

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 1368

Sponsor: REPRESENTATIVE GAINEY

Printer's No. 2158

1 Amend Bill, page 1, line 3, by inserting after "prescription"
2 and for patient voluntary nonopioid directive

3 Amend Bill, page 1, line 8, by striking out "a chapter" and
4 inserting
5 chapters

6 Amend Bill, page 4, by inserting between lines 6 and 7

7 CHAPTER 52

8 PATIENT VOLUNTARY NONOPIOID DIRECTIVE

9 Sec.

10 5201. Scope of chapter.

11 5202. Definitions.

12 5203. Voluntary nonopioid directive.

13 5204. Guidelines.

14 5205. Exemption from liability.

15 5206. Licensing boards.

16 § 5201. Scope of chapter.

17 This chapter relates to patient voluntary nonopioid
18 directives.

19 § 5202. Definitions.

20 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
21 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
22 context clearly indicates otherwise:

23 "Controlled substance." As defined in the act of April 14,
24 1972 (P.L.233, No.64), known as The Controlled Substance, Drug,
25 Device and Cosmetic Act.

26 "Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth.

27 "Health care facility." A health care facility as defined in
28 section 103 of the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known
29 as the Health Care Facilities Act, or any other facility or
30 institution licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
31 distribute, dispense, conduct research with or prescribe or
32 administer a controlled substance containing an opioid or other
33 controlled substance in the course of professional practice or
34 research in this Commonwealth.

35 "Licensing board." The term shall include the following:

1 (1) The State Board of Medicine as set forth in the act
2 of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical
3 Practice Act of 1985.

4 (2) The State Board of Osteopathic Medicine as set forth
5 in the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as
6 the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.

7 (3) The State Board of Nursing as set forth in the act
8 of May 22, 1951 (P.L.317, No.69), known as The Professional
9 Nursing Law.

10 (4) The State Board of Podiatry as set forth in the act
11 of March 2, 1956 (1955 P.L.1206, No.375), known as the
12 Podiatry Practice Act.

13 (5) The State Board of Dentistry as set forth in the act
14 of May 1, 1933 (P.L.216, No.76), known as The Dental Law.
15 "Opioid." Any of the following:

16 (1) A preparation or derivative of opium.

17 (2) A synthetic narcotic that has opiate-like effects
18 but is not derived from opium.

19 (3) A group of naturally occurring peptides that bind at
20 or otherwise influence opiate receptors, including opioid
21 agonist.

22 "Patient." An individual who is under the medical care of a
23 practitioner.

24 "Practitioner." A health care practitioner as defined in
25 section 103 of the act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known
26 as the Health Care Facilities Act.

27 "Secretary." The Secretary of Health of the Commonwealth.

28 "System." The Achieving Better Care by Monitoring All
29 Prescriptions Program electronic prescription monitoring system
30 with a database component as established under the act of
31 October 27, 2014 (P.L.2911, No.191), known as the Achieving
32 Better Care by Monitoring All Prescriptions Program (ABC-MAP)
33 Act.

34 "Voluntary nonopioid directive." A written instruction form
35 executed by a patient evidencing the named patient's request not
36 to have a controlled substance containing an opioid offered,
37 supplied, prescribed or otherwise administered to the named
38 patient by a practitioner.

39 § 5203. Voluntary nonopioid directive.

40 (a) Duty of department.--

41 (1) In consultation with a Statewide professional
42 organization representing physicians licensed to practice
43 medicine in all its branches, Statewide organizations
44 representing nursing homes, registered professional nurses,
45 emergency medical systems and a Statewide organization
46 representing health care facilities, the department shall
47 develop and publish a uniform voluntary nonopioid directive
48 form which may be used by a patient to deny or refuse the
49 administration or prescribing of a controlled substance
50 containing an opioid by a practitioner.

51 (2) The voluntary nonopioid directive form developed by

1 the department in accordance with paragraph (1) shall
2 indicate to all prescribing practitioners and health care
3 facilities that the named patient shall not be offered,
4 prescribed, supplied with or otherwise administered a
5 controlled substance containing an opioid.

6 (3) The voluntary nonopioid directive form shall be
7 posted in a downloadable format on the department's publicly
8 accessible Internet website.

9 (b) Execution of form.--The following shall apply:

10 (1) A patient may execute and file a voluntary nonopioid
11 directive form with a practitioner or other authority
12 authorized by the secretary to accept the voluntary nonopioid
13 directive form for filing. Each practitioner or other person
14 authorized by the secretary to accept a voluntary nonopioid
15 directive form for filing shall date and affix his signature
16 to the form in the presence of the patient as evidence of
17 acceptance and shall provide a signed copy of the form to the
18 patient.

