THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 312

Session of 2019

INTRODUCED BY BAKER, YUDICHAK, SANTARSIERO, YAW, SCHWANK, BREWSTER, FONTANA, SCAVELLO, KILLION, COSTA, BROWNE, HUGHES, K. WARD, HAYWOOD, FARNESE, TARTAGLIONE, LEACH AND MUTH, FEBRUARY 19, 2019

REFERRED TO HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, FEBRUARY 19, 2019

AN ACT

- 1 Providing for blood lead testing of certain children and
- 2 pregnant women by health care providers; imposing duties on
- 3 the Department of Health; and requiring certain health
- insurance policies to cover blood lead tests.
- 5 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 6 hereby enacts as follows:
- 7 Section 1. Short title.
- 8 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Childhood
- 9 Blood Lead Test Act.
- 10 Section 2. Legislative findings.
- 11 The General Assembly finds that:
- 12 (1) Lead is a naturally occurring element that is toxic
- to humans when ingested or inhaled.
- 14 (2) Severe lead poisoning causes convulsions,
- intellectual disabilities, seizures and sometimes death.
- 16 (3) Low-level exposure to lead reduces intelligence,
- 17 delays cognitive growth and impairs physical development.
- 18 (4) Children who are in utero or less than seven years

- of age are most sensitive to lead poisoning because their
- 2 brains and nervous systems are still developing.
- 3 (5) The only way to diagnose a child with an elevated blood lead level is through a blood test.
- 5 (6) The health and development of children is endangered 6 by chipping or peeling lead-based paint or lead-contaminated 7 dust or soil in homes and neighborhoods throughout this 8 Commonwealth.
- 9 (7) Other sources of lead exposure can be through lead
 10 service lines for drinking water and lead solder used in
 11 drinking water lines, and lead in consumer products such as
 12 toys, foods, cosmetics and ceramics are also of concern.
- 13 Section 3. Legislative purpose.
- 14 The purposes of this act are:
- 15 (1) To promote the elimination of childhood lead
 16 poisoning in this Commonwealth with the purpose of
 17 establishing a system predicated on cost-effective, health18 protective measures to evaluate and control lead-based paint
 19 hazards in housing built prior to 1978.
- 20 (2) To substantially reduce, and eventually eliminate,
 21 the incidence of childhood lead poisoning in this
 22 Commonwealth.
- 23 (3) To substantially reduce the risk of childhood lead 24 poisoning in this Commonwealth by increasing the supply of 25 lead-safe housing.
- 26 (4) To improve public awareness of lead safety issues
 27 and educate both property owners and tenants about practices
 28 that can reduce the incidence of lead poisoning.
- 29 (5) To require the testing of all children in this 30 Commonwealth at one and two years of age so that prompt

- diagnosis and treatment, as well as the prevention of harm,
- 2 are possible.
- 3 Section 4. Definitions.
- 4 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 5 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 6 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 7 "Blood lead test." A blood lead draw, whether by capillary,
- 8 venous or unknown sample type, on a child that produces a
- 9 quantifiable result and is analyzed by a Clinical Laboratory
- 10 Improvement Amendments-certified facility or an approved
- 11 portable device.
- 12 "Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth.
- "Elevated blood lead level." A single blood lead test,
- 14 whether capillary or venous, at or above the Centers for Disease
- 15 Control and Prevention's reference range value, currently
- 16 established at 5 micrograms per deciliter.
- 17 Section 5. Lead poisoning prevention.
- 18 (a) Lead testing requirements for children.--
- 19 (1) A health care provider shall ensure that a patient
- 20 under the health care provider's care receives a blood lead
- 21 test between 9 and 12 months of age and again at
- 22 approximately 24 months of age.
- 23 (2) If the results of the blood lead test indicate an
- 24 elevated blood lead level, the health care provider shall
- 25 perform a confirmatory blood lead test by venipuncture within
- 26 12 weeks of the first blood lead test.
- 27 (b) Lead testing requirements for pregnant women. -- A health
- 28 care provider shall ensure that a patient under the health care
- 29 provider's care receives a blood lead test as part of the
- 30 patient's prenatal care.

