

# Legislative Journal

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1969

Session of 1969

153rd of the General Assembly

Vol. 1, No. 1

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

At 11:30 a.m., the Honorable Harry Comer, a member from Philadelphia County, accompanied by the gentleman from Allegheny, the Honorable Raymond Wilt, made the following announcement in the hall of the House:

In accordance with the provisions of Article II, section 4, of the constitution of Pennsylvania, the members-elect of the House of Representatives will meet this day at 12 o'clock noon in the hall of the House for the purpose of organization of the 153rd regular session of the House of Representatives.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived, Honorable Adam T. Bower, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, called the members-elect to order and announced that:

This being the day and the hour fixed by Article II, section 4, of the constitution of Pennsylvania for the meeting of the General Assembly, the members-elect of the House of Representatives will now come to order.

Prayer will be offered by Rabbi Morris V. Dembowitz of Temple B'nai Aaron, who is the guest of the gentleman from Philadelphia County, Mr. Fineman.

## PRAYER

**RABBI MORRIS V. DEMBOWITZ:** Lord, Thou art our Father, and we are Thy children. In Thy sight all man-made distinctions vanish, the wise and the simple, the successful and the unfortunate all partake of Thy paternal beneficence. The abundance of Thy loving kindness shames our selfishness, and the endlessness of Thy mercy rebukes our grudges and hatred. Our fraternal strife is a denial of Thy Fatherhood.

Teach us, O Father, to live in concord with our fellow-men, and thus to prove that we, Thy children, are united in Thee. Thou dost bid us labor in Thy name; teach us to labor in Thy spirit, in patience and in justice. Urgent are the tasks Thou hast assigned us, O Master; to do justice, causing hatred and persecution to cease; to love mercy, teaching forgiveness and benevolence; to walk humbly with Thee, reverently aware of Thy holy Presence.

Bestow Thy blessings, we pray Thee, upon the members of this House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and upon all who are charged with administering the affairs of this Commonwealth. Grant them strength of body and vigor of mind that they may, in wisdom, amity and love, discharge their respective responsibilities. Help us by our thoughts and deeds to hasten the day when Thy freedom and peace will be firmly established upon the face of the earth. Amen.

## COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor, the Honorable Robert K. Bloom, being introduced, presented communications in

writing from the Governor, which were laid upon the table.

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair extends the thanks of the House to the Secretary to the Governor.

## PRESENTATION OF ELECTION RETURNS

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair recognizes the Honorable Joseph J. Kelley, Jr., Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HONORABLE JOSEPH J. KELLEY, Jr., Secretary of the Commonwealth. Mr. Chief Clerk, I have the honor to present to you the returns of the election held November 5, 1968, of the members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly.

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair extends the thanks of the House to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

## ELECTION RETURNS OPENED

Mr. R. K. HAMILTON, a member-elect, offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the Returns for the election of members of the House of Representatives, held Tuesday, November 5, 1968, be now opened and read.

The following returns were opened and read:

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, greetings:

I have the honor to present the returns of the General Election held November 5, 1968. The following, having received the highest number of votes in their respective districts were duly elected Members of the House of Representatives in the General Assembly.

NAME	DISTRICT	VOTES
Frank Polaski	First	15,754
Robert E. Bellomini	Second	13,377
Wendell R. Good	Third	13,176
Forest Hopkins	Fourth	12,410
David S. Hayes	Fifth	11,156
R. Budd Dwyer	Sixth	18,707
Reid L. Bennett	Seventh	15,233
Roy W. Wilt	Eighth	14,616
Thomas J. Fee	Ninth	11,502
Donald W. Fox	Tenth	14,238
Thomas J. Tiberi	Eleventh	10,887
H. Francis Kennedy	Twelfth	15,125
(See end of list)	Thirteenth	
Joseph P. Kolter	Fourteenth	10,117
Charles D. Stone	Fifteenth	13,406

NAME	DISTRICT	VOTES	NAME	DISTRICT	VOTES
Robert K. Hamilton	Sixteenth	11,045	Harry A.		
Eugene F. Scanlon	Seventeenth	10,752	Englehart, Jr.	Seventieth	11,496
Andrew T. Fenrich	Eighteenth	9,350	Joseph J. McAneny	Seventy-first	11,140
K. Leroy Irvis	Nineteenth	14,637	Edward McNally	Seventy-second	13,429
Paul W. Miller	Twentieth	16,736	Paul J. Yahner	Seventy-third	14,081
Leonard L. Martino	Twenty-first	9,867	Austin M. Harrier	Seventy-fourth	12,864
Frank W. O'Brien	Twenty-second	12,393	William F. Renwick	Seventy-fifth	13,039
Gerald Kaufman	Twenty-third	16,145	W. Max Bossert	Seventy-sixth	10,972
Theodore Johnson	Twenty-fourth	11,830	Eugene M. Fulmer	Seventy-seventh	11,663
Paul F. Lutty	Twenty-fifth	15,655	Percy G. Foor	Seventy-eighth	13,515
Charles N. Caputo	Twenty-sixth	16,820	Denny J. Bixler	Seventy-ninth	11,148
Robert A. Geisler	Twenty-seventh	12,963	W. William Wilt	Eightieth	16,246
William M.			Orville E. Snare	Eighty-first	9,524
Appleton	Twenty-eighth	17,305	W. Brady Hetrick	Eighty-second	9,240
Raymond E. Wilt	Twenty-ninth	16,990	Robert C. Wise	Eighty-third	11,180
Lee A.			Alvin C. Bush	Eighty-fourth	14,798
Donaldson, Jr.	Thirtieth	19,463	Reno H. Thomas	Eighty-fifth	12,930
Helen D. Gillette	Thirty-first	13,512	Allan W.		
Robert F. Burkardt	Thirty-second	15,568	Holman, Jr.	Eighty-sixth	11,526
Joseph F. Bonetto	Thirty-third	15,936	Guy A. Kistler	Eighty-seventh	15,946
Thomas M. Nolan	Thirty-fourth	12,143	Lourene W. George	Eighty-eighth	15,311
A. Joseph Valicenti	Thirty-fifth	12,143	R. Harry Bittle	Eighty-ninth	10,634
John T. McMonagle	Thirty-sixth	13,610	William O. Shuman	Ninetieth	10,651
John T. Walsh	Thirty-seventh	13,728	Francis Worley	Ninety-first	11,755
Bernard R. Novak	Thirty-eighth	14,932	Eugene R. Geesey	Ninety-second	12,542
Regis R. Malady	Thirty-ninth	15,039	Harold B. Rudisill	Ninety-third	11,044
Donald O. Bair	Fortieth	19,315	John Hope		
Joseph V. Zord, Jr.	Forty-first	14,079	Anderson	Ninety-fourth	16,895
H. Sheldon			Stanford Bud Lehr	Ninety-fifth	9,282
Parker, Jr.	Forty-second	22,210	John C. Pittenger	Ninety-sixth	10,359
George K.			Marvin E. Miller	Ninety-seventh	18,952
Haudenshield	Forty-third	12,374	Jack B. Horner	Ninety-eighth	13,874
Andrew J. McGraw	Forty-fourth	11,819	Harry H. Gring	Ninety-ninth	11,260
Max H. Homer	Forty-fifth	15,178	Sherman L. Hill	One hundredth	13,598
John L. Brunner	Forty-sixth	12,258	H. Jack Seltzer	One hundred first	13,092
Roger R. Fischer	Forty-seventh	11,585	Harvey L. Nitrauer	One hundred second	11,081
Austin J. Murphy	Forty-eighth	12,096	George W. Gekas	One hundred third	10,039
A. J. DeMedio	Forty-ninth	15,248	H. Joseph Hepford	One hundred fourth	12,484
Russell E. Headlee	Fiftieth	17,256	Miles B.		
Fred Taylor	Fifty-first	12,521	Zimmerman, Jr.	One hundred fifth	16,404
Russell J. Blair	Fifty-second	11,696	Rudolph Dininni	One hundred sixth	14,012
Donald M. Davis	Fifty-third	10,502	Paul G. Ruane	One hundred seventh	13,951
C. L. Schmitt	Fifty-fourth	17,558	Franklin L. Kury	One hundred eighth	12,551
Gust L. Stemmler	Fifty-fifth	11,624	Kent D. Shelhamer	One hundred ninth	12,219
John F.			Andrew S. Moscrip	One hundred tenth	14,811
Laudadio, Sr.	Fifty-sixth	17,431	Kenneth B. Lee	One hundred eleventh	23,108
Amos K. Hutchinson	Fifty-seventh	14,168	Paul F. Crowley	One hundred twelfth	13,934
James J. Manderino	Fifty-eighth	16,598	Michael J. Needham	One hundred thirteenth	14,142
Eugene G. Saloom	Fifty-ninth	13,309	John Wansacz	One hundred fourteenth	16,836
C. Doyle Steele	Sixtieth	13,736	Joseph G. Wargo	One hundred fifteenth	19,814
William H.			William T. Bachman	One hundred sixteenth	12,762
Claypoole	Sixty-first	11,078	Stanley A.		
Frank E. Moore	Sixty-second	7,909	Meholchick	One hundred seventeenth	12,685
George W.			James Musto	One hundred eighteenth	15,237
Alexander	Sixty-third	10,204	Fred J. Shupnik	One hundred nineteenth	15,478
Alvin Kahle	Sixty-fourth	8,994	Frank J.		
William W. Allen	Sixty-fifth	10,895	O'Connell, Jr.	One hundred twentieth	16,394
L. Eugene Smith	Sixty-sixth	13,937	Bernard F. O'Brien	One hundred twenty-first	14,369
Victor J.			Joseph Semanoff	One hundred twenty-second	11,340
Westerberg	Sixty-seventh	12,405	James A. Goodman	One hundred twenty-third	14,085
Warren H. Spencer	Sixty-eighth	13,443	Frank M. Allen	One hundred twenty-fourth	15,796
Kenneth S.			Joseph H. Manbeck	One hundred twenty-fifth	13,921
Halverson	Sixty-ninth	12,131	Michael A. O'Pake	One hundred twenty-sixth	11,039

NAME	DISTRICT	VOTES
Russell J. LaMarca	One hundred twenty-seventh	10,432
James J. Gallen	One hundred twenty-eighth	16,655
William G. Piper	One hundred twenty-ninth	12,965
Lester K. Fryer	One hundred thirtieth	12,443
James P. Ritter	One hundred thirty-first	12,216
Samuel W. Frank	One hundred thirty-second	11,472
William H. Eckensberger, Jr.	One hundred thirty-third	14,820
William A. Steckel	One hundred thirty-fourth	15,610
William C. Ryback	One hundred thirty-fifth	18,564
James F. Prendergast	One hundred thirty-sixth	11,859
Philip S. Ruggiero	One hundred thirty-seventh	12,556
Russell Kowalshyn	One hundred thirty-eighth	11,744
J. Russell Eshback	One hundred thirty-ninth	17,201
Milton Berkes	One hundred fortieth	9,601
James J. A. Gallagher	One hundred forty-first	9,692
James L. Wright, Jr.	One hundred forty-second	14,117
John S. Renninger	One hundred forty-third	15,109
Benjamin H. Wilson	One hundred forty-fourth	19,980
Marvin D. Weidner	One hundred forty-fifth	9,731
William H. Yohn, Jr.	One hundred forty-sixth	11,388
G. Sieber Pancoast	One hundred forty-seventh	15,224
Joseph L. Torak	One hundred forty-eighth	15,710
Richard A. McClatchy, Jr.	One hundred forty-ninth	22,544
Robert J. Butera	One hundred fiftieth	12,034
Charles H. Dager	One hundred fifty-first	18,375
Charles G. Nicholson	One hundred fifty-second	20,121
Daniel E. Beren	One hundred fifty-third	18,409
Charles F. Mebus	One hundred fifty-fourth	20,120
C. Timothy Slack	One hundred fifty-fifth	11,103
Patricia Crawford	One hundred fifty-sixth	15,701
John Stauffer	One hundred fifty-seventh	16,815
Benjamin J. Reynolds	One hundred fifty-eighth	13,909
Thomas H. WorriLOW	One hundred fifty-ninth	7,432
Stanley R. Kester	One hundred sixtieth	10,769
Edward B. Mifflin	One hundred sixty-first	15,494
Joseph W. Dorsey	One hundred sixty-second	13,198
Mae W. Kernaghan	One hundred sixty-third	12,759
Francis J. Lynch	One hundred sixty-fourth	16,501
Donald M. McCurdy	One hundred sixty-fifth	17,385
George R. Johnson	One hundred sixty-sixth	15,581
Herbert K. Zearfoss	One hundred sixty-seventh	20,513
Matthew J. Ryan	One hundred sixty-eighth	17,028
Stephen R. Wojdak	One hundred sixty-ninth	28,022
Thomas J. Gola	One hundred seventieth	16,654
Roland Greenfield	One hundred seventy-first	21,246
Francis E. Gleeson, Jr.	One hundred seventy-second	13,389
Dominick DeJoseph	One hundred seventy-third	11,140
Max Pievsky	One hundred seventy-fourth	17,762
John Pezak	One hundred seventy-fifth	12,598
Louis Sherman	One hundred seventy-sixth	18,488
Joseph A. Sullivan	One hundred seventy-seventh	14,942
Harry R. J. Comer	One hundred seventy-eighth	11,722
William W. Rieger	One hundred seventy-ninth	13,586
German Quiles	One hundred eightieth	8,525
Ulysses Shelton	One hundred eighty-first	8,834
Louis Silverman	One hundred eighty-second	8,935

