## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE BILL No. 1415 Session of 1995

INTRODUCED BY LAWLESS, BUXTON, DEMPSEY, BEBKO-JONES, DURHAM, MANDERINO, FICHTER, CORNELL, KING, TRICH, VAN HORNE, MAYERNIK, L. I. COHEN AND PETTIT, APRIL 20, 1995

SENATOR HOLL, BANKING AND INSURANCE, IN SENATE, AS AMENDED, JUNE 25, 1996

## AN ACT

- Requiring reimbursement by insurers for certain services performed by a hospital emergency facility.
- 3 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 4 hereby enacts as follows:
- 5 Section 1. Definitions.
- 6 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 7 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 8 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 9 "Insurer." The term means:
- 10 (1) Any insurance company, association or reciprocal,
- 11 nonprofit hospital plan corporation.
- 12 (2) A nonprofit professional health service plan.
- 13 (3) A health maintenance organization organized and
- regulated under the act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701,
- 15 No.364), known as the Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 16 (4) A risk-assuming preferred provider organization

- organized and regulated under the act of May 17, 1921
- 2 (P.L.682, No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of
- 3 1921.
- 4 (5) A preferred provider with a "health management
- 5 gatekeeper" role for primary care physicians organized and
- 6 regulated as a health services corporation or a preferred
- 7 provider organization subject to the provisions of section
- 8 630 of The Insurance Company Law of 1921.
- 9 (6) A fraternal benefit society subject to the
- 10 provisions of the act of December 14, 1992 (P.L.835, No.134),
- 11 known as the Fraternal Benefit Societies Code.
- 12 "MEDICAL EMERGENCY." A MEDICAL CONDITION WITH ACUTE SYMPTOMS <-
- 13 OF SEVERITY OR SEVERE PAIN FOR WHICH:
- 14 (1) CARE IS SOUGHT AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE MEDICAL
- 15 CONDITION BECOMES EVIDENT TO THE PATIENT OR THE PATIENT'S
- 16 PARENT OR GUARDIAN; AND
- 17 (2) THE ABSENCE OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION COULD
- 18 RESULT IN:
- 19 (I) PLACING HEALTH IN SERIOUS JEOPARDY;
- 20 (II) SERIOUS IMPAIRMENT TO BODILY FUNCTIONS;
- 21 (III) SERIOUS DYSFUNCTION OF ANY BODY PART; OR
- 22 (IV) OTHER SERIOUS MEDICAL CONSEQUENCES.
- 23 Section 2. Reimbursement.
- 24 (A) REQUIREMENT.--An insurer shall reimburse an insured or <--
- 25 provider for MEDICALLY NECESSARY services that are provided in a <-
- 26 hospital emergency facility after the recent onset of a medical <--
- 27 condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient
- 28 severity, including severe pain, that the absence of immediate
- 29 medical attention could reasonably be expected by a prudent
- 30 layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and

- 1 medicine, to result in:
- 2 (1) placing the patient's health in serious jeopardy;
- 3 (2) serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- 4 (3) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. DUE <--
- 5 TO A MEDICAL EMERGENCY.
- 6 (B) INFORMATION.--A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY SHALL
- 7 PROVIDE TO AN INSURER, WITH ANY CLAIM FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF
- 8 SERVICES, INFORMATION ON THE PRESENTING SYMPTOMS OF THE INSURED
- 9 AS WELL AS THE SERVICES PROVIDED.
- 10 (C) FACTORS CONSIDERED. -- AN INSURER SHALL CONSIDER BOTH THE

<----

- 11 PRESENTING SYMPTOMS AND THE SERVICES PROVIDED IN PROCESSING A
- 12 CLAIM FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES.
- 13 Section 3. Effective date.
- 14 This act shall take effect in 60 180 days.