- 1 (c) Reporting.--Health care providers and laboratories shall
- 2 comply with reporting regulations as specified in 28 Pa. Code §
- 3 27.34 (relating to reporting cases of lead poisoning).
- 4 (d) Nonapplicability. -- The testing requirements under this
- 5 section shall not apply if a child's parent or legal guardian or
- 6 a patient under prenatal care objects in writing to the blood
- 7 lead test on religious grounds or on the basis of a strong moral
- 8 or ethical conviction similar to a religious belief.
- 9 Section 6. Duties of department.
- 10 (a) Comprehensive educational program. -- The department shall
- 11 conduct a public information campaign to inform parents of young
- 12 children, physicians, nurses and other health care providers of
- 13 the lead testing requirements of this act.
- 14 (b) Distribution of literature about childhood lead
- 15 poisoning.--
- 16 (1) The department shall provide culturally and
- 17 linguistically appropriate educational materials regarding
- 18 childhood lead poisoning, the importance of testing for
- 19 elevated lead levels, prevention of childhood lead poisoning,
- treatment of childhood lead poisoning, remediation and, when
- 21 appropriate, the requirements of this act.
- 22 (2) Educational materials shall be available at no cost
- and shall be developed for specific audiences, including
- health care providers, homeowners, landlords and parents or
- 25 caregivers.
- 26 (c) Statewide registry. -- The department shall develop an
- 27 electronic system to provide for the confidential storage and
- 28 management of blood lead testing information that enables a
- 29 health care provider to review a patient's history to determine
- 30 the status of blood lead testing required by this act.

- 1 Section 7. Blood lead testing coverage.
- 2 (a) General rule. -- A health insurance policy or government
- 3 program covered under this section shall provide to covered
- 4 individuals or recipients who are pregnant or under two years of
- 5 age coverage for blood lead tests as follows:
- 6 (1) In the case of individuals or recipients who are
- 7 pregnant, one blood lead test as part of prenatal care.
- 8 (2) In the case of individuals or recipients who are
- 9 under two years of age, one blood lead test during the time
- 10 period between 9 and 12 months of age, one blood lead test at
- 11 approximately 24 months of age and, if the results of either
- of the blood level tests indicate an elevated blood lead
- level, another blood lead test by venipuncture within 12
- 14 weeks of the blood level test in which the elevated blood
- 15 lead level was indicated.
- 16 (b) Copayments, deductibles and coinsurance. -- Coverage under
- 17 this section shall be subject to copayment, deductible and
- 18 coinsurance provisions and any other general exclusions or
- 19 limitations of a health insurance policy or government program
- 20 to the same extent as other medical services covered by the
- 21 policy or program are subject to these provisions.
- 22 (c) Construction. -- This section shall not be construed as
- 23 limiting benefits which are otherwise available to an individual
- 24 under a health insurance policy or government program.
- 25 (d) Applicability.--
- 26 (1) This section shall apply to any health insurance
- policy offered, issued or renewed on or after July 1, 2020,
- in this Commonwealth to groups of 51 or more employees. This
- 29 section shall not include the following policies:
- 30 (i) An accident only policy.

- 1 (ii) A credit only policy.
- 2 (iii) A long-term care or disability income policy.
- 3 (iv) A specified disease policy.
- 4 (v) A Medicare supplement policy.
- 5 (vi) A TRICARE policy, including a Civilian Health 6 and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS)
- 7 supplement policy.
- 8 (vii) A fixed indemnity policy.
- 9 (viii) A dental only policy.
- 10 (ix) A vision only policy.
- 11 (x) A workers' compensation policy.
- 12 (xi) An automobile medical payment policy.
- 13 (xii) Another similar policy providing for limited
- benefits.
- 15 (2) This section shall apply to any contract executed on
- or after July 1, 2020, by the adult basic coverage insurance
- program established under Chapter 13 of the act of June 26,
- 18 2001 (P.L.755, No.77), known as the Tobacco Settlement Act,
- under Article XXIII-A of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682,
- No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of 1921, or by
- 21 any successor program.
- 22 (3) On January 1, 2022, insurers shall make a report to
- the Insurance Department, in a form and manner as determined
- 24 by the department, to evaluate the implementation of this
- 25 section.
- 26 Section 8. Implementation.
- 27 Section 7 shall apply as follows:
- 28 (1) For health insurance policies for which either rates
- or forms are required to be filed with the Insurance
- 30 Department or the Federal Government, this act shall apply

- 1 to any policy for which a form or rate is first filed on or
- 2 after the effective date of this section.
- 3 (2) For health insurance policies for which neither
- 4 rates nor forms are required to be filed with the Insurance
- 5 Department or the Federal Government, this act shall apply
- 6 to any policy issued or renewed on or after 180 days after
- 7 the effective date of this section.
- 8 Section 9. Regulations.
- 9 The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to
- 10 administer and enforce this act.
- 11 Section 10. Effective date.
- 12 This act shall take effect in 60 days.