NAME	DISTRICT	VOTES
James J. Tayoun	One hundred eighty-third	11,698
Leland M. Beloff	One hundred eighty-fourth	12,145
Matthew F. Coppolino	One hundred eighty-fifth	12,147
Earl Vann	One hundred eighty-sixth	15,892
Norman S. Berson	One hundred eighty-seventh	13,764
James P. O'Donnell	One hundred eighty-eighth	11,357
Martin P. Mullen	One hundred eighty-ninth	17,098
James Barber	One hundred ninetieth	11,899
Paul M. Lawson	One hundred ninety-first	19,358
Anita Palermo Kelly	One hundred ninety-second	14,336
Sarah A. Anderson	One hundred ninety-third	17,879
Herbert Fineman	One hundred ninety-fourth	19,333
Francis J. Lynch	One hundred ninety-fifth	11,352
Mitchell W. Melton	One hundred ninety-sixth	10,944
Joel J. Johnson	One hundred ninety-seventh	13,109
David N. Savitt	One hundred ninety-eighth	11,919
John H. Hamilton, Jr.	One hundred ninety-ninth	19,695
Bernard M. Gross	Two hundredth	19,547
Francis J. Rush	Two hundred first	14,454
Eugene Gelfand	Two hundred second	15,352
Peter E. Perry	Two hundred third	16,825

JOSEPH J. KELLEY, JR.  
Secretary of the Commonwealth

In the Name and by Authority of the  
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, greetings:

I have the honor to present the certified copy of the decision of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County, Pennsylvania, containing the certification and order of the election contest from the Thirteenth Representative District of the General Assembly.

Wherein, Robert O. Davis was declared to have received 10,112 votes, and Frank W. Springer received 10,062 votes. The person entitled to the office is ROBERT O. DAVIS.

Respectfully submitted,

JOSEPH J. KELLEY, JR.  
Secretary of the Commonwealth

BEAVER COUNTY  
Beaver, Pennsylvania

January 6, 1969.

The Beaver County Board of Elections has convened upon the receipt of the enclosed certification and Order from the Beaver County Court of Common Pleas and add their certification to the totals as set forth and herein enumerated for the 13th Legislative District.

Robert O. Davis .....	10,112
Frank W. Springer .....	10,062

Lead .....	50
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We hereby declare Robert O. Davis the winner.

Signed

GEORGE T. PETTIBON, Chairman  
ELI G. CORAK  
JAMES E. ROSS

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF  
BEAVER COUNTY  
PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE:

RECOUNT OF VOTES  
CAST IN THE FIRST AND  
SECOND PRECINCTS OF : Nos. 1299, 1300 of  
THE TOWNSHIP OF 1968  
BRIGHTON; THE FIRST  
AND SECOND PRE- : Nos. 1305, 1306 of  
CINCTS OF THE TOWN- 1968  
SHIP OF PATTERSON;  
THE FIRST, SECOND,  
THIRD AND FIFTH PRE- Nos. 1301, 1302  
CINCTS OF THE BOR- 1303, 1304 of  
OUGH OF MIDLAND; 1968  
THE FIRST AND SEC-  
OND WARDS, AND THE  
FIRST AND SECOND  
PRECINCTS OF THE : Nos. 1308, 1309 of  
THIRD WARD OF THE 1968  
BOROUGH OF BEAVER;  
AND THE FOURTH PRE- : Nos. 1310, 1311 of  
CINCT OF THE BOR- 1968  
OUGH OF MIDLAND,  
BEAVER  
COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, IN THE GENERAL : No. 1312 of 1968  
ELECTION HELD NO-  
VEMBER 5, 1968

CERTIFICATION AND ORDER

PER CURIAM

Now, this 6th day of January, 1969, the Court having received a report from those persons designated by it, pursuant to Section 1701, Act of June 3, 1937, P. L. 1333, 25 P. S. Sec. 3261, to correctly count the votes cast for the office of Representative to the General Assembly from the Thirteenth Legislative District in thirteen of the precincts thereof in accordance with petitions filed, the Court now hereby certifies to the Beaver County Board of Elections the correct and accurate vote in each of the thirteen precincts after recount to be as shown in the report attached hereto and signed by the aforesaid persons.

It is further ordered and directed that the Beaver County Board of Elections, pursuant to Section 1703, Act of June 3, 1937, P. L. 1333, 25 P. S. Sec. 3263, shall correct accordingly any entries previously made in the returns for the office of Representative to the General Assembly from the Thirteenth Legislative District in the aforesaid thirteen precincts.

BY THE COURT

RALPH F. SCALERA  
JOHN N. SAWYER  
JAMES E. ROWLEY

Certified from the Record this 6th day of January, 1969, A.D.

ANTHONY J. KECHIK, Prothonotary

January 6, 1969.

The following is the revised report of the Recount Board for the November 5, 1968 Election as per Court order

BEAVER BOROUGH FIRST WARD

	Before Recount	After Recount
ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	715	705
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	220	223

BEAVER BOROUGH SECOND WARD

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	425	427
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	149	144

BEAVER BOROUGH THIRD WARD FIRST DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	583	578
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	180	179

BEAVER BOROUGH THIRD WARD SECOND DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	600	598
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	169	171

BRIGHTON TOWNSHIP FIRST DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	605	600
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	238	237

BRIGHTON TOWNSHIP SECOND DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	713	719
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	337	326

MIDLAND BOROUGH FIRST DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	294	293
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	353	357

MIDLAND BOROUGH SECOND DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	130	130
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	222	221

MIDLAND BOROUGH THIRD DIST.

	Before Recount	After Recount
ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	64	66
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	433	430

MIDLAND BOROUGH FOURTH DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	72	77
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	383	384

MIDLAND BOROUGH FIFTH DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	59	60
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	284	283

PATTERSON TOWNSHIP FIRST DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	410	473
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	221	242

PATTERSON TOWNSHIP SECOND DIST.

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	348	349
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	384	382

The figures on the preceding report include the Absentee Ballots count excluding those in question.

The preceding is a Certification of the Recount Board for the November 5, 1968 Election as per Court Order.

CAROL L. DORSCH  
LUCY CELLINI  
THELMA G. FREED  
BARBARA ZAPSIC  
MARY LOUISE STERNART  
GRACE BEVARD  
W. B. SMITH

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of January A.D., 1969.

REBECCA M. MAJOIS,  
Deputy Prothonotary

BEFORE RECOUNT

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	10,055
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	10,056

AFTER RECOUNT

ROBERT O. DAVIS .....	10,112
FRANK W. SPRINGER .....	10,062

ROBERT O. DAVIS ..... 10,112  
 FRANK W. SPRINGER ..... 10,062

DAVIS LEAD ..... 50

The CHIEF CLERK. The election returns for all winning candidates for membership in the House of Representatives will be printed in the Journal of the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The CHIEF CLERK. The roll will now be called.

The roll was called and the following members-elect were present:

**MEMBERS PRESENT—200**

- |                 |                 |                |             |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Alexander       | Fulmer          | Lutty          | Rush        |
| Allen, F. M.    | Gallagher       | Lynch, Francis | Ryan        |
| Allen, W. W.    | Gallen          | Lynch, Frank   | Rybak       |
| Anderson, J. H. | Geesey          | Malady         | Saloom      |
| Anderson, S.    | Geisler         | Manbeck        | Savitt      |
| Appleton        | Gekas           | Manderino      | Scanlon     |
| Bachman         | Gelfand         | Martino        | Schmitt     |
| Bair            | George          | McAneny        | Seltzer     |
| Barber          | Gillette        | McClatchey     | Semanoff    |
| Bellomini       | Gleeson         | McCurdy        | Shelhamer   |
| Beloff          | Gola            | McGraw         | Shelton     |
| Bennett         | Good            | McMonagle      | Sherman     |
| Beren           | Goodman         | Mebus          | Shuman      |
| Berkes          | Greenfield      | Meiton         | Shupnik     |
| Berson          | Gring           | Mifflin        | Silverman   |
| Bittle          | Gross           | Miller, M. E.  | Slack       |
| Eixler          | Halverson       | Miller, P. W.  | Smith       |
| Blair           | Hamilton, J. H. | Moore          | Snare       |
| Bonetto         | Hamilton, R. K. | Moscrip        | Spencer     |
| Bossert         | Harrier         | Mullen         | Steckel     |
| Brunner         | Haudenschild    | Murphy         | Steele      |
| Burkhardt       | Hayes           | Musto          | Stemmler    |
| Bush            | Headlee         | Needham        | Stone       |
| Butera          | Hepford         | Nicholson      | Sullivan    |
| Caputo          | Hetrick         | Nitrauer       | Taylor      |
| Claypoole       | Hill            | Nolan          | Tayoun      |
| Comer           | Holman          | Novak          | Thomas      |
| Coppolino       | Homer           | O'Brien, B. F. | Tiberi      |
| Crawford        | Hopkins         | O'Brien, F. W. | Torak       |
| Crowley         | Horner          | O'Connell      | Valicenti   |
| Dager           | Hutchinson      | O'Donnell      | Vann        |
| Davis, D. M.    | Irvis           | O'Pake         | Walsh       |
| Davis, R. O.    | Johnson, G. R.  | Pancoast       | Wansacz     |
| DeJoseph        | Johnson, J. J.  | Parker         | Wargo       |
| DeMedio         | Johnson, T.     | Perry          | Weidner     |
| Diminni         | Kahle           | Pezak          | Westerberg  |
| Donaldson       | Kaufman         | Plevsky        | Wilson      |
| Dorsey          | Kelly           | Piper          | Wilt, R. E. |
| Dwyer           | Kennedy         | Pittenger      | Wilt, R. W. |
| Eckensberger    | Kernaghan       | Polaski        | Wilt, W. W. |
| Englehart       | Kester          | Prendergast    | Wise        |
| Eshback         | Kistler         | Quiles         | Wojdak      |
| Fee             | Kolter          | Renninger      | Worley      |
| Fenrich         | Kowalyshyn      | Renwick        | Worriow     |
| Fineman         | Kury            | Reynolds       | Wright      |
| Fischer         | LaMarca         | Rieger         | Yahner      |
| Foor            | Laudadio        | Ritter         | Yohn        |
| Fox             | Lawson          | Ruane          | Zearfoss    |
| Frank           | Lee             | Rudisill       | Zimmerman   |
| Fryer           | Lehr            | Ruggiero       | Zord        |

The CHIEF CLERK. Two hundred members-elect having answered to their names, a quorum is present.

**RESOLUTION**

**OATH OF OFFICE**

Mrs. ANDERSON offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the Honorable J. Sydney Hoffman, a Judge learned in the law, of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania, be requested to administer the oath of office required by Article VI, Section 3, of the Constitution, to be taken by the members of the House of Representatives.

**COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT THE HONORABLE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN TO ROSTRUM**

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair appoints the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Gelfand, and the gentleman from Perry, Mr. Holman, to escort His Honor, Judge Hoffman, to the rostrum.

The Chair recognizes the chairman of the committee, Mr. Gelfand.

Mr. GELFAND. Mr. Chief Clerk, I have the honor of presenting our good friend, the Honorable J. Sydney Hoffman, Judge of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The CHIEF CLERK. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

A Bible has been placed in the desk of each member for those who swear by the Bible.

Members-elect will rise, place their left hands on the Bible, raise their right hands, and remain standing at their desks during the administration of the oath to which each member will swear or affirm.

**OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO MEMBERS-ELECT**

HONORABLE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN. Do you solemnly swear, or affirm, that you will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the constitution of this Commonwealth, and that you will discharge the duties of your office with fidelity? If so, answer "I do."

(Members asserted oaths.)

**LEAVE OF ABSENCE**

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair recognizes the minority whip.

Mr. BUTERA. I request leave of absence for Mr. STAUFFER for today.

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair recognizes the majority whip.

Mr. PRENDERGAST. Mr. Chief Clerk, I have no request for leaves of absence at the moment. However, one of our members is not here, but I understand the State Police are bringing him. It is my understanding that he will be sworn in later.

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair thanks the gentleman.

Mr. PRENDERGAST. Mr. Chief Clerk, I think I have caused a little consternation by saying that the State Police are bringing him in. The gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Meholchick, had a death in his family and the police are bringing him to Harrisburg and are taking him home immediately after he takes the oath of office.

The CHIEF CLERK. Thank you. The remarks of the gentleman will be spread upon the record.

