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THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

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SENATE BILL

No. 482 Session of  
2013

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INTRODUCED BY TOMLINSON, RAFFERTY, MENSCH, ERICKSON, MCILHINNEY,  
SOLOBAY AND WASHINGTON, FEBRUARY 13, 2013

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REFERRED TO BANKING AND INSURANCE, FEBRUARY 13, 2013

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AN ACT

1 Requiring health insurers to disclose fee schedules and all  
2 rules and algorithms relating thereto; requiring health  
3 insurers to provide full payment to physicians when more than  
4 one surgical procedure is performed on the patient by the  
5 same physician during one continuous operating procedure; and  
6 providing for causes of action and for penalties.

7 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
8 hereby enacts as follows:

9 Section 1. Short title.

10 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Fee Schedule  
11 Disclosure and Multiple Surgical Procedures Policy Act.

12 Section 2. Legislative findings.

13 The General Assembly finds that:

14 (1) A majority of physicians in this Commonwealth are  
15 reimbursed for their services to patients by third-party  
16 payors. In some cases, this contractual relationship between  
17 physician and insurer has existed for years without the  
18 physician receiving from the insurer a formal contract or an  
19 accurate or complete fee schedule detailing fees or the rules  
20 or algorithms that actually define the rates at which

1 physicians are compensated for the services they render to  
2 the payors' insureds.

3 (2) Most health care insurers in this Commonwealth  
4 refuse to fully and accurately disclose their fee schedules  
5 to participating physicians; therefore, doctors do not know  
6 and cannot find out what they will receive in compensation  
7 prior to performing a service.

8 (3) This insurer policy is manifestly unfair to  
9 physicians. It is a breach of the physicians' contracts and  
10 it facilitates further breaches of such contracts by making  
11 it impossible for physicians to enforce their right to full  
12 payment for services rendered.

13 (4) During the course of a single operative session, a  
14 surgeon may perform multiple surgical procedures on the  
15 patient. These multiple surgical procedures are separate and  
16 distinct operations as defined by the Current Procedure  
17 Terminology Coding System created by the American Medical  
18 Association and other professional medical societies.

19 (5) The Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Coding  
20 System is utilized by all physicians to identify to payors  
21 the services rendered by physicians and that payors purport  
22 to adopt the same CPT Coding System in defining the services  
23 for which they compensate such physicians.

24 (6) However, contrary to the dictates of the CPT Coding  
25 System and without disclosing any such deviation to the  
26 physicians with whom they contract, a number of health care  
27 insurers in this Commonwealth compensate physicians as if the  
28 procedures performed in addition to the primary procedure  
29 were merely incidental to the primary procedure and therefore  
30 such payors will compensate the surgeon for only one

1 procedure.

2 (7) This insurer policy is inconsistent with the medical  
3 judgments upon which the CPT Coding System is based, it is  
4 not accurately disclosed to physicians, it is manifestly  
5 unfair to surgeons, it leads to a lack of access to quality  
6 health care services for patients, and it adds to the excess  
7 profits insurers take from the health care delivery system.

8 Section 3. Declaration of intent.

9 The General Assembly hereby declares that it is the policy of  
10 this Commonwealth that:

11 (1) Physicians should receive from health care insurers  
12 a complete and accurate schedule of the reimbursement fees,  
13 including any rules or algorithms utilized by the payors to  
14 determine the amount physicians will be compensated if more  
15 than one procedure is performed during a single treatment  
16 session.

17 (2) Insurers must comply with their contractual  
18 obligations and surgeons should be fairly and justly  
19 compensated for all surgical procedures they perform in a  
20 single operative session.

21 Section 4. Definitions.

22 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall  
23 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the  
24 context clearly indicates otherwise:

25 "CPT." Current Procedural Terminology used by physicians as  
26 developed by the American Medical Association.

27 "Fee schedule." The generally applicable monetary allowance  
28 payable to a participating physician for services rendered as  
29 provided for by agreement between the participating physician  
30 and the insurer, including, but not limited to, a list of

1 Healthcare Common Procedural Coding System (HCPCS) Level I  
2 Codes, HCPCS Level II National Codes and HCPCS Level III Local  
3 Codes and the fees associated therein; and a delineation of the  
4 precise methodology used for determining the generally  
5 applicable monetary allowances, including, but not limited to,  
6 footnotes describing formulas, algorithms, rules and  
7 calculations associated with determination of the individual  
8 allowances.

9 "HCPCS." The Healthcare Common Procedural Coding System of  
10 the Health Care Financing Administration that provides a uniform  
11 method for health care providers and medical suppliers to report  
12 professional services, procedures, pharmaceuticals and supplies.

