
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 1052 Session of
2018

INTRODUCED BY WARD, GORDNER, MENSCH, FOLMER, VULAKOVICH, REGAN
AND RESCHENTHALER, FEBRUARY 22, 2018

REFERRED TO LABOR AND INDUSTRY, FEBRUARY 22, 2018

AN ACT

1 Amending the act of June 2, 1915 (P.L.736, No.338), entitled "An
2 act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for
3 injuries received by an employe in the course of employment;
4 establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing
5 procedure for the determination of liability and compensation
6 thereunder; and prescribing penalties," in liability and
7 compensation, further defining "injury" and "personal
8 injury"; providing for diseases with long latency periods
9 between occupational exposure and manifestation of the
10 disease; and further providing for liability.

11 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
12 hereby enacts as follows:

13 Section 1. Section 301(c) (1) of the act of June 2, 1915
14 (P.L.736, No.338), known as the Workers' Compensation Act, is
15 amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to
16 read:

17 Section 301. * * *

18 (c) (1) The terms "injury" and "personal injury," as used
19 in this act, shall be construed to mean an injury to an employe,
20 regardless of his previous physical condition, except as
21 provided under [subsection] subsections (f) and (g), arising in
22 the course of his employment and related thereto, and such

1 disease or infection as naturally results from the injury or is
2 aggravated, reactivated or accelerated by the injury; and
3 wherever death is mentioned as a cause for compensation under
4 this act, it shall mean only death resulting from such injury
5 and its resultant effects, and occurring within three hundred
6 weeks after the injury. The term "injury arising in the course
7 of his employment," as used in this article, shall not include
8 an injury caused by an act of a third person intended to injure
9 the employe because of reasons personal to him, and not directed
10 against him as an employe or because of his employment; nor
11 shall it include injuries sustained while the employe is
12 operating a motor vehicle provided by the employer if the
13 employe is not otherwise in the course of employment at the time
14 of injury; but shall include all other injuries sustained while
15 the employe is actually engaged in the furtherance of the
16 business or affairs of the employer, whether upon the employer's
17 premises or elsewhere, and shall include all injuries caused by
18 the condition of the premises or by the operation of the
19 employer's business or affairs thereon, sustained by the
20 employe, who, though not so engaged, is injured upon the
21 premises occupied by or under the control of the employer, or
22 upon which the employer's business or affairs are being carried
23 on, the employe's presence thereon being required by the nature
24 of his employment.

25 * * *

26 (g) (1) Notwithstanding the limitation under subsection (c)
27 (2) with respect to disability or death resulting from an
28 occupational disease having to occur within three hundred weeks
29 after the last date of employment in an occupation or industry
30 to which a claimant was exposed to the hazards of disease,

1 claims filed for any disease for which the time period between
2 exposure to the hazard of disease in the workplace and
3 manifestation of disease is greater than three hundred weeks
4 must be filed within three hundred weeks of the date on which a
5 claimant is diagnosed with the disease or the disease is
6 detectable. It shall be a claimant's burden to prove that the
7 disease for which compensation is sought has a latency period of
8 more than three hundred weeks.

9 (2) This subsection shall not apply to claims filed under
10 section 108(r).

11 Section 2. Section 303 of the act is amended by adding a
12 clause to read:

13 Section 303. * * *

14 (c) This act provides the exclusive remedy for any injury or
15 disease that may arise out of hazardous occupational exposure,
16 whether the disease is compensable as an occupational disease or
17 not.

18 Section 3. The date of loss for claims filed pursuant to
19 section 301(g) of the act shall be the last date of injurious
20 occupational exposure to the hazard.

21 Section 4. The provisions of this act shall be applied
22 retroactively to the date on which the last injurious exposure
23 occurred. As a result, any claim filed on or after the effective
24 date of this section may be based on hazardous occupational
25 exposure that occurred prior to the effective date of this
26 section.

27 Section 5. This act shall take effect immediately.