**RESOLUTION**

**ELECTION OF SPEAKER**

Mr. RITTER offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That in accordance with the provisions of Article 2, section 9, of the constitution of Pennsylvania, the House do now proceed to the election of a Speaker.

### NOMINATIONS FOR SPEAKER

The CHIEF CLERK. Nominations are now in order for the office of Speaker.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. LUTTY.

Mr. LUTTY. Mr. Chief Clerk, I rise to place in nomination for the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the man most qualified for the position from among the many who could serve with distinction in that honored post. The man I nominate has served in this chamber for eight terms. A "Yankee Doodle Dandy, born on the Fourth of July," this man has been, from the beginning, a born leader in this House.

As a freshman legislator, he authored the law banning wiretapping that is still on our books.

He has not been afraid to fight for what he believes is right no matter what the odds. A tough but fair opponent, an honest friend, he has been in the forefront of fights for human rights, education, welfare, for law and order and for many other causes. But most of all, he has carried on a fight for the right of the individual member of this legislature. He has fought to restore the legislature to its rightful place as a coordinate branch of government. He has fought to insure a place of dignity and respect among the citizens for the ordinary legislator. As a result of programs and policies outlined by this man, some of which are already in effect and many more planned, the legislature and the ordinary member of this House is assuming a higher position in the minds of our fellow citizens.

If we honor this man with the exalted post of Speaker—and I am certain that we shall here today—I foresee a golden age for the Pennsylvania legislature. His name will be no surprise to you. I nominate Herbert Fineman of Philadelphia to be our next Speaker of the House. Thank you.

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Donaldson.

Mr. DONALDSON. Mr. Chief Clerk, when I first came to this House, it was the custom for the minority party to nominate one of its members for the Speakership and to vote accordingly. The vote would divide along strict party lines, the majority party candidate receiving all the votes of his party and winning and the minority party candidate losing with only his party members' votes.

But, perhaps more important, this first roll call of those sessions established another tradition of those sessions, the tradition of each party casting its vote for or against a party position.

Some years ago, however, the Democratic Party initiated a change in this custom at a time when it found itself in our position today, a position of passing from majority to minority status. The Democratic Party at that time chose not to nominate a candidate but to second the nomination of the candidate offered by the majority Republicans, thereby establishing a new precedent which both parties have followed to this date.

It would be a happier personal assignment for me to be placing in nomination the choice of a majority Republican Party for Speaker. Indeed, if the political fortunes had favored us to that extent, there is no doubt we would be proudly placing in nomination for another term as Speaker

the distinguished gentleman from Sullivan County, Kenneth B. Lee.

There has been an able array of members elected by their peers in this House to chair this House, with five of whom I have had the pleasure of serving. All have served with credit; none more so than Ken Lee. All have contributed to the improvement of this House; none more significantly than Ken Lee. All have loved this House; none with more affection than Ken Lee. All have been an inspiration and a guide to us; none better than Speaker Lee. He met the challenge.

The political winds of last fall have decreed a change; the Democratic Party will select the Speaker. And in their selection they have chosen well. They have picked their best. Herb has been a vigorous party advocate, a fine floor leader, a man of intelligence, wit and determination. He knows this House, its strong points and its foibles. He knows how far this House has come in securing space, compensation and staff for its members from the time he and I, arriving as freshmen, had no desks, no phone or, indeed, no place from this floor to call our office or home. He knows how far we need to go in securing proper tools for both parties and for all of the 203 members. He is dedicated to this goal.

We hope, therefore, that this first bipartisan roll call will be symbolic. We hope to initiate another tradition in this session, a tradition for future bipartisan roll calls achieved through combining all our efforts to place on this floor for passage, legislation worthy of our joint support and, therefore, worthy of our Commonwealth.

You have nominated a candidate for Speaker who has the ability, the background and the dedication to measure up to the challenge of that office, the challenge to lead this House well for his party, yes, but more important, for all of the members and for all of the 11 million Pennsylvanians who make up their constituencies.

In this framework and on behalf of the Republican members, I am happy to second the nomination of the gentleman from Philadelphia, the Honorable Herbert Fineman, and I move that these nominations be closed.

The CHIEF CLERK. The gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Donaldson, moves that the nominations be now closed.

The motion was agreed to.

Herbert Fineman from Philadelphia County is unanimously elected Speaker.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT SPEAKER-ELECT TO ROSTRUM

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair appoints the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Irvis, and the gentleman from Sullivan County, Mr. Lee, to escort Speaker-elect Fineman to the rostrum.

Mr. IRVIS. Mr. Chief Clerk, I have the distinct honor to present the Speaker-elect, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Herbert Fineman.

The CHIEF CLERK. The oath of office will now be administered to the Speaker-elect.

### OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO THE SPEAKER-ELECT

The oath of office was administered to the Honorable Herbert Fineman, Speaker-elect of the House of Representatives, by the Honorable J. Sydney Hoffman.

**REMARKS BY JUDGE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN**

HONORABLE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, members of the General Assembly, friends of all of you, who are in the audience here today, this is an exciting moment for me, personally to come here and administer the oath to members of the Assembly, many of whom I have known for so many years, and to my dear and warm and personal friend of more than 25 years, Herbert Fineman. I say to him and his family, good luck. I know I am expressing to all of them, his dear mother, his wife, his children, all his family and friends, our sincere and heartfelt felicitations.

I know only too well that when the huzzahs and the congratulations and the fireworks are over, you ladies and gentlemen are going to buckle down to the most devastating problems that have ever faced any assembly, perhaps, in the entire United States, because there are formidable reasons why your task here is going to be most difficult. Some of these problems, fiscal, socioeconomic, humanistic, are going to try the patience and the mettle of a saint.

I know that you gentlemen, today—and Mr. Donaldson expressed it so well—are sophisticated enough and realistic enough to know that these are not just problems of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh and urban centers, that no longer can you segment a Commonwealth, that no longer can you say that you are isolated from the problems of the large city. There is an interdependence, one upon the other, a sensitivity of one upon the other, a feeling that what injures the rural community does the same to the urban, and vice versa. I know that you are aware of these facts and that you are going to act accordingly.

Members of the Assembly, in spite of the fact that these problems are so complex and are fraught with such perplexity, I know you are going to come through somehow or other. I know that under the leadership of Herb Fineman, with the knowledgeability and the experience of the older members of the House, with the verve and the enthusiasm and the new ideas of the freshmen members, you are going to thrust aside—again to quote Mr. Donaldson—petty partisanship, that you are going to get down and do the job. Let me say, as a member of the interested public who loves my Commonwealth and loves it dearly, that we are prepared, all of us, and the numbers are legion, to give you the benefit of our experience, our knowledge, to get behind you and give you our moral and physical support so that we can join hands as good Americans must and should and would in making this Commonwealth greater and stronger than it has ever been and seeing that our United States of America remains viable.

Again I say, I am just delighted and excited and thrilled to be here. To all of you members I say good luck and God bless each and every one of you.

The CHIEF CLERK. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

**PRESENTATION OF GAVEL**

The CHIEF CLERK. The Chair requests the Honorable Kenneth B. Lee, former Speaker of the House, to take the chair for the purpose of presenting the gavel to Speaker Fineman.

**HONORABLE KENNETH B. LEE IN THE CHAIR**

Mr. LEE. Thank you, Mr. Chief Clerk. Mr. Speaker, I

have been highly honored for the past two years to serve as the Speaker of this House and I am just as highly honored today to pass this gavel on to our new Speaker. I know he will wield it with distinction; I know he will wield it with patience; but, most of all, I know he will wield it with fairness.

Herb, my heartiest congratulations and best wishes and good luck.

**THE SPEAKER (Herbert Fineman) IN THE CHAIR**

The SPEAKER. Mr. Secretary, officers and members of the House, distinguished guests, Judge Hoffman, Rabbi Dembowitz, ladies and gentlemen:

I can think of no more appropriate way in which to commence my term as the newly elected Speaker of the House than by paying tribute to my predecessor, the Honorable Kenneth B. Lee. Representative Lee has presided over this chamber these past two years with eminent fairness and great dignity and in a manner that reflects the wisdom of his colleagues in having placed that mantle of responsibility upon his shoulders. I hope that the good Lord, in His infinite wisdom, will endow me with the courage, the strength, and the wisdom to enable me to discharge the responsibilities of this office in an equally effective and fair manner.

Most assuredly, this is the proudest day of my life, and a commingling of emotions stirs within me at this time, humility, profound gratitude, and an almost disabling exhilaration. I am so very grateful to my distinguished colleagues in the House for having accorded me the very high honor of Speaker of the House. There have been other memorable moments for me during the course of my years in public life, but this honor shall always remain among my most cherished treasures.

I would like to extend congratulations to the officers of both caucuses and warm felicitations and best wishes to all members on this occasion. I particularly bid welcome to the 35 new members who join this body today. To them I renew the counsel that I have previously offered to new members:

If you labor diligently and with faithfulness at the tasks before you, if you meet the responsibilities and the challenges of your office with courage and good heart, if you act responsively to the wants and the needs of the people of this Commonwealth, if by your demeanor and your conduct you contribute to the stature and dignity of the office of Representative in this General Assembly, you will find that today you have embarked upon the most ennobling experience of your lives.

Let me also extend a very warm welcome to the many distinguished guests who grace this chamber today and to the families and friends who have come here to witness these ceremonies and to share in the joy of seeing those who are dear to them, sworn into membership in this House of Representatives. I know that you share with us the same sense of pride that is always generated on inauguration day, not only by the regal resplendency and beauty of the floral decorations and the rich traditions and heritage which warmly embrace us in this impressive chamber, but equally as much by the legislative processes upon which we once again embark.

These are the democratic processes of a free society, but one must observe that never have they been confronted with a more awesome challenge than they are today.

This has been a time of turbulence for Americans—a time of confrontation and upheaval in our urban areas and our school campuses—a time of great uneasiness about social problems and antagonisms—a time of great concern about increasing violence and about disorderly dissent—and unhappily a time when good people, out of their apprehension and fear, turn away from established democratic processes and turn to those who proffer only unreasoned reaction and still more violence.

Yes, the loss of respect for the legislative process challenges us as Americans, as Pennsylvanians, as Republicans and as Democrats. These sober facts should awaken us to the realization that legislators can and must play a key role in maintaining our democratic system of government as the single most important stabilizer in the affairs of our free society.

But democratic government can only be a stabilizer if we as legislators engender the fullest measure of trust and the confidence of our populace. Trust is the cornerstone of civil order. Only when we become efficient and responsive agencies of the popular will shall we gain this respect and this trust.

In recent years no branch of government has been more maligned, harassed, and criticized than have been state legislatures all across the nation. And with this crescendo of condemnation there has been a corresponding lessening of public respect in our operations. Although much of this criticism is uninformed and without merit, no legislator can deny that as an institution the legislature can be improved. If we do not face up to this truth, then we will be unable to face up to the problems of our time and perhaps the escalation of these problems as we move toward the 21st century.

As Democrats and as Republicans, we may disagree on the issues before us, but let us, as Pennsylvania legislators, agree on the transcendent importance of doing our job better. Failing this, we cannot pretend to the citizens or to ourselves that we are adequately coping with the demanding challenges of this day. Failing this, we cannot survive as viable partners in the federal system.

As Democrats and Republicans we can agree that the Federal Government is not the repository of all wisdom, but we must also agree that so long as the States through legislative and executive inertia abdicate their responsibilities, the Federal Government will surely fill the void created by state inaction. Many legislators protest against federal encroachment on the sphere of the States, but the fact remains that if the state legislatures do not restructure themselves to deal more thoroughly and more comprehensively with the vast and profound exigencies of our time, then we can only expect a greater incursion of federal control and an even greater circumvention of state authority.

The people of this Commonwealth have entrusted us and honored us individually and collectively with the responsibility of office. We are not only representatives of our respective legislative districts, we are representatives of Pennsylvania, we are custodians of the constitution, of the law, of the legislature itself. Let us not impair that trust.

In one of the ancient scriptures of my faith it is said: "The day is short, the work is great, and the reward is much."

Let us then proceed to our work this session with vigor and with good will, disagreeing, as we shall, over details but agreeing on the principle that ours is a goodly work,

in a noble profession, in which we have the honor to serve this hallowed institution, this great Commonwealth, and this great people of Pennsylvania.

### SPEAKER'S FAMILY INTRODUCED

The SPEAKER. With some measure of pardonable pride, I would, at this time, like to introduce my family, who have assembled en masse here today. First, my very dear companion, my lovely wife, Fran; and my children, of whom I am very proud, my daughter, Jan, and my son, John.

I am also thrilled beyond my capacity to tell you how very much with the late arrival of my dear mother, who I thought was not going to make it but who did show up, Mrs. Fineman.

I would like to introduce my associate in the practice of law, a very close buddy, my friend, Irv Fineman, and his family.

The final member of the family, my sister Mrs. Spivak and her family.

### PRESENTATION OF COMMEMORATIVE GAVEL

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the chief clerk.

The CHIEF CLERK. Mr. Lee, the members and employes of the 1967-1968 session present you with this gavel as a token of their esteem and appreciation of you as a man and an excellent Speaker.