13 "HCPCS Level I CPT Codes." The descriptive terms and  
14 identifying codes used in reporting supplies and pharmaceuticals  
15 used by, and services and procedures performed by, participating  
16 physicians as listed in the CPT.

17 "HCPCS Level II National Codes." Descriptive terms and  
18 identifying codes used in reporting supplies and pharmaceuticals  
19 used by, and services and procedures performed by, participating  
20 physicians.

21 "HCPCS Level III Local Codes." Descriptive terms and  
22 identifying codes used in reporting supplies and pharmaceuticals  
23 used by, and services and procedures performed by, participating  
24 physicians which are assigned and maintained by Pennsylvania's  
25 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services carrier.

26 "Insurer." Any insurance company, association or exchange  
27 authorized to transact the business of insurance in this  
28 Commonwealth. This shall also include any entity operating under  
29 any of the following:

30 (1) Section 630 of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682,

1 No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of 1921.

2 (2) Article XXIV of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682,  
3 No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of 1921.

4 (3) The act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701, No.364),  
5 known as the Health Maintenance Organization Act.

6 (4) 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 61 (relating to hospital plan  
7 corporations).

8 (5) 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 63 (relating to professional health  
9 services plan corporations).

10 (6) 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 67 (relating to beneficial  
11 societies).

12 "Participating physician." An individual licensed under the  
13 laws of this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of medicine  
14 and surgery in all its branches within the scope of the act of  
15 December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical  
16 Practice Act of 1985, or in the practice of osteopathic medicine  
17 within the scope of the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109,  
18 No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, who by  
19 agreement provides services to an insurer's subscribers.

20 Section 5. Disclosure of fee schedules.

21 Within 30 days of the effective date of this section,  
22 insurers shall provide their participating physicians with a  
23 copy of their fee schedule, including all applicable rules and  
24 algorithms utilized by the insurer to determine the amount any  
25 such physician will be compensated for performing any single  
26 procedure and any group of procedures during a single treatment  
27 session, which are applicable on July 1, 2004, and annually  
28 thereafter. Insurers shall also provide participating physicians  
29 with updates to the fee schedule as modifications occur.

30 Section 6. Procedure for payment of multiple surgical

1 procedures.

2 When a participating physician performs more than one  
3 surgical procedure on the same patient and at the same operative  
4 session, insurers shall pay the participating physician the  
5 greater of the amount calculated on the basis of the applicable  
6 insurer fee schedule and:

7 (1) any rules, algorithms, codes or modifiers included  
8 therein, governing reimbursement for multiple surgical  
9 procedures; or

10 (2) the principles governing reimbursement for multiple  
11 surgical procedures set forth and established by the Centers  
12 for Medicare and Medicaid Services within the United States  
13 Department of Health and Human Services, including the rule  
14 mandating payment to the physician of:

15 (i) 100% of the generally applicable maximum  
16 monetary allowance for the procedure which has the  
17 highest monetary allowance.

18 (ii) 50% of the generally applicable maximum  
19 monetary allowance for the second through fifth  
20 procedures with the next highest values.

21 (iii) Such payment amount as is determined following  
22 submission of documentation and individual review for  
23 more than five surgical procedures.

24 Section 7. Contract provisions.

25 Any provision in any contract, insurer policy or fee schedule  
26 that is inconsistent with any provision of this act is hereby  
27 declared to be contrary to the public policy of the Commonwealth  
28 and is void and unenforceable.

29 Section 8. Violations.

30 An insurer violates:

1           (1) Section 5 if the insurer fails to provide a  
2 participating physician with a copy of the fee schedule and  
3 updates to the fee schedule in the time frame provided in  
4 section 5.

5           (2) Section 6 if the insurer fails to adhere to the  
6 policy for payment of multiple surgeries as set forth and  
7 established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
8 within the United States Department of Health and Human  
9 Services.

10 Section 9. Cause of action.

11       In addition to all statutory, common law and equitable causes  
12 of action which already exist, a participating physician shall  
13 have a private cause of action for any violation of any  
14 provision of this act to enforce the provisions of this act. A  
15 participating physician shall be entitled to recover from an  
16 insurer any legal fees and costs associated with any suit  
17 brought under this section.

18 Section 10. Termination of agreement.

19       In addition to other remedies provided in this act, a  
20 participating physician may terminate the physician's agreement  
21 with an insurer if the insurer violates the provisions of this  
22 act. The physician may continue to provide services to the  
23 insurer's insureds and shall receive compensation as an out-of-  
24 network provider.

25 Section 11. Penalties.

26       Violations of this act shall be considered violations of the  
27 act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682, No.284), known as The Insurance  
28 Company Law of 1921, and are subject to the penalties and  
29 sanctions of section 2182 of The Insurance Company Law of 1921.

30 Section 20. Effective date.

1 This act shall take effect immediately.