19 (2) The patient executing and filing a voluntary
20 nonopioid directive form with a practitioner shall sign and
21 date the form in the presence of the practitioner, a designee
22 of the practitioner or other person authorized by the
23 secretary to accept a voluntary nonopioid directive form for
24 filing. In the case of a patient who is unable to execute and
25 file a voluntary nonopioid form, the patient may designate a
26 duly authorized guardian or health care proxy to execute and
27 file the form in accordance with paragraph (1).

28 (3) A patient may revoke the voluntary nonopioid
29 directive form for any reason and may do so by written or
30 oral means.

31 (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), before signing a
32 voluntary nonopioid directive form a practitioner may, if
33 deemed appropriate, assess the patient's personal and family
34 history of alcohol or drug abuse and evaluate the patient's
35 risk for medication misuse or abuse. In evaluating such
36 risks, the practitioner shall access the system to determine
37 whether an unusual or suspect pattern for the prescribing of
38 controlled substances containing opioids to the patient has
39 been reported to the system. If a practitioner reasonably
40 believes that a patient is at risk for substance misuse or
41 abuse or a practitioner believes in the practitioner's expert
42 medical opinion that for any other reason the nonopioid
43 directive is appropriate, the practitioner shall sign the
44 form. The practitioner signing the nonopioid directive form
45 shall note doing so in the patient's medical record.

46 § 5204. Guidelines.

47 (a) Adoption of guidelines.--The department shall adopt and
48 publish guidelines for the implementation of the voluntary
49 nonopioid directive form. The guidelines shall include, but not
50 be limited to:

51 (1) A standard form for the recording and transmission

1 of the voluntary nonopioid directive form, which shall
2 include verification by the patient's practitioner and which
3 shall comply with the written consent requirements of the
4 Public Health Service Act (58 Stat. 682, 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-
5 2(b)) and 42 CFR Pt. 2 (relating to confidentiality of
6 alcohol and drug abuse patient records), provided that the
7 voluntary nonopioid directive form shall also provide the
8 basic procedures necessary to revoke the voluntary nonopioid
9 directive form.

10 (2) Procedures to record the voluntary nonopioid
11 directive form in the patient's medical record or, if
12 available, the patient's interoperable electronic medical
13 record and in the system.

14 (3) Requirements and procedures for a patient to appoint
15 a duly authorized guardian or health care proxy to override a
16 previously filed voluntary nonopioid directive form and
17 circumstances under which an attending practitioner may
18 override a previously filed voluntary nonopioid directive
19 form based on documented medical judgment which shall be
20 recorded in the patient's medical record.

21 (4) Procedures to ensure that any recording, sharing or
22 distributing of data relative to the voluntary nonopioid
23 directive form complies with all Federal and State
24 confidentiality laws.

25 (5) Appropriate exemptions for practitioners and other
26 health care providers and emergency medical personnel to
27 prescribe or administer a controlled substance containing an
28 opioid when, in their professional medical judgment, a
29 controlled substance containing an opioid is necessary.

30 (b) Publication.--The department shall publish the
31 guidelines in the Pennsylvania Bulletin and on its publicly
32 accessible Internet website.

33 (c) Written prescriptions.--A written prescription that is
34 presented at an outpatient pharmacy or a prescription that is
35 electronically transmitted to an outpatient pharmacy shall be
36 presumed to be valid for the purposes of this section and a
37 pharmacist in an outpatient setting shall not be held in
38 violation of this section for dispensing a controlled substance
39 containing an opioid or other controlled substance in
40 contradiction to a voluntary nonopioid directive form, except
41 upon evidence that the pharmacist acted knowingly against the
42 voluntary nonopioid directive form.

43 § 5205. Exemption from liability.

44 (a) Practitioner exemption.--No practitioner or employee of
45 a practitioner acting in good faith shall be subject to criminal
46 or civil liability or be considered to have engaged in
47 unprofessional conduct for failing to offer or administer a
48 prescription or medication order for a controlled substance
49 containing an opioid under the voluntary nonopioid directive
50 form.

51 (b) Representative exemption.--No person acting as a

1 representative or an agent under a health care proxy shall be
2 subject to criminal or civil liability for making a decision
3 under section 5204(a)(3) (relating to guidelines) in good faith.
4 § 5206. Licensing boards.

5 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, a
6 licensing board may limit, condition or suspend the license of
7 or assess a fine against a practitioner who recklessly or
8 negligently fails to comply with a patient's voluntary nonopioid
9 directive form.