Mr. LEE. Thank you very much, Mr. Bower, to you personally and to each of you personally. I am deeply appreciative and I know that it will not compare with the one I just left, but I will treasure it, and I thank you very much, again.

### ANNOUNCEMENT OF MAJORITY FLOOR LEADERS

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cambria County, Mr. Englehart, for the purpose of making an announcement.

Mr. ENGLEHART. Mr. Speaker, as chairman of the Democratic caucus, I have been instructed to announce, for the information of the members of the House and for the record, that the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Irvis, has been elected by the Democratic caucus as majority leader, and that the gentleman from Northampton County, Mr. Prendergast, has been elected majority whip.

### REMARKS BY MAJORITY LEADER

The SPEAKER. The Chair is happy at this time to recognize the majority leader, the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Irvis.

Mr. IRVIS. Thank you.

I thank you very, very much. That was unexpected and probably an undeserved honor. I am not so sure whether you stood up to honor me or you stood up to warn me not to talk too long.

I wish at this time to offer my personal congratulations to my very close friend and most admired fellow Representative, the new Speaker, Mr. Herbert Fineman. No one deserves it more.

The SPEAKER. Thank you.

Mr. IRVIS. I guess we are having troubles already in



this session. Mr. Gelfand has changed his background and has become "Gelfano" and was sworn in on a Catholic Bible, and I had planned to invite all of you as my guests to a certain place in Harrisburg but I do not think I can get in. So it looks as though we are going to have a great year.

I am going to speak very briefly to the members who are new here. We are, all of us, Democrats and Republicans alike, engaged in a splendid experiment testing whether or not man is designed to be free, and it is an open-end experiment, the conclusion of which can only be hoped for but cannot truly be predicted. All the other animals of earth follow leaders; we sometimes call them kings, sometimes presidents, sometimes governors; but always we have the strong executive, the leader of the pack, the one who can enforce his will by his cleverness or his strength.

Of all the populace of the earth, only man has evolved a competition for the king, a counterbalance for the leader of the pack. Only man has evolved a system whereby man says all wisdom, all power, all strength does not reside in one man. It has taken us 25,000 years of organized development to reach that point, and some of us yet are not convinced that it is true. However, those of you who are newly elected here and those of us who now must bear the label of veteran legislators are living symbols of the fact that our people believe that all wisdom, all strength, all leadership must not reside in one man. We are the counterbalance to the kings; we are the voice of the people who say, we were born free with the right to govern ourselves and to choose our own destinies, and this is the responsibility behind the flowers, behind the panoply, after the friends and family have gone home, that you and I must bear.

It is a marvelous challenge and it is a marvelous struggle for it will be that struggle. We shall differ among ourselves in this House as to the way we go about our business, but we shall not differ as to our philosophy of the importance of the self-rule of people, for each one of us would not be here except for the fact that he believes this and except for the fact that his constituents hold firmly to it.

You have been welcomed into the most marvelous camaraderie I have ever known. There is not one woman or one man serving in this House who is not an exceptional human being. Were that not so, you would not be here. I remember over the years—and it has taken 10 years to make the trek from the back bench down to this one, and some place among the newly elected there is a future Speaker and a future majority leader, and that is well and that is right. But I can remember over the years—some of the splendid people who welcomed me here and who helped me get the long march from the back bench here and from whom, I hope, I learned enough to warrant your trust.

I remember Hi Andrews, a tiny gnome of a man, peppery and partisan, a man who could weave the spell of his thoughts in a wonderful net of words, a man who was fiercely devoted to the legislative process, a man who understood the importance of the legislator and the legislature.

And there was "Chick" Agnew, may his soul rest in peace, who was the leader of the minority, who taught me the value of tenacity and purpose.

There was also the warm hearted Marion Munley who used to be our Secretary of the House, who had, I think,

more than any other person I have known, the joy of living and the warmth of giving.

There is also the retiring Chief Clerk Adam Bower, who served on the floor of this House, who taught me, and I hope taught many, the value of trust and friendship and the fact that the man who talks the most on the floor is not necessarily the one who is listened to the most.

There was the marvelous Steve McCann who with his selfless devotion and hard work, stood here at this microphone in tears at least on one occasion when he thought all of his efforts were going down the drain. I caution you, I do not cry easily.

Jim Dougherty, may his soul rest in peace, the gentleman from Philadelphia, was the first who nominated me into the leadership and the one from whom I learned the value of loyalty to friends and the singleness of purpose.

There was also Jim Clarke, who is now serving back in Allegheny County but who once served with us, who was as loyal to me as any brother could have been in times of trouble when I needed his strength.

There was the ebullient, enthusiastic Tom Foerster, who made "Little Joe" a symbol on this floor. What a wonderful drive the man has.

There was also a nonlegislative member, Saul Kohler of the press, who I watched teach daily the values of basic decency and with the saving grace of his sense of humor.

There was also Sarah Anderson, a present member, who taught the value of an open heart and the value of understanding human weaknesses.

There was also Harold Rudisill, currently a member, who taught the value of personal integrity and the uses of oak-tree strength.

There was also Lee Donaldson, the current minority leader, who through two long and difficult years taught all of us, I think, how you do a frequently thankless job well and how you keep your sense of balance of the importance of things which arise on this floor.

These are people I can never forget and can never thank enough. These were people who welcomed me here. These were people from whom I drew strength and encouragement. There are more like them. They are all around you.

They welcome you and I welcome you to the hall of the House. Enjoy the ceremony and be happy; tomorrow we will go to work.

Thank you.

### REMARKS BY MAJORITY WHIP

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the majority whip, the gentleman from Northampton County, Mr. Prendergast.

Mr. PRENDERGAST. Mr. Speaker, my first duty as majority whip will be to extend my congratulations to the new Speaker of the House. I want to say that it has been a pleasure to be tutored by him over the past 10 years. He, together with the leadership on both sides of the House, had given me a great deal of counsel, a great deal of knowledge. It is my sincere desire that I can add my bit to that which has been done in the past.

I particularly, as Mr. Irvis does, want to congratulate the veteran members and also the 36 new members, who, today, are sitting in this beautiful hall for the first time in their lives.

Over the past 10 years I have seen the budget increase in size; I have seen the problems of state government increase, and, as Judge Hoffman said in his remarks today, the next two years, starting tomorrow, in the words of Mr. Irvis, we go to work because we face devastating problems, tremendous problems. I am confident that we can face these problems and overcome these problems. As the years have gone on in my service, I have seen the quality of the legislature increase from term to term, and I am sure that the contribution of these new young men and women will add to the quality of this legislature, one of which I am proud to be a member, one in which I am proud to be a leader.

To add a little levity to the program, I do think that I should point out that my son's remarks were his own, not mine. He was not prepared in the least. But I do feel, if you will bear with me for just a second, that I should introduce to you my family, all six of them, including my wife, Ann, my father-in-law, my mother-in-law, five nieces and nephews and a brother-in-law and a sister-in-law, all in the back. These are the people who have been behind me as all families and friends are behind each of us members.

Once again, let me congratulate the leadership on both sides. It was a pleasure to have worked with them for the past three or four years, and it is going to be, I hope, a pleasure to work with them in the future.

Thank you very much.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT OF MINORITY FLOOR LEADERS

The SPEAKER. The Chair now recognizes the lady from Delaware County, Mrs. Kernaghan, for the purpose of making an announcement.

Mrs. KERNAGHAN. Mr. Speaker, as chairman of the Republican caucus, I have been instructed to announce, for the information of the members of the House and for the record, that the gentleman from Allegheny County, Mr. Donaldson, has been elected by the Republican caucus as minority leader, and that the gentleman from Montgomery County, Mr. Butera, has been elected minority whip.

#### REMARKS BY MINORITY LEADER

The SPEAKER. The Chair at this time recognizes the minority leader, the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Donaldson, whom I publicly want to thank for his many kind references during the course of placing my name in nomination.

Mr. DONALDSON. Mr. Speaker, I have a couple of peculiar problems.

First of all, I would like to introduce the members of my family, but the girls do not want to be introduced and the boys, I noticed, left the chamber the minute I got up, which really, shows more aplomb than I normally give them credit for.

When I listened to the eloquence of the new majority leader—we, of course, on this side have the opportunity of having the better leadership—I turned to my able assistant, Mr. Butera, and asked how I should answer all that eloquence and he said, "Why don't you resign?" I will not repeat that again either for fear that that invitation would get accepted pretty quickly.

Seriously, I would like to present rather en masse and without introducing them separately, the wives and chil-

dren of the Republican leadership, who are over on the left. I think you ought to see them because they are very lovely and I would like to have them all stand up.

Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that no matter how veteran a member may be or how many times he may have been privileged to participate in these opening-day exercises, the excitement never diminishes. The beauty of the chamber and the blazing colors of the floral arrangements and the crowds of relatives and dignitaries and friends and well-wishers all combine to make this occasion a truly memorable experience. Yet this day, of course, has particular significance for those men and women who for the first time take the oath of office as members of this House. They are entering a new and challenging field where the opportunities for service are many, the problems tangled and the solutions difficult. We offer each of these new members our friendship and our cooperation, and we solicit from them their ideas and their counsel. Our congratulations to all of you and our best wishes for a satisfying legislative career.

Mr. Speaker, this day is an extraordinary occurrence for the gentleman at the podium who, while not a freshman member, appears today as a freshman Speaker and the only officer charged with representing the entire House as an entity. We have truly elected a Speaker whose abilities are well known to all of us and we pledge to you, Mr. Speaker, our cooperation and we offer to you our congratulations. You have, indeed, earned your laurels.

We look forward to working with the new majority leader and his caucus officers, all of whom are well known to us. That eloquence of which I spoke previously of the gentleman, Mr. Irvis, will no doubt relieve the tension of long legislative days that offer a very difficult challenge to us on this side.

Recognizing, Mr. Speaker, that the responsibility for the day-to-day operation of this House rests with the Speaker and the majority party, we on the Republican side, at this time, would like to offer some thoughts and comments. We look forward to certain constructive proposals which will be advanced by our own Legislative Modernization Commission and we trust they will receive prompt and immediate consideration.

In reducing the number of standing committees to 21, the House has taken a step in the right direction. We would have hoped for an even further reduction in the number of committees, and we look forward truly to the time when the House and the Senate will have comparable committee set-ups. We applaud the action of the majority party in achieving a more even representation between the two parties on the standing committees.

Probably, Mr. Speaker, only one committee of this House, the House Committee on Appropriations, has truly been able to carry out its functions in an imaginative and creative fashion. With recognized chairmen for both majority and minority and with adequate staffing for both, the gentlemen, Mr. Seltzer and Mr. Mullen, have performed magnificently and are recognized as real experts in the field of budget-making.

Let us work toward similar goals for other committees charged with major subject matters. We support the principle of minority committee chairmen, advocated during the last session by the minority party. We shall designate minority chairmen for the respective committees and urge that they be accorded status as such. We suggest that com-

mittee meetings and the agenda of committee meetings be announced well in advance so that members will have ample opportunity to review legislation to come before committees. It would be our hope that committee chairmen would call before the committee for discussion all bills referred to committee. We encourage open committee meetings and hearings.

It is our hope that serious thought be given to the overall schedule of this House. Legislative sessions, in recent years, tend to go beyond the summer months and, therefore, we think it important to announce well in advance the weekly schedule of legislative days and the time during which members can feel free to schedule summer vacations.

We believe this matter of scheduling is important, not for the convenience of members, but for the orderly transaction of the business of this House. We hope the time is long past that this House should concern itself with petty bickering over sponsorship of bills. We recommend the adoption of a system whereby members who have sponsored bills similar to bills which are coming from committee be accorded the free privilege of joining as cosponsors of the bills being reported.

In offering these ideas, we recognize that we are, by implication, criticizing some long-standing traditions of this House and that we are, in some instances, suggesting that you, as the majority, make changes we failed to make. Nevertheless, we offer them in the spirit of combining all our thinking to make a better House.

Two hundred and three constituencies have sent us here to represent them. In some instances, Republican-registered districts have sent Democratic members, and vice versa. They have selected us, the men and women sworn in today, to do our best for Pennsylvania. They have not sent us here to conduct the 1970 gubernatorial campaign. Our job is to legislate in 1969. We believe that ideas advanced for a legislative modernization by independent commissions, by the majority party or by us should have one overriding principle, to secure greater participation in the legislative process by all members of this body, majority or minority, veteran or freshman. Legislative proposals of merit will be submitted to us by the administration, by the Senate, by the leadership of both parties and by the 203 individual dedicated men and women sent here to represent their districts and their Commonwealth.

Our job is to enact, from these proposals, statutes worthy of our trust. This is our individual and our collective responsibility.

The Republican members of this House, Mr. Speaker, share the hope that today, January 7, will not be our finest hour, but that it will be the first hour of a fine session. This will be the objective toward which all our actions are geared.

I thank you, Mr. Speaker.

