act by contract or other agreement. 24 Section 5. Owner's payment obligations. \* \* \* 25 26 (e) Suspension of performance. -- If payment is not received 27 by a contractor in accordance with this section, the contractor shall have the right to suspend performance of any work, without 28 29 penalty, until payment is received according to the terms of the construction contract. Any term in a construction contract 30 31 contrary to this subsection shall be unenforceable. Suspension

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of performance may occur only if:

(1) payment has not been made to the contractor in

accordance with the schedule established under subsection

- (2) at least 30 calendar days have passed since the end of the billing period for which payment has not been received according to the terms of the construction contract, the contractor shall provide written notice to the owner or the owner's authorized agent, via electronic mail or postal service, stating that payment has not been made; and
- (3) at least 30 calendar days have passed since the written notice in paragraph (2) has been sent, the contractor shall provide at least 10 calendar days' written notice, via certified mail, of the contractor's intent to suspend performance to the owner or the owner's authorized agent.

  Section 2. Section 6 of the act is amended to read:
- Section 6. Owner's withholding of payment for good faith claims.
- (a) Authority to withhold.—The owner may withhold payment for deficiency items according to the terms of the construction contract. The owner shall pay the contractor according to the provisions of this act for any item which appears on the invoice and has been satisfactorily completed.
  - (b) Notice.--[If]

- (1) Except as provided under section 9, if an owner withholds payment from a contractor for a deficiency item, [it] the amount withheld shall be reasonable and the owner shall notify the contractor of the deficiency item by a written explanation of its good faith reason within [seven] 14 calendar days of the date that the invoice is received.
- (2) Failure to comply with paragraph (1) shall constitute a waiver of the basis to withhold payment and necessitate payment of the contractor in full for the invoice.
- (3) If an owner withholds payment from a contractor for a deficiency item, the owner shall remit payment to the contractor for each other item that has been satisfactorily completed under the construction contract.
- Section 3. Section 7(a) and (c) of the act are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to read:

  Section 7. Contractor's and subcontractor's payment obligations.
- (a) Entitlement to payment.—Performance by a subcontractor in accordance with the provisions of the <u>construction</u> contract shall entitle the subcontractor to payment from the party with whom the subcontractor has contracted.

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(c) Time for payment.--When a subcontractor has performed in accordance with the provisions of the <u>construction</u> contract, a contractor shall pay to the subcontractor, and each subcontractor shall in turn pay to the subcontractor's subcontractors, the full or proportional amount received for each such subcontractor's work and materials, based on work completed or service provided under the subcontract, 14 days after receipt of each progress or final payment or 14 days after

receipt of the subcontractor's invoice, whichever is later. Payment shall be made under this section unless it is being withheld under section 11.

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- (e) Suspension of performance.--If payment is not received by a subcontractor in accordance with this section, the subcontractor shall have the right to suspend performance of any work, without penalty, until payment is received according to the terms of the construction contract. Any term in a construction contract contrary to this subsection shall be unenforceable. Suspension of performance may occur only if:
  - (1) payment has not been made to the subcontractor in accordance with the schedule established under subsection (c);
  - (2) at least 30 calendar days have passed since the end of the billing period for which payment has not been received according to the terms of the construction contract, the subcontractor shall provide written notice to the contractor or contractor's authorized agent, via electronic mail or postal service, stating that payment has not been made; and
  - (3) at least 30 calendar days have passed since the written notice in paragraph (2) has been sent, the subcontractor shall provide at least 10 calendar days' written notice, via certified mail, of the subcontractor's intent to suspend performance to the owner or the owner's authorized agent.
- Section 4. Sections 8, 9, 11 and 12 of the act are amended to read:

Section 8. Errors in documentation.

