## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## **HOUSE BILL**

No. 577

Session of 1995

INTRODUCED BY REINARD, SCHULER, FARGO, MAITLAND, FICHTER, GEIST, CAWLEY, CONTI, TRELLO, D. R. WRIGHT, FLICK, SCHRODER, CIVERA, HERMAN, NAILOR, BAKER, STERN, DEMPSEY, BUNT, LEH, KING, MARSICO, ROBERTS, STABACK, M. N. WRIGHT, CORNELL, WAUGH, E. Z. TAYLOR, LYNCH, MUNDY, BROWN, DRUCE, YOUNGBLOOD, TIGUE, EGOLF, ARMSTRONG, BROWNE, SEMMEL AND HESS, FEBRUARY 2, 1995

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, FEBRUARY 2, 1995

## AN ACT

Amending Title 42 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure) of the 1 2 Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, further providing for 3 attorney fees. 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows: 6 Section 1. Section 2503 of Title 42 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended by adding a paragraph to read: § 2503. Right of participants to receive counsel fees. 9 The following participants shall be entitled to a reasonable counsel fee as part of the taxable costs of the matter: 10 11 12 (11) The prevailing party in an action where the court 13 makes a final determination that an action or defense was 14 frivolous or made in bad faith. 15 (i) If a court determines a reasonable counsel fee should be assessed, it shall allocate the payment among

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the offending attorneys and parties as it determines most just and may charge the amount or any portion to any offending attorney or party.

(ii) The court shall assess a counsel fee if, upon the motion of a party or the court itself, the court finds that an attorney or party brought or defended an action or part of an action that was frivolous or that was interposed solely for delay or harassment. If the court finds that an attorney or party unnecessarily expanded the proceedings by other improper conduct, including, but not limited to, abuses of civil discovery procedures, the court shall assess a counsel fee.

(iii) No counsel fee shall be assessed if a claim or defense was asserted by an attorney or party in a good faith attempt to establish a new theory of law or if, after filing suit, a voluntary dismissal is filed as to any claim or action within a reasonable time after the attorney or party filing the dismissal knew or reasonably should have known that the party would not prevail on such claim or action.

(iv) No party who is appearing without an attorney shall be assessed a counsel fee unless the court finds that the party clearly knew or reasonably should have known that the action or defense or any part of the action or defense was frivolous or made in bad faith.

This subparagraph does not apply to an attorney licensed to practice law in this Commonwealth appearing without an attorney. In this case, the attorney shall be held to the standards for attorneys prescribed in this paragraph.

(v) In determining the amount of a cost or a counsel

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1	fee award under this paragraph, the court shall exercise
2	its sound discretion. When granting an award of costs and
3	a counsel fee, the court shall specifically set forth the
4	reasons for the award and shall, in determining whether
5	to make the assessment and the amount to be assessed
6	against offending attorneys and parties, consider, among
7	other things, the following factors:
8	(A) The extent to which an effort was made to
9	determine the validity of an action or claim before
10	the action initiated on the claim was asserted.
11	(B) The extent of an effort made after the
12	commencement of an action to reduce the number of
13	claims or defenses being asserted or to dismiss
14	claims or defenses that were found to be not valid.
15	(C) The availability of facts to assist the
16	party to determine the validity of a claim or
17	defense.
18	(D) The relative financial position of the
19	parties involved.
20	(E) Whether or not the action was prosecuted or
21	defended, in whole or in part, in bad faith.
22	(F) Whether or not issues of fact, determinative
23	of the validity of a party's claim or defense, were
24	reasonably in conflict.
25	(G) The extent to which the party prevailed with
26	respect to the amount and number of claims in
27	controversy.
28	(H) The amount or conditions of any offer of
29	judgment or settlement in relation to the amount or
30	conditions of the ultimate relief granted by the

1	court.
2	(I) The extent to which a reasonable effort was
3	made to determine, prior to the time of filing to a
4	claim, that all parties sued or joined were proper
5	parties owing a legally defined duty to another
6	party.
7	(J) The extent of an effort made, after the
8	commencement of an action, to reduce the number of
9	parties in the action.
LO	(vi) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to
L1	prevent an attorney and a client from negotiating the
L2	actual fee which the client is to pay the attorney.
L3	Nothing in this paragraph is intended to limit the
L4	authority of the court to approve written stipulations
L5	filed with the court or oral stipulations in open court
L6	agreeing to no award of a counsel fee or costs or an
L7	award of a counsel fee or costs in a manner different
L8	than that provided in this paragraph.
19	Section 2 This act shall take effect in 60 days