#### REMARKS BY MINORITY WHIP

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the minority whip, the very handsome gentleman from Montgomery County, Mr. Butera.

Mr. BUTERA. That is not going to get you anywhere, Mr. Speaker.

Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I could not help but notice and remember, when my counterpart, Mr. Prendergast, introduced all of his family

and guests, that we, on this side, were told by your side that we were only allowed two tickets.

Mr. Speaker, I am very happy to see you on the rostrum, first, because I respect you, and I think every member in this House does, and secondly, quite frankly, we are very pleased to have you up there to get you out of our hair.

As probably one of the most eloquent orators ever to be a member of this House, certainly we sat here many and many a day in the last two years trying to figure out how we were going to answer you. I trust that you remain on that platform for the next two years.

The SPEAKER. How about the next four years?

Mr. BUTERA. That will not be possible.

I congratulate the majority party for selecting good leaders. I say that with some knowledge because I have had the privilege of working with them for the past two years, and I think the thing which we did better than probably it ever had been done before was that, the two leaderships maintained good communications. Even during the most heated battles, we met constantly behind closed doors, and I think the people of this Commonwealth benefited from that.

I have enjoyed working with our leader during the past two years. He is a tough man, not to work for; he is tough in his ideals; he sticks to them. I think in Lee Donaldson we have probably the finest leader this party has ever had in this House.

The spirit of today is a very interesting one. It is cooperative; it is bipartisan; and as I look back over the past six years that I have been a member of this House and look at the accomplishments which we have made, I think even the most partisan observer would have to admit that the accomplishments have been made only where the two parties have eventually agreed in principle.

We cannot afford to let this spirit die and we must build upon this base.

I am happy, too, to see so many guests today and so many members of the press, both vocal and written, and I hope that you continue to visit us and report what happens here, because quite frankly we are not tremendously pleased with the image which we presently have among the public. We do realize that we are the ones who must change that image and we hope that you will work with us in that effort. We have made great strides, I think, in the past two years. We will continue to do so together.

Again, Mr. Speaker, thank you and good luck to all of you.

#### OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO MEMBER-ELECT MEHOLCHICK

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Meholchick, arrived subsequent to the taking of the oath that all other members took this morning. I am going to ask the majority floor leader, Mr. Irvis, to escort the gentleman to the bar of the House so that the oath may be administered to the gentleman by Judge Hoffman.

HONORABLE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN. Do you solemnly swear, or affirm, that you will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the constitution of this Commonwealth, and that you will discharge the duties of your office with fidelity? If so, answer "I do."

Mr. MEHOLCHICK. I do.

**SYMPATHY EXTENDED TO MR. MEHOLCHICK**

The SPEAKER. On behalf of the members of the House, to Mr. Meholchick I extend deepest sympathy in your time of bereavement.

**PLACING OF MACE**

The SPEAKER. The oath of office having now been taken by the members of the House and the Speaker having been elected, the Chair instructs the sergeant at arms to now place on the rostrum the mace, which is the symbol of authority of the House. When the mace is at the Speaker's right, the House is in session.

The Chair extends the thanks of the House to the chief clerk, Mr. Adam Bower, for the efficient manner in which he has presided over the organization of the House. No less a performance could be expected from this former veteran distinguished member of the House. We thank you, Adam.

**CHIEF CLERK COMMENDED**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from York, Mr. Anderson.

Mr. J. H. ANDERSON. Mr. Speaker, I think this body would be remiss if we did not recognize our retiring chief clerk.

Adam Bower was first elected to this House in 1938. He served in this chamber for 14 terms. Adam has always had tremendous interest in the House and its operation, its appearance, and because of his love for it as a former member of this House. Adam, as a former member, knew the needs of the members and when he became chief clerk, he endeavored to see that these needs were fulfilled. He, along with the Speaker and Committee on Space in the House, has provided for the first time a desk, a telephone, a chair and a filing cabinet for each and every member for the first time in the history of this House of Representatives.

Adam has also upheld the tradition that has been practiced by former chief clerks of this House by extending to both parties the fair and equal treatment that they should have received.

Congratulations, Mr. Chief Clerk, on a job well done.

**RESPONSE BY CHIEF CLERK**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the chief clerk for purposes of a response.

Mr. BOWER. As I go into retirement I take with me many memories of happy and exciting moments and friendships made. I pray for each and every one of you health, happiness and success.

**SECRETARY OF HOUSE COMMENDED**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Clinton County, Mr. Bossert.

Mr. BOSSERT. Mr. Speaker, I, too, would like to extend our best wishes to a member of our retiring body, Mr. R. P. Stimmel.

I have drawn a resolution and I would appreciate it if this would be read to the members of the House.

The following resolution was read, considered and un-animously adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

The Honorable Reginald P. Stimmel has served as a member of this House of Representatives, as its Chief Clerk, as its Minority Staff Administrator, and was elected Secretary January 3, 1967.

Both as a member and as an official of this House of Representatives, Mr. Stimmel has distinguished himself by the excellence of his work, his inspirational personality which has created devotion to him and enthusiasm for their work among his fellow workers, and for his dedication and devotion to whatever tasks he was called upon to perform.

It is with sorrow and regret that the members of this House of Representatives view Mr. Stimmel's retirement as Secretary; therefore be it

**RESOLVED**, That this House of Representatives extends its hearty congratulations to the Honorable Reginald P. Stimmel on his excellent and inspiring record as its Secretary, and expresses its hope that he will be equally successful in any and all of his endeavors subsequent to his retirement as Secretary; and be it further

**RESOLVED**, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Honorable Reginald P. Stimmel.

W. MAX BOSSERT.

**REMARKS BY SECRETARY OF HOUSE**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the retiring Secretary of the House, Mr. Stimmel:

Mr. STIMMEL. Thank you.

I wish I could say a lot more but, as you can understand, I am in poor voice. I am so appreciative of the fellowship I have had and the cooperation I have had and the opportunity I have had to serve the most wonderful people in the world.

Thank you and good luck.

**RESOLUTION****ELECTION OF CHIEF CLERK**

Mr. STONE offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

**RESOLVED**, That the House do now proceed to the election of a Chief Clerk of the House.

**NOMINATIONS FOR CHIEF CLERK**

The SPEAKER. Nominations are now in order for the office of Chief Clerk of the House.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Mullen.

Mr. MULLEN. Mr. Speaker, I consider it a privilege and a pleasure today to offer into nomination the name of a colleague of mine for 12 years in the House of Representatives, a man who has served in an administrative capacity for two years, a very able and qualified individual, a good family man, a knowledgeable man, a gentleman who has complete knowledge of the election processes and of the administration of the House of Representatives. I offer as our candidate, Vincent F. Scarcelli, of Philadelphia, a very able man.

Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Mullen, places in nomination Vincent F. Scarcelli, from Philadelphia County, for the office of Chief Clerk. Are there any other nominations?

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lawrence County, Mr. Fox.

Mr. FOX. Mr. Speaker, I move that the nominations for the office of Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be closed.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. Vincent F. Scarcelli, from Philadelphia County, is declared unanimously elected Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

### RESOLUTION

#### ELECTION OF SECRETARY

Mr. WALSH offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the House do now proceed to the election of a Secretary of the House.

### NOMINATIONS FOR SECRETARY

The SPEAKER. Nominations are now in order for the office of Secretary of the House.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Elk County, Mr. Renwick.

Mr. RENWICK. Mr. Speaker, it gives me a great deal of pleasure to place in nomination for Secretary of the House of Representatives, a former colleague of ours, a man who served in this House of Representatives for three terms, through the years of 1961 to 1966. He has also been an employe of the Westinghouse Corporation of Allegheny County for 28 years. To a lot of you older members who have dealt with the Secretary in the House of Representatives and, I might say, to a number of you newer members, the Secretary of the House of Representatives is an important function in our duties here as legislators.

The Secretary has the duty of recording our roll calls. This is very important, not only to us as legislators, but to the people all over the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. He also distributes many pamphlets, codes and manuals. Our Pennsylvania Manual, by the way, is distributed by the Secretary of the House.

So I can assure you that the man who I am to place in nomination is fully aware of all of these functions. I am sure he will have us in mind and he will do a terrific job as all the past Secretaries have done in the terms which I have served as a member of the legislature.

I do not know whether this is a qualification or not, but this man is a boastful Irishman and has been for better than 39 years, so I place before you the name of Thomas F. Sullivan, of East McKeesport, Allegheny County.

Thank you.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Elk County, Mr. Renwick, places in nomination the name of Thomas Sullivan, of Allegheny County, for the office of Secretary of the House. Are there any other nominations?

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Lebanon County, Mr. Seltzer.

Mr. SELTZER. Mr. Speaker, I move that nominations for the office of Secretary of the House of Representatives be closed.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. Thomas Sullivan, from Allegheny County, is hereby declared elected Secretary of the House.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ESCORT CHIEF CLERK-ELECT AND SECRETARY-ELECT TO BAR OF HOUSE

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints the gentleman from Philadelphia County, Mr. Sherman, and the gentleman from Huntingdon County, Mr. Snare, to escort the Chief Clerk-elect and the Secretary-elect of the House to the bar of the House.

### OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO CHIEF CLERK AND SECRETARY

The SPEAKER. The oath of office required by the constitution will now be administered to the Chief Clerk-elect, Vincent F. Scarcelli, and the Secretary-elect of the House, Thomas F. Sullivan, by Judge J. Sydney Hoffman of the Superior Court.

The oath of office was administered to the Honorable Vincent F. Scarcelli, Chief Clerk-elect, and the Honorable Thomas F. Sullivan, Secretary-elect, by the Honorable J. Sydney Hoffman.

### COMMITTEE TO ESCORT CHIEF CLERK AND SECRETARY TO ROSTRUM

The SPEAKER. The Chair requests Mr. Bower and Mr. Stimmel to escort the Chief Clerk and the Secretary of the House to their places on the rostrum.

(The escort committee performed its duty.)

### STATEMENT BY CHIEF CLERK

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the newly elected Chief Clerk, Mr. Vincent Scarcelli, of Philadelphia.

The CHIEF CLERK. Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, distinguished guests, may I simply thank you for the confidence you have vested in me. I promise to administer the responsibilities of this office with the kind of enthusiasm and loyalty known to the traditions of this chamber and this State and that which has been shown by my eminent predecessors, Mr. Bower, Mr. Petrosky and the others who have served before.

I wish to congratulate all the members on both sides of the aisle on their recent election.

With your indulgence, and with pride, may I introduce to you my gracious wife, Nancy Sue; my son, Vincent, Jr.; my daughter, Patricia and her twin sister, Phyllis, and her husband, Vito Carfagno. Will they please rise?

Thank you.

### STATEMENT BY SECRETARY

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the newly elected Secretary of the House, Mr. Sullivan, of Allegheny County.

The SECRETARY. Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, honored guests, I was a little bit disturbed there for a minute when I was almost nominated as Tom Lamb; in fact, I felt a little sheepish. I thought I might have some trouble, but I did not think it was going to come from the Senate.

I wish to congratulate Mr. Fineman on being elected Speaker and to congratulate the officers on both the majority and minority sides of the House, and to congratulate you members on your victory in your recent election.

The office of the Secretary of the House will be open to each and every one of you at all times to render whatever services we can. I sincerely thank you for electing me to this position.

I wish you good luck and good health.

Thanks again.

### COMMUNICATION FROM GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor, which was read:

#### REQUEST TO ADDRESS JOINT SESSION

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Governor's Office, Harrisburg

January 7, 1969.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to address the Members in Joint Session on Tuesday, January 7, 1969, at a time convenient to the General Assembly.

RAYMOND P. SHAFER.

### SENATE MESSAGE

#### JOINT SESSION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read:

In the Senate, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session, Tuesday, January 7, 1969 at 2:15 P.M., in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of hearing an address by His Excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth; witness the opening, counting and computing of the official returns of the election for Auditor General and State Treasurer held Tuesday, November 5, 1968 in the several counties of this Commonwealth; and to elect a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

### SENATE MESSAGE

#### COMMITTEE TO ESCORT GOVERNOR TO HALL OF HOUSE

The clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read:

In the Senate, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, (the House of Representatives concurring), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate, be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives to escort His Excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth, to the Hall of the House of Representatives to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session pursuant to a resolution already adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee on the part of the House to escort the Governor to the hall of the House, the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Bachman; the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lawson; and the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Haudenschild.

### RESOLUTION

#### COMMITTEE TO ESCORT THE SENATE

Mr. O'DONNELL offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the Speaker appoint a committee of two to escort the members and officers of the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending the Joint Session of the General Assembly.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to wait upon the Senate, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Sullivan; the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Piper.

### RESOLUTION

#### APPOINTMENT OF TELLER

Mr. FENRICH offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the gentleman from Berks County, Mr. Fryer, be appointed Teller on the part of the House of Representatives to open and compute the vote for Auditor General and State Treasurer in a Joint Session of the Senate and House at a time to be fixed by Concurrent Resolution.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

### SENATE MESSAGE

#### APPOINTMENT OF TELLER

The clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read:

In the Senate, January 7, 1969.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed the House of Representatives that the Honorable D. Elmer Hawbaker, of the County of Franklin, has been elected Teller on the part of the Senate to compute the vote cast on November 5, 1968, for Auditor General and State Treasurer in Joint Session of the General Assembly, Tuesday, January 7, 1969.