- (a) Notice of [defect] <u>errors in invoice</u>.--If an invoice is filled out incorrectly or incompletely or if there is any other defect or impropriety in an invoice, the person who receives the <u>incorrect</u> invoice shall give written notice to the person who sent the <u>incorrect</u> invoice within ten working days of receipt of the invoice.
- [(b) Payment of amount incurred.—The person receiving the incorrect invoice shall pay the amount actually incurred on the due date in accordance with the provisions of this act.]
- (b) Payment for invoice with error. -- Once written notice has been received by the person who sent the incorrect invoice, the person receiving the invoice shall pay the correct amount of the invoice on the due date in accordance with this act.

  Section 9. Retainage.
- (a) Time for payment.——If payments under a construction contract are subject to retainage, any amounts which have been retained during the performance of the contract and which are due to be released to the contractor upon final completion shall be paid within 30 days after final acceptance of the work.
- 49 (a.1) Posting of security in lieu of retainage.--Upon
  50 reaching substantial completion of its own scope of work, a
  51 contractor or subcontractor may facilitate the release of

retainage on its contract before final completion of the project by posting a maintenance bond with approved surety for 120% of the amount of retainage being held.

- Agreement between contractor and subcontractor. -- If an 5 owner is not withholding retainage, a contractor may withhold retainage from a subcontractor in accordance with their agreement. The retainage shall be paid within 30 days after final acceptance of the work.
  - (c) Payment of retainage to subcontractors. -- A contractor shall pay to the contractor's subcontractors, and each subcontractor shall in turn pay to the subcontractor's subcontractors, within 14 days after receipt of the retainage, the full amount due each subcontractor.
  - (d) Withholding acceptance or failure to pay retainage. --Withholding of retainage for longer than 30 days after final acceptance of the work shall be subject to the obligations imposed upon the owner, contractor or subcontractor in section 6(b) or 11(b). If an owner, contractor or subcontractor unreasonably withholds acceptance of work or fails to pay retainage as required by this section, the owner, contractor or subcontractor shall be subject to the payment of interest at the rate established in section 5(d) on the balance due and owing on the date acceptance was unreasonably withheld or the date the retainage was due and owing, whichever is applicable. The owner, contractor or subcontractor shall also be subject to the provisions of section 12.
  - Section 11. Contractor's and subcontractor's withholding of payment for good faith claims.
  - Authority to withhold. -- The contractor or subcontractor may withhold payment from any subcontractor responsible for a deficiency item. The contractor or subcontractor shall pay any subcontractor according to the provisions of this act for any item which appears on the invoice and has been satisfactorily completed.

## (b) Notice. -- [If]

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- (1) Except as provided under section 9, if a contractor or subcontractor withholds payment from a subcontractor for a deficiency item, [it] the contractor or subcontractor withholding payment must notify the subcontractor [or supplier and the owner of the reason within] and the owner in writing of the good faith reason for the withholding within the time period specified in the construction contract or [seven] 14 calendar days of the date after receipt of the notice of the deficiency item.
- (2) Failure to comply with paragraph (1) shall constitute a waiver of the basis to withhold payment and necessitate payment of the subcontractor in full for the invoice.
- (c) Amount of withholding. -- If a contractor or subcontractor withholds payment from a subcontractor for a deficiency item, the contractor or subcontractor withholding payment shall remit

- (a) Penalty for failure to comply with act. --
- (1) If arbitration or litigation is commenced to recover payment due under this act and it is determined that an owner, contractor or subcontractor has failed to comply with the payment terms of this act, the arbitrator or court shall award, in addition to all other damages due, a penalty equal to 1% per month of the amount that was wrongfully withheld.
- (2) An amount shall not be deemed to have been wrongfully withheld [to the extent it] if all of the following apply:
  - (i) The amount bears a reasonable relation to the value of any claim held in good faith by the owner, contractor or subcontractor against whom the contractor or subcontractor is seeking to recover payment.
    - (ii) The claim holder complies with section 6 or 11.
- (b) Award of attorney fee and expenses.—Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, the substantially prevailing party in any proceeding to recover any payment under this act shall be awarded a reasonable attorney fee in an amount to be determined by the court or arbitrator, together with expenses.
- Section 5. This act shall take effect in 120 days.