THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 908

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY EVERETT, MILLARD, THOMAS, WHEELAND, ROZZI, O'BRIEN AND MAJOR, MAY 24, 2016

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, MAY 24, 2016

A RESOLUTION

Directing the Legislative Budget and Finance Committee to 1 conduct a study of the establishment, implementation and 2 administration of fees for the use of water for the purpose 3 of creating a Water Quality Improvement Fund. 5 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania is a water-rich state and is estimated to have 7% of the nation's waterways with more than 86,000 miles 6 of streams and rivers, nearly 4,000 lakes covering 161,455 acres 7 and 80 trillion gallons of groundwater; and 8 9 WHEREAS, Residents of this Commonwealth rely upon clean water for drinking, a wealth of recreational activities, tourism and, 10 11 for many, their livelihood; and 12 WHEREAS, Preventing pollution of the waters of this 13 Commonwealth and reclaiming and restoring our waterways is 14 essential to these purposes; and 15 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania's ability to attract growing businesses 16 and to provide a healthy environment for residents requires the prioritization of clean water infrastructure and funding to 17

ensure the protection of clean water sources for residents of

18

- 1 this Commonwealth; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Clean water provides greater health, stronger
- 3 communities and thriving economies in all regions of our
- 4 Commonwealth; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Article 1, section 27 of the Constitution of
- 6 Pennsylvania provides in part that, "Pennsylvania's public
- 7 natural resources are the common property of all the people...";
- 8 and
- 9 WHEREAS, The waters of Pennsylvania are one of these natural
- 10 resources owned jointly by the residents of this Commonwealth;
- 11 and
- 12 WHEREAS, The demand for water continues to grow with daily
- 13 withdrawals of billions of gallons of this Commonwealth's
- 14 surface water and groundwater; and
- 15 WHEREAS, Of the water withdrawn, some is consumed and not
- 16 returned to the watershed from which it came and more is used
- 17 and discharged to the environment in a degraded condition; and
- 18 WHEREAS, The Commonwealth receives no compensation for the
- 19 withdrawal and use of its water, whether for consumptive or
- 20 temporary use; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Article 1, section 27 of the Constitution of
- 22 Pennsylvania provides in part that, "The people have a right to
- 23 clean air, pure water..."; and
- 24 WHEREAS, This Commonwealth has approximately 19,000 miles of
- 25 rivers and streams that do not meet basic water quality
- 26 standards as a result of water pollution from a variety of
- 27 sources and has roughly 16% of the nation's impaired waters; and
- 28 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania faces many water quality challenges
- 29 including, but not limited to, Environmental Protection Agency
- 30 imposed Chesapeake Bay mandates, acid mine drainage, urban and

- 1 suburban storm water runoff, sewage and industrial discharges,
- 2 fertilizer and nutrient runoff from agricultural operations and
- 3 other nonpoint source discharges; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Pennsylvania currently has no dedicated funding
- 5 mechanism to address these water quality issues and instead
- 6 relies on its General Fund; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Variability of funding through the General Fund from
- 8 year-to-year and administration-to-administration and
- 9 availability of funds due to economic conditions make it
- 10 difficult to consistently and adequately fund water quality
- 11 programs; and
- 12 WHEREAS, To meet its constitutional, statutory and regulatory
- 13 obligations, Pennsylvania needs a dedicated source of revenue
- 14 for a Water Quality Improvement Fund; therefore be it
- 15 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives direct the
- 16 Legislative Budget and Finance Committee to study the
- 17 establishment of a fee for both the consumptive use and the use
- 18 and return of water; and be it further
- 19 RESOLVED, That the study examine how other states assess fees
- 20 for the use of water; and be it further
- 21 RESOLVED, That the study examine how other states have
- 22 directed the establishment and use of a dedicated fund for
- 23 environmental and water quality protection to serve the regional
- 24 needs of its residents and resources; and be it further
- 25 RESOLVED, That the study include an evaluation of any
- 26 legislation introduced in the General Assembly that would impose
- 27 a water use fee; and be it further
- 28 RESOLVED, That the study determine the practicality of
- 29 assessing fees on water use by examining a fixed-fee scale
- 30 classification based on per-gallon withdrawal, per-gallon use

- 1 and other fee assessment methodologies; and be it further
- 2 RESOLVED, That the study identify whether a minimum threshold
- 3 or thresholds should apply to the assessment of a fee; and be it
- 4 further
- 5 RESOLVED, That the study recommend whether the Commonwealth
- 6 should consider any exemptions from the payment of the
- 7 assessment of withdrawal fees; and be it further
- 8 RESOLVED, That the study estimate the revenue generating
- 9 potential of various fee assessments and methodologies; and be
- 10 it further
- 11 RESOLVED, That the study evaluate how best to collect any
- 12 assessed fees; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That the study recommend an appropriate
- 14 administrative entity, new or existing, to administer a Water
- 15 Quality Improvement Fund to receive and disburse revenue
- 16 generated from water use fees for the purposes of water quality
- 17 protection and restoration; and be it further
- 18 RESOLVED, That the Legislative Budget and Finance Committee
- 19 be authorized to seek and employ contractors or consultants to
- 20 assist in this study; and be it further
- 21 RESOLVED, That the Legislative Budget and Finance Committee
- 22 report all findings and conclusions on this issue to the House
- 23 of Representatives within 12 months of the adoption of this
- 24 resolution.