### RESOLUTION

#### ADOPTION OF RULES OF HOUSE

Mrs. KELLY offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the rules of the House of Representatives for the 1967-68 Sessions be and are hereby adopted as the rules of the 1969 Session of this House until otherwise ordered.

### RESOLUTION

#### THANKING JUDGE J. SYDNEY HOFFMAN

Mr. RUDISILL offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That the members of the House of Representatives do hereby extend their thanks to the Honorable J. Sydney Hoffman, Judge of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania, for his services in administering the oath of office to its members and officers.

### RESOLUTION

#### COMMITTEE TO INFORM SENATE THAT HOUSE IS ORGANIZED

Mr. NEEDHAM offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That a committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House of Representatives is organized and ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to notify the Senate that the House is organized the following members: the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. O'Brien; the gentleman from Bucks, Mr. Gallagher; the gentleman from Pike, Mr. Eshback.

The committee will now proceed with the performance of its duties.

### RESOLUTION

#### COMMITTEE TO INFORM THE GOVERNOR THAT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES IS ORGANIZED

Mr. MURPHY offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, That a committee of three members be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and inform him that the House of Representatives is organized and ready to receive any communications he may wish to make.

### COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to wait upon the Governor and notify him that the House is organized the following members: the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Perry; the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Shupnik; and the gentleman from Centre, Mr. Fulmer.

The committee will now proceed with the performance of its duties.

### HOLIDAY GREETINGS

The SPEAKER. The Chair takes this opportunity to

extend best wishes for a happy holiday season to those who celebrate holidays under the Julian calendar.

### SENATE MESSAGE

#### TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read:

In the Senate, January 7, 1969.

RESOLVED, (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, January 27, 1969 at a time to be fixed by the Senate, unless sooner recalled by the President Pro Tempore, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday, January 27, 1969 at a time to be fixed by the House of Representatives, unless sooner recalled by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

### COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES APPOINTED

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to notify the House of the names of the members of the House who have been appointed to serve on the Committee on Committees: the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Shupnik, chairman; the lady from Philadelphia, Mrs. Anderson; the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Needham; the gentleman from Mifflin, Mr. Hetrick; the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Murphy; the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Luty; the gentleman from Elks, Mr. Renwick; the gentleman from Lawrence, Mr. Fox; the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Haudenshield; the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Piper; and the Speaker of the House, *ex officio*.

### COMMUNICATION FROM GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor, which was read:

#### REASONS FOR PARDONS

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Governor's Office, Harrisburg

January 7, 1969.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith, the reasons for pardons and commutations granted by me from January 2, 1968, to date.

RAYMOND P. SHAFER.

(For reasons, see Appendix)

### COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE SENATE INSTRUCTED TO PROCEED

The SPEAKER. The committee appointed to wait upon the Senate will proceed with the performance of its duties. The committee will inform the Senate that the House is organized.

That committee consists of the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. B. F. O'Brien; the gentleman from Bucks, Mr. Gallagher; the gentleman from Pike, Mr. Eshback. That committee will now proceed in the performance of its duties.

#### **REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia County, Mr. Perry.

Mr. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, your committee of Mr. Shupnik, Mr. Fulmer and myself, appointed to inform His Excellency, the Governor, that the House is organized, has performed its duty.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

#### **REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON SENATE**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. O'Brien.

Mr. B. F. O'BRIEN. Mr. Speaker, the committee instructed to inform the Senate that the House is organized and ready to proceed with the business of the session has performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

We are awaiting the arrival of the Senate.

#### **COMMITTEE ON THE PART OF THE SENATE**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant at Arms.

The SERGEANT AT ARMS. Mr. Speaker, the chairman of the committee on the part of the Senate.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman.

Mr. TILGHMAN. Mr. Speaker, we are a committee from the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate is convened and organized in regular session and ready to proceed with business.

The SPEAKER. We thank the chairman.

#### **COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE INSTRUCTED TO PROCEED WITH DUTIES**

The SPEAKER. The Chair instructs the committee appointed to escort the Senate to this chamber to proceed with the performance of its duties. That committee includes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Sullivan, chairman, and the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Piper.

#### **REPORT OF COMMITTEE ESCORTING SENATE**

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

The SERGEANT AT ARMS. Mr. Speaker, a committee of the House escorting the Senate to the hall of the House.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the chairman of the committee of the House escorting the Senate.

Mr. SULLIVAN. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to wait upon the Senate and escort them to the hall of the House has performed that duty and reports that the Senate is now in attendance.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

The Chair requests the Lieutenant Governor, the Honorable Raymond J. Broderick, to preside over the proceedings of the Joint Session of the General Assembly.

The President pro tempore of the Senate, the Honorable Robert D. Fleming, is invited to be seated on the rostrum. The members of the Senate will please be seated.

Ladies and gentlemen, I have the honor to present the Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Honorable Raymond J. Broderick.

#### **JOINT SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

##### **LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR RAYMOND J. BRODERICK PRESIDING**

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. Thank you very much, and I think it is in order to say that we are sorry we kept you waiting but we have been working.

Now the General Assembly can be at ease while we await the arrival of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

#### **REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO ESCORT THE GOVERNOR**

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the chairman of the committee to escort the Governor, the Senator from Cumberland, Mr. Wade.

SENATOR WADE. Mr. President, I have the distinct honor and pleasure to present to you His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, the Honorable Raymond P. Shafer.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. I have the honor and privilege of presenting to the General Assembly, His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Honorable Raymond P. Shafer.

#### **STATE OF THE COMMONWEALTH MESSAGE OF GOVERNOR RAYMOND P. SHAFER**

##### **JOINT SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

JANUARY 7, 1969

Mr. Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

This is the last State of the Commonwealth Message of this decade—the last year of the 1960s—a tragic, turbulent, yet exciting era in the history of mankind.

War, riot, social and scientific revolution, combined with rising costs and rising expectations, have brought fatigue to the spirits of some and anger to the hearts and minds of others.

Yet, we have flown to the moon, incredulously, with Bor-man, Lovell and Anders, in a demonstration of scientific perfection that puts our earthly human imperfections to shame.

Nevertheless, around the world, this moon voyage sent men's hope soaring and gave them reason to believe anew in their ability to solve their problems, and to discover and create something better in the eternal search for a good life.

That belief, that positive faith in ourselves, and in our God, is what I ask you, Pennsylvania's elected leaders, and the people of Pennsylvania to hold sacred as we under-



take the very difficult tasks before us, as we close out this decade and prepare for the next.

The challenges of the 1970s will be awesome and confusing, but inspiring if we have the will and determination to make the effort.

New technology will help us unfold the mysteries of space in such magnitude that the first moon flight will seem, in retrospect, like a simple jet trip across our continent.

Products from experimentation and research will offer new opportunities for better health and prolonged life:

New, lighter, more durable materials for better homes and buildings in new towns and rebuilt cities that are free of pollution and waste;

New vehicles for speeding us, and our products, over land and water at hundreds, if not thousands, of miles per hour;

New machines for revolutionizing work habits and more time for creative thinking and leisure;

New prosperity for everyone to share, for those who want to and who make the effort.

#### NEW AGE

This new age is coming as surely as the age that produced Apollo 8.

Will we Pennsylvanians be prepared for it? Or will we fail to see it before it flies by us, as did the aerospace age and with it some of our finest young talent?

That question will be partially answered in the next two years because we have come to a point in the affairs of the Commonwealth where attitudes are polarizing.

One group says progress be damned. Stop wasting our money.

And at the other end, there are those who say we are affluent and have all the money we need to solve our problems if we will only part with it.

For Pennsylvania's sake we must find a way to reconcile this conflict, as we must continue to take a sane, balanced course toward the solutions to our present problems and still make the effort that will bring us our proper share of the prosperity of the 1970s.

Two years ago I stood in this Chamber and offered what I felt, as Governor, was a Pennsylvania Plan that would guide us on that balanced path.

Today I am proud to say that much of that Plan is in effect and I wish to thank those members of the General Assembly who stood up and were counted on the difficult issues. Their loyalty, courage and leadership have benefited the Commonwealth and all her citizens.

The legacy of achievement left by the last two sessions is one of substance, of solid progress that will continue to have long range effects on our Commonwealth—constitutional revision, improved human rights laws that are among the strongest in the Nation, insurance reform and consumer protection, a conservation and environmental development plan that is second to none, prototype urban programs for jobs and neighborhood development, penal reform, liberalized labor benefits and reforms, new programs to attract new industry, the expansion of our assistance to basic and higher education in both the public and private sectors, the first legislative code of ethics in the State's history.

Those of you here today who participated in making that record are to be congratulated. I am fully aware that it was not achieved totally without friction and partisanship.

But it was achieved! History alone will pronounce the final judgment, free of the emotions of the time.

Now, we are starting a new Session, and it is time to re-examine the goals of the Plan we began two years ago—to determine what we are achieving and what we should be achieving in the months ahead.

#### GOAL I—ECONOMIC GROWTH

The first goal is economic growth and our preparation for technological change to provide jobs and income for our citizens and improve each citizen's standard of living.

We are making great progress toward the achievement of this goal. And the best evidence is found in the year-end report of my Economic Advisory Council:

"Pennsylvanians," the report states, "continue to experience high employment and relatively low unemployment rates.

"The unemployment rate continues below the rate for the Nation. The rate for Pennsylvania was 3.4 percent in 1966 and 1967, and 3.3 percent for the first eight months of 1968, compared with percentages of 3.9, 4.0 and 3.9 for the United States as a whole. This pattern is expected to continue during 1969.

"Per capita income continued to be higher than the national average during 1966 and 1967. Reflecting continuing prosperity for Pennsylvanians, personal income for 1968 is estimated at nearly \$40 billion. This represents more than a seven percent increase over 1967 and parallels the national increase. Estimated Gross State Product is expected to exceed \$50 billion for 1968."

The final figures for 12 months just completed show that 1968 has been our finest year.

This evidence is reason enough for our continued implementation and support of present job and industrial development programs.

#### GOAL II—LIVING CONDITIONS

Our second goal is the improvement of living conditions in our communities and the quality of our environment.

We have undertaken an ambitious ten-year program to clean pollution from our water and air, to stop waste from cluttering our countryside and to expand areas for recreation in our cities and rural areas.

Laws were enacted in the past two years that put Pennsylvania in the forefront: in managing solid waste, in treating acid mine water, in establishing a system for preserving open space now available in urban areas, and in creating the first air monitoring system in the United States.

These programs will not only make our cities better places in which to live, but they will add to our improved health.

But even with the efforts we are now making, we must together face the fact that our cities are THE crisis of our time. Their problems in education, transportation, housing, unemployment and racial tensions must receive our highest priority. My Administration's special programs for the cities will be clearly spelled out in the new Budget which will be submitted to you by the end of this month.

In addition I expect to receive soon two extremely important reports on housing and transportation.

For more than a year my Housing Task Force has been at work on defining the size and nature of Pennsylvania's housing problems. For about the same period of time, the

Committee for Transportation has been working on the elements of a Master Plan for Transportation.

It is my opinion that the success we will have in achieving our first two goals in the future will depend to a great degree on what we do about building a modern transportation system from one end of this State to the other.

I cannot emphasize this point enough. Certainly those who have looked closely understand how important the development of our interstate highway system has been to the growth of the areas they touch.

I am convinced that we must have a totally integrated passenger and freight transportation system or we will continue to face urban sprawl, limited areas for economic growth and ultimately the death of the Ports of Philadelphia, Erie and Pittsburgh.

With a modern transportation system, we will have the blueprint for planning urban and economic growth. New towns and new cities can be built with rapid access to our older revitalized commercial and industrial centers.

That is why it is extremely important that we commit ourselves this year to the development of the Keystone Corridor, which I mentioned in my special message on Transportation in 1967. If Pennsylvania fails to develop such a corridor, she will lose the high-speed transportation race to New York or to the states south of us. This will not only be a severe blow to our future economic development but will certainly be the end of Philadelphia as a great seaport. I will make special recommendations to you about the development of this corridor in a few weeks.

Just as important to Philadelphia and Southeastern Pennsylvania is the development of a new tri-state port authority between New Jersey, Delaware and Pennsylvania. Local jealousies and special interests in each of the three states must end. There must be a new commitment to save the ports.

Most Pennsylvanians outside of the Philadelphia area and some inside that area, think little about the economic significance of port business to our overall economy. But should the port die we would lose billions of dollars and tens of thousands of port related jobs all over Pennsylvania.

This matter is of such concern to me that I have assigned a personal representative to work with the staffs of Governor Hughes, of New Jersey, and Governor-elect Petersen, of Delaware, to develop a legislative proposal for a new tri-state authority. Whether this will be agreed to in time for this session will depend on the willingness of the states and the local port and transportation interests to put aside parochial concerns and act.

