THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 747

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY RAVENSTAHL, VEREB, FREEMAN, V. BROWN, COHEN, MACKENZIE, HENNESSEY, KIRKLAND, BURNS, READSHAW, LONGIETTI, DONATUCCI, DUSH, SONNEY, TOOHIL, KIM, D. COSTA, BAKER, ROSS, MILLARD, O'BRIEN, BULLOCK, ROZZI, MURT, SCHLOSSBERG, MUSTIO, WARD, SNYDER, WATSON, DIGIROLAMO, CALTAGIRONE, MARSICO, PICKETT, PAYNE, WHEELAND, NEILSON, MATZIE, MILNE, YOUNGBLOOD, DEASY, GOODMAN, DeLUCA, GIBBONS AND REGAN, MARCH 18, 2016

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35, MARCH 18, 2016

A RESOLUTION

- Designating the week of March 20 through 26, 2016, as "Poison Prevention Week" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, Each year, more than 2 million poisonings are
- 4 reported to poison centers across the United States; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Approximately half of all poison exposure cases
- 6 involve children under six years of age; and
- 7 WHEREAS, A majority of poisonings occur in the home where
- 8 analgesics, cosmetics or other personal care products, household
- 9 cleaning products and prescription drugs are subject to exposure
- 10 or improper use; and
- 11 WHEREAS, On September 16, 1961, Congress established
- 12 "National Poison Prevention Week," and shortly thereafter the
- 13 Poison Prevention Week Council was organized to coordinate this
- 14 annual event and promote poison prevention; and
- 15 WHEREAS, "National Poison Prevention Week" is observed

- 1 annually during the third week in March to promote public
- 2 education on ways to prevent poisonings; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Though most consumer products pose no hazard to
- 4 human health if used properly, many common household products,
- 5 including opioid medications and cleaning products, can become
- 6 poisonous; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Across the United States, 55 poison control centers
- 8 operate to assist the public with poison emergencies and to
- 9 respond to questions about poison prevention and exposure to
- 10 poisons; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Two poison control centers, the Pittsburgh Poison
- 12 Center of the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center and the
- 13 Poison Control Center at the Children's Hospital of
- 14 Philadelphia, operate in this Commonwealth; and
- WHEREAS, Each year, the Pittsburgh Poison Control Center
- 16 responds to more than 100,000 requests for poison information
- 17 from the general public and medical professionals and regularly
- 18 conducts community education and outreach programs in western
- 19 Pennsylvania; and
- 20 WHEREAS, The Pittsburgh Poison Control Center is a nationally
- 21 recognized poison information control center and has developed a
- 22 regional network of hospital treatment centers throughout this
- 23 Commonwealth to ensure the utmost care in all referred cases of
- 24 poison exposure; and
- 25 WHEREAS, Due to escalating health care costs, investment in
- 26 poison control centers is of vital importance to reduce
- 27 emergency room visits and the length of hospital stays, avoid
- 28 unnecessary hospital admissions and limit the use of expensive
- 29 therapies and extraneous laboratory testing; and
- 30 WHEREAS, For every \$1 invested in poison control centers, an

- 1 estimated \$13 is saved in health care expenditures; therefore be
- 2 it
- 3 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate the
- 4 week of March 20 through 26, 2016, as "Poison Prevention Week"
- 5 in Pennsylvania; and be it further
- 6 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives urge all
- 7 residents to become aware of common sense tips to prevent
- 8 poisonings, such as safely storing poisonous substances, using
- 9 poisonous substances as directed, ensuring that children are
- 10 taught to ask before using a poisonous substance and keeping the
- 11 poison control center toll-free telephone number of 1-800-222-
- 12 1222 in an easily accessible location; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the
- 14 outstanding work done by the employees and volunteers at the
- 15 poison control centers in this Commonwealth who assist in saving
- 16 lives by responding to emergencies and teaching the public how
- 17 to prevent poisonings.