For the long-range development of better living conditions, my Administration, through the Governor's Science Advisers, is studying the feasibility of creating new towns in Pennsylvania. As a matter of fact, members of my Cabinet and legislative leaders are being invited to join me on a trip this month to Reston, Virginia, to visit one of the Nation's first new towns.

We are at the present time discussing with Chrysler Corporation the possibility of developing the Commonwealth's first major new town at the site of the new automobile assembly plant near New Stanton. Some 4,500 Pennsylvanians will be employed there, when it is completed, with an annual payroll of approximately \$40 million.

### GOAL III—STATUS OF THE INDIVIDUAL

The third goal of the Pennsylvania Plan is the improvement of the status of each individual through equal opportunity, better education and the elimination of discrimination on the basis of race, sex or religion.

There is an Asian proverb that best describes the way this goal can be achieved:

"If you give a man a fish,  
he will have a single meal,  
If you teach him how to fish,  
he will eat all of his life."

Status, dignity and opportunity come best to men who have learned how to work—to those who have been educated to do a job, as well as to be good human beings and citizens.

Pennsylvania reflects this understanding in the fact that 55 percent of our present General Fund Budget—the largest percentage of any state in the Nation—goes toward educating our children.

Major improvements in our educational system were made in the past two years through increased teachers' salaries and retirement benefits; the expansion of vocational schools and community colleges and the State scholarship and loan program; the creation of a new authority to provide low interest loans to private colleges for capital expansion; a new system of assistance for nonpublic school students.

This year's major recommendations for education are, for the most part, contained in the Budget. There are, however, three priority items that were considered but not acted on in the past two years.

First is the establishment of a modern school administration system through Intermediate Units. The two bills accomplishing this will be resubmitted to you.

Second is the creation of a single Board of Directors for our State College system and the granting of more administrative autonomy to the colleges. New legislation to accomplish this will be submitted.

Finally, I will resubmit legislation aimed at eliminating conflicts with reference to two-year campuses.

It is extremely important to our goal of improving the status of each individual that the widest possible educational choices are available in both public and private facilities. And an essential ingredient of this is to provide a public education system, at the basic and higher educational levels, that allows equal opportunity for growth of all our schools on a planned, coordinated basis.

Of equal importance to this goal is our continued determination to eliminate discrimination wherever it exists.

The strongest human rights program in the Commonwealth's history was enacted in 1967. To further develop our goals in this area, I have asked Max Rosenn, former Secretary of Public Welfare and a man highly respected in the sensitive work of human relations, to serve as Chairman of the reconstituted State Human Relations Commission.

In establishing the Governor's State Employment Opportunity Program and Affirmative Action Program, we have given additional substance to our Administration's commitment in this field. The employment of black citizens in State Government increased by 9.9 percent in the first nine months of last year.

#### GOAL IV—PROTECTION OF HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

The fourth goal is the protection of the health and well-being of every citizen through adequately supplied human services and law enforcement.

Next to education our Commonwealth considers help to the poor, the sick and infirm, the mentally ill and retarded as its most important undertaking.

Last year the action taken by the General Assembly with reference to Pennsycare established one of the best medical assistance programs in the Nation. A recent study shows that Pennsylvania is alone among the major states in that it has not found it necessary to cut the program because of escalating costs.

The Federal Department of Health, Education and Welfare is reviewing our program to determine why we haven't experienced the same difficulties as has California, Massachusetts, New York and Maryland.

Again, as in education, the major proposals for providing human services in nursing homes, mental hospitals and other institutions and programs must await the budget.

However, there is one problem of utmost concern to me—the reform of our adoption laws. I am hopeful that the disagreements that held up passage of adoption reform legislation can be resolved. My Administration has been working on legislation to remove the objections and this will be submitted to you. It is highly important that our laws be changed to emphasize and consider the needs of the child who is caught in the uncertainties of our present adoption proceedings.

As we provide for the protection of the health of our citizens, so must we provide for their safety against violence, organized crime, and fraudulent business practices that cheat the consumer.

Because of the excellent legislation enacted in the past two years, Pennsylvania now has among the strongest laws in the Nation for dealing with organized crime and consumer fraud.

The General Assembly's approval of the first Crime Commission in our State's history gives us the weapon needed to develop a blueprint for attacking crime on the broadest scale ever attempted.

This Commission at the present time is preparing a package of additional legislation that will give our law enforcement officers better tools to fight this menace. The package will include the Protection of Privacy Act to make all forms of electronic eavesdropping and wiretapping illegal except for law officers with court approval and a modified version of the new Crimes Code, both of which should receive high priority attention.

In addition, I urge you to enact the Cigarette Smuggling Act, which was submitted to the General Assembly last year and will be resubmitted by the Administration this year. We need this law to help us stop the illegal traffic in cigarettes that is occurring up and down the East Coast.

Our anti-crime package is aimed at one major objective: To restore respect for the rule of law and those who enforce it.

The tenor of our times, the violence, is bringing a tragic sense of fear into the political atmosphere—a fear that is pressing hard on the patience and tolerance of our entire society. If fear becomes the dominant force, then we can expect the worse—repression rather than social progress.

In short, some form of a police state will be demanded to protect the citizenry.

Prompt attention now to better enforcement methods, as well as to the alleviation of social conditions that breed crime, is absolutely essential to the preservation of our free society.

In addition to new protection from the criminal elements of our society, my Administration will continue to seek strong measures to protect consumers from fraud in the marketplaces of the Commonwealth.

Legislation passed by the General Assembly last year gives us a foundation for dealing with those who prey on the innocence of buyers, especially the poor and aged.

The Administration will seek the final enactment of amendments to the Goods and Services Installment Sales Act to protect citizens from fraud and deception in the big business of purchasing by installment. A bill to accomplish this died in the last session.

In another area where the General Assembly made a major contribution in the past two years—insurance reform—we will seek the enactment of legislation dealing with the qualifications of insurance agents and brokers.

We will also seek approval of the remainder of the insurance reform package submitted in 1967, including the establishment of the Penn-Sure Plan.

Our 14 insurance reform measures which you passed in the last two years represented an outstanding accomplishment for the insurance consumers of Pennsylvania.

#### GOAL V—IMPROVEMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC PROCESS

Our fifth and final goal of the Pennsylvania Plan is the improvement of the democratic process through stronger partnerships between the Federal, State and local governments, and the modernization of State Government.

The governors of the 50 states are already at work with the incoming Administration of President Nixon to establish new programs that will strengthen the role of the states through such reforms as bloc grants and revenue sharing.

Certainly a major contribution to our modernization goal has been to give Pennsylvania the most modern Constitution among the states.

Now, we must turn our attention to the next step—the reorganization of State Government itself—department by department, program by program.

The modernization of State Government is not what the pollsters consider a "sexy" political issue with the voters. As a result, there is a tendency to push it to the back burner on the stove of politics. The problem is that it has been pushed back there for so long that it is about to catch fire and burn up the system.

Some people have said to me that, if I think we had trouble getting a new constitution, just wait until we tried reorganization. Well we're ready. I fully understand the political implications of such a program, but I am deeply aware that we must have State Government reorganization if we wish a viable, dynamic Federal system. I am hopeful that you will join with me so that Pennsylvania will lead the Nation in this commitment.

At the moment, the Little Hoover Commission has undertaken a vast study into State Government operations.

As soon as the Commission makes its recommendations, I will submit a reorganization plan that, if approved, would go into effect with the beginning of the next Administration in 1971.

There are, however, several parts of the plan that can be considered now. You already have the recommendation for a new Department of Transportation. I am hopeful that this new Department will be approved in this session because coordinated transportation is so vital to Pennsylvania today.

I also will submit to you very shortly a new bill to accomplish the merger of the Departments of Public Welfare and Health. New legislation has been drafted to overcome objections to the bill we submitted in 1967.

Besides these two immediate reorganization measures, we will submit legislation to change the name of the Department of Public Instruction to the Department of Education. Such a change is in keeping with the expanding responsibilities of this Department.

Finally, I am prepared today to submit Reorganization Plan Number 1 of 1969 to transfer from the Department of Health to the State Police the power and duty to enforce our law covering the illicit traffic in narcotics and dangerous drugs. These police powers belong to our police force and not to a Department that has its chief responsibility of regulating the use and sale of drugs.

Along with reorganization, we must now provide all public employes with a system of collective bargaining. This is the one immediate issue that faces all levels of government, and we must deal with it and deal with it effectively, now.

I endorse the basic principles embodied in the public employe law submitted last year on which hearings have been held.

#### DIFFICULT DECISIONS AHEAD

This then is the state of the Commonwealth and the beginning of the proposals we intend to make this year to improve that state.

We are indeed headed for a difficult year of decision—for the present and for the new decade just ahead.

Reports to the people emanating from here now predict that this will be a year of long and bitter partisan battle. Certainly the elements for such a battle are present, but so are reasonable men. And I trust that reason, and the desire to do what is best for Pennsylvania, will overcome any desire for partisan gain.

The people have spoken, and new responsibility alignments in the General Assembly have been made. As Governor, I intend to fulfill my duty to ALL the people, as I know you will fulfill your duty to ALL your constituents.

I hope that the reports about partisan battle and bitterness, by the time we complete our work, will have been transformed into reports of cooperation and accomplishment for the people.

#### LEGACY FOR THE FUTURE

If we can accomplish this together, then Pennsylvania's progress in the 1970s will be secure. We will be able to look into the eyes of our young people and say, "we have given you a legacy to build an even better future for your children."

In his introductory to that great photographic album called the "Family of Man," Carl Sandburg said:

"In the times to come, as in the past, there will be generations taking hold as though loneliness and the genius of struggle has always dwelt in the hearts of pioneers. To the question: 'What will the story be of the Family of Man across the near or far future?' some would reply, 'For the answers read if you can the strange and baffling eyes of youth.'

"There is only one man in the world  
and his name is All Men.

There is only one woman in the world  
and her name is All Women.

There is only one child in the world  
and the child's name is All Children."

Let us begin this last year of the 1960s by committing ourselves to All Pennsylvania.

Thank you.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. Governor, on behalf of the members of the General Assembly, I thank you for what we think was an excellent message. I think I can give you the assurance that the members of the General Assembly will give it their most careful consideration. Thank you very much.

The committee on the part of the Senate and the House will now escort His Excellency, the Governor, to his chambers.

#### ELECTION RETURNS

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. This being the day and the time agreed upon by concurrent resolution of both the Senate and the House of Representatives and in accordance with the provisions of the constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth for the opening and computing of the official returns of the election for Auditor General and State Treasurer, which was held on Tuesday, November 5, 1968, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, the returns will now be opened and read.

The teller on the part of the Senate is the Senator from Franklin, Senator Hawbaker, and the teller on the part of the House is the Representative from Berks County, Representative Fryer. The tellers will please come to the desks assigned to them by the Chief Clerk of the House and proceed in the performance of their duties.

The returns for Auditor General were opened and read by the clerk:

## VOTES CAST FOR AUDITOR GENERAL

November 5, 1968 — General Election

County Seats	Counties	Rep. Warner Deputy	Dem. Robert P. Casey	Const. William Ellison	Socialist Labor Paul Ferguson	Militant Workers Frederick W. Stanton	Others
Gettysburg	Adams	11,046	7,135	165	31	19	0
Pittsburgh	Allegheny	243,302	417,009	9,301	2,664	1,341	8
Kittanning	Armstrong	13,255	15,989	196	123	61	1
Beaver	Beaver	26,592	52,191	898	261	150	3
Bedford	Bedford	10,368	5,693	62	45	19	0
Reading	Berks	44,881	57,420	1,350	197	95	0
Holidaysburg	Blair	28,111	18,354	524	176	83	0
Towanda	Bradford	13,430	6,768	121	47	32	0
Doylestown	Bucks	67,839	63,068	6,129	342	146	0
Butler	Butler	19,465	22,329	549	174	94	0
Ebensburg	Cambria	29,659	47,436	222	200	182	2
Emporium	Cameron	1,744	1,287	10	5	4	0
Mauch Chunk	Carbon	9,520	10,589	138	26	22	1
Bellefonte	Centre	16,152	11,405	160	93	57	0
West Chester	Chester	55,066	38,475	2,054	144	55	0
Clarion	Clarion	7,158	6,812	100	39	24	0
Clearfield	Clearfield	14,195	13,827	145	76	51	1
Lock Haven	Clinton	6,800	6,294	66	36	17	0
Bloomsburg	Columbia	10,233	10,918	526	35	14	1
Meadville	Crawford	14,281	12,214	419	55	48	0
Carlisle	Cumberland	31,506	18,442	1,024	100	30	0
Harrisburg	Dauphin	48,523	27,574	1,653	121	51	0
Media	Delaware	137,720	109,898	2,742	265	159	1
Ridgway	Elk	5,449	8,119	67	30	9	0
Erie	Erie	40,910	53,679	500	146	75	1
Uniontown	Fayette	17,582	36,818	428	158	98	0
Tionesta	Forest	1,124	761	8	2	6	0
Chambersburg	Franklin	19,337	13,688	574	66	54	0
McConnellsburg	Fulton	2,136	1,586	37	11	5	0
Waynesburg	Greene	4,119	9,459	69	41	27	0
Huntingdon	Huntingdon	7,910	4,688	158	40	31	0
Indiana	Indiana	14,798	13,365	121	78	44	0
Brookville	Jefferson	9,757	8,022	70	41	26	0
Mifflintown	Juniata	3,919	2,738	98	10	7	0
Scranton	Lackawanna	38,501	73,265	259	50	25	0
Lancaster	Lancaster	68,459	33,043	3,325	182	60	0
New Castle	Lawrence	17,731	23,235	225	144	96	0
Lebanon	Lebanon	20,908	10,642	872	104	39	1
Allentown	Lehigh	42,749	47,688	712	137	56	1
Wilkes-Barre	Luzerne	51,638	82,679	1,524	410	88	0
Williamsport	Lycoming	22,500	19,515	646	78	44	2
Smethport	McKean	10,529	6,054	71	17	11	0
Mercer	Mercer	21,846	24,006	436	94	68	0
Lewistown	Mifflin	7,575	6,055	75	29	14	2
Stroudsburg	Monroe	8,648	8,137	185	25	18	0
Norristown	Montgomery	142,369	103,564	3,189	304	142	2
Danville	Montour	3,022	2,788	64	4	2	0
Easton	Northampton	28,316	45,118	673	136	96	0
Sunbury	Northumberland	21,794	18,710	380	71	57	0
New Bloomfield	Perry	6,339	3,874	275	16	17	0
Philadelphia	Philadelphia	257,001	531,730	5,834	2,557	1,221	0
Milford	Pike	4,087	1,485	64	10	2	0
Coudersport	Potter	3,974	2,110	51	11	5	0
Pottsville	Schuylkill	38,292	35,787	545	126	102	0
Middleburg	Snyder	6,533	2,385	191	21	10	0
Somerset	Somerset	16,589	13,544	78	54	44	2
Laporte	Sullivan	1,540	1,205	9	0	4	0
Montrose	Susquehanna	8,359	5,026	180	18	10	0
Wellsboro	Tioga	9,258	3,984	93	20	22	0
Lewisburg	Union	6,284	2,491	127	23	12	0
Franklin	Venango	11,968	9,081	132	51	67	1
Warren	Warren	8,932	6,271	64	17	14	0
Washington	Washington	25,377	55,204	1,242	481	157	0
Honesdale	Wayne	7,330	3,614	322	9	15	0
Greensburg	Westmoreland	47,278	93,919	1,906	518	224	7
Tunkhannock	Wyoming	4,731	3,023	70	12	7	0
York	York	49,301	38,507	1,313	148	186	0
TOTALS		2,007,645	2,451,789	55,816	11,753	5,971	37

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the Senator from Franklin County, Senator Hawbaker, the teller on the part of the Senate.

SENATOR HAWBAKER. Mr. Speaker, the tellers agree on their count and submit the following report of the votes cast for the office of Auditor General:

Robert P. Casey, Democrat .....	2,451,789
Warner Depuy, Republican .....	2,007,645
William Ellison, Constitutional .....	55,816
Paul Ferguson, Socialist Labor .....	11,753
Frederick W. Stanton, Militant Workers.....	5,971

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. Robert P. Casey having received the highest number of votes, was duly elected Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a term of four years from the first Tuesday of May 1969 to the third Tuesday of January 1973.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, January 7, 1969.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the seventh day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Auditor General of this Commonwealth, and

publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Robert P. Casey had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Robert P. Casey was declared to have been duly elected Auditor General of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

R. J. BRODERICK

President of the Senate

HERBERT FINEMAN

Speaker of the House of Representatives

D. ELMER HAWBAKER

Teller on the part of the Senate

LESTER K. FRYER

Teller on the part of the

House of Representatives

#### ELECTION RETURNS FOR STATE TREASURER

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The clerk will proceed with the reading of the following election returns for State Treasurer:

VOTES CAST FOR STATE TREASURER

November 5, 1968—General Election

County Seats	Counties	Rep. Frank Pasquerilla	Dem. Grace M. Sloan	Const. Bart J. Amendola	Socialist Labor Herman A. Johansen	Militant Workers Richard Lesnick	Others
Gettysburg	Adams	10,978	7,312	151	29	17	0
Pittsburgh	Allegheny	274,524	386,042	8,536	2,543	1,476	18
Kittanning	Armstrong	13,552	16,012	156	99	35	0
Beaver	Beaver	29,827	49,460	757	243	226	2
Bedford	Bedford	10,293	5,823	57	38	14	0
Reading	Berks	45,505	55,734	1,652	226	71	0
Holidaysburg	Blair	28,452	18,304	452	93	66	0
Towanda	Bradford	13,042	7,200	112	39	22	0
Doylestown	Bucks	71,680	58,376	6,172	368	186	0
Butler	Butler	20,772	21,561	394	138	97	0
Ebensburg	Cambria	39,770	38,254	184	172	147	6
Emporium	Cameron	1,777	1,297	9	7	2	1
Mauch Chunk	Carbon	9,672	10,329	113	29	35	1
Bellefonte	Centre	16,054	11,692	156	94	28	0
West Chester	Chester	57,476	36,140	2,042	122	65	0
Clarion	Clarion	6,150	8,189	66	20	13	0
Clearfield	Clearfield	14,287	13,882	130	83	32	1
Lock Haven	Clinton	6,986	6,258	55	53	12	0
Bloomsburg	Columbia	10,780	10,528	459	32	16	0
Meadville	Crawford	14,282	12,417	374	61	29	0
Carlisle	Cumberland	31,583	18,345	1,028	98	35	0
Harrisburg	Dauphin	48,384	27,582	1,609	105	49	0
Media	Delaware	144,672	101,898	2,551	278	196	1
Ridgway	Elk	6,193	7,599	42	35	16	0
Erie	Erie	42,406	51,515	815	160	86	0
Uniontown	Fayette	20,045	35,032	411	106	72	1
Tionesta	Forest	1,067	861	3	2	1	0
Chambersburg	Franklin	18,729	14,398	501	71	40	0
McConnellsburg	Fulton	2,033	1,727	30	6	2	0
Waynesburg	Greene	4,586	9,185	62	53	24	0
Huntingdon	Huntingdon	7,801	4,969	123	29	35	0
Indiana	Indiana	15,764	12,714	112	62	37	0
Brookville	Jefferson	9,641	8,364	45	38	22	0
Mifflintown	Juniata	3,867	2,845	85	11	1	0
Scranton	Lackawanna	47,705	61,046	312	62	83	0
Lancaster	Lancaster	69,568	31,900	3,267	188	60	0
New Castle	Lawrence	19,110	22,084	191	133	118	0
Lebanon	Lebanon	20,958	10,753	853	95	30	0
Allentown	Lehigh	43,689	46,540	717	128	52	1
Wilkes-Barre	Luzerne	55,477	77,829	1,369	409	186	0
Williamsport	Lycoming	21,970	20,351	568	79	30	0
Smethport	McKean	10,428	6,310	63	17	9	0
Mercer	Mercer	22,483	23,685	395	85	47	0
Lewistown	Mifflin	7,303	6,649	69	22	4	1
Stroudsburg	Monroe	8,846	7,912	162	33	18	0
Norristown	Montgomery	150,423	94,021	3,160	333	164	1
Danville	Montour	3,162	2,698	58	8	0	0
Easton	Northampton	29,360	43,524	601	184	71	0
Sunbury	Northumberland	21,776	18,630	335	90	60	0
New Bloomfield	Perry	6,323	3,961	248	26	21	1
Philadelphia	Philadelphia	278,002	509,656	6,066	2,486	1,402	1
Milford	Pike	3,703	1,701	77	13	5	0
Coudersport	Potter	3,928	2,196	49	11	3	0
Pottsville	Schuylkill	39,295	35,111	450	151	108	0
Middleburg	Snyder	6,472	2,556	190	18	10	0
Somerset	Somerset	17,378	12,838	82	49	34	1
Laporte	Sullivan	1,585	1,162	14	2	4	0
Montrose	Susquehanna	8,832	4,514	181	23	15	0
Wellsboro	Tioga	9,189	4,091	77	31	10	0
Lewisburg	Union	6,286	2,544	120	39	13	0
Franklin	Venango	11,039	10,269	81	45	26	1
Warren	Warren	8,821	6,434	57	22	11	0
Washington	Washington	27,881	53,390	1,089	259	212	0
Honesdale	Wayne	7,715	3,125	300	17	17	0
Greensburg	Westmoreland	53,456	88,698	1,647	462	277	5
Tunkhannock	Wyoming	5,145	2,630	70	12	6	0
York	York	49,401	38,683	1,243	140	70	0
	TOTALS	2,129,339	2,329,335	53,605	11,220	6,381	43

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Berks County, Mr. Fryer, the teller on the part of the House.

Mr. FRYER. Mr. President, the tellers agree in their count and submit their report of the votes cast for the office of State Treasurer.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The teller's report submitted for State Treasurer is as follows:

Grace M. Sloan, Democrat .....	2,329,335
Frank Pasquerilla, Republican .....	2,129,339
Bart J. Amendolla, Constitutional Party .....	53,605
Herman A. Johansen, Socialist Labor .....	11,220
Richard Lesnick, Militant Workers .....	6,381

Grace M. Sloan, having received the highest number of votes, is duly elected State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years from the first Tuesday of May 1969 until the third Tuesday of January 1973.

The Chair, on behalf of the members of the General Assembly, wishes to thank the tellers and the clerk for the performance of their duties in a very excellent manner. The certificates of election for Auditor General and State Treasurer have already been signed by the tellers on the part of the Senate and the House of Representatives before this body.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, January 7, 1969.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the seventh day of January, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for State Treasurer of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the General Assembly, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Grace M. Sloan had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Grace M. Sloan was declared to have been duly elected State Treasurer of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

R. H. BRODERICK  
President of the Senate  
HERBERT FINEMAN  
Speaker of the House of Representatives  
D. ELMER HAWBAKER  
Teller on the part of the Senate  
LESTER K. DWYER  
Teller on the part of the  
House of Representatives

#### ELECTION OF DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The Assembly will now proceed to the election of a Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

The Chair now recognizes the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Laudadio.

Mr. LAUDADIO. Mr. Lieutenant Governor, I have the honor and pleasure of placing in nomination a former colleague of mine, the Honorable John R. Gailey, Jr., of York, for Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The gentleman from Westmoreland County, Mr. Laudadio, places in nomination

for the office of Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau, a former member of this body, Representative John R. Gailey, Jr., of York County.

The Chair recognizes Senator Kline for the purpose of seconding the nomination.

SENATOR KLINE. Mr. President, I second the nomination of Mr. Gailey.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The nomination has been seconded by Senator Kline. Are there any further nominations? The Chair declares the nominations closed.

John R. Gailey, Jr., is declared unanimously elected Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau.

#### COMMITTEE TO ESCORT DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. The gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Laudadio, and the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Kline, will please escort former Representative Gailey to the rostrum for the purpose of taking the oath of office.

#### OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED

The oath of office was administered to the Director-elect of the Legislative Reference Bureau by the Honorable Raymond J. Broderick.

#### JOINT SESSION ADJOURNED

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. It is my pleasure to say that the business for which the Joint Session was assembled, having been transacted, the session is now adjourned.

Thank you.

#### MOTION

##### PRINTING PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT SESSION

Mr. STEMMLER. I move that the proceedings of the joint session of the Senate and House of Representatives, held this seventh day of January, 1969, be printed in full in this day's Legislative Journal.

On the question,  
Will the House agree to the motion?  
It was agreed to.

#### REQUESTS TO ADDRESS HOUSE

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Musto. For what purpose does the gentleman rise?

Mr. MUSTO. Mr. Speaker, to make a few remarks upon the address of the Governor to the joint session.

The SPEAKER. Would the gentleman be willing to make his remarks at tomorrow's session, in view of the lateness of the hour?

Mr. MUSTO. I will comply with the request of the Chair, providing there is a session tomorrow, but I understand there is not going to be. It is only going to be reorganization of committees.

The SPEAKER. There will be a session tomorrow the Chair is pleased to advise the gentleman.

Mr. MUSTO. I thank the Speaker. I will accept that.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the gentleman.



The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Sherman.

Mr. SHERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I presume I shall also be recognized tomorrow for the same purpose.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will be happy to recognize the gentleman tomorrow.

#### DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the majority leader.

Mr. IRVIS. For those few members of the Democratic Party still left on the floor, I would like to announce a Democratic caucus at 9:30 a.m., in the majority caucus room tomorrow. Beyond that I have no further business.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. FRANK moved that the House do now adjourn until Wednesday, January 8, 1969, at 11 a.m., e.s.t.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 4:15 p.m., e.s.t.) the House was adjourned.